

Bio-inspired Soft Variable-Stiffness Prehensile Tail Enabling Versatile Grasping and Enhancing Dynamic Mobility

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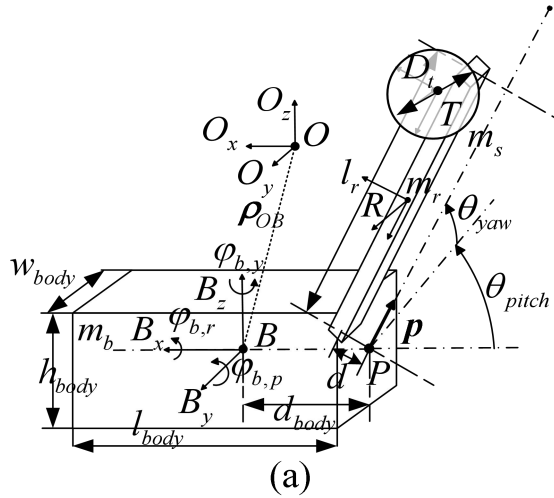


Fig. 1. Analytical models of the kangaroo rat and our tailed robot with a 3-DoF tail.

We start with an angular momentum equation expressed in the inertial frame $\{O\}$:

$$H^O = I_b^O \omega_b^O + I_r^O \omega_r^O + I_t^O \omega_t^O + m_b \rho_{OB}^O \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^O + m_r \rho_{OR}^O \times \dot{\rho}_{OR}^O + m_t \rho_{OT}^O \times \dot{\rho}_{OT}^O, \quad (2)$$

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where I_b^O and I_r^O are the inertias of the robot body and tail link in the inertial frame $\{O\}$. m_t, m_r, m_b denote the mass of the body, the tail link, and the tail end mass. $\rho_{OT}^O, \rho_{OR}^O, \rho_{OB}^O$ are the vectors from the origin of the frame $\{O\}$ to the origins of the tail end frame $\{T\}$, the tail link frame $\{R\}$, and the body frame $\{B\}$. It can be also expressed in the body frame as:

$$H^B = I_b^B \omega_b^B + I_r^B \omega_r^B + I_t^B \omega_t^B + m_b (R_B^O)^T \rho_{OB}^O \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^O + m_r (R_B^O)^T \rho_{OR}^O \times \dot{\rho}_{OR}^O + m_t (R_B^O)^T \rho_{OT}^O \times \dot{\rho}_{OT}^O, \quad (2)$$

where R_B^O is the rotation matrix from frame $\{B\}$ to frame $\{O\}$. Based on $\rho_{OB}^O = R_B^O \rho_{OB}^B$, we have $\dot{\rho}_{OB}^O = \dot{R}_B^O \rho_{OB}^B + R_B^O \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B$. Then, we have:

$$\begin{aligned} & (R_B^O)^T \rho_{OB}^O \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^O \\ &= (R_B^O)^T \left(R_B^O \rho_{OB}^B \right) \times \left(\dot{R}_B^O \rho_{OB}^B + R_B^O \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B \right) \\ &= (R_B^O)^T \left(R_B^O \rho_{OB}^B \right) \times \left(\dot{R}_B^O \rho_{OB}^B \right) + (R_B^O)^T \left(R_B^O \rho_{OB}^B \right) \times \left(R_B^O \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B \right) \\ &= \left((R_B^O)^T R_B^O \rho_{OB}^B \right) \times \left((R_B^O)^T \dot{R}_B^O \rho_{OB}^B \right) + \left((R_B^O)^T R_B^O \rho_{OB}^B \right) \times \left((R_B^O)^T R_B^O \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B \right) \\ &= \rho_{OB}^B \times \left((R_B^O)^T \left[\omega_b^O \times \right] R_B^O \rho_{OB}^B \right) + \rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B \\ &= \rho_{OB}^B \times \left((R_B^O)^T \left(\omega_b^O \times \rho_{OB}^O \right) \right) + \rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B \\ &= \rho_{OB}^B \times \left(\omega_b^B \times \rho_{OB}^B \right) + \rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B \\ &= \left(\rho_{OB}^B \right)^2 \omega_b^B - \left(\rho_{OB}^B \cdot \omega_b^B \right) \rho_{OB}^B + \rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B \\ &= - \left[\rho_{OB}^B \times \right] \left[\rho_{OB}^B \times \right] \omega_b^B + \rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B, \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

where $R(x \times y) = (Rx) \times (Ry)$ and $\Omega_b^O = [\omega_b^O \times] = \dot{R}_B^O (R_B^O)^T$ are used. Here $\left(\rho_{OB}^B \right)^2 = \left(\rho_{OB}^B \right) \cdot \left(\rho_{OB}^B \right)$. Then Eq. 2 becomes:

$$\begin{aligned} H^B &= I_b^B \omega_b^B + I_r^B \omega_r^B + I_t^B \omega_t^B + m_b \rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B + \\ & m_r \rho_{OR}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OR}^B + m_t \rho_{OT}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OT}^B + m_b \left(\rho_{OB}^B \right)^2 \omega_b^B \\ & + m_r \left(\rho_{OR}^B \right)^2 \omega_r^B + m_t \left(\rho_{OT}^B \right)^2 \omega_t^B - m_b \left(\rho_{OB}^B \cdot \omega_b^B \right) \rho_{OB}^B \\ & - m_r \left(\rho_{OR}^B \cdot \omega_r^B \right) \rho_{OR}^B - m_t \left(\rho_{OT}^B \cdot \omega_t^B \right) \rho_{OT}^B. \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

At the robot center of mass (CoM), we have:

$$m_b \rho_{OB}^O + m_r \rho_{OR}^O + m_t \rho_{OT}^O = \mathbf{0}, \quad (5)$$

here

$$\begin{aligned} \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OR}^O &= \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OT}^O - \boldsymbol{\rho}_{RT}^O = \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OT}^O - R_B^O \boldsymbol{\rho}_{RT}^B = \\ \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OT}^O - R_B^O &\left(\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} l_r c_{pitch} c_{yaw} & -\frac{1}{2} l_r s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} l_r s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right. \\ &\left. + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} D_t c_{pitch} s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} D_t c_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} D_t s_{pitch} s_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right), \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

where $c_{pitch} = \cos \theta_{pitch}$, $s_{pitch} = \sin \theta_{pitch}$, $c_{yaw} = \cos \theta_{yaw}$, $s_{yaw} = \sin \theta_{yaw}$. θ_{pitch} is the tail swing angle in the body pitch direction and θ_{yaw} is the tail swing angle in the body yaw direction. $\boldsymbol{p}^B = \begin{bmatrix} -c_{pitch} c_{yaw} & -s_{yaw} & s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T$ is unit tail reorientation vector in frame $\{B\}$. l_r denotes the tail length. Substitute Eq. 6 into Eq. 5, we get:

$$\begin{aligned} (m_r + m_t) \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OT}^O &= -m_b \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^O + m_r R_B^O \\ &\left(\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} l_r c_{pitch} c_{yaw} & -\frac{1}{2} l_r s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} l_r s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right. \\ &\left. + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} D_t c_{pitch} s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} D_t c_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} D_t s_{pitch} s_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right), \\ \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OT}^B &= -\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^B + \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} \\ &\left(\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} l_r c_{pitch} c_{yaw} & -\frac{1}{2} l_r s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} l_r s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right. \\ &\left. + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} D_t c_{pitch} s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} D_t c_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} D_t s_{pitch} s_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right), \\ \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OR}^B &= \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OT}^B - \boldsymbol{\rho}_{RT}^B = \\ &-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^B - \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} \\ &\left(\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} l_r c_{pitch} c_{yaw} & -\frac{1}{2} l_r s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} l_r s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right. \\ &\left. + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} D_t c_{pitch} s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} D_t c_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2} D_t s_{pitch} s_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right) \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

We also have:

$$\dot{\boldsymbol{\rho}}_{OT}^B = -\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \dot{\boldsymbol{\rho}}_{OB}^B +$$

$$\begin{aligned} &+ \frac{1}{2} l_r \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} [s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{pitch} \\ &+ c_{pitch} s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw} - c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw} \quad c_{pitch} c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{pitch} - s_{pitch} s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw}]^T \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} D_t \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} [s_{pitch} s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{pitch} - c_{pitch} c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw} \\ &- s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw} \quad c_{pitch} s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{pitch} + s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw}]^T, \\ \dot{\boldsymbol{\rho}}_{OR}^B &= -\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \dot{\boldsymbol{\rho}}_{OB}^B \\ &- \frac{1}{2} l_r \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} [s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{pitch} \\ &+ c_{pitch} s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw} - c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw} \quad c_{pitch} c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{pitch} - s_{pitch} s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw}]^T \\ &- \frac{1}{2} D_t \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} [s_{pitch} s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{pitch} - c_{pitch} c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw} \\ &- s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw} \quad c_{pitch} s_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{pitch} + s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \dot{\theta}_{yaw}]^T, \end{aligned}$$

Eq. 4 can be updated as:

$$\begin{aligned}
H^B &= I_b^B \omega_b^B + I_r^B \omega_r^B + I_t^B \omega_t^B + m_b \rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B + m_r \rho_{OR}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OR}^B + \\
& m_t \rho_{OT}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OT}^B + m_b (\rho_{OB}^B)^2 \omega_b^B + m_r (\rho_{OR}^B)^2 \omega_r^B + m_t \\
& (\rho_{OT}^B)^2 \omega_t^B - m_b (\rho_{OB}^B \cdot \omega_b^B) \rho_{OB}^B - m_r (\rho_{OR}^B \cdot \omega_r^B) \rho_{OR}^B - \\
& m_t (\rho_{OT}^B \cdot \omega_t^B) \rho_{OT}^B \\
& = I_b^B \omega_b^B + (I_r^B + I_t^B) \omega_t^B + m_b \rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B + m_r \\
& \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B - \frac{1}{2} l_r \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} \mathbf{p}^B - \frac{1}{2} D_t \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} \mathbf{q}^B \right) \times \\
& \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_t \dot{\mathbf{p}}^B - \frac{1}{2} D_t \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} \dot{\mathbf{q}}^B \right) \\
& + m_t \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \times \\
& \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \dot{\mathbf{p}}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \dot{\mathbf{q}}^B \right) + m_b (\rho_{OB}^B)^2 \omega_b^B \\
& + m_r \left(\left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_b^B + \right. \\
& \left. \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_r^B + \right. \\
& \left. \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_t^B - \right. \\
& \left. \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_b^B - \right. \\
& \left. \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_r^B - \right. \\
& \left. \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_t^B \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& m_b (\rho_{OB}^B \cdot \omega_b^B) \rho_{OB}^B - m_r \left(\left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_b^B \right. \\
& \left. - m_t \left(\left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_b^B \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_r^B \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \left(-\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)} \rho_{OB}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_t^B \right) \right) \\
& = I_b^B \omega_b^B + I_r^B \omega_r^B + I_t^B \omega_t^B + \frac{m_b (m_r + m_t + m_b)}{(m_r + m_t)} (\rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B + \\
& (\rho_{OB}^B)^2 \omega_b^B - (\rho_{OB}^B \cdot \omega_b^B) \rho_{OB}^B) + \frac{m_t m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_b^B \right. \\
& \left. + \left(\frac{1}{2} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_r^B + \left(\frac{1}{2} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_t^B \right) \\
& = I_b^B \omega_b^B + I_r^B \omega_r^B + \frac{m_b (m_r + m_t + m_b)}{(m_r + m_t)} (-[\rho_{OB}^B \times] \\
& [\rho_{OB}^B \times] \omega_b^B + \rho_{OB}^B \times \dot{\rho}_{OB}^B) + \frac{m_t m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} \left(- \right. \\
& \left. \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \times \right] \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \times \right] \omega_b^B \right. \\
& \left. + \left(\frac{1}{2} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \cdot \omega_b^B \right)
\end{aligned} \tag{8}$$

Here $\mathbf{q}^B = [-c_{pitch} S_{yaw} \quad c_{yaw} \quad S_{pitch} S_{yaw}]^T$ is unit reorientation vector of R_y in frame $\{B\}$. A closed path starting from the origin of frame $\{O\}$ passing through body CoM B , tail base P , and tail end mass CoM P can be expressed as:

$$\rho_{OB}^O + \rho_{BP}^O + \rho_{PT}^O - \rho_{OT}^O = \mathbf{0},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
\rho_{BP}^O &= R_B^O \rho_{BP}^B = R_B^O \rho_{BP}^B = R_B^O [-d_b \quad 0 \quad 0]^T, \\
\rho_{PT}^O &= R_B^O \rho_{PT}^B = R_B^O \left(l_r \mathbf{p}^B + d \mathbf{r}^B + \frac{D_t}{2} \mathbf{q}^B \right).
\end{aligned} \tag{9}$$

d_b denotes the distance between the body CoM and the tail pivot. Combining Eq. 7 and Eq. 9 gives:

$$\begin{aligned}\boldsymbol{\rho}_{OT}^B &= -\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)}\boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^B + \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} \\ &\left(\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2}l_r c_{pitch} c_{yaw} & -\frac{1}{2}l_r s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2}l_r s_{pitch} c_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2}D_t c_{pitch} s_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2}D_t c_{yaw} & \frac{1}{2}D_t s_{pitch} s_{yaw} \end{bmatrix}^T \right) \\ &= -\frac{m_b}{(m_r + m_t)}\boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^B + \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)}\left(\frac{1}{2}l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2}D_t \mathbf{q}^B\right) \\ &= R_O^B (\boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^O + \boldsymbol{\rho}_{BP}^O + \boldsymbol{\rho}_{PT}^O) \\ &= \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^B + [-d_b \quad 0 \quad 0]^T + l_r \mathbf{p}^B + d\mathbf{r}^B + \frac{D_t}{2} \mathbf{q}^B.\end{aligned}$$

Here $\mathbf{r}^B = [s_{pitch} \quad 0 \quad c_{pitch}]^T$ is unit reorientation vector of R_z in frame $\{B\}$.

Then:

$$\begin{aligned}\boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^B &= \frac{m_r + m_t}{m_b + m_r + m_t} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_r}{(m_r + m_t)}\left(\frac{1}{2}l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2}D_t \mathbf{q}^B\right) + \\ [d_b \quad 0 \quad 0]^T \\ -l_r \mathbf{p}^B - d\mathbf{r}^B - \frac{D_t}{2} \mathbf{q}^B \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \frac{m_r + m_t}{m_b + m_r + m_t} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}m_r - m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \mathbf{p}^B + [d_b \quad 0 \quad 0]^T - d\mathbf{r}^B \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} \frac{1}{2} D_t \mathbf{q}^B \right) \\ \dot{\boldsymbol{\rho}}_{OB}^B &= \frac{m_r + m_t}{m_b + m_r + m_t} \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}m_r - m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} l_r \dot{\mathbf{p}}^B - d\dot{\mathbf{r}}^B \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{m_t}{(m_r + m_t)} \frac{1}{2} D_t \dot{\mathbf{q}}^B \right)\end{aligned}$$

Besides, we have:

$$\begin{aligned}I_r^B \boldsymbol{\omega}_r^B &= R_R^B I_r^R (R_R^B)^T \boldsymbol{\omega}_r^B, \\ I_t^B \boldsymbol{\omega}_t^B &= R_R^B I_t^T (R_R^B)^T \boldsymbol{\omega}_r^B, \\ R_R^B &= \begin{bmatrix} c_{pitch} c_{yaw} & -c_{pitch} s_{yaw} & s_{pitch} \\ s_{yaw} & c_{yaw} & 0 \\ -s_{pitch} c_{yaw} & s_{pitch} s_{yaw} & c_{pitch} \end{bmatrix} \\ \boldsymbol{\omega}_r^B &= \boldsymbol{\omega}_t^B = [s_{pitch} \dot{\theta}_{yaw} \quad \dot{\theta}_{pitch} \quad c_{pitch} \dot{\theta}_{yaw}]^T \\ I_r^R &= \frac{m_r}{12} \begin{bmatrix} w_t^2 + h_t^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & l_t^2 + h_t^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & l_t^2 + w_t^2 \end{bmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

$$I_t^R = \frac{m_r}{10} \begin{bmatrix} D_t^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & D_t^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & D_t^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Eq. 8 can be expressed as:

$$H^B = A\boldsymbol{\omega}_b^B + F\mathbf{u}, \quad (10)$$

$$\begin{aligned}A &= I_b^B - \frac{m_b(m_r + m_t + m_b)}{(m_r + m_t)} S(\boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^B) S(\boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^B) \\ &\quad - \frac{m_t m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} S\left(\frac{1}{2}l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2}D_t \mathbf{q}^B\right) S\left(\frac{1}{2}l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \frac{1}{2}D_t \mathbf{q}^B\right), \\ F\mathbf{u} &= \frac{m_b(m_r + m_t + m_b)}{(m_r + m_t)} \boldsymbol{\rho}_{OB}^B \times \dot{\boldsymbol{\rho}}_{OB}^B + \frac{m_t m_r}{(m_r + m_t)} \left(\frac{1}{2}l_r \mathbf{p}^B + \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{1}{2}D_t \mathbf{q}^B\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2}l_r \dot{\mathbf{p}}^B + \frac{1}{2}D_t \dot{\mathbf{q}}^B\right) + R_R^B (I_r^R + I_t^T) (R_R^B)^T \boldsymbol{\omega}_t^B,\end{aligned}$$

And

$$\mathbf{u} = [\dot{\theta}_{pitch} \quad \dot{\theta}_{yaw}]^T.$$