



Bidirectional Consistency Models

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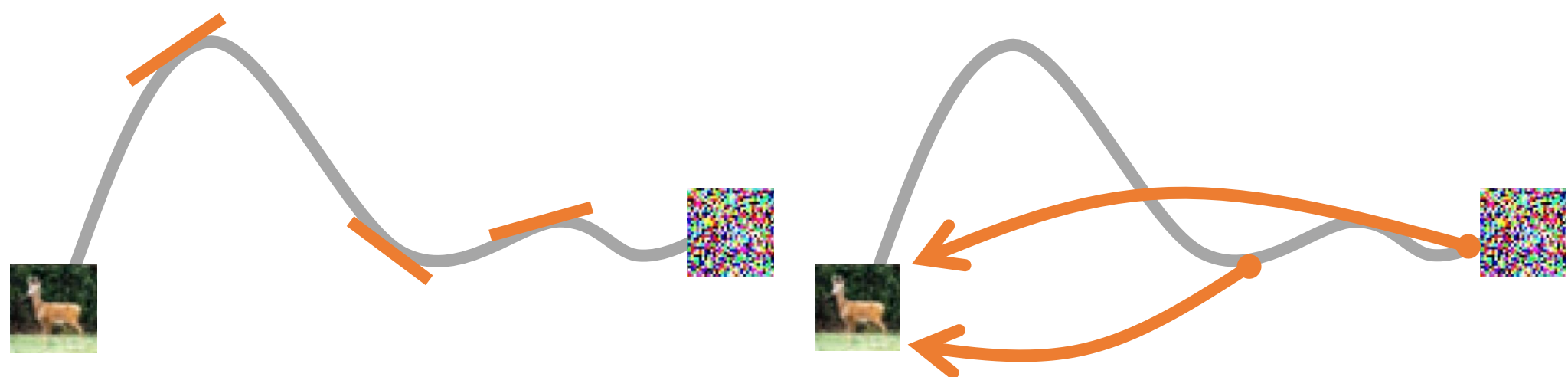
TL;DR: We extend consistency models to Bidirectional Consistency Models for fast sampling and its inversion.

Motivation

- Diffusion models requires **hundreds of NFEs** for high-quality samples; consistency models (CMs) only requires **1-2 NFE**;
- (ODE-based) diffusion models can map
noise \longleftrightarrow image
- Consistency models only support
noise \longrightarrow image

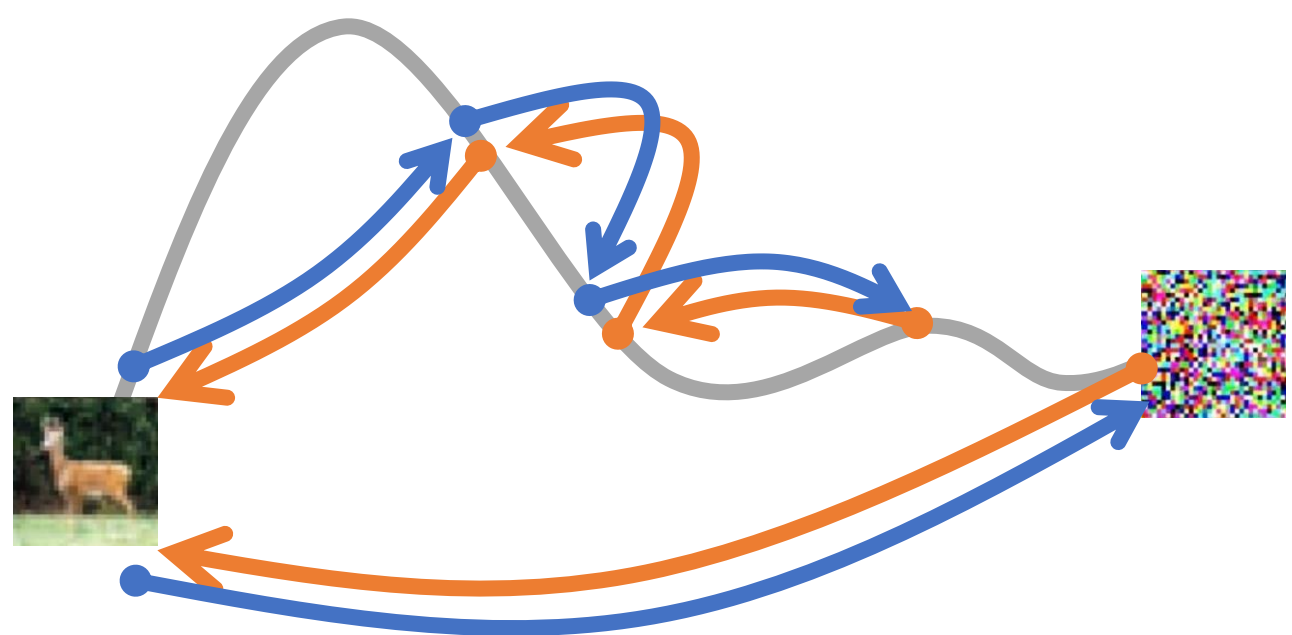
Backgrounds

Diffusion Models estimate **scores** along the PF ODE:



Consistency Models estimates **starting points** of the PF ODE:

Bidirectional Consistency Models estimates **the points on the entire PF ODE** towards both denoising and noising directions:



Methods

- We train a network $f_{\theta}(x, t_1, t_2)$ mapping x from time step t_1 to t_2 ;
- Given training image x , Gaussian noise z , and random time steps t, t' , we calculate:
 - Target image:

$$x_0 \leftarrow f_{sg(\theta)}(x + tz, t, 0)$$
 - Estimator of x_0 :

$$x_0' \leftarrow f_{\theta}(x + (t + \delta)z, t + \delta, 0)$$
 - Estimator of $x_{t'}$:

$$x_{t'} \leftarrow f_{\theta}(x + tz, t, t')$$

4. New estimator of x_0 :

$$x_0'' \leftarrow f_{sg(\theta)}(x_{t'}, t', 0)$$

- We minimize $d(x_0, x_0')$ and $d(x_0, x_0'')$ together:

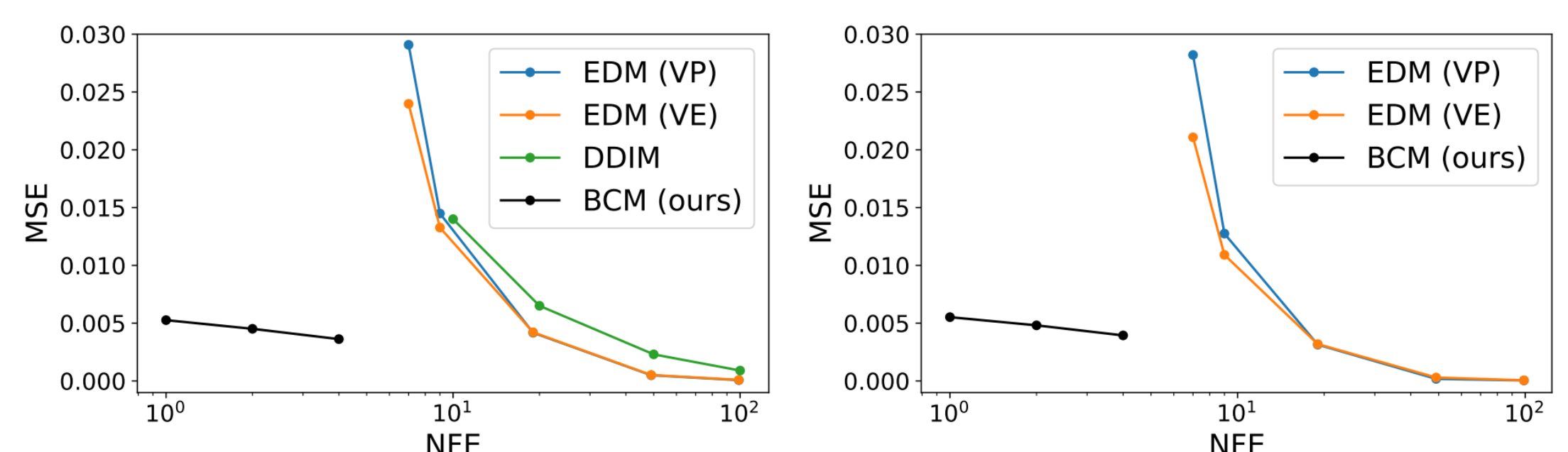
$$\ell = \underbrace{\frac{1}{\delta} d(x_0, x_0')}_{\text{Consistency training loss}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{|t - t'|} d(x_0, x_0'')}_{\text{'soft' trajectory constraint}}$$

Results

- In terms of sampling, BCM achieves competitive FID compared to CMs:

Methods	NFE	FID
iCT	1	2.83
	2	2.46
iCT-deep	1	2.51
	2	2.24
BCM	1	3.10
	2	2.39
	3	2.50
	4	2.29
BCM-deep	1	2.64
	2	2.36
	3	2.19
	4	2.07

- In terms of inversion, BCM achieves lower reconstruction error with fewer NFE:



- Interpolate between two real images:

