Лабораторная работа № 5

1. Найдите частные производные и градиент функции u = f(x, y, z).

Найдите $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$; $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$; $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y}$; $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial z}$; $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z \partial y}$; $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2}$.

N	f(x, y, z)
1	$xyz\exp(x+2y+3z)$
2	$\sin(xyz)\cos(x+2y+3z)$
3	$(x^2 - y^2 + z)\sin(x + 2y + 3z)$
4	$xy \exp(x + 2z)$
5	$\sqrt{x^2 + 2xy + 3xz}$
6	$xy^2\exp(x^2+2y+3z)$
7	$\sqrt{(xyz)^3}\sin\frac{xy}{z}$
8	$\exp \frac{xy}{z}$
9	$\cos(xyz)\cos(x+2y+3z)$
10	$\sqrt{x^2 + 2xyz + 3z^3}$
11	$xyz^2\exp(x+2y^2+3z)$
12	$(x^2 - y^2 + z)\cos(x + 2y + 3z)$
13	$(x^2 + y^3 + z^4) \exp(2x + 3y^2 + 4z^3)$
14	3xy+xz+yz
15	$\frac{3xyz+1}{3x+2y-z}$
16	$yz \exp(x+2z)$
17	$x\cos y + y\cos z + xyz\cos(xyz)$
18	$\ln(x^2 + y^3 + xyz)$
19	$(3x+2y+z)\sin(x+2y+3z)$
20	$x^2yz\exp(x+2y+3z^2)$

2. Запишите для заданной функции разложение в ряд Тейлора в окрестности точки x_0 . Изобразите график функции и графики нескольких частичных сумм ряда Тейлора.

N	f(x)	x_0	N	f(x)	x_0
1	$\frac{2}{x}$	1	11	$\ln(2x^2)$	1
2	$\ln x$	1	12	e^{-x}	2
3	$\sqrt[3]{x}$	1	13	$x^2 \operatorname{ch} x$	1
4	$\sin \frac{\pi}{4}x$	2	14	$\left(x-\frac{\pi}{x}\right)\sin x$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$
5	$\frac{x}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$	5	15	$(x-2)^2 \operatorname{ch} x$	2
6	x ⁵	1	16	$\ln \sqrt[3]{x^2}$	1
7	$\frac{x}{3+x}$	2	17	$\frac{x}{3-x}$	2
8	e^{-x^2}	1	18	$x^{3} + 1$	1
9	$\sqrt[3]{2x}$	1	19	$\cos \frac{\pi}{4}x$	2
10	$\frac{3}{x}$	2	20	shx	1

3. Найти производную указанного порядка.

$y = (2x^2 - 7)\ln(x-1), y^{\nu} = ?$	$y = (3-x^2) \ln^2 x, y^{III} = ?$
$y = x \cos x^2, y^{III} = ?$	$y = \frac{\ln(x-1)}{\sqrt{x-1}}, y^{III} = ?$
$y = \frac{\log_2 x}{x^3}, y^{III} = ?$	$y = (4x^3 + 5)e^{2x+1}, y^V = ?$
$y = x^2 \sin(5x-3), y^{III} = ?$	$y = \frac{\ln x}{x^2}, y^{TV} = ?$
$y = (2x+3)\ln^2 x, y^{III} = ?$	$y = (1+x^2) \arctan x, y^{III} = ?$
$y = \frac{\ln x}{x^3}, y^{TV} = ?$	$y = (4x+3) \cdot 2^{-x}, y^{V} = ?$
$y = e^{1-2x} \cdot \sin(2+3x), y^{N} = ?$	$y = \frac{\ln(3+x)}{3+x}, y^{III} = ?$
$y = (2x^3 + 1)\cos x, y^V = ?$	$y = (x^2 + 3)\ln(x - 3), y^{IV} = ?$

$$y = (1 - x - x^{2})e^{(x-1)/2}, \quad y^{IV} = ? \qquad y = \frac{1}{x}\sin 2x, \quad y^{III} = ?$$

$$y = (x+7)\ln(x+4), \quad y^{V} = ? \qquad 20. \quad y = (3x-7)\cdot 3^{-x}, \quad y^{IV} = ?$$

4. Показать, что функция y удовлетворяет уравнению (1).

$y = x e^{-x^2/2},$	$y=\frac{\sin x}{x}$
$xy' = (1-x^2)y$. (1)	$\int_{2}^{x} xy' + y = \cos x. (1)$
$y = 5e^{-2x} + e^{x}/3$,	$y=2+c\sqrt{1-x^2},$
3. $y' + 2y = e^x$. (1)	$\int_{4.}^{4.} (1-x^2)y' + xy = 2x. (1)$
$y = x\sqrt{1-x^2},$	$y = \frac{c}{\cos x}$
$5. yy' = x - 2x^3. (1)$	$\int_{6.}^{\cos x} y' - \operatorname{tg} x \cdot y = 0. (1)$
$y = -\frac{1}{3x + c},$	$y = \ln(c + e^x),$
$y' = 3y^2$. (1)	$_{8.} y' = e^{x-y}$. (1)
$y = \sqrt{x^2 - cx},$	$y = x(c - \ln x),$
$\int_{9.} (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy = 0. (1)$	$_{10.}\left(x-y\right) dx+xdy=0. (1)$
$y=e^{\operatorname{tg}(x/2)},$	$y = \frac{1+x}{1-x},$
$_{11.} y' \sin x = y \ln y.$ (1)	$y' = \frac{1+y^2}{1+x^2}.$ (1)
$y = \frac{b+x}{1+bx},$	$y = \sqrt[3]{2 + 3x - 3x^2},$
	$yy' = \frac{1-2x}{y}$. (1)

$$y = \sqrt{\ln\left(\frac{1+e^{x}}{2}\right)^{2} + 1}, \qquad y = tg \ln 3x,$$

$$16. (1+y^{2}) dx = xdy. \quad (1)$$

$$y = -\sqrt{\frac{2}{x^{2}} - 1}, \qquad y = \sqrt[3]{x - \ln x - 1},$$

$$18. \ln x + y^{3} - 3xy^{2}y' = 0. \quad (1)$$

$$y = a + \frac{7x}{ax + 1}, \qquad y = atg\sqrt{\frac{a}{x} - 1},$$

$$19. y - xy' = a(1+x^{2}y'). \quad (1)$$

$$a^{2} + y^{2} + 2x\sqrt{ax - x^{2}}y' = 0. \quad (1)$$

5. Найти сумму ряда.

$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(4n^2 + 9n + 5\right) x^{n+1}$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (3n^2 + 7n + 4)x^n$
$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n^2 + n + 1) x^{n+3}$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(2n^2 + 4n + 3\right) x^{n+2}$
	$\sum_{6.\ n=0}^{\infty} \left(2n^2 + 5n + 3\right) x^{n+1}$
$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (3n^2 + 8n + 5)x^{n+2}$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2n^2 + 8n + 5)x^n$
$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2n^2 + 7n + 5)x^{n+1}$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (3n^2 + 7n + 5)x^n$
$\sum_{11.}^{\infty} n(2n-1)x^{n+2}$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n^2 - n + 1) x^n$
$\sum_{13.}^{\infty} \left(2n^2 - n - 1\right) x^n$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (3n^2 + 5n + 4)x^{n+1}$

$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n^2 + 7n + 4) x^n$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2n^2 - n - 2) x^{n+1}$
$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2n^2 + 2n + 1)x^n$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n^2 + 2n - 1) x^{n+1}$
$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n^2 + 2n + 2) x^{n+2}$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n^2 + 4n + 3) x^{n+1}$

6. Вычислить площади фигур, ограниченных графиками функций.

$y=\left(x-2\right)^3,$	$y = x\sqrt{9 - x^2}, y = 0,$
$_{1.} y = 4x - 8.$	$_{2.}\left(0\leq x\leq 3\right) .$
$y=4-x^2,$	$y = \sin x \cos^2 x, y = 0,$
$_{3.} y = x^2 - 2x.$	$_{4.}\left(0\leq x\leq \pi/2\right) .$
$y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}, y = 0,$	$y = x^2 \sqrt{4 - x^2}, y = 0,$
$_{5.} x = 0, x = 1.$	$_{6.} (0 \le x \le 2).$
$y = \cos x \sin^2 x, y = 0,$	$y = \sqrt{e^x - 1}, y = 0,$
$_{7.}\left(0\leq x\leq \pi /2\right) .$	$_{8.} x = \ln 2.$
$y = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1 + \ln x}}, y = 0,$	$y = \arccos x, y = 0,$
$_{9}$ $x = 1$, $x = e^{3}$.	10. x = 0.
$y = \left(x+1\right)^2,$	$y=2x-x^2+3,$
$_{11.} y^2 = x + 1.$	$_{12.} y = x^2 - 4x + 3.$
$y = x\sqrt{36-x^2}, y = 0,$	$x = \arccos y, x = 0,$
$_{13.}\left(0\leq x\leq 6\right) .$	y = 0.

$y = \operatorname{arctg} x, y = 0,$	$y = x^2 \sqrt{8 - x^2}, y = 0,$
$x_{15.} = \sqrt{3}$	$16. \left(0 \le x \le 2\sqrt{2}\right).$
$x = \sqrt{e^{y} - 1}, x = 0,$	$y = x\sqrt{4 - x^2}, y = 0,$
$_{17.} y = \ln 2.$	$18. (0 \le x \le 2).$
$y = \frac{x}{1 + \sqrt{x}}, y = 0,$	$y = \frac{1}{1 + \cos x}, y = 0,$
$_{19.} x = 1.$	$_{20.} x = \pi/2, x = -\pi/2.$