$\begin{tabular}{ll} The Figure Class \\ {\tt Basic plotting in C++} \end{tabular}$

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1 Installation

First of all note that this library needs MathGL - that's a plotting library with a vast amount of possibilities, options and plot types. The Figure class is only a nice interface for easy use of that particular library.

You can get it at http://mathgl.sourceforge.net/doc_en/Download.html#Download.

Follow the steps in the INSTALL file. In the directory of the CMakeLists.txt do:

Under Linux/Mac OS:

\$ mkdir build
\$ cd build
\$ cmake ..
\$ sudo make install

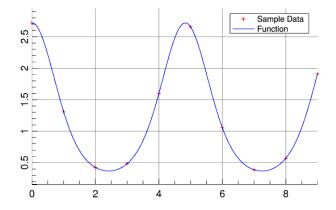
Under Windows:

- open a terminal with administrator rights
- do the same as above but without the sudo

This installation requires CMake (https://cmake.org/download/). The "manual" way of installing it is described in INSTALL.

1.1 Opening example

This short example code will show, how the Figure class can be used.



2 Commands

2.1 grid

```
Definition:
```

Restrictions: None.

Examples:

```
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x, y);
fig.grid(false); // unset grid
fig.save("plot.eps");

mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x, y);
fig.grid(true, "!", "b"); // blue fine mesh
fig.save("plot.eps");
```

2.2 xlabel

Definition:

Restrictions: None.

```
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x, y, "g+"); // 'g+' equals matlab/python '+-g'
fig.xlabel("Linear x axis");
fig.save("plot.eps");

mgl::Figure fig;
fig.xlabel("Logarithmix x axis"); // no restrictions on call order
fig.setlog(true, true);
fig.plot(x, y, "g+");
fig.save("plot.eps");
```

2.3 ylabel

Definition:

Restrictions: None.

Examples: See xlabel.

2.4 legend

Definition:

Restrictions: None.

Examples:

```
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x0, y0).label("My Function");
fig.legend(); // 'activate' legend
fig.save("plot");

mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x0, y0).label("My Function");
fig.save("plot"); // legend won't appear as legend() hasn't been called
```

2.5 setlog

Definition:

Restrictions: All plots will use the latest setlog options or default if none have been set.

```
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.setlog(true, false); // -> semilogx
fig.plot(x0, y0);
fig.setlog(false, true); // -> semilogy
fig.plot(x1, y1);
fig.setlog(true, true); // -> loglog
fig.plot(x2, y2);
fig.save("plot.eps"); // ATTENTION: all plots will have been plotted in loglog-scale

mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x, y);
fig.save("plot.eps"); // -> default (= linear) scaling
```

2.6 plot

Definition:

Restrictions: xVector and yVector must have a size() method, which returns the size of the vector and a data() method, which returns a pointer to the first element in the vector. Furthermore x and y must have same length.

Examples:

```
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x, y, "b");
fig.save("data.eps");

mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x, y); // OK - style is optional
fig.save("data.eps");

mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x, y, " *r", "Data w/ red dots"); // ' *r' equals matlab/python 'r*'
fig.save("data.eps");
```

2.7 plot3

Definition:

Restrictions: Same restrictions as in plot for two vectors, extended to zVector.

```
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot3(x, y, z);
fig.save("trajectories.eps");
```

2.8 fplot

Definition:

Restrictions: None.

Examples:

```
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.fplot("3*x^2 + 4.5/x + exp(x)");
fig.fplot("exp(cos(pi*x))", "r").label("some periodic function");
fig.ranges(0.5, 2, 0, 5); // be sure to set ranges for fplot!
fig.save("plot.eps");

mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x, y, "b").label("Benchmark");
fig.fplot("x^2", "k;").label("\\ 0(x^2)");
// here we don't set the ranges as it uses the range given by the x,y data // and we use fplot to draw a reference line (0(x^2))
fig.save("runtimes.eps");
```

2.9 ranges

Definition:

```
void ranges( const double& xMin,
const double& xMax,
const double& yMin,
const double& yMax)
```

Restrictions: xMin < xMax, yMin < yMax and ranges must be > 0 for axis in logarithmic scale.

```
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.ranges(-1,1,-1,1);
fig.plot(x, y, "b");

mgl::Figure fig;
fig.plot(x, y, "b");
fig.ranges(0, 2.3, 4, 5); // ranges can be called before or after 'plot'

mgl::Figure fig;
fig.ranges(-1, 1, 0, 5);
fig.setlog(true, true); // will run but MathGL will throw a warning
fig.plot(x, y, "b");
```

2.10 save

Definition:

```
void save( const std::string& file )
```

Restrictions: Supported file formats: .eps and .png.

Examples:

```
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.save("plot.eps"); // OK
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.save("plot"); // OK - will be saved as plot.eps
mgl::Figure fig;
fig.save("plot.png"); // OK - but needs -lpng flag!
```

2.11 title

Definition:

```
void title( const std::string& text )
```

Restrictions: None.

Line characteristics 3

Linecolors a:

blue	b				
green	g	Linestyles:		Line	markers:
red	r	·			
cyan	С	none		+	+
magenta	m	solid	-	O	0
yellow	У	dashed	;	♦	d
gray	h	small dashed	=	•	
green-blue	1	long dashed	1	\triangle	^
sky-blue	n	dotted	:	∇	v
orange	q	dash-dotted	j	\triangleleft	<
green-yellow	е	small dash-dotted	i	\triangleright	>
blue-violet	u	None is used as follow	ws:	\odot	#.
purple	р	" r*" gives red stars	s w/o	\blacksquare	#+
<u>a II</u>	-	any lines	,	\boxtimes	#x

^a Upper-case letters will give a darker version of the lower-case version.