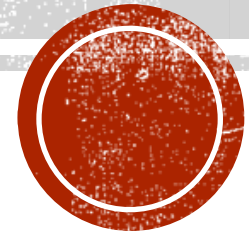


A Mixed Dense Convolutional Neural Network for Image Analysis

Daniel M. Pelt and James A. Sethian



Jinna Cui

2018.3.7

Content

- 1. Theory & algorithms
- 2. Application



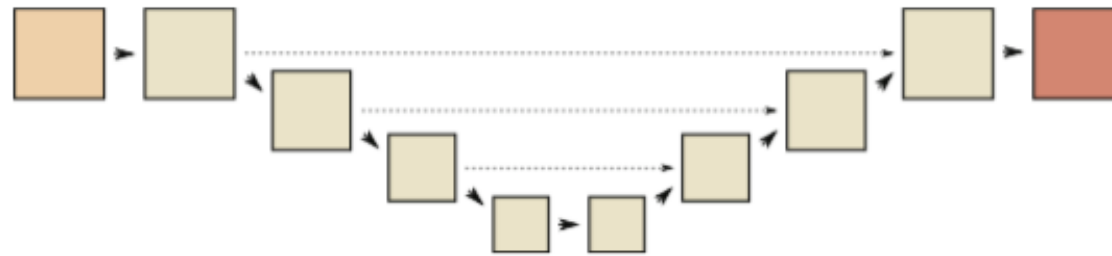
Theory & algorithms

- 1. Mixing scales
- 2. Dense connections
- 3. Mixed-Scale Dense neural networks



Mixing scales

- Dilated convolutions (扩张卷积)

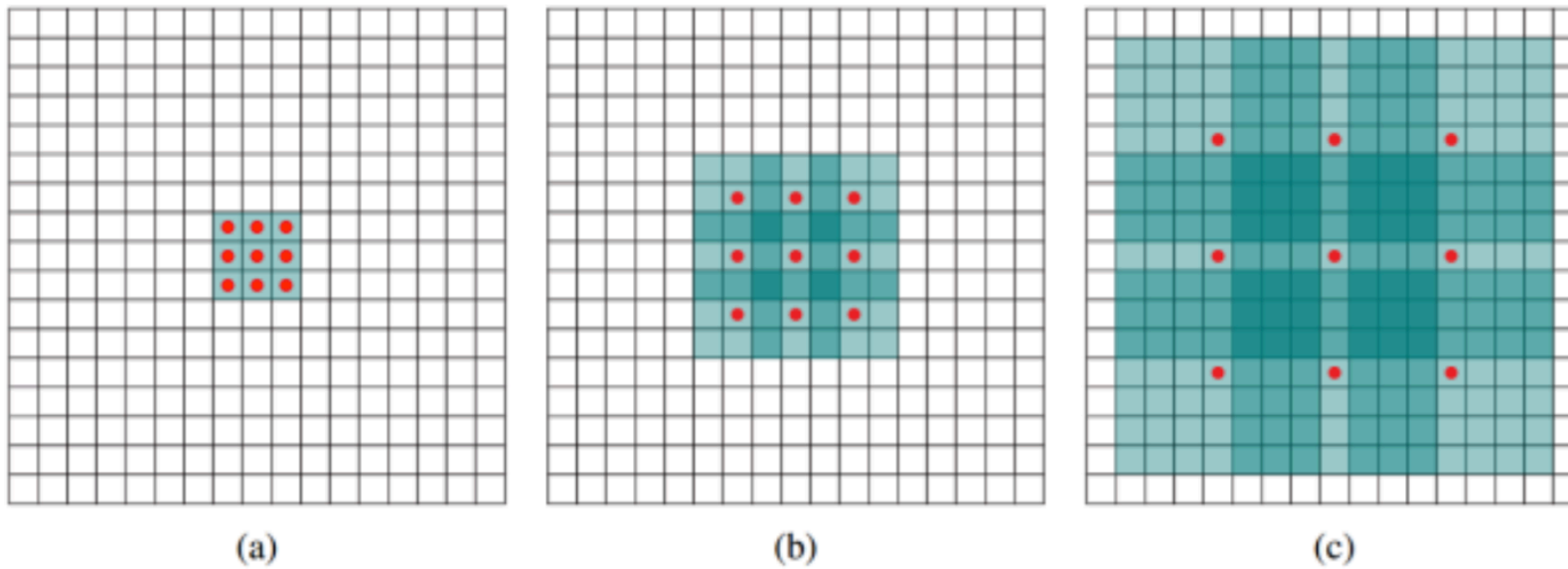


Downscaling and upscaling of common DCNN architecture



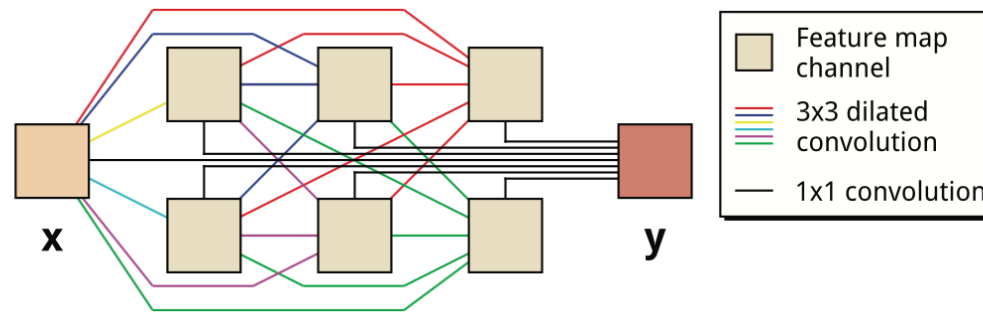
Mixing scales

- Dilated convolutions (扩张卷积)



Mixing scales

- Mixed Scale

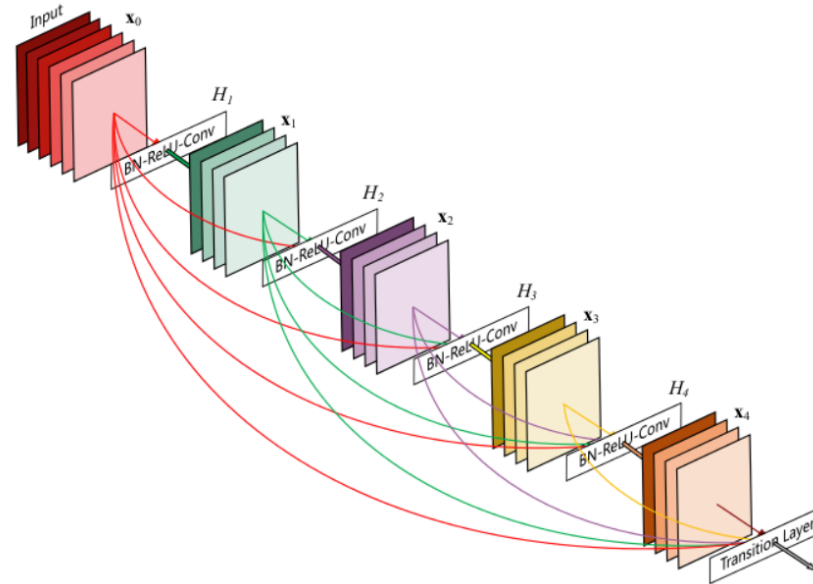


1. A certain scale can directly inform decisions
2. Multi-scale early layers improve the results of deeper layers
3. Less parameters and easier to train
4. Making Mixed-Scale DCNNs applicable across different problems



Dense connections

- Dense connection(稠密连接)

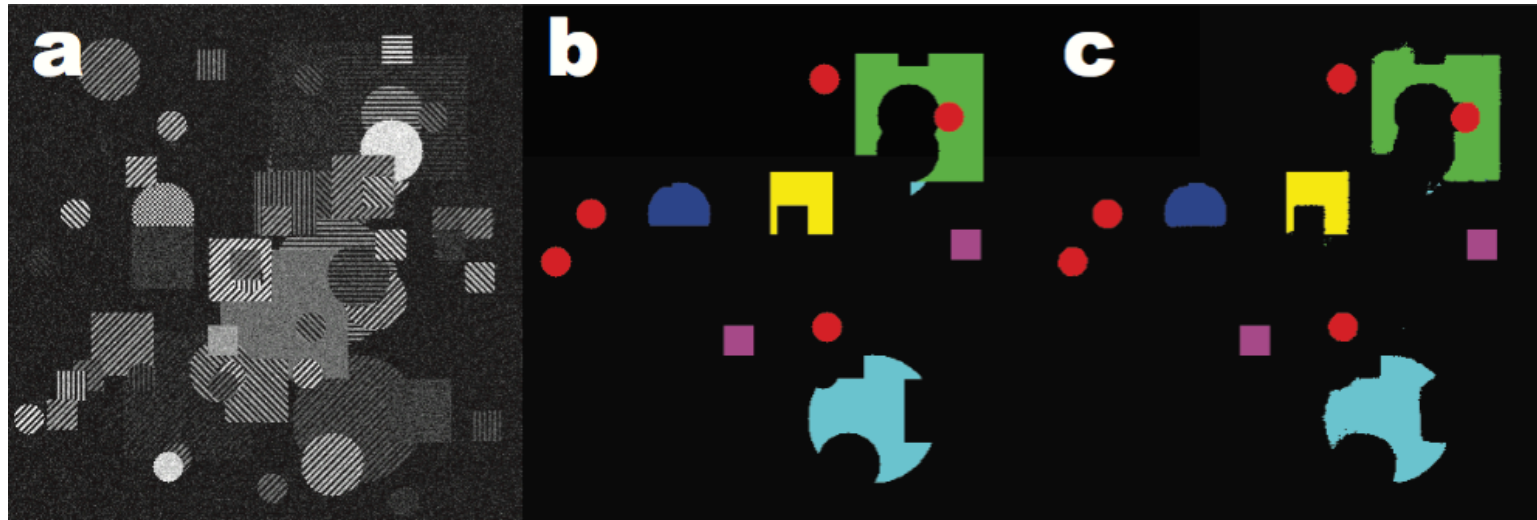


1. Reducing the risk of overfitting
2. Enabling effective training with relatively small training sets
3. A relatively small number of parameters



Application

Segmenting simulated data

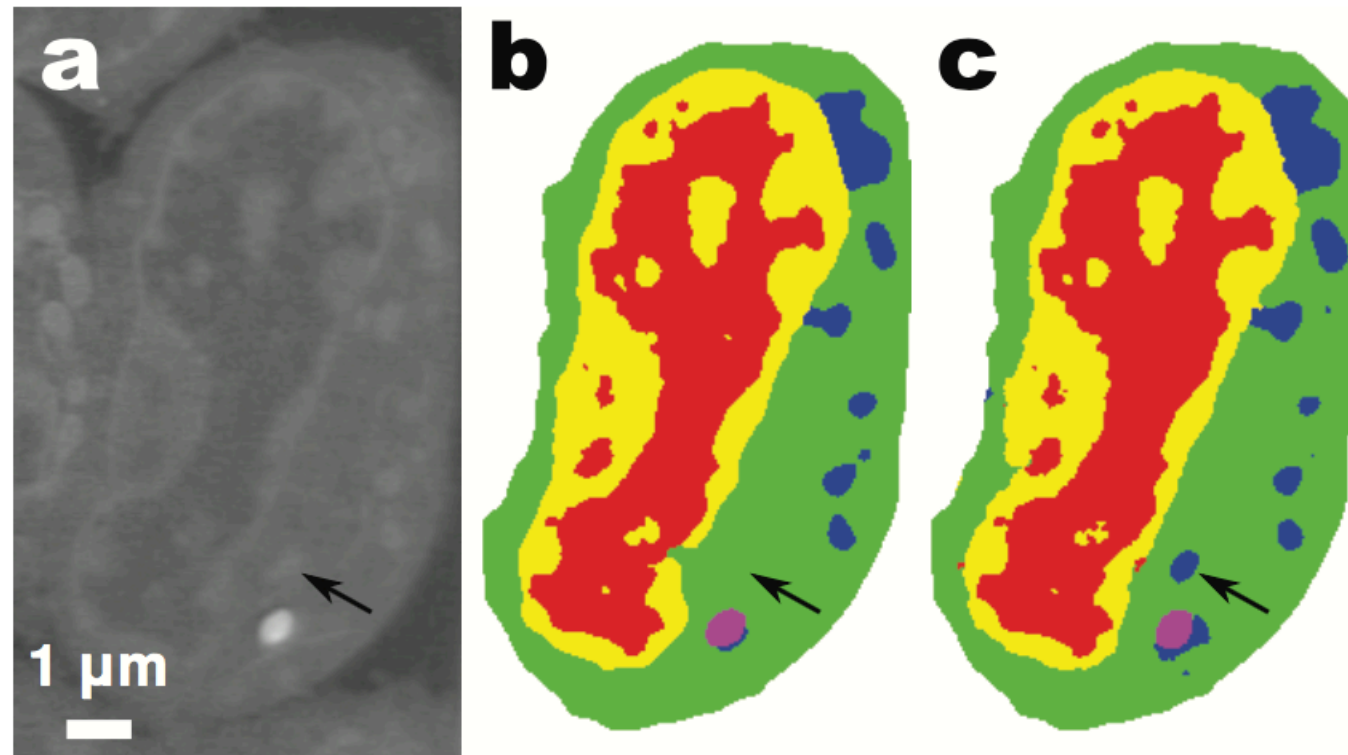


Example of the segmentation problem of the simulated dataset,



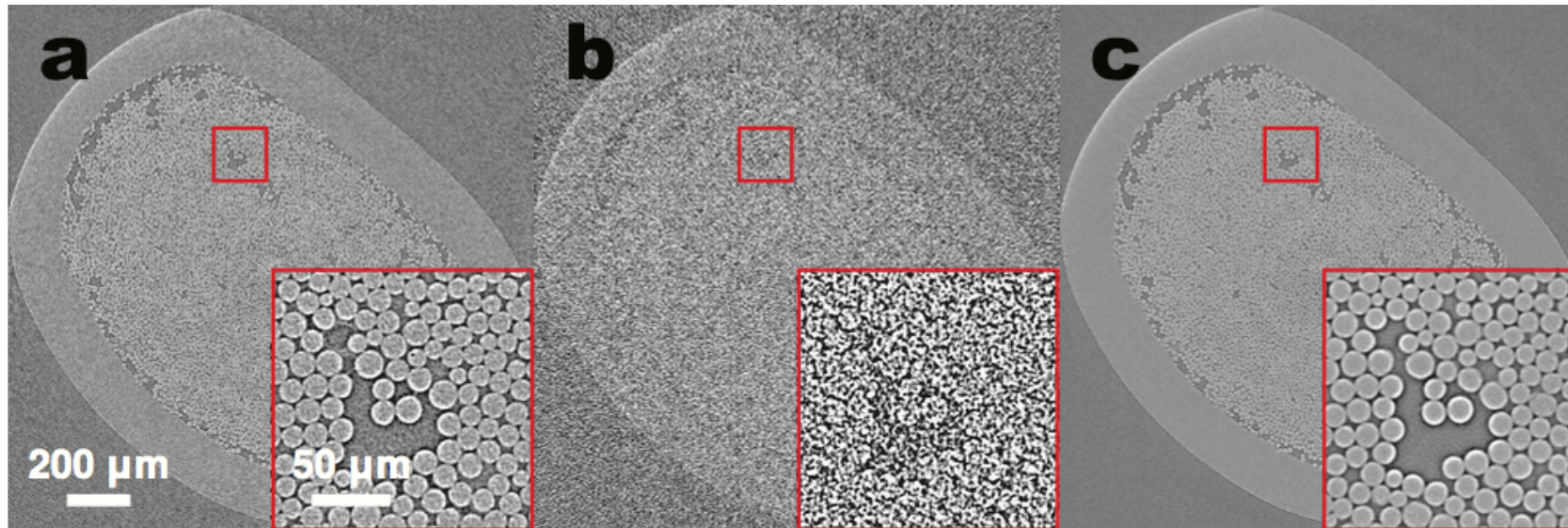
Application

- Segmenting biomedical images



Application

- Denoising large tomographic images



Thank you

