objective of the PPT

The title of the presentation

Last name first name student number Supervisor: name

School of XXXXX Beihang University

December 6, 2020

Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Research background
- 3 Internsntent
 - Scenarstruction
 - Slid cool
 - Reincetrol
- 4 Conclusion

1 Introduction



About the company

LO GO

Name of the company Co.,Ltd.

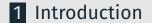
- 1. well-kn supplof on-e rapiection solutions;
- 2. a complete R&D, produfter-sales see system;
- 3. ser the pubafety, food saand ml safety industries.



Fig. 1. Holeld exsive deter.



Fig. 2. Moile expive dettor.





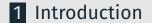
Content of the intership

Norm (mathematics) From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

1. In mathematics, a norm is a function;



Fig. 3. UAV exsive detion.





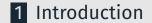
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Fig. 3. UAV exsive detion.

1 Introduction



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Fig. 3. UAV exsive detion.

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2 Research background



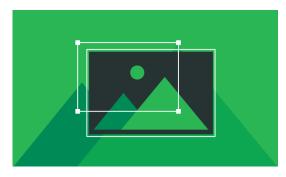
QuadroAV modeling

Translational motion:

$$\begin{cases} m\ddot{X}^w = u_{c1}(\cos\phi\sin\theta\cos\psi) \\ m\ddot{Y}^w = u_{c1}(\sin\phi\cos\psi) \\ m\ddot{Z}^w = mg - u_{c1}\cos\theta \end{cases} \tag{1}$$

Rotational motion:

$$\begin{cases} I_{xx}\ddot{\phi} = u_{c2}l + \dot{\theta}\dot{\psi}(-I_{zz}) \\ I_{yy}\ddot{\theta} = u_{c3}l + \dot{\phi}\dot{\psi}(I_{zz} -) \\ I_{zz}\ddot{\psi} = u_{c4} + \dot{\theta}(I_{xx} - I_{yy}) \end{cases}$$
 (2)



2 Research background



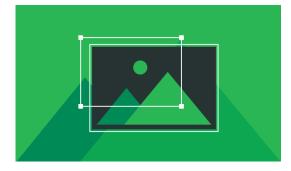
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Reduced model:

$$\dot{p}_i(t) = v_i(t)
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2 Research background



QuadroAV modeling

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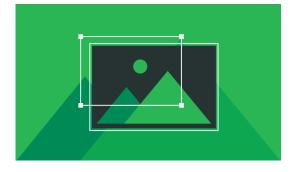
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Reduced model:

$$\dot{p}_i(t) = v_i(t)$$

$$\dot{v}_i(t) = u_i(t)$$



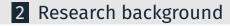
State space representaion:



$$\dot{x}_i(t) = Ax_i(t) + Bu_i(t), \qquad (4)$$



(3)





Formation tracking

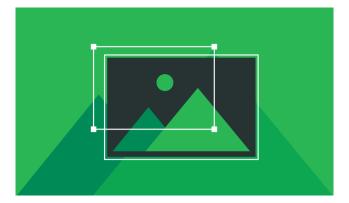
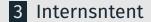


Fig. 4. Illustrof the ti forion tracking.

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Sliding mode control



Fig. 5. Tratory of contnuous system.





Sliding mode control



Fig. 5. Tratory of contnuous system.



Fig. 6. Trajery of diete system.



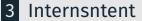
Discrete-time SMC protocol

The following disibuted fortion procol is proposed,

$$u_{i}(k) = (K\bar{B}(d_{i} + a_{i0}))^{-1} \left(K\bar{B} \sum a_{ij} u_{j}(k) - \left[K\bar{A}(x_{i}(k) - \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^{N} a_{ij} x_{j}(k)) - a_{i0} K\bar{A}x_{0}(k) - a_{i0} K\bar{B}\tilde{u}_{i0}(k) + \varepsilon T \operatorname{sgn}(s_{i}(k)) \right] - K\left((d_{i} + a_{i0}) f_{i}(k+1) - \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^{N} a_{ij} \right) \right)$$

$$(5)$$

where $\tilde{u}_{i0}(k) = \tilde{u}_1 - \mathrm{sgn}(s_i(k))$, $\tilde{u}_1 = (u_{min})/2$ and $\tilde{u}_2 = (u_{max} - u_{min})/2$.





Simulation results



Fig. 7. Trajecto of seven UAin 40s in experiment 1.



Fig. 8. PositioAVs at 40s in experiment 1.





Reinforcement learning

Markon Process (MDP)

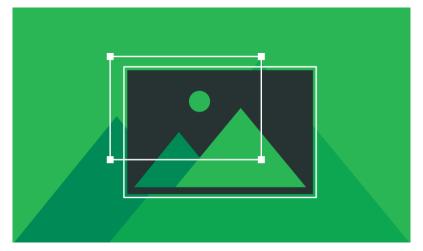
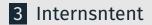


Fig. 9. The agection inion process.





Reward function

Denote d the distance between UAV and target.

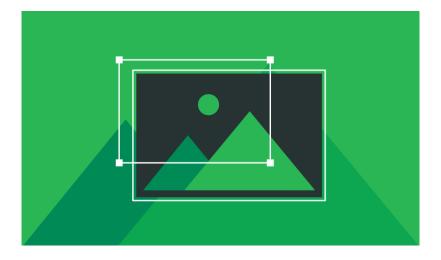
Table 1: Reward function definition oracking task.

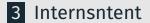
	Condition	Reward (R)
1	d < 0.05m	+50
2	d < 0.05m	+50
3	d < 0.05m	+50
4	d < 0.05m	+50
5	no other reward	-1





Dyna-Q algorithm

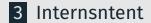






Training results

- \blacksquare Stage 1: Fixedt tracking, with (x,y)=(1.2m,-1.2m) ;
- \blacksquare Stage 2: Randracking, with $x,y \in [-3.6m,3.6m]$;





Training results

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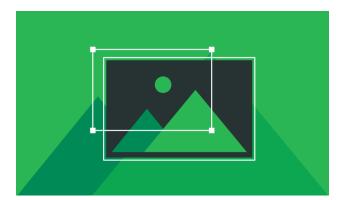
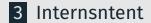


Fig. 10. Stage 1.





Training results

- Stage 1: Fixedt tracking, with (x,y)=(1.2m,-1.2m) ;
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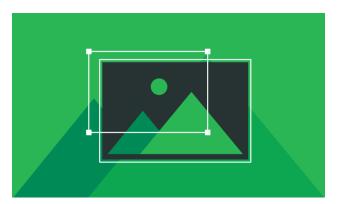
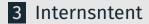




Fig. 11. Stage 2.

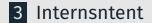
Fig. 10. Stage 1.





Formatng wi RL

- Leader UAV: circular mot r = 10m;
- Followers: tracking the learealize a square formation;





Formatng wi RL

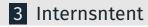
- Leader UAV: circular mot r = 10m;
- Followers: tracking the learealize a square formation;



Fig. 12. Five UAVs before the formation.



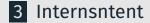
Fig. 13. Positions of five UAVs before the formation.





Forma trackin RL

- LeadeAV: ciular mot with r = 10m;
- Follors: tng the lea realize a square formation;





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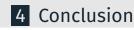
Fig. 14. Five UAVs after the formation.



Fig. 15. Positions of five UAVs after the formation.

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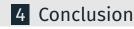
What I have donnterhip

- Utilization of timulator;
- Survey on the sle control theory;
- Survey on throl method with mulUAV system;
- RL algorithm trainingntation onplatform;











Self-evaluation

■ What I have learned

- Understanding of
- ► Ability to solve complexe problems;
- Quality of oral communication;

■ To be improved

- The ability to solve complems across fields and disciplines;
- ► The ability to integrate and n special environments;
- ► The ability to ask quality questions;







Thanks for your attention! Q& A