

1. a)

$$\text{Area capacitance} = (19 \text{ fF}/\mu\text{m}^2) \times 200 \mu\text{m} \times 0.2 \mu\text{m}$$

$$= 760 \text{ fF}$$

$$\text{Fringe capacitance} = (61 \text{ fF}/\mu\text{m}) \times 200 \mu\text{m} \times 2 \rightarrow \text{fringe capacitance contributed from both sides of wire}$$

$$= 24.4 \text{ fF}$$

$$C_{\text{wire}} = \text{Area capacitance} + \text{Fringe capacitance}$$

$$= 760 \text{ fF} + 24.4 \text{ fF}$$

$$= \underline{25.16 \text{ fF}}$$

Fringe capacitance dominates when width is small

b)

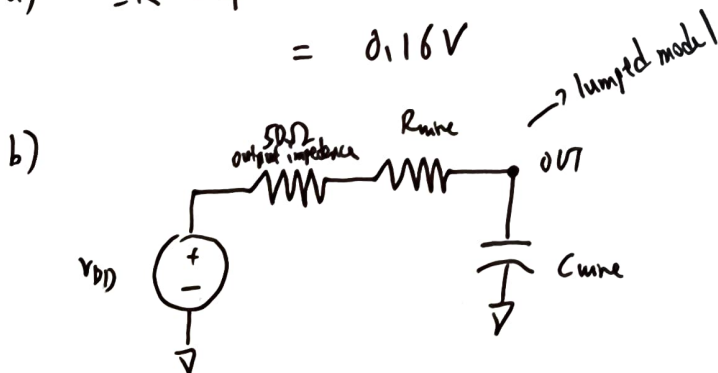
$$\text{Wire resistance} = \frac{(0.04 \Omega/\text{sq}) \times 200 \mu\text{m}}{0.2 \mu\text{m}}$$

$$= 40 \Omega$$

2. a)

$$\text{IR drop} = 4 \text{ mA} \times 40 \Omega$$

$$= 0.16 \text{ V}$$



$$\frac{V_{\text{out}}(t_{\text{PHL}})}{V_{\text{DD}}} = e^{-\frac{t_{\text{PHL}}}{RC}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$t_{\text{PHL}} = 0.69 RC$$

$$\frac{V_{\text{out}}(t_{\text{PLH}})}{V_{\text{DD}}} = 1 - e^{-\frac{t_{\text{PLH}}}{RC}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$t_{\text{PLH}} = 0.69 RC$$

$$t_p = \frac{t_{\text{PLH}} + t_{\text{PHL}}}{2}$$

$$= 0.69 RC$$

$$= 0.69 \times (50 \Omega + 40 \Omega) \times 25.16 \text{ fF}$$

$$= 1.562 \text{ ps}$$

3. a) At steady state, capacitor acts as an open circuit

when $V_{in} = 0V$, NMOS is OFF

resistance of NMOS $\gg 90k\Omega$

$$V_{out} = \frac{R_{NMOS}}{R_{NMOS} + 90k\Omega} V_{DD} \approx V_{DD} \approx \underline{1V}$$

when $V_{in} = 1V$, NMOS is ON

resistance of NMOS when ON = $10k\Omega$

$$V_{out} = \frac{10k\Omega}{10k\Omega + 90k\Omega} V_{DD} = \underline{0.1V}$$

b) At steady state, capacitor acts as an open circuit

when $V_{in} = 0V$, NMOS is OFF, PMOS is ON

resistance of NMOS \gg resistance of PMOS

$$V_{out} = \frac{R_{NMOS}}{R_{NMOS} + R_{PMOS}} V_{DD} \approx V_{DD} \approx \underline{1V}$$

when $V_{in} = 1V$, NMOS is ON, PMOS is OFF

resistance of NMOS \ll resistance of PMOS

$$V_{out} \approx \underline{0V}$$