## **CG2271 Real-Time Operating Systems**

## **Tutorial 3**

- 1. There is a new microcontroller from ARM called the Latex M1 that runs at 20MHz. This controller doesn't have PWM capability but it does have a 16-bit Timer module with Interrupt capability which behaves like the Periodic Interrupt Timer in the Cortex M0+. The Timer module is directly clocked by the core clock of 20MHz.
  - a. Design the Pseudo Code to generate a 50% Duty Cycle PWM signal using the Timer Interrupt.
  - b. What is the period of the PWM waveform?
  - c. Another microcontroller Latex M0 doesn't have any Timer module and wishes to still generate a PWM signal with the same period as the Latex M1. Show the Pseudo-Code on how this can be achieved.
- 2. In your project, you decide to use Serial Interrupts (you don't have a choice anyway...) to capture the data coming in through the Bluetooth interface. The following pseudocode shows a possible implementation.

```
volatile char rx_data; // Global Variable
Serial ISR
 rx_data = Serial_Read_Buffer();
 rx_new_data = 1;
Main()
      if(rx_new_data == 1)
           rx_new_data = 0;
           if(rx_data == 0x00)
                  move_robot_forward();
           if(rx_data == 0x01)
                  move_robot_right();
           if(rx data == 0x02)
                  move_robot_left();
           else
                  stop_robot();
      }
      else
           Do_Other_Things();
```

a. Describe some issues with the implementation above.

- b. The global variable rx\_data is declared as volatile. How does it affect the behavior of the robot?
- 3. To overcome the challenges earlier, you decide to use the circular queue that you learnt in class. In your application, you have the following code for the Serial\_ISR and the Main() routine.

```
//Queue declared with a size of 10 (characters)
Serial_ISR
 rx_data = Serial_Read_Buffer();
 if(!Queue_Full())
        Q_Enqueue(rx_data);
}
Main()
      if(!Queue_Empty())
           my_data = Queue_Dequeue();
           if(my data == 0x00)
             move_robot_forward();
           if(my_data == 0x01)
             move_robot_right();
           if(my_data == 0x02)
             move_robot_left();
             stop_robot();
      }
      else
           Do_Other_Things();
```

- a. What does the new implementation resolve? Are there still things to be concerned about?
- b. How can we resolve this issue?