### NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE

CS3223 - DATABASE SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION (SAMPLE ASSESSMENT)

(Semester 2: AY2022/23)

Time Allowed: 100 minutes

### INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. Write down your **student number** on the right and using ink or pencil, shade the corresponding circle in the grid for each digit or letter. DO NOT WRITE YOUR NAME!
- 2. The assessment paper contains **THREE** (3) questions and comprises **FIVE** (5) pages including this cover page.
- 3. All questions must be answered in the space provided; no extra sheets will be accepted as answers. You may use the extra page behind this cover page if you need more space for your answers.
- 4. This is a **closed book** assessment.
- 5. You are allowed to refer to a single, double-sided A4-sized sheet of notes.
- 6. You are allowed to use an electronic calculator.
- 7. You are allowed to use pencils, ball-pens or fountain pens, as you like as long as it is legible (no red color, please).
- 8. Marks may be deducted for illegible handwriting

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#### For Examiner's Use Only

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Question	Marks						
Q1	/ 2						
Q2	/ 2						
Q3	/ 6						
Total	/ 10						

This page is intentionally left blank.  Use it ONLY if you need extra space for your answers, in which case indicate the <b>question number clearly</b> on this page as well as in the original answer box.							

# Question 1: Linear Hashing Index [2 marks]

Consider the snapshot of the linear hashing index shown below.

level = 0, 
$$N_0 = 4$$
, next=0 00  $64^*$   $44^*$ 

Assume that a bucket split is triggered whenever some bucket overflows.

Let N denote the minimum number of record insertions that will cause a split of all four buckets.

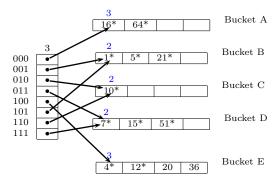
Select the **most appropriate** statement about N.

[2 marks]

- $\bigcirc$  N = 5
- $\bigcirc$  N = 6
- $\bigcirc$  N = 8
- $\bigcirc$  N = 9
- All of the above statements are false.

## Question 2: Extendible Hashing [2 marks]

Consider the extendible hashing index shown below which was created by inserting a sequence of 13 data entries without any deletions.



Select all the statements that are true about the above index.

[2 marks]

- Bucket A could be the last bucket that was split by the insertions.
- Bucket B could be the last bucket that was split by the insertions.
- Bucket C could be the last bucket that was split by the insertions.
- O Bucket D could be the last bucket that was split by the insertions.
- O Bucket E could be the last bucket that was split by the insertions.
- O All of the above statements are false.

[6 marks]

### Question 3: Query Evaluation [6 marks]

Consider a relation with the schema <code>Hotel</code> (<u>id</u>, name, address, phone, price, rating) and the following query

SELECT name FROM Hotel WHERE price > 500 AND rating > 4

Assume the following for this question:

- 1. The **Hotel** relation contains 10,000 pages with each page containing 20 records.
- 2. There are five unclustered indexes on the Hotel relation:
  - $I_n$ : a B<sup>+</sup>-tree index on (price),
  - $I_r$ : a B<sup>+</sup>-tree index on (rating),
  - $I_{pr}$ : a B<sup>+</sup>-tree index on (price, rating),
  - $I_{rp}$ : a B<sup>+</sup>-tree index on (rating, price), and
  - $I_{npr}$ : a B<sup>+</sup>-tree index on (name, price, rating).
- 3. For each of  $I_p$  and  $I_r$ , it has 2000 leaf pages with at most 100 data entries in each leaf page.
- 4. For each of  $I_{pr}$  and  $I_{rp}$ , it has 2500 leaf pages with at most 80 data entries in each leaf page.
- 5. For  $I_{npr}$ , it has 4000 leaf pages with at most 50 data entries in each leaf page.
- 6. Each of the indexes has 2 levels of internal nodes.
- 7. Only 10% of **Hotel** records satisfy the condition "price > 500".
- 8. Only 20% of Hotel records satisfy the condition "rating > 4".

What is the best evaluation plan for the query? What is its cost?

9. Only 1% of **Hotel** records satisfy both the conditions "price > 500" and "rating > 4".