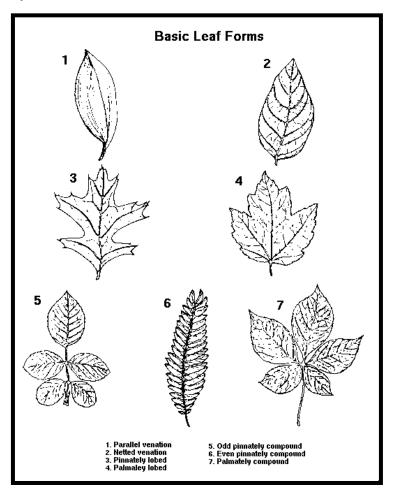
# Part 12: Flora and Fauna of the National Mall and Memorial Parks

General. Visitors from all over the world associate the National Mall and Memorial Parks as home of the National Mall and the National Park sites within its boundary which includes the Jefferson Memorial, the Lincoln Memorial, the Vietnam Veterans Memorial, the Korean War Veterans Memorial, the World War II Memorial, and of course, the Washington Monument. They often understand that these places are important cultural and historic sites, but visitors frequently overlook the natural ecosystem that resides within our park.

Nature is an intricate, defining or enhancing feature at many of these sites. National Mall and Memorial Parks is a dynamic park where the natural resources of the Potomac River harmonize with the manmade landscapes of our Nation's capital.

Common Plants in National Mall and Memorial Parks. There are many different varieties of trees and shrubs that appear throughout the park. However, there are one or two dozen species that are the most common.

The following is a list of the most common trees you will find in the park and a few tips to help you identify them:



# The Maples – Acer:

Sugar Maple – Acer saccharum.
 The Sugar Maple leaf is dark green and is shaped just like the one on the Canadian Flag. There are several in Constitution Gardens.



• Red Maple – Acer rubrum. The Red Maple Leaf is dark green with a reddish petiole (the stem of the Leaf) and right red seed casings in the spring. The bark is gray and smooth. Most of the Maples around the VVM walkways and the Vietnam Women's Memorial are Red Maples.



## The Oaks – Quercus:

• Willow Oak – Quercus phellos. The leaves of the Willow Oak are very narrow, willow like, with no lobes and very dark green. There is a large ring of them between the VVM kiosk and the Vietnam Women's Memorial.



White Oak – Quercus alba. A
 White Oaks leaves are long with 5-9 smooth lobes. The bark is pale gray.
 There are many White Oaks in Ash Woods near the DC WWI Memorial.





• Sawtooth Oak – Quercus acutissima. The leaf edges of the Sawtooth Oak are heavily serrated like a saw. The leaves are smooth, dark glossy green above; paler below. Bark is dark gray and very rough. There are Sawtooth Oaks in Constitution Gardens and one behind Survey Lodge.



## **Sweetgum – Liquidambar:**

Sweetgum – Liquidambar styraciflua. Its leaves look like that of the maple, its bark is dark. It is easy to identify in the summer by its gumballs. Many in Constitution Gardens.



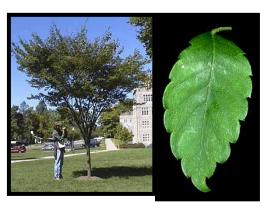
## The Elms – Ulmus:

• American Elm- Ulmus americana. Most of the Elms in the Park are American Elms. These are typified by there large lopsided medium green leaves and their open vase like shape. There are many along Constitution Avenue and Henry Bacon Drive.





• **Dutch Elm** – *Ulmus hollandica*. Resembles the American Elm in leaf shape and size but is darker green. The overall shape is more compact, less open than the American Elm. These trees line the Lincoln Reflecting Pool. **Japanese Zelkova** – **Zelkova serrata** (**Family Ulmaceae**). The leaves are deeply serrated. The statues at Korea are marching out of a grove of Zelkovas. The north entrance to FDR Memorial is filled with these trees.



Hackberry – Celtis occidentalis (Family Ulmaceae). Its shape and foliage resemble an Elm but the bark as well as the leaves tend to have galls or wart like bumps. The bark is a light gray and the leaves are light green. There are several behind the KWVM.





## The Beeches – Fagus:

 American Beech – Fagus grandifolia. The leaves of the American Beech are dark green and bark is whitish gray. There are many in Ash Woods and Constitution Gardens

#### **Plane Trees – Platanus:**

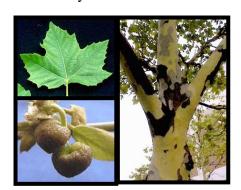
• American Sycamore – Platanus occidentalis. The American Sycamore is one of the biggest trees in the park. The leaves are usually as big as your hand, with 3-5 main veins and a rough serrated edge. The leaf tops are a medium green and the underside light green and fuzzy. The bark is very flaky showing many layers of color from brown to white. There are several between VVM and the Vietnam Women's Memorial.







• London Plane Tree – Platanus acerifolia. The leaves look more like a Maple. The fruit of the London Plane has two seed balls, the American only has one.



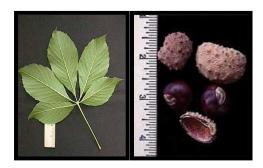
#### **Chestnuts – Aesculus:**

• Common Horse Chestnut – Aesculus Hippocastanum. In mid to late spring, the tree gets tall flower spikes or cones all over the tree. Its leaves are compound with 5-7 leaflets per leaf. Many located just west of Survey.



Horse Chestnut leaf and fruit

Ohio Buckeye – Aesculus glabra. This is smaller than its cousin the Horse Chestnut. The leaves of the Ohio Buckeye are smaller, with only 5 leaflets per leaf. Many located in Ash Woods.



Willows - Salix:

 Weeping Willow – Salix babyloniva. The leaves are long, slender and green. It is known for its weeping habits. There are several in Constitution gardens.

#### Magnolias - Magnolia:

• Southern Magnolia – Magnolia grandiflora. There are several in Ash Woods and around the Lincoln Memorial.





 Saucer Magnolia – Magnolia soulangeana. This tree has beautiful pink blossoms in the spring. Leaves are as long as your hand. There is a grove ate the KWVM.



• Star Magnolia – Magnolia Stellata.

Beautiful white star shaped blossoms in very early spring. A very small tree or shrub with gray bark. The leaves point to the sky. There are a few in Constitution Gardens.

## **Hollies – Ilex:**

American Holly – Ilex opaca.
 Green glossy leaves and pyramidal shapes mark this holly. It is also a prolific berry producer. There are many in Ash Woods.

#### **Pines – Pinus:**

• White Pine – Pinus strobus. Needles in bundles of five, usually bluishgreen in color. Bark is dark purplegray. Most of the Pines in the park are White Pines. There are many in Ash Woods.



## Yellowwood - Cladrastis

• American Yellowwood – Cladrastis kentukea. Yellowwood has a delicate branching form; the leaves are light green in summer and a subtle yellow in fall. Eight have been planted around the Vietnam Women's Memorial to honor the eight women that died in the war.



Common Wildlife in National Mall and Memorial Parks. Small mammals like squirrels and birds such as waterfowl are the predominant animals we see throughout our park. Here is a short list of some of the more common animals you might see:

Bats – Family Chiroptera. Bats are often seen around the Washington Monument. They come there regularly to feed on insects which are drawn by the Monument's lighting. Bats are found throughout the park. Bat species are thought to be living and or feeding in NMMP:

Little Brown Myotis – Myotis lucifugus



Eastern Pipistrelle –
 Pipistrellus subflavus



• Big Brown Bat – Eptesicus Fuscus



**Beaver** – Castor canadensis. Beaver frequent East Potomac Park and the Tidal Basin. They are quite fond of willows in the park. Newly planted willows have to have their trunks wrapped or fenced in wire mesh to protect them until they are several years old. Young cherry trees are also often eaten. In the spring of 1997, an entire grove of about 30-35 Burning Bush next to the inlet bridge were cut and hauled away by beavers in a matter of days. In the spring of 1999, half a dozen prized Japanese cherry trees fell prey to the beavers before they were trapped and located.



Cats – Family Felidae. There are often wild, lost, or abandoned cats in the park. There is plenty of food for them and as long as they are healthy and are not in danger or posing a danger they should be left alone. They control the rat population and are therefore mostly beneficial.



Whitetail Deer – Odocileus virginianus. The Virginia and Maryland countryside are full of Deer. Rock Creek Park, GWMP, and BWMP are overpopulated so it is common to see a deer who has been struck by traffic. There are normally no deer in NMMP but often there is a flood and deer may be washed down river into the park.



**Red Fox** – *Vulpes fulva*. Fox need about 1 ½ miles to roam. Fox can be found in east Potomac Park, and the Golf Course. Fox have also been seen in the area around the FDR Memorial.



**House Mouse** – *Mus musculus*. Mice are everywhere.



Moles – Family Talpidae, Eastern Mole - *Scalopus aquaticus*. Moles are found in East Potomac Park and the Golf Course.



**Opossum** – *Didelphis marsupialis*. Opossum (s) have been found around the USPP Horse Stables in Ash Woods, around the Lincoln Memorial, and at the FDR Memorial.



**Raccoon** – *Procyone lotor*. Raccoons have been seen around the Lincoln Memorial.



**Norway Rat** – *Rattus norvegicus*. Rats are everywhere.



Eastern Gray Squirrel – *Sciurus* carolinensis. Squirrels are everywhere.



**Red Eared Sliders** – *Trachemys scripta elegans*. Also known as basking turtles. They are in Bolivar Pond and near the Region office building.



**Snapping Turtles** – *Chelydra serpentina*. Snapping turtles have been seen along the Potomac River and in the Tidal Basin. One was removed from the Rainbow Pool in 1996 (WWII Memorial).



Wildlife Management Goals. National Mall and Memorial Parks has two goals for wildlife management in the park:

- 1. To respect the natural life cycles of all wildlife in the park.
- 2. To protect the wildlife from human interference and hazards created by humans.

**Regulations.** To ensure the safety of wildlife in our national parks, the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 36, Sec. 2.2 (Wildlife Protection) prohibits:

the feeding, touching, teasing, frightening or intentional disturbing of wildlife nesting, breeding or other activities

# **Amphibians Common To The National Mall and Memorial Parks Area**

## Common Name

# **Latin Name**

frog, bull RANA CATESBEIANA frog, chorus, upland PSEUDACRIS TRISERIATA

frog, cricket, northern ACRIS CREPITANS

frog, green RANA CLAMITANS MELANOTA

frog, leopard, southern RANA UTRICULARIA frog, peeper, spring PSEUDACRIS CRUCIFER

frog, pickerel RANA PALUSTRIS
frog, tree, gray, eastern HYLA CHRYSOCELIS
frog, wood RANA SYLVATICA

salamander, dusky, northern
salamander, four-toed
salamander, marbled

DESMOGNATHUS FUSCUS
HEMIDACTYLIUM SCUTATUM
AMBYSTOMA OPACUM

salamander, newt, red-spotted NOTOPHTHALMUS VIRIDESCENS

salamander, red, northern PSEUDOTRITON RUBER salamander, redback PLETHODON CINEREUS salamander, spotted AMBYSTOMA MACLATUM

salamander, two-lined, northern EURYCEA BISLINEATA BISLINEATA

toad, American BUFO AMERICANUS

toad, fowler's BUFO WOODHOUSII FOWLERI

#### **Mammals Of National Mall and Memorial Parks Area**

Common Name Latin Name

bat, big brownEPTESICUS FUSCUSbat, redLASSIURUS BOREALISbeaverCASTOR CANADENSISchipmunk, easternTAMIAS STRIATUS

cottontail, eastern SYLVILAGUS FLORIDANUS deer, white-tailed ODOCOILEUS VIRGINIANUS fox, grey UROCYON CINEREOARGENTEUS

fox, red VULPES VULPES
mink MUSTELA VISON
mole, eastern SCALOPUS AQATICUS
mouse, white-footed PEROMYSCUS LEUCOPUS
Muskrat ONDATRA ZIBETHICA

Opossum DIADELPHIS MARSUPIALIS

otter, river LUTRA CANADENSIS LATAXINA

Raccoon PROCYON LOTOR

squirrel, gray, eastern SCIURUS CAROLINENSIS woodchuck MARMOTA MONAX

# Birds of the National Mall and Memorial Parks Area

#### **Common Name**

Bittern, American Egret, Snowy
Bittern, Least Falcon, Peregrine
Blackbird, Red-Winged Finch, House
Blackbird, Rusty Flicker, Northern

Blackbird, Rusty

Bluebird, Eastern

Bobolink

Flicker, Northern

Flycatcher, Acadian

Flycatcher, Great Crested

Bunting, Indigo Flycatcher, Least Cardinal, Northern Flycatcher, Willow

Catbird, Gray Flycatcher, Yellow-Bellied

Chat, Yellow-Breasted
Chickadee, Carolina
Coot, American
Gallinule, Common
Gnatcatcher, Blue-Gray
Goldfinch, American

Cormorant, Double-Crested Goose, Canada
Cowbird, Brown-Headed Goose, Snow
Creeper, Brown Grackle, Common
Crow, American Grebe, Eared
Crow, Fish Grebe, Horned
Cuckoo, Yellow-Billed Grebe, Pied-Billed

Cuckoo, Yellow-Billed Grebe, Pied-Billed Dove, Mourning Grebe, Red-Necked Dove, Rock Grosbeak, Blue

Dowitcher, Long-Billed Grosbeak, Rose-Breasted
Dowitcher, Short-Billed Gull, Black-Backed, Greater

Duck, Black

Duck, Bufflehead

Duck, Canvasback

Duck, Gadwall

Duck, Goldeneye, Common

Gull, Laughing

Gull, Ring-Billed

Harrier, Northern

Hawk, Cooper's

Duck, Mallard Hawk, Red-Shouldered Duck, Oldsquaw Hawk, Red-Tailed Duck, Peking, Hybrid Hawk, Sharp-Shinned

Duck, Pintail, Northern Heron, Black-Crowned Night

Duck, Ring-NeckedHeron, Great BlueDuck, RuddyHeron, GreenDuck, Shoveler, NorthernHeron, Little Blue

Duck, Teal, Blue-Winged Heron, Yellow-Crowned Night Duck, Teal, Green-Winged Hummingbird, Ruby-Throated

Duck, Wigeon, American Ibis, Glossy Duck, Wood Jay, Blue

Dunlin Junco, Dark-Eyed Eagle, Bald, American Kestrel, American

Egret, Cattle Killdeer

Egret, Great Kingbird, Eastern

Kingfisher, Belted

Kinglet, Golden-Crowned

Kinglet, Ruby-Crowned

Loon, Common Loon, Red-Throated Martin, Purple

Meadowlark, Eastern

Merganser, Common Merganser, Hooded Merganser, Red-Breasted

Merlin

Mockingbird, Northern Nighthawk, Common Nuthatch, Red-Breasted Nuthatch, White-Breasted

Oriole, Northern Oriole, Orchard

Osprey Owl, Barred Owl, Great Horned Phalarope, Northern Phoebe, Eastern Pipit, Water

Plover, Semipalmated Quail, Bobwhite, Common

Rail, Sora Rail, Virginia Robin, American

Sanderling

Sandpiper, Least

Sandpiper, Pectoral Sandpiper, Semipalmated Sandpiper, Solitary Sandpiper, Spotted Sandpiper, Stilt

Sapsucker, Yellow-Bellied

Snipe, Common

Sparrow, American Tree Sparrow, Chipping

Sparrow, Field Sparrow, Fox

Sparrow, Grasshopper

Sparrow, House

Sparrow, Savannah

Sparrow, Song Sparrow, Swamp Sparrow, Vesper

Sparrow, White-Throated

Starling, European Stilt, Black-Necked Swallow, Bank Swallow, Barn

Swallow, Rough-Winged

Swallow, Tree Swan, Tundra Swift, Chimney Tanager, Scarlet Tern, Caspian Tern, Forster's Tern, Least Thrasher, Brown Thrush, Hermit

Thrush, Swainson's
Thrush, Veery
Thrush, Wood
Titmouse, Tufted
Towhee, Rufous-Sided
Vireo, Red-Eyed

Vireo, Solitary Vireo, Warbling Vireo, White-Eyed Vireo, Yellow-Throated

Vulture, Black Vulture, Turkey

Warbler, Bay-Breasted

Warbler, Black-Throated Blue

Warbler, Blackburnian Warbler, Blackpoll Warbler, Cape May Warbler, Chestnut-Sided Warbler, Magnolia Warbler, Nashville Warbler, Ovenbird Warbler, Palm

Warbler, Parula, Northern Warbler, Prothonotary Warbler, Redstart, American

Warbler, Yellow

Warbler, Yellow-Rumped

Warbler, Yellowthroat, Common

Waterthrush, Louisiana Waterthrush, Northern

Waxwing, Cedar Woodcock, American Woodpecker, Downy Woodpecker, Hairy Woodpecker, Pileated Woodpecker, Red-Bellied Wren, Carolina Wren, House Wren, Marsh Wren, Winter Yellowlegs, Greater Yellowlegs, Lesser