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安装Nginx

以Ubuntu为例

• 安装

```
sudo apt install nginx
```

• 查看nginx版本

```
nginx-v
```

出现版本号表示成功

```
jianyun@CDWP1jianyun:/var/www$ nginx -v
nginx version: nginx/1.18.0 (Ubuntu)
```

• 自定义配置文件

Nginx默认配置文件在/etc/nginx/nginx.conf文件中,可已将自定义的配置文件放入/etc/nginx/conf.d/目录下

使用vim编辑自定义servers.conf配置文件

```
sudo vim /etc/nginx/conf.d/servers.conf
```

```
// 写入以下内容
server {
    listen 80;
    server_name localhost;

    location / {
       root /mnt/d/linux/test // 此处填入项目存放的位置
       index index.html;
       autoindex on;
    }
}
```

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• 检查配置文件是否正确

```
sudo nginx -t
```

以下表示成功

```
jianyun@CDWP1jianyun:/var/www$ sudo nginx -t
nginx: the configuration file /etc/nginx/nginx.conf syntax is ok
nginx: configuration file /etc/nginx/nginx.conf test is successful
```

• 启动nginx

```
sudo systemctl start nginx
```

启动成功后通过浏览器访问IP地址出现:

Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to <u>nginx.org</u>. Commercial support is available at <u>nginx.com</u>.

Thank you for using nginx.

- 常用nginx命令
 - 启动Nginx: sudo systemctl start nginx
 - 重启Nginx: sudo systemctl restart nginx
 - 查看Nginx服务状态: sudo systemctl status nginx

项目配置

将项目文件放入/mnt/d/linux/test(配置文件中填写的路径)

将index.html文件放入/mnt/d/linux/test路径中

以下是index.html文件内容:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
```

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关闭默认占用的80端口

```
sudo vim /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/default
```

```
# Default server configuration
# server {

listen 80 default_server;

listen [::]:80 default_server;

# SSL configuration

# # listen 443 ssl default_server;

# listen [::]:443 ssl default_server;

# # # # listen [::]:443 ssl default_server;
```

重启nginx服务

sudo systemctl restart nginx

访问IP地址出现

nginx测试页面