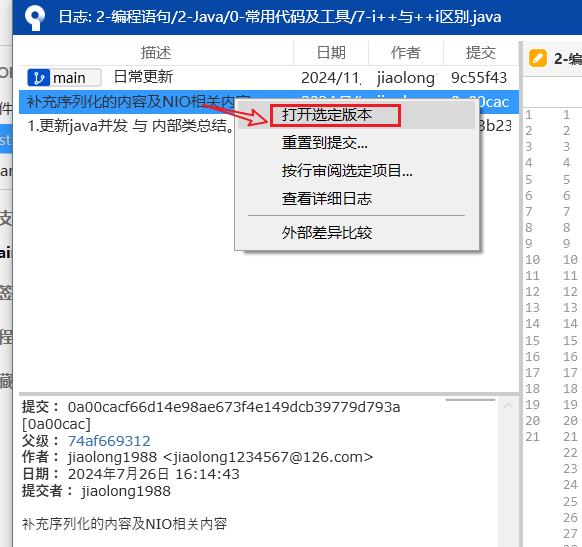
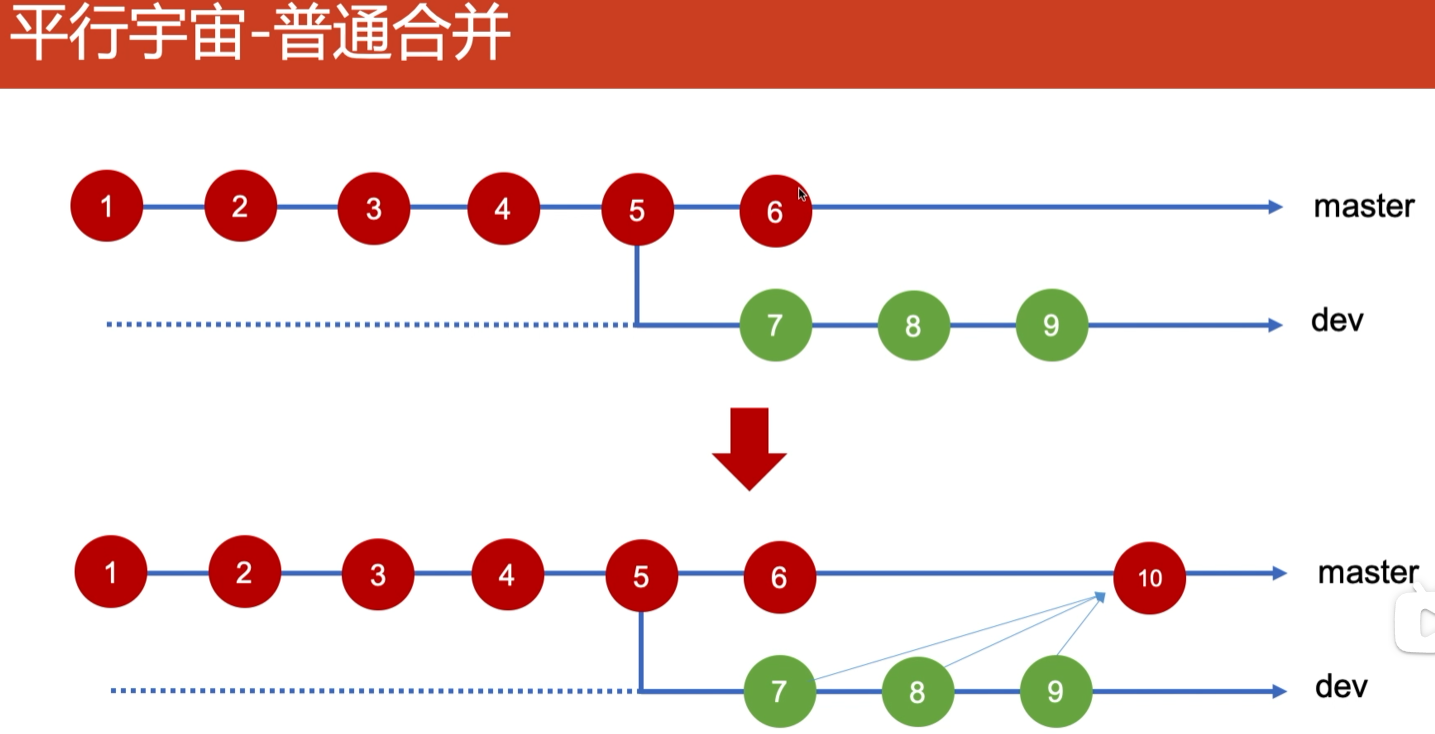
# 文件历史查询

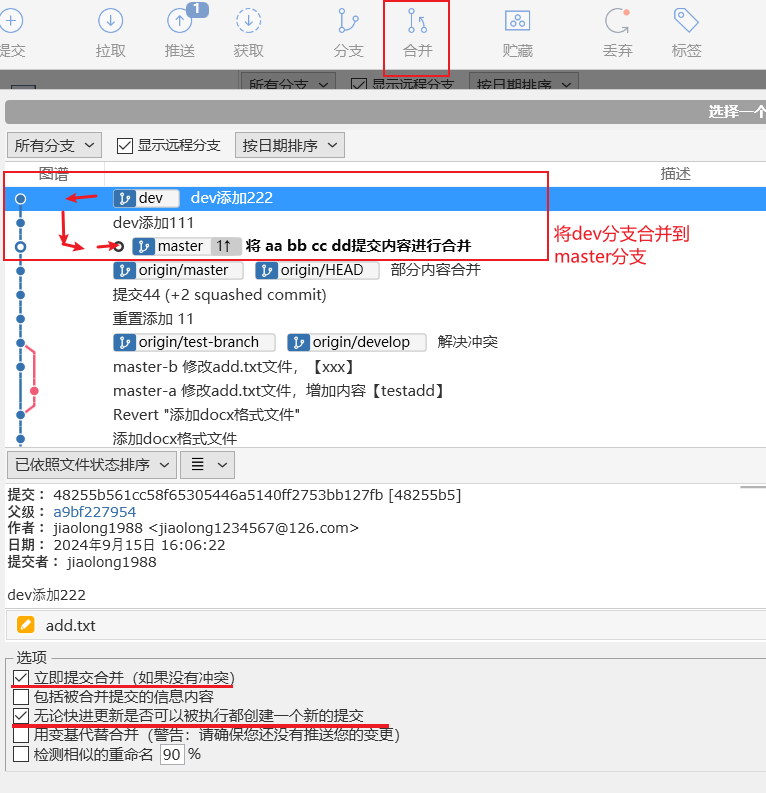




# 合并分支

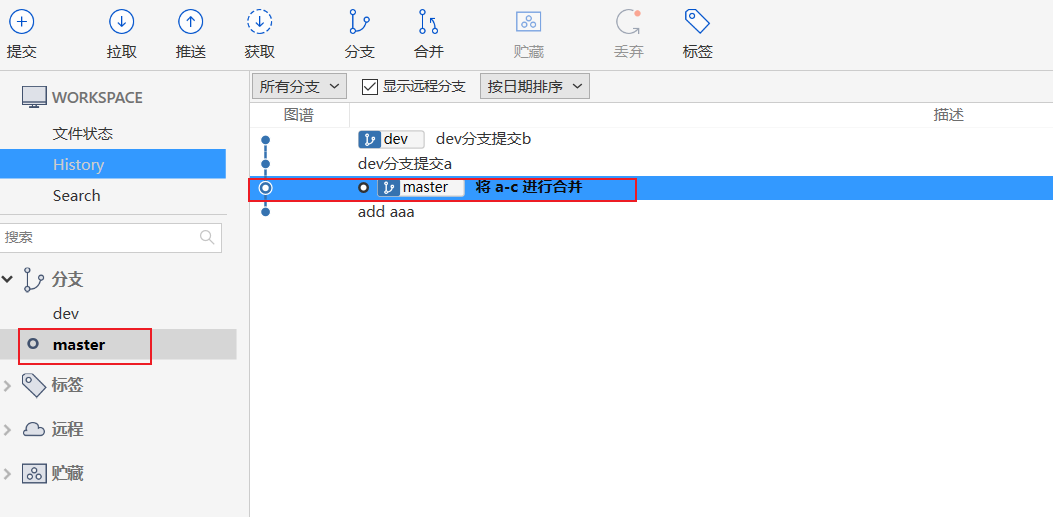
## 普通合并



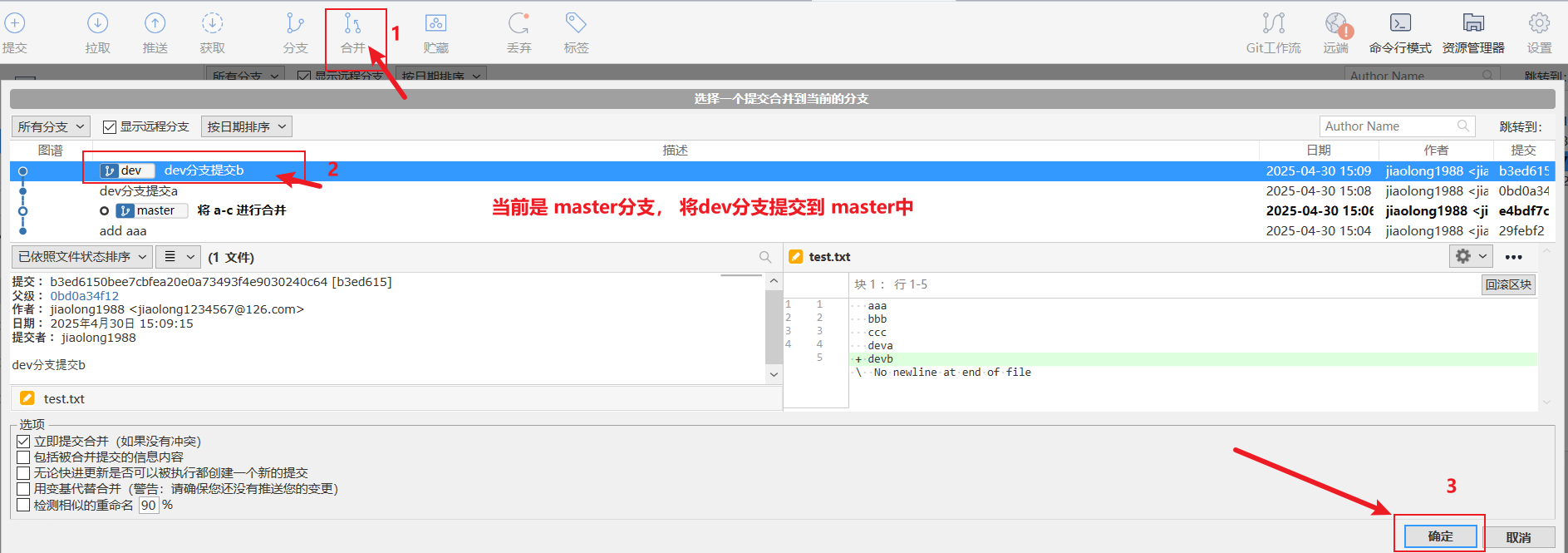


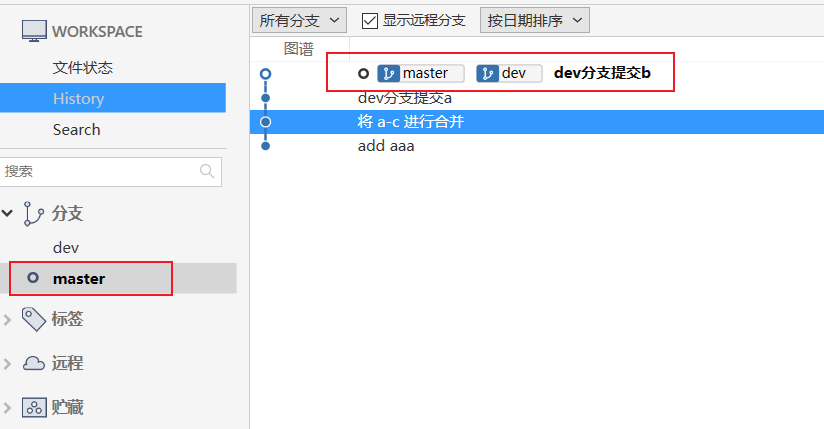
**当前分支为master分支**

### 案例：

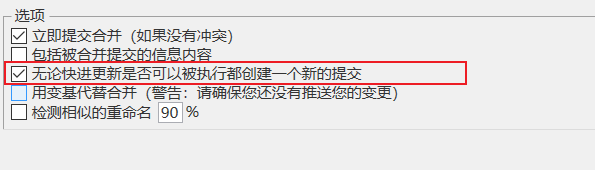


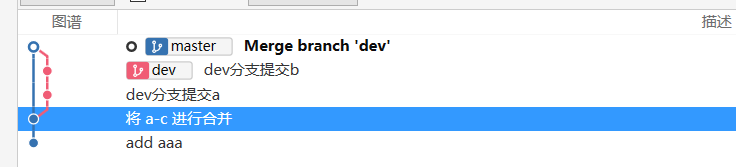
#### 1-不创建型的提交





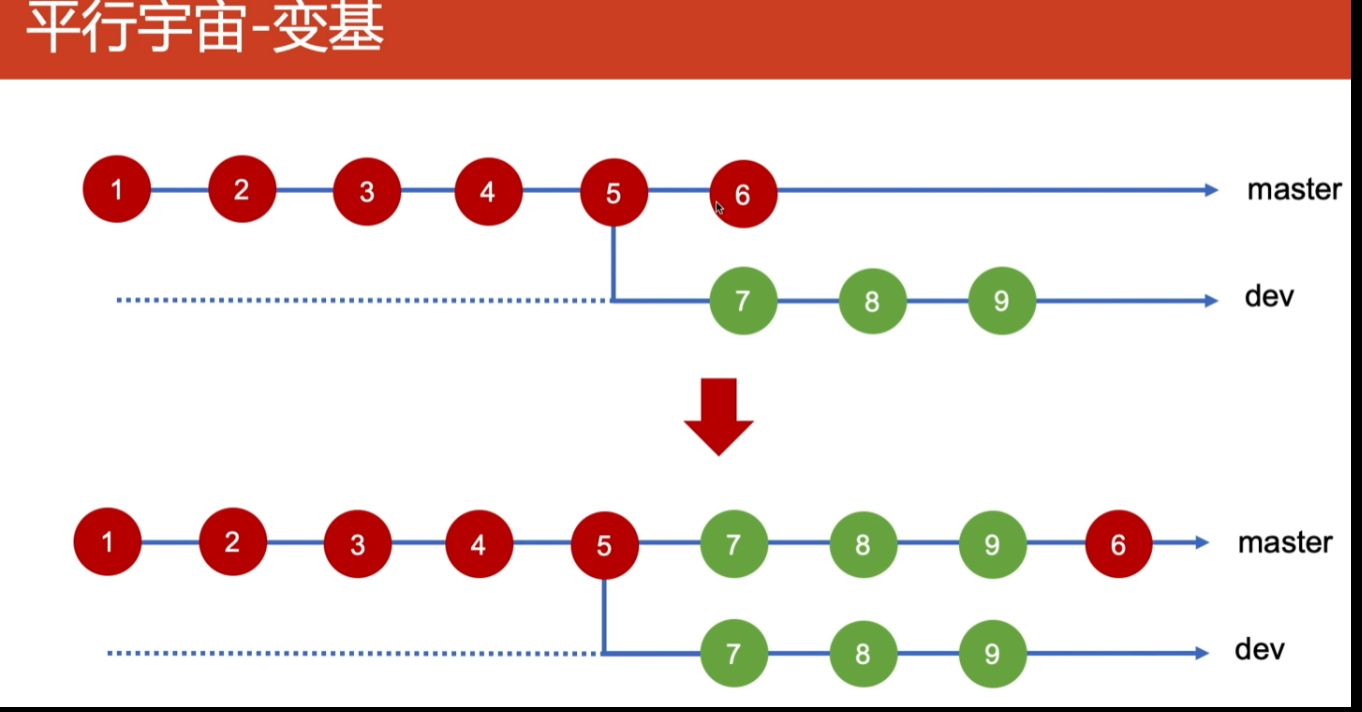
#### 2-创建一个新的提交



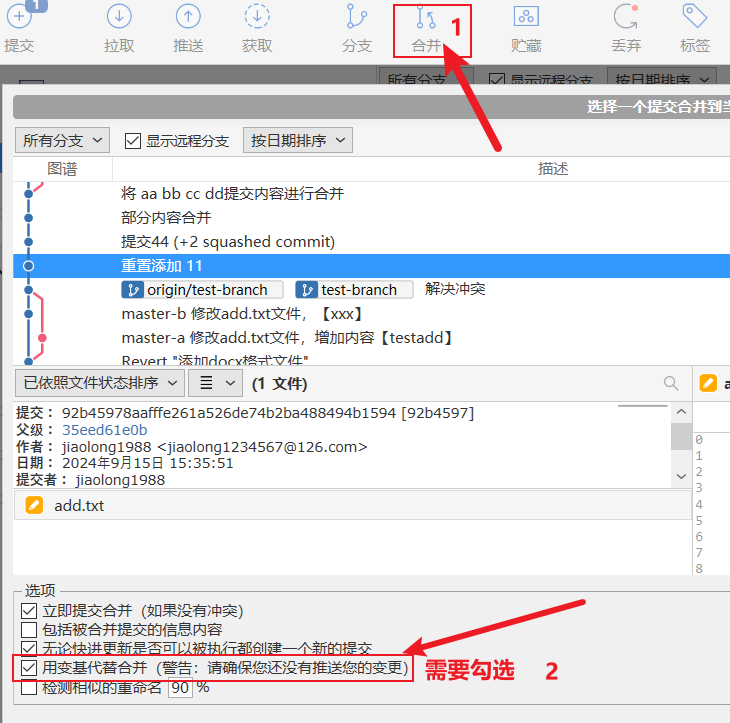


## 变基合并-方式1

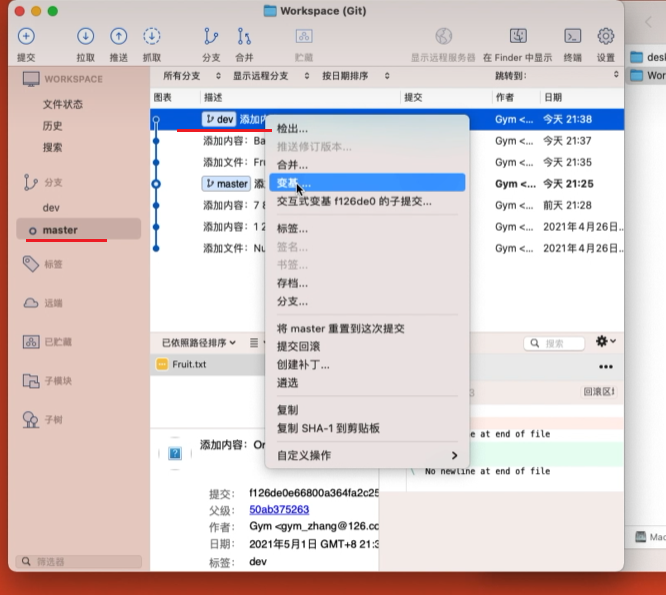
变基就是改变基准，例如将dev分支合并到master.变基就是master要使用dev的基准。

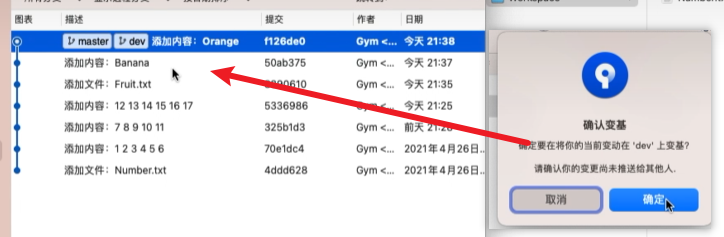


与“普通合并”操作方法相同，需要选择“用变基代替合并”。



## 变基合并-方式2

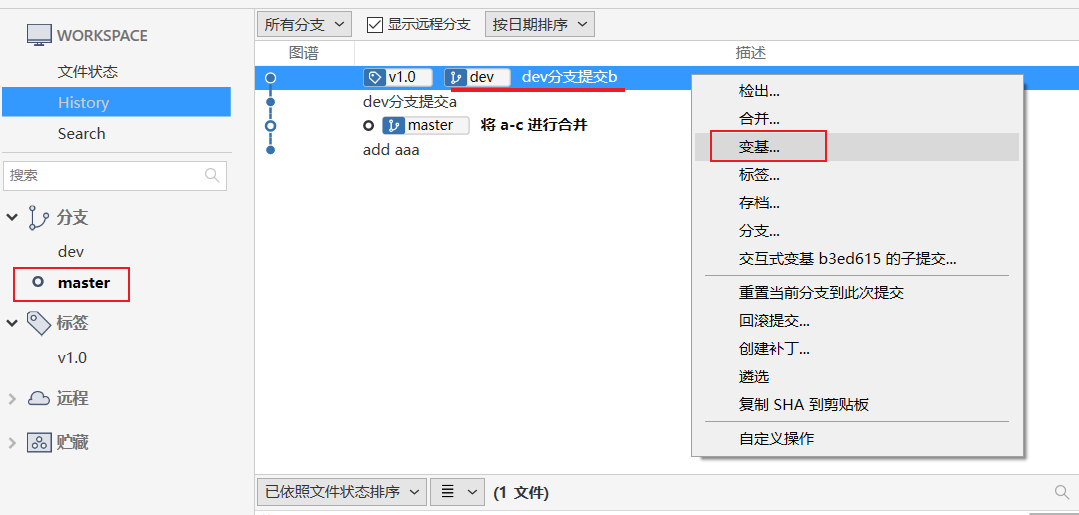
、

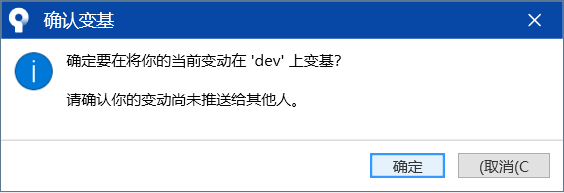


案例：

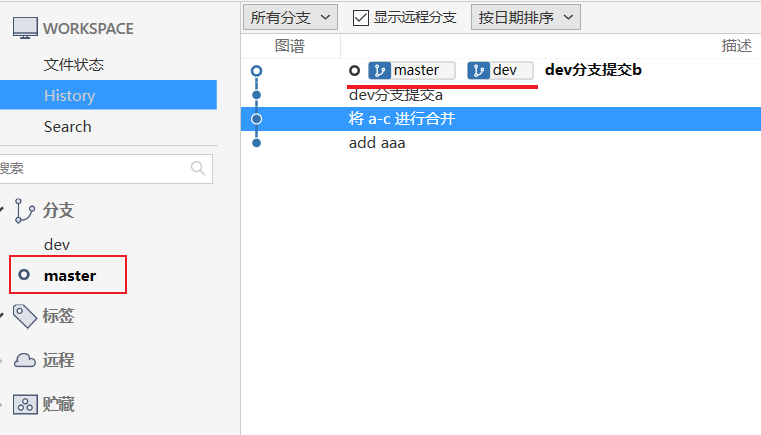
前提条件：当前必须是master分支.

选中dev分支选择“变基”后，将dev分支合并到master分支中.

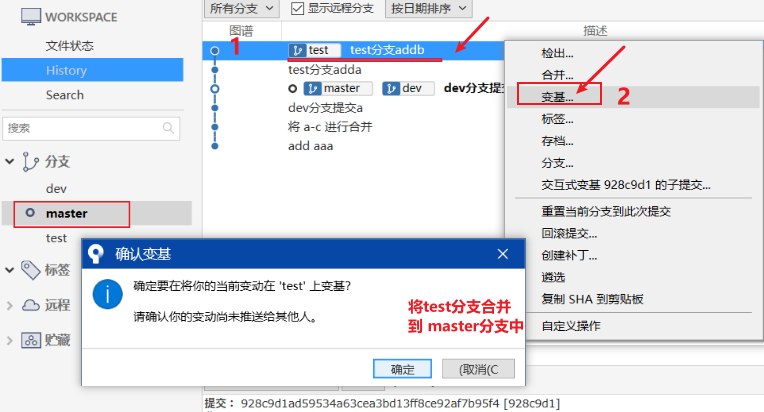


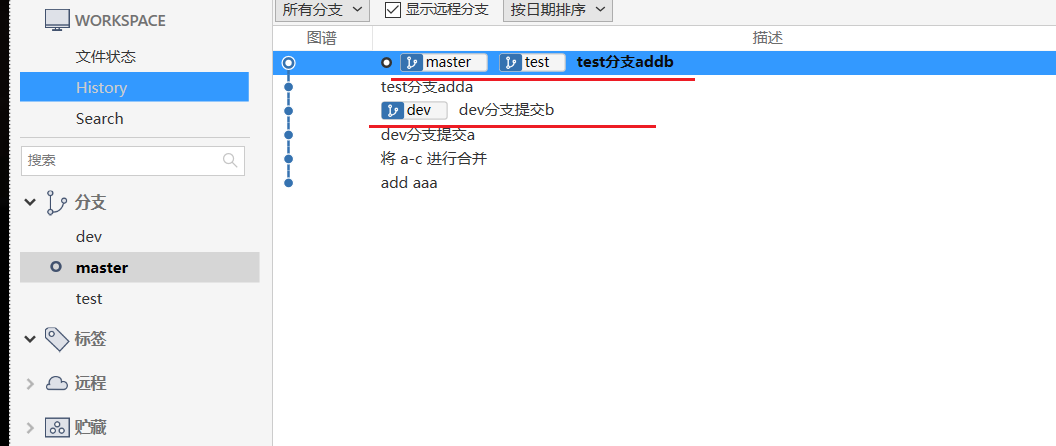


结果

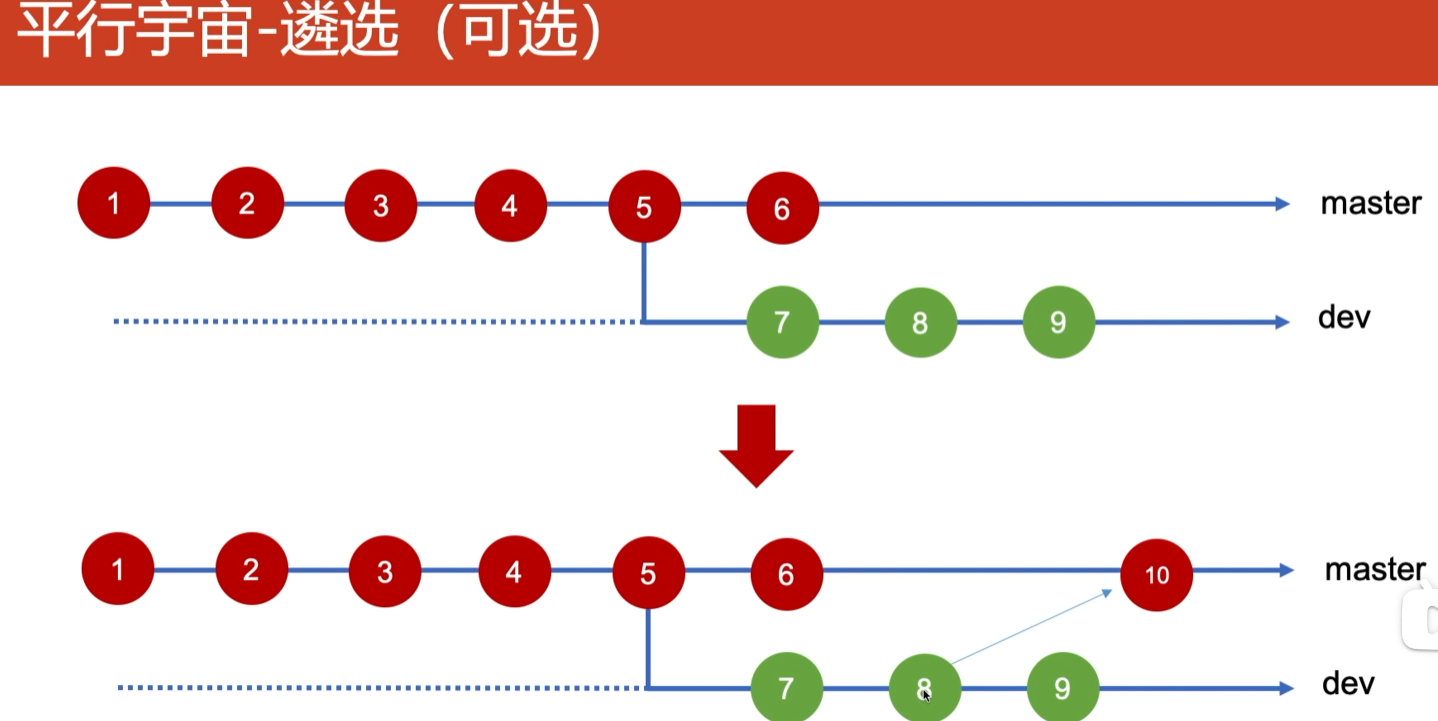


案例二、

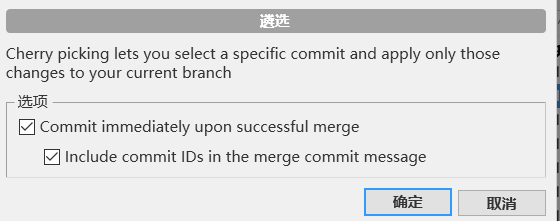
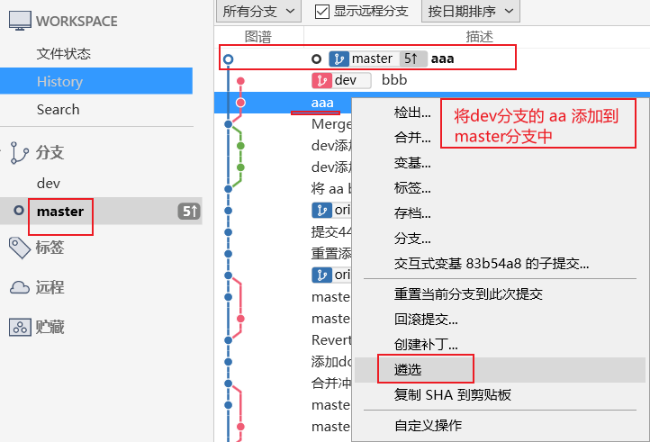




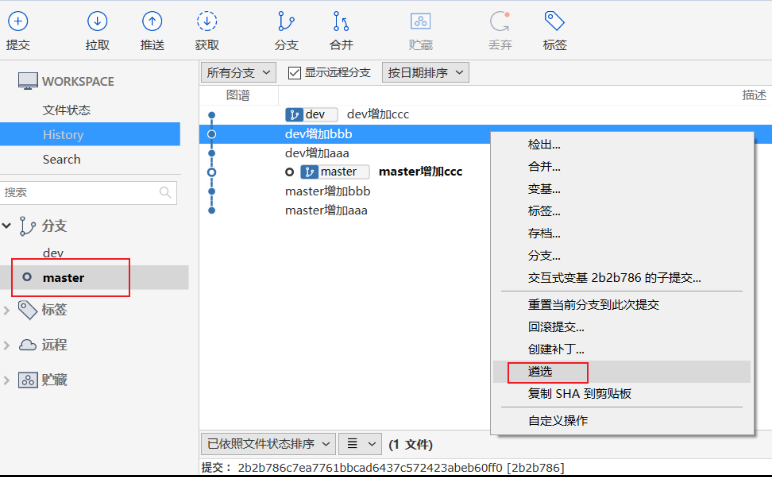
## 遴选

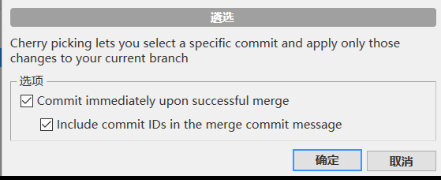


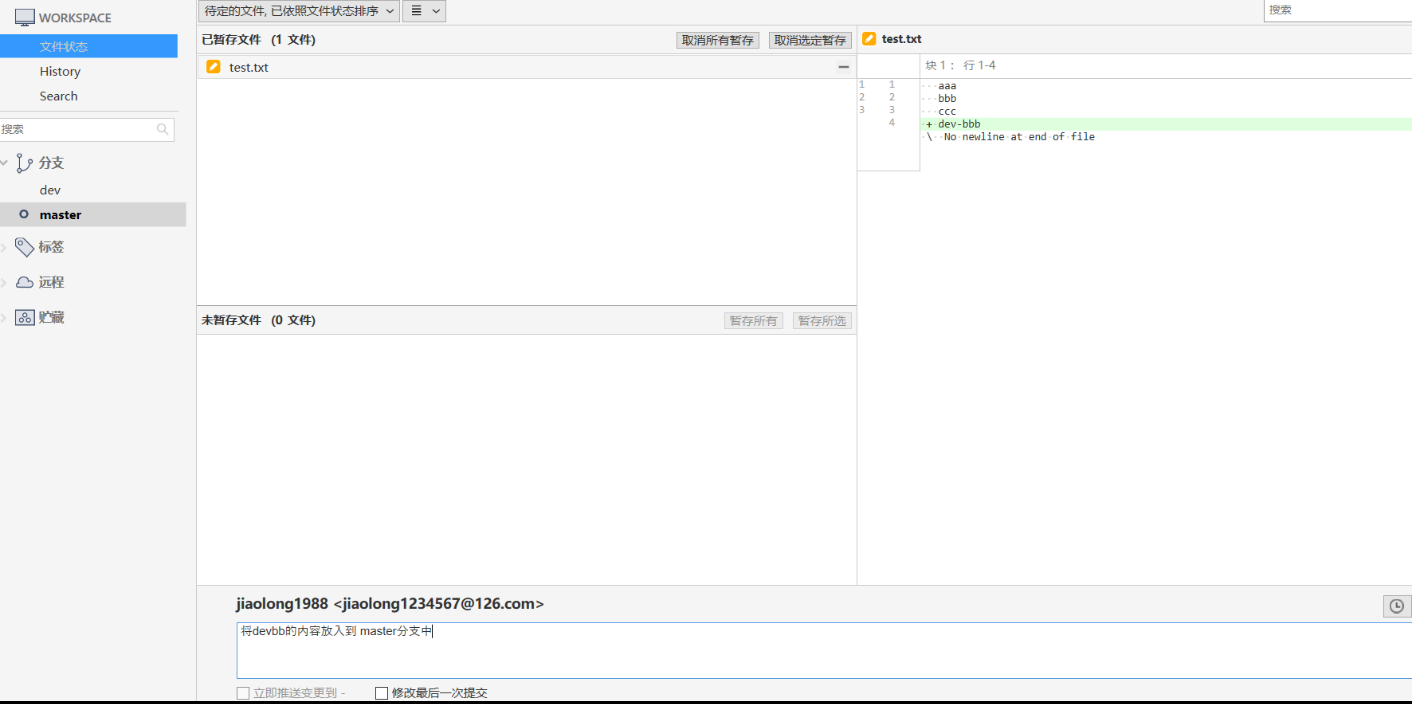
将dev分支中的部分内容增加到master中



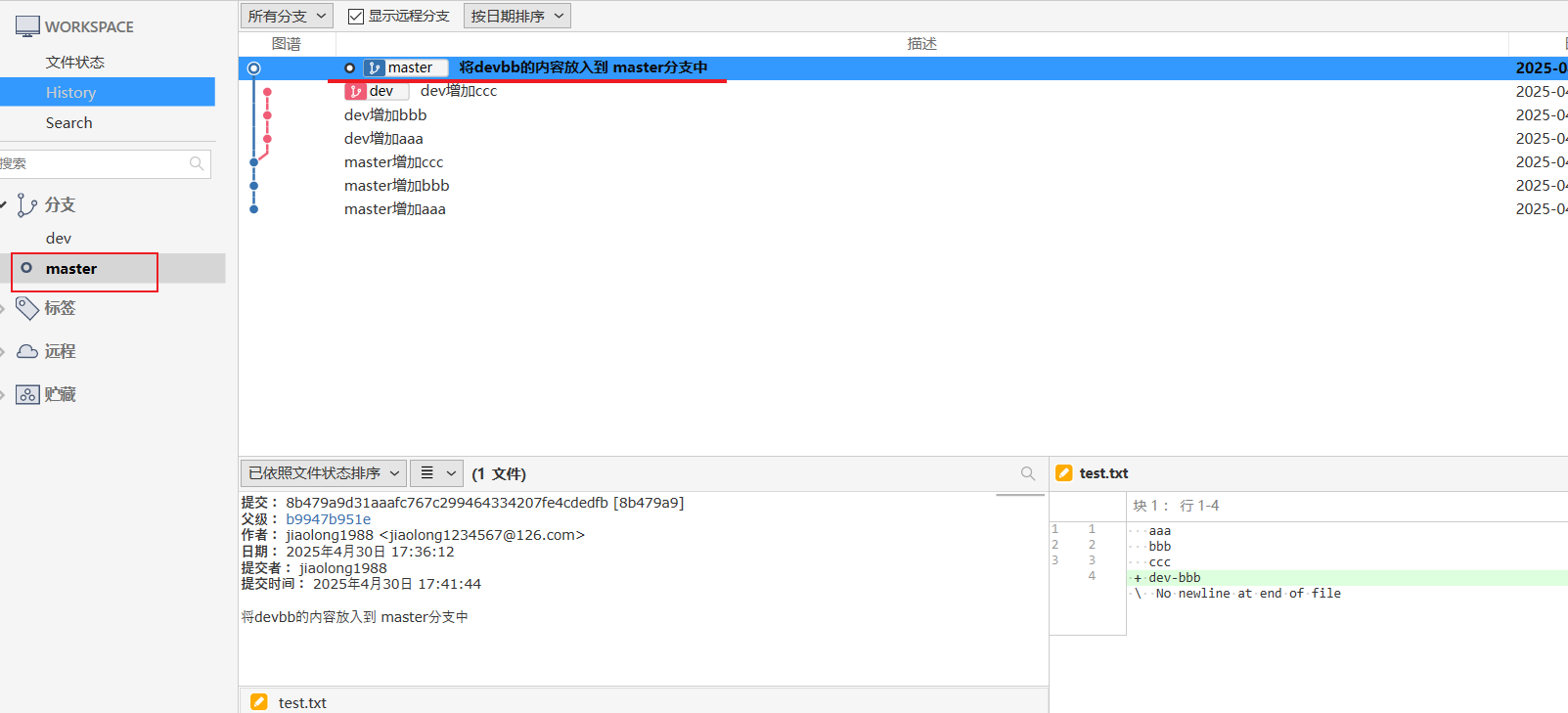
案例：







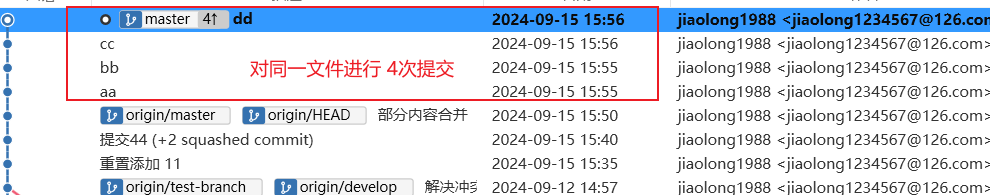
查看结果

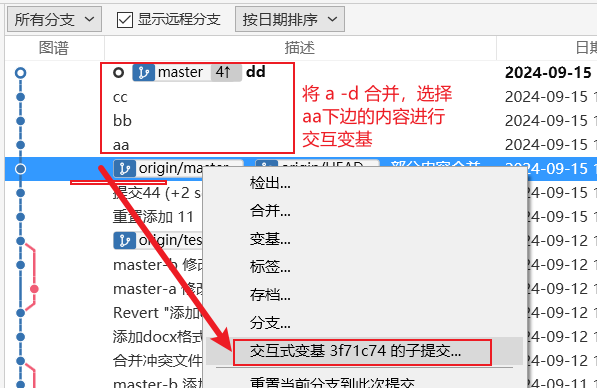
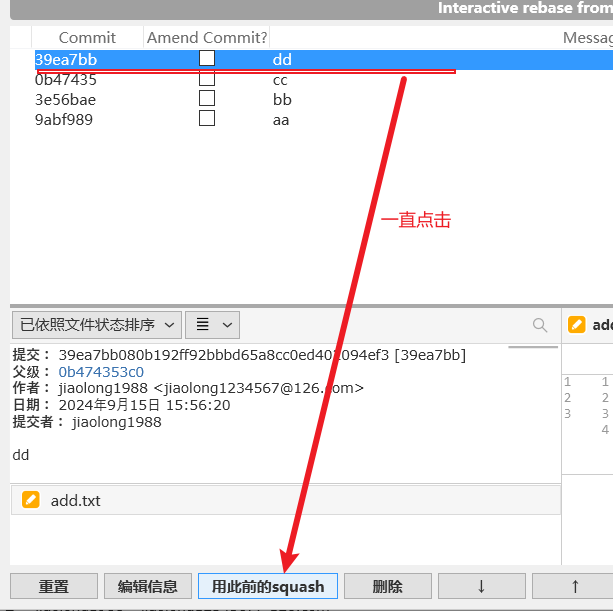


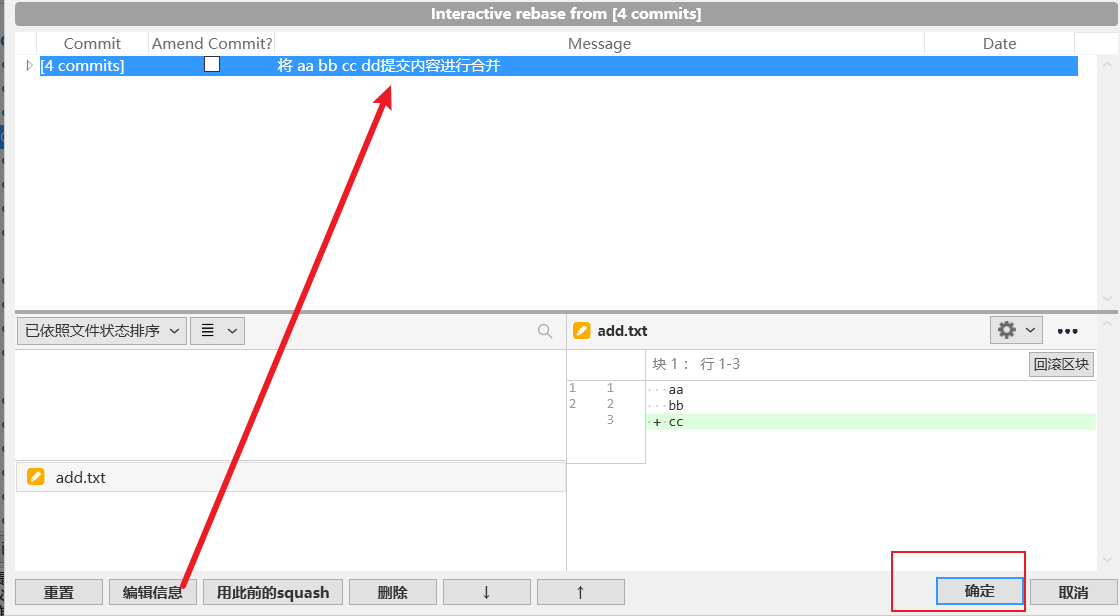
# 基本技巧

## 交互式变基-合并提交

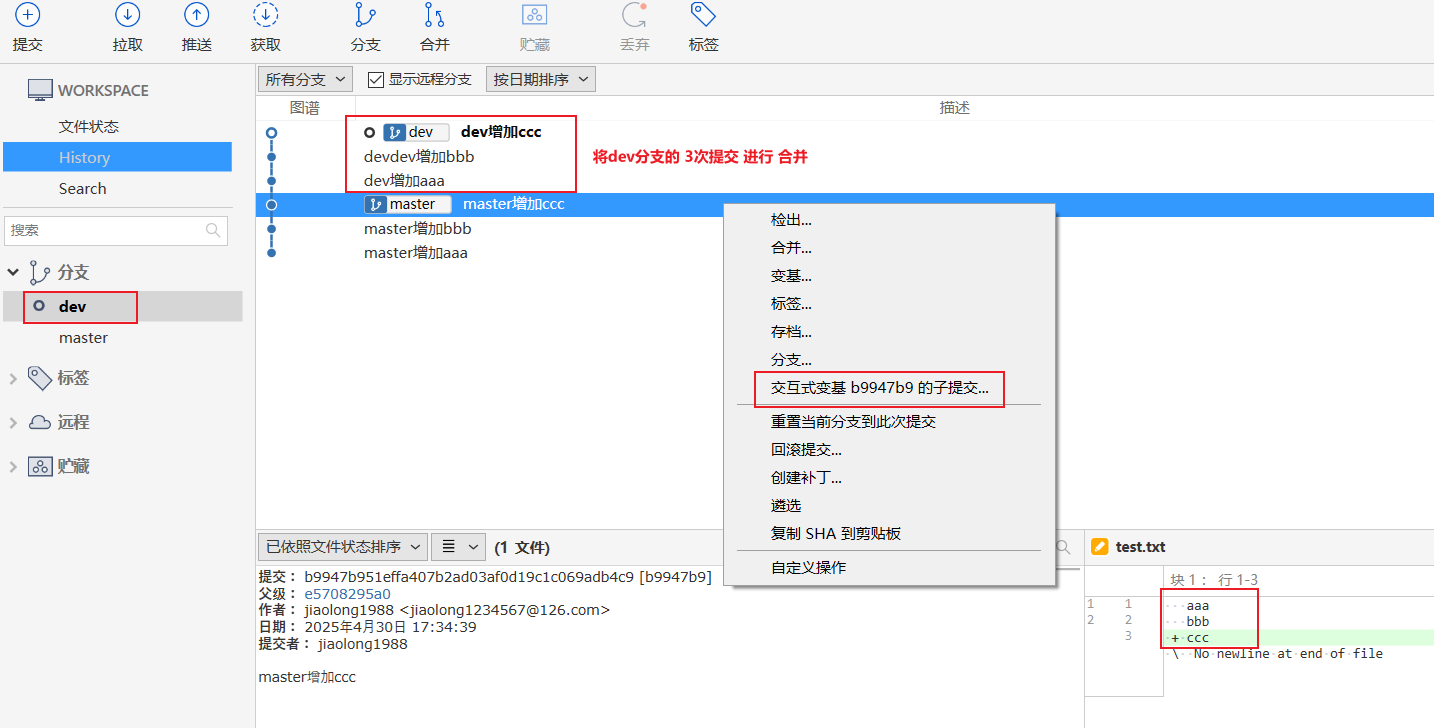
合并提交内容

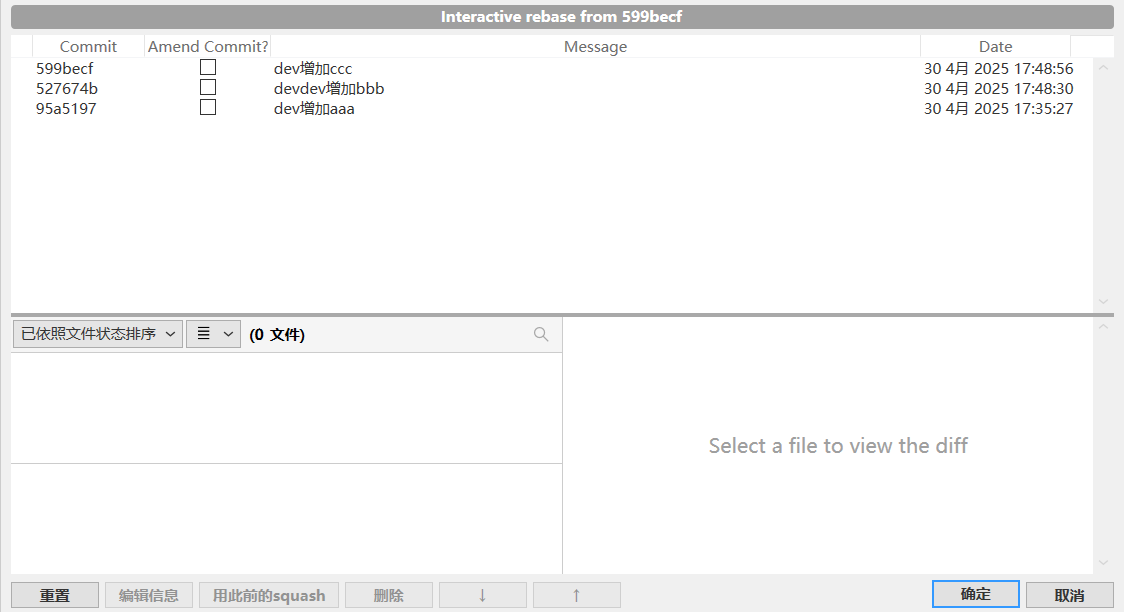


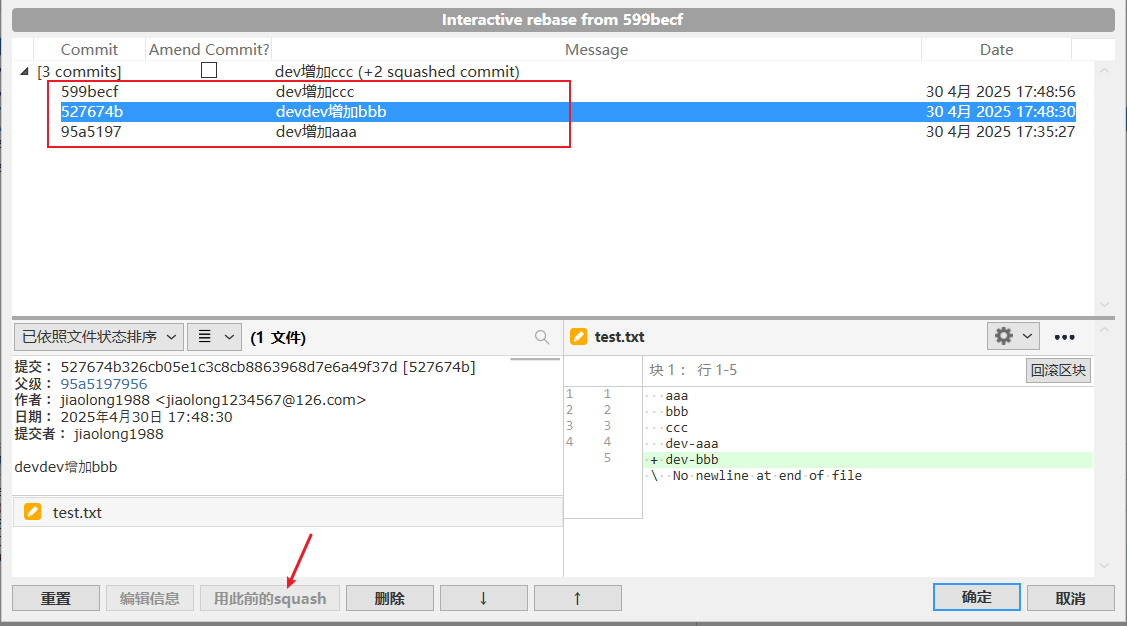
 

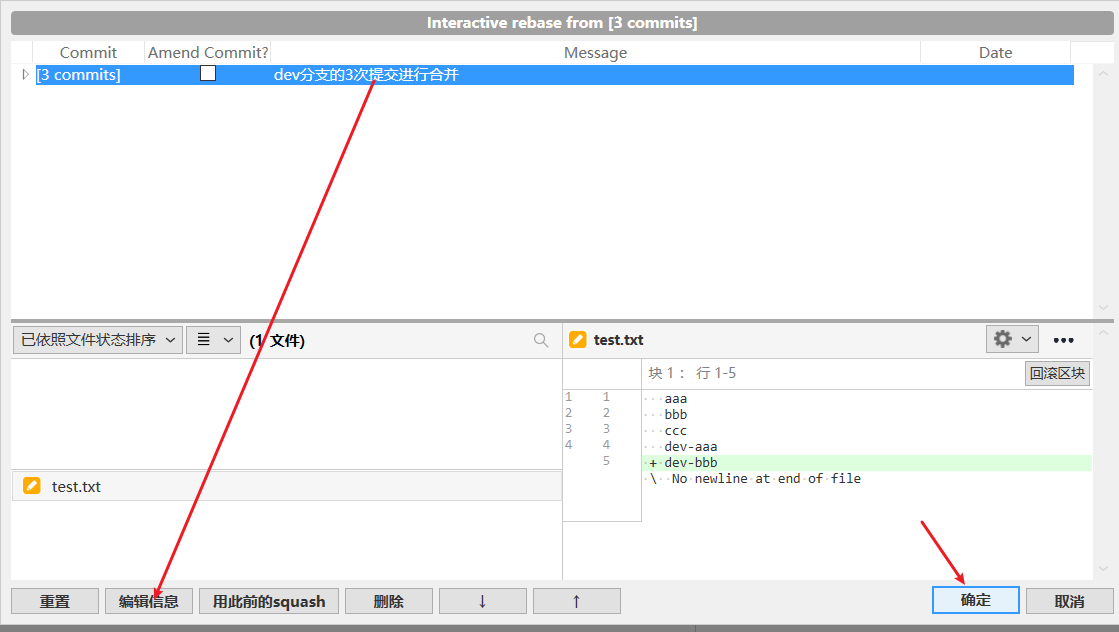


案例：

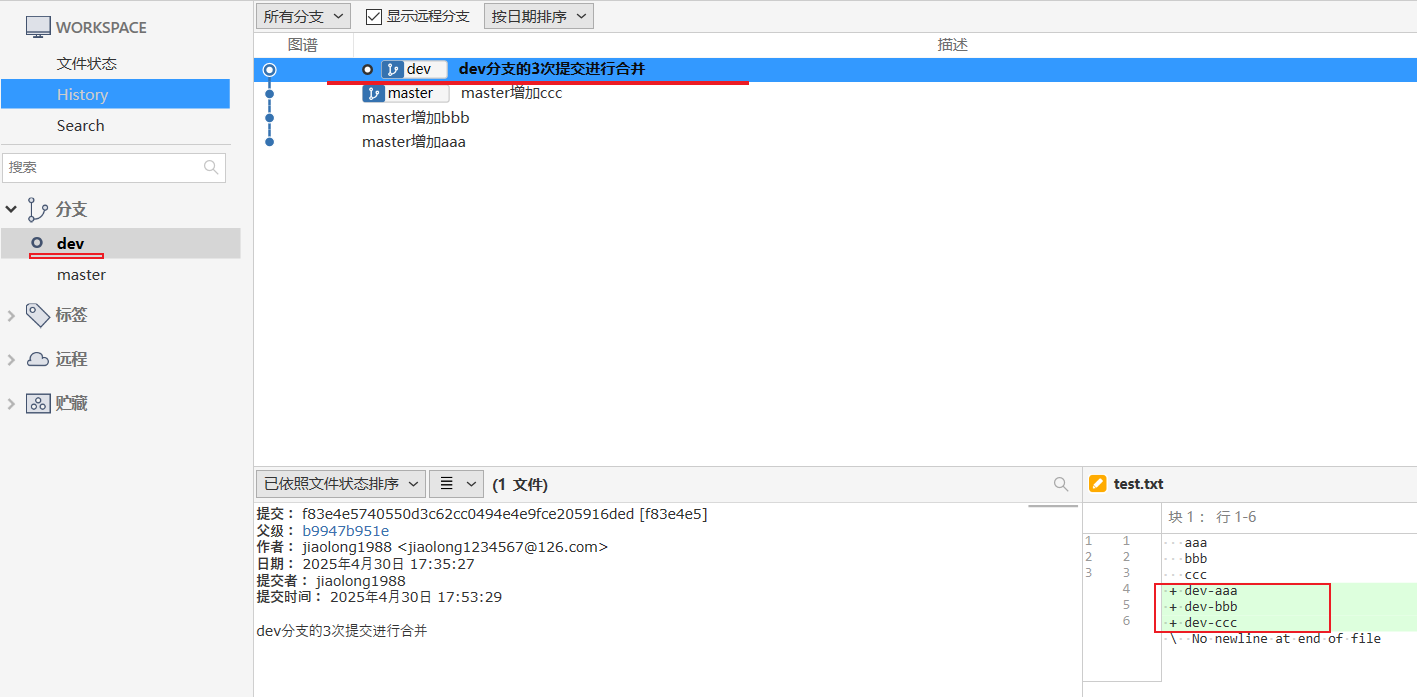








查看结果



## 中英文对照

