
Formatting Submissions for a USENIX Conference: An (Incomplete) Example

X_YLa_TE_X

| | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Ruohong Jiao | Second Name | Third Name |
| <i>First Institution</i> | <i>Second Institution</i> | <i>Third Institution</i> |
| Fourth Name | Fifth Name | |
| <i>Fourth Institution</i> | <i>Fifth Institution</i> | |

Your abstract text goes here. Just a few facts. Whet our appetites. Not more than 200 words, if possible, and preferably closer to 150.

1 引言

Some of the **greatest** 排版引擎 discoveries in science 排版引擎 were made by **accident** 排版引擎.

X_YTeX 是一种使用 Unicode 的 T_EX 排版引擎, 并支持一些现代字体技术, 例如 OpenType、Graphite 和 Apple Advanced Typography (AAT), 可以直接利用其高级特性, 例如额外的字形, 花体, 合字, 可变的文本粗细等等。

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetur id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

2 关于数学部分

数学、中英文皆可以混排。You can intersperse math, Chinese and English (Latin script) without adding extra environments.

3 Footnotes, Verbatim, and Citations

Footnotes should be places after punctuation characters, without any spaces between said characters and footnotes, like so.¹ And some embedded literal code may look as follows.

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    return 0;
}
```

Now we're going to cite somebody. Watch for the cite tag. Here it comes. Arpachi-Dusseau and Arpachi-Dusseau co-authored an excellent OS book, which is also really funny [1], and Waldspurger got into the SIGOPS hall-of-fame due to his seminal paper about resource management in the ESX hypervisor [2].

The tilde character (~) in the tex source means a non-breaking space. This way, your reference will always be attached to the word that preceded it, instead of going to the next line.

And the 'cite' package sorts your citations by their numerical order of the corresponding references at the end of the paper, ridding you from the need to notice that, e.g, "Waldspurger" appears after "Arpachi-Dusseau" when sorting references alphabetically [1, 2].

It'd be nice and thoughtful of you to include a suitable link in each and every bibtex entry that you use in your submission, to allow reviewers (and other readers) to easily get to the cited work, as is done in all entries found in the References section of this document.

Now we're going take a look at Section 4, but not before observing that refs to sections and citations and such are colored and clickable in the PDF because of the packages we've included.

¹Remember that USENIX format stopped using endnotes and is now using regular footnotes.

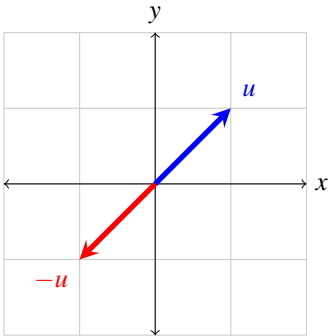


图 1: Text size inside figure should be as big as caption’s text. Text size inside figure should be as big as caption’s text. Text size inside figure should be as big as caption’s text. Text size inside figure should be as big as caption’s text.

4 Floating Figures and Lists



图 2: GMM

Here’s a typical reference to a floating figure: Figure 1. Floats should usually be placed where latex wants then. Figure1 is centered, and has a caption that instructs you to make sure that the size of the text within the figures that you use is as big as (or bigger than) the size of the text in the caption of the figures. Please do. Really.

In our case, we’ve explicitly drawn the figure inlined in latex, to allow this tex file to cleanly compile. But usually, your figures will reside in some file.pdf, and you’d include them in your document with, say, \includegraphics.

Lists are sometimes quite handy. If you want to itemize things, feel free:

fread a function that reads from a stream into the array ptr at most nobj objects of size size, returning

returns the number of objects read.

Fred a person's name, e.g., there once was a dude named Fred who separated `usenix.sty` from this file to allow for easy inclusion.

The noindent at the start of this paragraph in its tex version makes it clear that it's a continuation of the preceding paragraph, as opposed to a new paragraph in its own right.

4.1 LaTeX-ing Your TeX File

People often use `pdflatex` these days for creating pdf-s from tex files via the shell. And `bibtex`, of course. Works for us.

Acknowledgments

The USENIX latex style is old and very tired, which is why there's no `\acks` command for you to use when acknowledging. Sorry.

Availability

USENIX program committees give extra points to submissions that are backed by artifacts that are publicly available. If you made your code or data available, it's worth mentioning this fact in a dedicated section.

参考文献

- [1] Remzi H. Arpaci-Dusseau and Arpaci-Dusseau Andrea C. *Operating Systems: Three Easy Pieces*. Arpaci-Dusseau Books, LLC, 1.00 edition, 2015. <http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~remzi/OSTEP/>.
- [2] Carl A. Waldspurger. Memory resource management in VMware ESX server. In *USENIX Symposium on Operating System Design and Implementation (OSDI)*, pages 181–194, 2002. <https://www.usenix.org/legacy/event/osdi02/tech/waldspurger/waldspurger.pdf>.

附录 A Some Codes

some text

附录 B Codes

```

1  ###
2  import numpy as np
3  import scipy.stats as st
4
5  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
6  import seaborn as sns
7
8  sns.set_palette("Paired")
9
10
11  ###
12  def poisson(lam=5, T=60, f_size=[20, 10]):
13      t = [0]
14      trans = lambda x, y, z: x - (1 / y) * np.log(z)
15      while t[-1] <= T:
```

```
16         u = np.random.uniform()
17         t.append(trans(t[-1], lam, u))
18
19     dist = "./assets/poisson.png"
20
21     plt.figure(figsize=(f_size[0], f_size[1]))
22     plt.title("Poisson: lambda = " + str(lam) + ", T = " + str(T))
23     plt.xlabel("Time")
24     plt.ylabel("N(t)")
25
26     plt.plot(t)
27     plt.savefig(dist)
28
29     plt.show()
30
31
32     #%%
33     if __name__ == "__main__":
34         poisson(lam=0.5, T=60)
35
36     #%%
```