LeetCode NoteBook

Ruohong Jiao *NUAA*

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附录 A Problem List

A.1 Leetcode 1

Problem Description:

两数之和

给定一个整数数组 nums 和一个目标值 target,请你在该数组中找出和为目标值的那两个整数,并返回他们的数组下标。

你可以假设每种输入只会对应一个答案。但是,数组中同一个元素不能使用两遍。

Sample:

input:

```
1 给定 nums = [2, 7, 11, 15], target = 9
```

otput:

```
1 因为 nums[0] + nums[1] = 2 + 7 = 9
2 所以返回 [0, 1]
```

Solution (Codes at B.1):

没有说明输入数字一定是正整数,不能先排序后提取小于 target 的数进行求解。

懒一点, n^2 循环。勤快一点用红黑树、堆进行存储然后查询 nlogn。

A.2 Leetcode 2

Problem Description:

两数相加

给出两个非空的链表用来表示两个非负的整数。其中,它们各自的位数是按照逆序的方式存储的,并且它们的每个节点只能存储一位数字。

如果,我们将这两个数相加起来,则会返回一个新的链表来表示它们的和。

您可以假设除了数字0之外,这两个数都不会以0开头。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: (2 -> 4 -> 3) + (5 -> 6 -> 4)
```

otput:

```
1 输出: 7 -> 0 -> 8
2 原因: 342 + 465 = 807
```

Solution (Codes at B.2):

大数加法,注意指针/引用转换。

A.3 Leetcode 3

Problem Description:

无重复字符的最长子串

给定一个字符串,请你找出其中不含有重复字符的最长子串的长度。

Sample:

input:

otput:

```
1 输出: 3
2 解释: 因为无重复字符的最长子串是 "abc", 所以其长度为 3。
3 输出: 1
5 解释: 因为无重复字符的最长子串是 "b", 所以其长度为 1。
6 输出: 3
8 解释: 因为无重复字符的最长子串是 "wke", 所以其长度为 3。
    请注意, 你的答案必须是 子串 的长度, "pwke" 是一个子序列, 不是子串。
```

Solution (Codes at B.3):

标记1和 r, 遍历一遍, 更新答案。时间方面, 能用数组不用 STL。

A.4 Leetcode 6

Problem Description:

Z字形变换

将一个给定字符串根据给定的行数,以从上往下、从左到右进行Z字形排列。

比如输入字符串为"LEETCODEISHIRING" 行数为 3 时,排列如下:

```
1 L C I R
2 E T O E S I I G
3 E D H N
```

之后,你的输出需要从左往右逐行读取,产生出一个新的字符串,比如:"LCIRETOESIIGEDHN"。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: s = "LEETCODEISHIRING", numRows = 3
2
3 输入: s = "LEETCODEISHIRING", numRows = 4
```

otput:

Solution (Codes at B.4):

计算第一行字符 id, 前后搜查。

A.5 Leetcode 11

Problem Description:

盛最多水的容器

给你 \mathbf{n} 个非负整数 $a1,a2,\cdots,an$,每个数代表坐标中的一个点 (i,ai) 。在坐标内画 \mathbf{n} 条垂直线,垂直线 \mathbf{i} 的两个端点分别为 (i,ai) 和 (i,0) 。找出其中的两条线,使得它们与 \mathbf{x} 轴共同构成的容器可以容纳最多的水。

说明: 你不能倾斜容器, 且 n 的值至少为 2。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: [1,8,6,2,5,4,8,3,7]
```

otput:

```
1 输出: 49
```

Solution (Codes at B.5):

两边到中间遍历一遍, 贪心选择更高的边维持原状。

A.6 Leetcode 14

Problem Description:

最长公共前缀

编写一个函数来查找字符串数组中的最长公共前缀。

如果不存在公共前缀,返回空字符串""。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: strs = ["flower","flow","flight"]
2
3 输入: strs = ["dog","racecar","car"]
```

otput:

```
1 输出: "fl"
2
3 输出: ""
4 解释: 输入不存在公共前缀。
```

Solution (Codes at B.6):

第一种方法是快排之后对比首位字符串得出结果。

考虑字符串快排复杂度涉及字符串间的比较, java 代码运行速度较慢, 因此第二种方法不用排序, 直接以第一个字符串为基础, 在后续字符串中对比, 若不是前缀, 则长度减少, 直至匹配。

A.7 Leetcode 15

Problem Description:

三数之和

给你一个包含 n 个整数的数组 nums,判断 nums 中是否存在三个元素 a,b,c, 使得 a+b+c=0? 请你找 出所有满足条件且不重复的三元组。

注意: 答案中不可以包含重复的三元组。

Sample:

input:

```
1 给定数组 nums = [-1, 0, 1, 2, -1, -4],
```

otput:

```
1 满足要求的三元组集合为:
2 [
3 [-1, 0, 1],
4 [-1, -1, 2]
5 ]
```

Solution (Codes at B.7):

不要依赖 STL, 不是所有题目都需要离散化处理。对于一般的链表问题, 去重遍历就可以达到离散化的效果。 先排序, 指定一个数值的基础上再挑选符合条件的另外两个数值。贪心匹配两个数值的大小。

A.8 Leetcode 16

Problem Description:

最接近的三数之和

给定一个包括 n 个整数的数组 nums 和一个目标值 target。找出 nums 中的三个整数, 使得它们的和与 target 最接近。返回这三个数的和。假定每组输入只存在唯一答案。

提示:

$$3 <= nums.length <= 10^3$$

 $-10^3 <= nums[i] <= 10^3$
 $-10^4 <= target <= 10^4$

Sample:

input:

1 输入: nums = [-1,2,1,-4], target = 1

otput:

1 输出: 2

2 解释: 与 target 最接近的和是 2 (-1 + 2 + 1 = 2) 。

Solution (Codes at B.8):

不要依赖 STL, 不是所有题目都需要离散化处理。对于一般的链表问题, 去重遍历就可以达到离散化的效果。 先排序, 指定一个数值的基础上再挑选符合条件的另外两个数值。贪心匹配两个数值的大小。

A.9 Leetcode 19

Problem Description:

Problem Description:

删除链表的倒数第N个节点

给定一个链表, 删除链表的倒数第 n 个节点, 并且返回链表的头结点。

Sample:

input:

1 给定一个链表: 1->2->3->4->5, 和 n = 2.

otput:

1 当删除了倒数第二个节点后,链表变为 1->2->3->5.

Solution (Codes at B.9):

递归记录个数。

A.10 Leetcode 25

Problem Description:

Problem Description:

K个一组翻转链表

给你一个链表,每 k 个节点一组进行翻转,请你返回翻转后的链表。

k是一个正整数,它的值小于或等于链表的长度。

如果节点总数不是k的整数倍,那么请将最后剩余的节点保持原有顺序。

说明:

你的算法只能使用常数的额外空间。

你不能只是单纯的改变节点内部的值,而是需要实际进行节点交换。

Sample:

input:

1 给你这个链表: 1->2->3->4->5

otput:

```
1 当 k = 2 时,应当返回: 2->1->4->3->5
2
3 当 k = 3 时,应当返回: 3->2->1->4->5
```

Solution (Codes at B.10):

标记子链表首尾, 化简为链表反转问题, 递归解决。

A.11 Leetcode 26

Problem Description:

删除排序数组中的重复项

给定一个排序数组, 你需要在原地删除重复出现的元素, 使得每个元素只出现一次, 返回移除后数组的新长度。

不要使用额外的数组空间,你必须在原地修改输入数组并在使用 O(1) 额外空间的条件下完成。说明:

为什么返回数值是整数,但输出的答案是数组呢?

请注意,输入数组是以引用方式传递的,这意味着在函数里修改输入数组对于调用者是可见的。 你可以想象内部操作如下:

```
1 输入: nums = [-1,2,1,-4], target = 1
2
3 // nums 是以"引用"方式传递的。也就是说,不对实参做任何拷贝
4 int len = removeDuplicates(nums);
5
6 // 在函数里修改输入数组对于调用者是可见的。
7 // 根据你的函数返回的长度,它会打印出数组中该长度范围内的所有元素。
8 for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
9     print(nums[i]);
10 }</pre>
```

Sample:

input:

```
1 给定数组 nums = [1,1,2],
2
3 给定 nums = [0,0,1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4],
```

otput:

```
1 函数应该返回新的长度 2, 并且原数组 nums 的前两个元素被修改为 1, 2。
2 你不需要考虑数组中超出新长度后面的元素。
3 函数应该返回新的长度 5, 并且原数组 nums 的前五个元素被修改为 0, 1, 2, 3, 4。
5 你不需要考虑数组中超出新长度后面的元素。
```

Solution (Codes at B.11):

原始数组已经排过序了。注意当数据量大的时候,判断条件越少越好。

A.12 Leetcode 42

Problem Description:

接雨水

给定 n 个非负整数表示每个宽度为 1 的柱子的高度图,计算按此排列的柱子,下雨之后能接多少雨水。 上面是由数组 [0,1,0,2,1,0,1,3,2,1,2,1] 表示的高度图,在这种情况下,可以接 6 个单位的雨水(蓝色部分表示雨水)。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: [0,1,0,2,1,0,1,3,2,1,2,1]
```

otput:

```
1 输出:6
```

Solution (Codes at B.12):

左右打表记录最大值, 查询之后得出结果。

老问题, 注意当数据量大的时候, 判断条件越少越好。以及, 多用 C++11 的新初始化特性可以减少时间开销。

A.13 Leetcode 56

Problem Description:

合并区间

给出一个区间的集合, 请合并所有重叠的区间。。

Sample:

input:

otput:

```
1 输出: [[1,6],[8,10],[15,18]]
2 解释: 区间 [1,3] 和 [2,6] 重叠,将它们合并为 [1,6].
3 4 输出: [[1,5]]
5 解释: 区间 [1,4] 和 [4,5] 可被视为重叠区间。
```

Solution (Codes at B.13):

自定义排序之后合并。需要注意对是 C++ 快排默认比较顺序是挨个从小到大,如果可以使用原始比较函数就不要自己重新写,还是用初始的更快。

注意 java 的自定义比较函数。

A.14 Leetcode 61

Problem Description:

旋转链表

给定一个链表,旋转链表,将链表每个节点向右移动k个位置,其中k是非负数。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: 1->2->3->4->5->NULL, k = 2
2
3 输入: 0->1->2->NULL, k = 4
```

otput:

```
1 输出: 4->5->1->2->3->NULL
2 解释:
3 向右旋转 1 步: 5->1->2->3->A->NULL
4 向右旋转 2 步: 4->5->1->2->3->NULL
5
6 输出: 2->0->1->NULL
7 解释:
8 向右旋转 1 步: 2->0->1->NULL
9 向右旋转 2 步: 1->2->0->NULL
10 向右旋转 3 步: 0->1->2->NULL
11 向右旋转 4 步: 2->0->1->NULL
```

Solution (Codes at B.14):

对 k 取模得到 mk, 之后更改倒数第 mk 个 node 开始第子链表顺序到首位。

A.15 Leetcode 121

Problem Description:

买卖股票的最佳时机

给定一个数组,它的第i个元素是一支给定股票第i天的价格。

如果你最多只允许完成一笔交易(即买入和卖出一支股票一次),设计一个算法来计算你所能获取的最大利润。

注意: 你不能在买入股票前卖出股票。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: [7,1,5,3,6,4]
2
3 输入: [7,6,4,3,1]
```

otput:

```
1 输出: 5
2 解释: 在第 2 天(股票价格 = 1)的时候买入,在第 5 天(股票价格 = 6)的时候卖出,最大利润 = 6-1 = 5。
3 注意利润不能是 7-1 = 6,因为卖出价格需要大于买入价格;同时,你不能在买入前卖出股票。
4
5 输出: 0
6 解释: 在这种情况下,没有交易完成,所以最大利润为 0。
```

Solution (Codes at B.15):

从后向前打表记录最大值,查询之后得出结果。

A.16 Leetcode 138

Problem Description:

复制带随机指针的链表

给定一个链表,每个节点包含一个额外增加的随机指针,该指针可以指向链表中的任何节点或空节点。 要求返回这个链表的深拷贝。

我们用一个由n个节点组成的链表来表示输入/输出中的链表。每个节点用一个 [val, $random_index$] 表示: val: 一个表示 Node.val 的整数。

random_index: 随机指针指向的节点索引(范围从 0 到 n-1);如果不指向任何节点,则为 null。

```
-10000 \le Node.val \le 10000
```

Node.random 为空(null)或指向链表中的节点。

节点数目不超过1000。

Sample:

input:

otput:

```
1 输出: [[7,null],[13,0],[11,4],[10,2],[1,0]]
2 输出: [[1,1],[2,1]]
3 输出: [[3,null],[3,0],[3,null]]
4 输出: []
5 解释: 给定的链表为空(空指针),因此返回 null。
```

Solution (Codes at B.16):

map 存储节点 pair。

A.17 Leetcode 141

Problem Description:

环形链表

给定一个链表, 判断链表中是否有环。

为了表示给定链表中的环, 我们使用整数 pos 来表示链表尾连接到链表中的位置(索引从 0 开始)。如果 pos 是-1,则在该链表中没有环。

进阶:

你能用 O(1) (即,常量) 内存解决此问题吗?

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: head = [3,2,0,-4], pos = 1
2
3 输入: head = [1,2], pos = 0
4
5 输入: head = [1], pos = -1
```

otput:

```
1 输出: true
2 解释: 链表中有一个环,其尾部连接到第二个节点。
3
4 输出: true
5 解释: 链表中有一个环,其尾部连接到第一个节点。
6
7 输出: false
8 解释: 链表中没有环。
```

Solution (Codes at B.17):

快慢指针循环跑圈相遇查重。

A.18 Leetcode 202

Problem Description:

快乐数

编写一个算法来判断一个数 n 是不是快乐数。

快乐数定义为:对于一个正整数,每一次将该数替换为它每个位置上的数字的平方和,然后重复这个过程直到这个数变为1,也可能是无限循环但始终变不到1。如果可以变为1,那么这个数就是快乐数。

如果 n 是快乐数就返回 True; 不是, 则返回 False。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: 19
```

otput:

```
1 输出: true

2 解释:

3 12 + 92 = 82

4 82 + 22 = 68

5 62 + 82 = 100

6 12 + 02 + 02 = 1
```

Solution (Codes at B.18):

快慢指针循环跑圈相遇查重。

A.19 Leetcode 206

Problem Description:

反转链表

反转一个单链表。

Sample:

input:

1 输入: 1->2->3->4->5->NULL

otput:

1 输出: 5->4->3->2->1->NULL

Solution (Codes at B.19):

递归或先找到首尾节点之后 while 循环更新 next。

A.20 Leetcode 209

Problem Description:

长度最小的子数组

给定一个含有 n 个正整数的数组和一个正整数 s,找出该数组中满足其和 >= s 的长度最小的连续子数组,并返回其长度。如果不存在符合条件的子数组,返回 0。

讲阶:

如果你已经完成了O(n)时间复杂度的解法,请尝试O(nlogn)时间复杂度的解法。

Sample:

input:

1 输入: s = 7, nums = [2,3,1,2,4,3]

otput:

1 输出: 2

2 解释:子数组 [4,3] 是该条件下的长度最小的子数组。

Solution (Codes at B.20):

遍历一遍, 滑动窗口更新数值。

或者前缀和, 二分搜索数值。

A.21 Leetcode 387

Problem Description:

字符串中的第一个唯一字符

给定一个字符串,找到它的第一个不重复的字符,并返回它的索引。如果不存在,则返回 -1。

Sample:

input:

- 1 leetcode
- 2 loveleetcode

otput:

1 0

2 2

Solution (Codes at B.21):

找到字符出现的首位和末位进行判断,然后取最早出现的。

A.22 Leetcode 763

Problem Description:

划分字母区间

字符串 S 由小写字母组成。我们要把这个字符串划分为尽可能多的片段,同一字母最多出现在一个片段中。 返回一个表示每个字符串片段的长度的列表。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: S = "ababcbacadefegdehijhklij"
```

otput:

```
1 输出: [9,7,8]
2 解释:
3 划分结果为 "ababcbaca", "defegde", "hijhklij"。
4 每个字母最多出现在一个片段中。
5 像 "ababcbacadefegde", "hijhklij" 的划分是错误的,因为划分的片段数较少。
```

Solution (Codes at B.22):

相比于合并区间、该题可以只用每个字母的末尾位置即可。

A.23 Leetcode 876

Problem Description:

链表的中间结点

给定一个带有头结点 head 的非空单链表,返回链表的中间结点。 如果有两个中间结点,则返回第二个中间结点。

Sample:

input:

```
1 输入: [1,2,3,4,5]
2
3 输入: [1,2,3,4,5,6]
```

otput:

```
输出:此列表中的结点 3 (序列化形式: [3,4,5])
返回的结点值为 3 。 (测评系统对该结点序列化表述是 [3,4,5])。
注意,我们返回了一个 ListNode 类型的对象 ans,这样:
ans.val = 3, ans.next.val = 4, ans.next.next.val = 5, 以及 ans.next.next.next = NULL.
输出:此列表中的结点 4 (序列化形式: [4,5,6])
由于该列表有两个中间结点,值分别为 3 和 4,我们返回第二个结点。
```

Solution (Codes at B.23):

快慢指针计数。

附录 B Code List

B.1 Leetcode 1

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstring>
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
#include <stack>
#include <string>
#include <string>
#include <string>
#include <vector>

using namespace std;
```

```
13 class Solution {
14
    public:
     vector<int> twoSum(vector<int>& nums, int target) {
        vector<int> ans;
17
        for (int i = 0; i < nums.size(); i++)</pre>
          for (int j = i + 1; j < nums.size(); j++)</pre>
18
19
            if (nums[i] + nums[j] == target) {
              // u = i;
21
              // \ \lor = j;
              ans.push_back(i);
23
              ans.push_back(j);
24
              break;
            }
       return ans;
28
     void input(void) {
29
        while (~scanf("%d %d", &n, &m))
30
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            scanf("%d", &t);
            numbers.push_back(t);
          }
     }
34
     void solve(void) { twoSum(numbers, m); }
     void otput(void) { printf("%d %d\n", u, v); }
36
    private:
38
39
     int n, m, t;
40
     int u, v;
     vector<int> numbers;
41
42
   };
43
44
   int main() {
45
     freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
      freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
46
47
48
     Solution sol;
49
     sol.input();
     sol.solve();
     sol.otput();
54
      return 0;
   }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
   import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
   import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Solution {
     public int[] twoSum(int[] nums, int target) {
8
9
       int[] ans = new int[2];
       for (int i = 0; i < nums.length; i++)</pre>
          for (int j = i + 1; j < nums.length; j++)</pre>
            if (nums[i] + nums[j] == target) {
             u = i;
14
              v = j;
              ans[0] = i;
              ans[1] = j;
             break;
           }
19
       return ans;
21
22
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
```

```
PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
24
25
26
       System.setIn(fin);
27
       System.setOut(fot);
28
29
       Solution sol = new Solution();
30
       sol.input();
32
       sol.solve();
       sol.otput();
34
     public void input() {
36
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       while (in.hasNext()) {
38
39
         n = in.nextInt();
40
         m = in.nextInt();
41
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
42
            numbers[i] = in.nextInt();
43
44
45
       in.close();
46
     }
47
48
     public void solve() {
49
       twoSum(numbers, m);
     public void otput() {
       System.out.println(u + " " + v);
54
56
     private int n, m, t;
57
     private int u, v;
58
     private int[] numbers = new int[10000];
59
```

B.2 Leetcode 2

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
   typedef struct ListNode {
14
     int val;
     ListNode* next;
     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
   } ListNode;
18
19
  class Solution {
21
   public:
    ListNode* addTwoNumbers(ListNode* l1, ListNode* l2) {
23
       ListNode* res = new ListNode(0);
24
       ListNode* u = l1;
       ListNode* v = 12;
26
       ListNode* cur = NULL;
```

```
27
        int t = 0;
28
29
        while (u != NULL || v != NULL || t != 0) {
          if (cur == NULL) {
           cur = res;
          } else {
            cur->next = new ListNode(0);
34
            cur = cur->next;
36
          cur->next = NULL;
38
          cur->val = t;
          if (u != NULL) {
39
40
           cur->val += u->val;
41
           u = u->next;
42
43
          if (v != NULL) {
44
           cur->val += v->val;
45
            v = v \rightarrow next;
46
          }
47
          t = cur->val / 10;
48
          cur->val %= 10;
49
       return res;
52
     void input(void) {
54
        while (~scanf("%d %d", &n, &m)) {
         a = new ListNode(0);
56
          b = new ListNode(0);
          ListNode* u = a;
58
          ListNode* v = b;
59
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
60
61
           u->next = new ListNode(0);
            u = u->next;
62
63
            u->next = NULL;
64
            scanf("%d", &u->val);
65
          for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
67
68
           v->next = new ListNode(0);
            v = v - next;
69
            v->next = NULL;
71
72
            scanf("%d", &v->val);
          }
74
          solve(a, b);
76
       }
77
78
     void show(ListNode* x) {
79
       ListNode* cur = x;
        while (cur != NULL) {
80
81
          printf("%d", cur->val);
82
          cur = cur->next;
83
       }
84
85
     void solve(ListNode* x, ListNode* y) {
86
       ListNode* res;
        res = addTwoNumbers(x, y);
87
88
       otput(res);
89
     void otput(ListNode* x) {
90
91
       ListNode* cur = x->next;
92
        while (cur != NULL) {
93
          printf("%d", cur->val);
94
          cur = cur->next;
95
```

```
cout << endl;</pre>
97
98
99
      private:
100
      int n, m;
      ListNode *a, *b;
102 };
104
    int main() {
       freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
106
107
108
      Solution sol;
109
      sol.input();
112
       return 0;
113 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Solution {
8
     public class ListNode {
9
        int val;
        ListNode next;
        ListNode(int x) {
         val = x;
14
       }
16
17
     public ListNode addTwoNumbers(ListNode l1, ListNode l2) {
18
       ListNode res = new ListNode(0);
19
        ListNode u = l1;
       ListNode v = 12;
21
       ListNode cur = null;
        int t = 0;
        while (u != null || v != null || t != 0) {
24
25
         if (cur == null) {
           cur = res;
26
          } else {
28
            cur.next = new ListNode(0);
29
            cur = cur.next;
30
          cur.next = null;
          cur.val = t;
          if (u != null) {
34
            cur.val += u.val;
            u = u.next;
36
          }
38
          if (v != null) {
39
            cur.val += v.val;
40
            v = v.next;
41
          }
42
          t = cur.val / 10;
43
          cur.val %= 10;
44
45
46
        return res;
47
     }
48
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
49
         FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
        PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
        System.setIn(fin);
54
        System.setOut(fot);
56
        Solution sol = new Solution();
58
        sol.input();
59
60
      public void input() {
61
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
62
        while (in.hasNext()) {
63
          n = in.nextInt();
64
65
          m = in.nextInt();
66
67
          ListNode a = new ListNode(0);
68
          ListNode b = new ListNode(0);
69
          ListNode u = a;
70
          ListNode v = b;
 71
72
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            if (i != 0) {
74
              u.next = new ListNode(0);
              u = u.next;
            }
76
77
            u.val = in.nextInt();
78
          }
79
           for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
80
            if (i != 0) {
81
              v.next = new ListNode(0);
82
              v = v.next;
83
84
            v.val = in.nextInt();
85
86
87
          solve(a, b);
88
89
90
        in.close();
91
92
93
      public void solve(ListNode x, ListNode y) {
94
        ListNode res;
95
        res = addTwoNumbers(x, y);
96
        otput(res);
97
98
99
      public void otput(ListNode x) {
100
        while (x != null) {
          System.out.print(x.val);
          x = x.next;
104
        System.out.println("");
106
      private int n, m;
108
    }
```

B.3 Leetcode 3

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <cstdio>
```

```
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 class Solution {
    public:
     int lengthOfLongestSubstring(string s) {
16
        int res = 0;
        int sz = s.length();
18
19
        int l = 0, r = 0;
        if (sz == 0) return 0;
21
        int mp[256];
        memset(mp, -1, 256 * sizeof(int));
        for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++)</pre>
24
25
          if (mp[s[i]] == -1) {
26
            r = i;
27
            mp[s[i]] = i;
28
          } else {
29
            if (mp[s[i]] == -2) {
30
               r = i;
              mp[s[i]] = i;
            } else {
               res = max(res, r - l + 1);
34
               int newL = mp[s[i]] + 1;
               for (int j = l; j < mp[s[i]] + 1; j++) mp[s[j]] = -2;</pre>
              l = newL;
              r = i;
              mp[s[i]] = i;
39
            }
40
41
42
        res = max(res, r - l + 1);
43
        return res;
44
      void input(void) {
45
        while (cin >> a) {
46
47
          solve(a);
48
        }
49
     void solve(string x) {
        int res;
        res = lengthOfLongestSubstring(x);
        otput(res);
54
     void otput(int x) { printf("%d\n", x); }
56
     private:
58
     string a;
59
   };
60
   int main() {
61
     freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
62
63
64
65
      Solution sol;
66
67
     sol.input();
68
69
     return 0;
   }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Arrays;
6 import java.util.Scanner;
8
   class Solution {
9
     public int lengthOfLongestSubstring(String s) {
       int res = 0;
        int sz = s.length();
        int l = 0, r = 0;
       if (sz == 0)
14
          return 0;
       int[] mp = new int[256];
       Arrays.fill(mp, -1);
17
       for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++)</pre>
19
          if (mp[s.charAt(i)] == -1) {
            r = i;
21
            mp[s.charAt(i)] = i;
          } else {
            if (mp[s.charAt(i)] == -2) {
24
              r = i;
              mp[s.charAt(i)] = i;
            } else {
              res = Math.max(res, r - l + 1);
              int newL = mp[s.charAt(i)] + 1;
29
              for (int j = l; j < mp[s.charAt(i)] + 1; j++)</pre>
                mp[s.charAt(j)] = -2;
              l = newL;
              r = i;
              mp[s.charAt(i)] = i;
34
            }
          }
36
        res = Math.max(res, r - l + 1);
       return res;
40
41
      public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
42
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
43
44
45
       System.setIn(fin);
46
       System.setOut(fot);
47
       Solution sol = new Solution();
49
50
       sol.input();
     }
      public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
54
       while (in.hasNext()) {
56
          solve(in.nextLine());
59
       in.close();
60
61
62
      public void solve(String x) {
63
       int res;
64
        res = lengthOfLongestSubstring(x);
65
       otput(res);
66
67
```

```
68
69    public void otput(int x) {
70        System.out.println(x);
71    }
72
73    private String a;
74 }
```

B.4 Leetcode 6

```
#include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 class Solution {
15 public:
    string convert(string s, int numRows) {
       if (s.length() <= 1) return s;</pre>
        if (numRows == 1) return s;
18
19
        string res = "";
        vector<int> v;
21
        int addItem = 2 * (numRows - 1);
        int sz = s.length();
        int item = 0;
        int len;
24
25
       int l, r;
26
        while (item < sz) {</pre>
27
         v.push_back(item);
28
         res += s[item];
         item += addItem;
29
       v.push_back(item);
        for (len = 1; len < numRows - 1; len++) {</pre>
          for (int i = 0; i < v.size(); i++) {</pre>
34
           l = v[i] - len;
            r = v[i] + len;
            if (0 <= 1 && 1 < sz) {
36
              res += s[l];
38
39
            if (0 <= r && r < sz) {
              res += s[r];
40
41
            }
42
43
        }
44
        for (int i = 0; i < v.size(); i++) {</pre>
45
         r = v[i] + numRows - 1;
          if (r < sz) {
46
47
            res += s[r];
48
          }
49
        }
        return res;
     void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
54
          cin >> a;
```

```
solve(a, n);
57
        }
58
60
      void solve(string x, int y) {
61
         string res;
         res = convert(x, y);
62
63
        otput(res);
64
65
      void otput(string x) { cout << x << endl; }</pre>
66
67
     private:
68
      int n;
69
      string a;
70
   };
72
    int main() {
      freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
74
76
      Solution sol;
78
      sol.input();
79
80
      return 0;
81 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.ArrayList;
6 import java.util.Scanner;
8
   class Solution {
9
     public String convert(String s, int numRows) {
       if (s.length() <= 1)
          return s;
       if (numRows == 1)
          return s;
       String res = "";
14
       ArrayList<Integer> v = new ArrayList<Integer>();
       int addItem = 2 * (numRows - 1);
       int sz = s.length();
18
       int item = 0;
19
       int len;
       int l, r;
21
       while (item < sz) {</pre>
          v.add(item);
24
          res += s.charAt(item);
25
          item += addItem;
26
       v.add(item);
27
       for (len = 1; len < numRows - 1; len++) {</pre>
28
29
          for (int i = 0; i < v.size(); i++) {</pre>
30
            l = v.get(i) - len;
            r = v.get(i) + len;
            if (0 <= 1 && 1 < sz) {
              res += s.charAt(l);
34
            if (0 <= r && r < sz) {
              res += s.charAt(r);
38
          }
39
40
       for (int i = 0; i < v.size(); i++) {</pre>
```

```
r = v.get(i) + numRows - 1;
41
42
          if (r < sz) {
43
           res += s.charAt(r);
44
          }
45
       }
46
       return res;
47
48
49
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
50
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
       System.setIn(fin);
       System.setOut(fot);
54
56
       Solution sol = new Solution();
58
       sol.input();
59
60
61
     public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
62
       while (in.hasNext()) {
63
         n = in.nextInt();
64
65
         a = in.next();
66
67
         solve(a, n);
68
69
       in.close();
72
74
     public void solve(String x, int y) {
       String res;
76
        res = convert(x, y);
77
       otput(res);
78
79
80
      public void otput(String x) {
81
82
       System.out.println(x);
83
84
85
     private int n;
86
     private String a;
87 }
```

B.5 Leetcode 11

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstring>
#include <iostream>
#include <map>
#include <queue>
#include <stack>
#include <string>
#include <string>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <vector>
#include <old>#include <string>
#include <old>#include <old>#include
```

```
int maxArea(vector<int>& height) {
16
17
        int res = 0;
        int sz = height.size();
        int l = 0, r = sz - 1;
19
        while (l < r) {
21
           res = max(res, min(height[l], height[r]) * (r - l));
           if (height[l] < height[r])</pre>
24
           else
             r--;
        }
26
27
28
        return res;
29
      void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
          int t;
34
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
             scanf("%d", &t);
36
             a.push_back(t);
          }
38
           solve(a);
        }
40
      }
41
      void solve(vector<int>& x) {
        int res;
42
43
        res = maxArea(x);
44
        otput(res);
45
46
      void otput(int x) { printf("%d\n", x); }
47
48
     private:
49
      int n;
     vector<int> a;
   };
52
    int main() {
      freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
54
56
      Solution sol;
59
      sol.input();
61
      return 0;
62 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
6
   class Solution {
8
     public int maxArea(int[] height) {
9
       int res = 0;
       int sz = height.length;
       int l = 0, r = sz - 1;
       while (l < r) {
         res = Math.max(res, Math.min(height[l], height[r]) * (r - l));
14
         if (height[l] < height[r])</pre>
            1++;
         else
17
            r--;
18
       }
19
```

```
return res;
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
24
25
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
26
27
       System.setIn(fin);
28
       System.setOut(fot);
29
       Solution sol = new Solution();
       sol.input();
     }
34
     public void input() {
36
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       while (in.hasNext()) {
38
         n = in.nextInt();
         a = new int[n];
39
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
40
           a[i] = in.nextInt();
41
42
          solve(a);
43
44
45
       in.close();
46
47
48
     public void solve(int[] x) {
49
       int res;
50
       res = maxArea(x);
       otput(res);
52
     }
54
     public void otput(int x) {
56
       System.out.println(x);
57
58
59
     private int n;
60
     private int[] a;
61
```

B.6 Leetcode 14

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
   #include <queue>
  #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
   using namespace std;
   class Solution {
14
   public:
16
    string longestCommonPrefix(vector<string>& strs) {
       if (strs.size() == 0) {
18
         return "";
19
20
       string str = strs[0];
```

```
for (int i = 1; i < strs.size(); i++) {</pre>
22
          while (strs[i].find(str) != 0) {
             str = str.substr(0, str.length() - 1);
24
25
          if (str.size() == 0) {
26
             break;
          }
28
        }
29
        return str;
30
      // string longestCommonPrefix(vector<string>& strs) {
           string res = "";
      //
           int sz = strs.size();
34
           if (sz != 0) {
      //
36
             sort(strs.begin(), strs.end());
      //
      //
              int cnt = strs.front().length();
              if (cnt != 0) {
38
      //
39
      //
                if (sz == 1) {
                  res = strs.front();
40
      //
41
      //
                } else {
                  for (int j = 0; j < cnt; j++) {
42
43
                    int i = sz - 1;
44
                    if (strs[i][j] != strs.front()[j]) {
45
                       return res;
46
47
      //
                    res += strs.front()[j];
48
                  }
      //
49
      //
                }
      //
      //
           }
      //
           return res;
      // }
54
      void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
56
          a.clear();
          string str;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
58
59
             cin >> str;
60
             a.push_back(str);
61
62
63
          solve(a);
        }
64
65
66
67
      void solve(vector<string>& x) {
68
        string res;
69
        res = longestCommonPrefix(x);
        otput(res);
      void otput(string x) { cout << x << endl; }</pre>
     private:
74
     int n;
     vector<string> a;
76
77
   };
78
   int main() {
79
      freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
80
81
82
83
      Solution sol;
84
85
      sol.input();
86
87
      return 0;
   }
88
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
7
   class Solution {
     public String longestCommonPrefix(String[] strs) {
8
9
       if (strs.length == 0) {
         return "";
       String str = strs[0];
        for (int i = 1; i < strs.length; i++) {</pre>
14
         while (strs[i].indexOf(str) != 0) {
            str = str.substring(0, str.length() - 1);
          if (str.length() == 0) {
17
            break;
19
       }
21
       return str;
24
      public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
26
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
27
28
       System.setIn(fin);
29
       System.setOut(fot);
       Solution sol = new Solution();
       sol.input();
34
36
      public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       while (in.hasNext()) {
         n = in.nextInt();
         a = new String[n];
40
41
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
42
            a[i] = in.next();
43
44
45
46
          solve(a);
       }
47
48
49
       in.close();
50
     public void solve(String[] x) {
       String res;
        res = longestCommonPrefix(x);
54
       otput(res);
56
59
      public void otput(String x) {
60
       System.out.println(x);
61
62
63
     private int n;
64
     private String[] a = null;
65
```

B.7 Leetcode 15

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 class Solution {
   public:
     vector<vector<int> > threeSum(vector<int>& nums) {
16
17
       vector<vector<int> > res;
18
       int sz = nums.size();
       int i, j, k;
19
       int r;
21
       if (sz < 3) return res;</pre>
22
       sort(nums.begin(), nums.end());
24
       for (i = 0; i < sz; i++) {
         if (nums[i] > 0) break;
26
          if (i > 0 && nums[i] == nums[i - 1]) continue;
27
          j = i + 1;
28
          k = sz - 1;
29
          while (j < k) {
            int tmp = nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k];
            if (tmp < 0) {
              j++;
            } else if (tmp > 0) {
34
              k--;
            } else {
36
              res.push_back({nums[i], nums[j], nums[k]});
              j++;
              k--;
39
              while (j < k && nums[j] == nums[j - 1]) j++;</pre>
              while (j < k && nums[k] == nums[k + 1]) k--;</pre>
40
41
42
         }
       }
43
44
45
       return res;
46
47
     void input(void) {
48
       while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
49
         int t;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
           scanf("%d", &t);
            a.push_back(t);
54
          solve(a);
56
          a.clear();
       }
58
59
     void solve(vector<int>& x) {
       vector<vector<int> > res;
60
       res = threeSum(x);
61
62
       otput(res);
63
64
     void otput(vector<vector<int> > x) {
65
     for (int i = 0; i < x.size(); i++)</pre>
```

```
printf("%d %d %d\n", x[i][0], x[i][1], x[i][2]);
66
67
        puts("");
68
69
    private:
     int n;
72
     vector<int> a;
73
   };
74
   int main() {
     freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
76
      freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
78
79
     Solution sol;
80
81
     sol.input();
82
83
     return 0;
84 }
```

```
import java.io.FileInputStream;
   import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
   import java.io.PrintStream;
   import java.util.ArrayList;
   import java.util.Arrays;
   import java.util.List;
   import java.util.Scanner;
9
   class Solution {
      public List<List<Integer>> threeSum(int[] nums) {
       List<List<Integer>> res = new ArrayList<>();
       Arrays.sort(nums);
14
       int sz = nums.length;
        for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
16
          if (nums[i] > 0) {
18
          if (i > 0 && nums[i - 1] == nums[i]) {
            continue;
          int j = i + 1, k = sz - 1;
          while (j < k) {
24
            int t = nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k];
            if (t > 0) {
26
              k--;
27
            } else if (t < 0) {</pre>
28
              j++;
            } else {
              res.add(Arrays.asList(nums[i], nums[j], nums[k]));
              j++;
              k--:
              while (j < k && nums[j - 1] == nums[j]) {</pre>
34
                j++;
36
              while (j < k \&\& nums[k] == nums[k + 1]) {
38
39
            }
          }
40
       }
41
42
       return res;
43
44
45
      public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
46
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
47
```

```
48
49
        System.setIn(fin);
        System.setOut(fot);
        Solution sol = new Solution();
54
       sol.input();
56
     public void input() {
58
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
59
        while (in.hasNext()) {
60
         n = in.nextInt();
          a = new int[n];
61
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
62
           a[i] = in.nextInt();
63
64
          solve(a);
65
67
       in.close();
68
69
     public void solve(int[] x) {
71
       List<List<Integer>> res;
       res = threeSum(x);
72
       otput(res);
74
76
77
     public void otput(List<List<Integer>> x) {
78
        System.out.println(x);
79
80
81
     private int n;
82
     private int[] a;
83 }
```

B.8 Leetcode 16

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12
   using namespace std;
   class Solution {
14
     int threeSumClosest(vector<int>& nums, int target) {
16
       int res = nums[0] + nums[1] + nums[2];
       sort(nums.begin(), nums.end());
18
       int sz = nums.size();
       for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
21
         if (i != 0 && nums[i - 1] == nums[i]) {
           continue;
23
24
         int j = i + 1, k = sz - 1;
         while (j < k) {
26
           int t = nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k];
```

```
if (t < target) {</pre>
28
               if (abs(target - t) < abs(target - res)) res = t;</pre>
29
               j++;
               while (j < k && nums[j - 1] == nums[j]) j++;</pre>
            } else if (t > target) {
               if (abs(target - t) < abs(target - res)) res = t;</pre>
               while (j < k && nums[k] == nums[k + 1]) k--;</pre>
34
             } else {
36
               return target;
            }
          }
38
        }
40
        return res;
41
42
43
      void input(void) {
44
        while (~scanf("%d %d", &n, &m)) {
45
          int t;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
46
            scanf("%d", &t);
47
48
            a.push_back(t);
49
          }
          solve(a, m);
          a.clear();
        }
      }
54
      void solve(vector<int>& x, int y) {
        int res;
56
        res = threeSumClosest(x, y);
        otput(res);
58
59
      void otput(int x) { printf("%d\n", x); }
60
61
     private:
      int n, m;
62
     vector<int> a;
63
64
65
   int main() {
66
      freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
67
      freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
68
69
70
      Solution sol;
72
      sol.input();
74
      return 0;
75 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Arrays;
6 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Solution {
9
     public int threeSumClosest(int[] nums, int target) {
       int res = nums[0] + nums[1] + nums[2];
       Arrays.sort(nums);
       int sz = nums.length;
       for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
14
         if (i != 0 && nums[i - 1] == nums[i]) {
           continue;
16
         }
         int j = i + 1, k = sz - 1;
```

```
while (j < k) {
18
19
            int t = nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k];
            if (t < target) {</pre>
21
              if (Math.abs(target - t) < Math.abs(target - res))</pre>
                res = t;
23
              j++;
24
              while (j < k && nums[j - 1] == nums[j])</pre>
                j++;
26
            } else if (t > target) {
              if (Math.abs(target - t) < Math.abs(target - res))</pre>
28
                res = t;
29
              k--;
              while (j < k \&\& nums[k] == nums[k + 1])
                k--;
            } else {
              return target;
34
            }
          }
36
        }
        return res;
38
39
      public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
40
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
41
42
        PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
43
44
        System.setIn(fin);
45
        System.setOut(fot);
46
47
        Solution sol = new Solution();
48
49
       sol.input();
52
      public void input() {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
54
        while (in.hasNext()) {
          n = in.nextInt();
          a = new int[n];
56
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
58
            a[i] = in.nextInt();
59
          solve(a);
61
62
       in.close();
63
64
65
      public void solve(int[] x, int y) {
66
        int res;
        res = threeSumClosest(x, y);
67
68
        otput(res);
69
      public void otput(int x) {
        System.out.println(x);
74
76
      private int n;
      private int[] a;
78
```

B.9 Leetcode 19

```
1 #include <algorithm>
```

```
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 typedef struct ListNode {
     int val;
    ListNode* next;
16
     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
17
18 } ListNode;
19
20 class Solution {
    public:
     int deleteNode(ListNode* x, int target) {
23
       if (x == NULL) return 0;
24
       int u = deleteNode(x->next, target);
26
27
       if (u != -1) {
28
         if (u == target) {
29
           ListNode* y = x->next->next;
30
            delete x->next;
            x->next = y;
         } else {
            return u + 1;
34
         }
       }
       return -1;
38
39
     ListNode* removeNthFromEnd(ListNode* head, int n) {
40
       int u = deleteNode(head, n);
       if (u != -1) {
41
42
          ListNode* t = head;
43
         head = head->next;
44
          delete t;
45
       }
46
47
       return head;
48
49
     void input(void) {
       while (~scanf("%d %d", &n, &m)) {
52
         a = new ListNode(0);
         ListNode* u = a;
54
          for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
            if (i != 0) {
             u->next = new ListNode(0);
              u = u \rightarrow next;
            }
59
60
            scanf("%d", &u->val);
61
63
64
          solve(a, n);
       }
65
66
     void solve(ListNode* x, int y) {
67
68
       ListNode* res;
69
        res = removeNthFromEnd(x, y);
       otput(res);
```

```
72
      void otput(ListNode* x) {
        ListNode* cur = x;
         while (cur != NULL) {
74
           printf("%d", cur->val);
           cur = cur->next;
76
77
         }
78
      }
79
80
     private:
81
     int n, m;
     ListNode* a;
82
83 };
84
85
   int main() {
     freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
86
87
88
89
      Solution sol;
90
91
      sol.input();
92
93
      return 0;
94 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
7
   class Solution {
8
     public class ListNode {
       int val;
9
       ListNode next;
12
       ListNode(int x) {
         val = x;
14
       }
     }
16
     public int deleteNode(ListNode x, int target) {
       if (x == null)
18
19
         return 0;
       int u = deleteNode(x.next, target);
23
       if (u != -1) {
24
         if (u == target) {
           ListNode y = x.next.next;
26
           x.next = y;
27
         } else {
28
           return u + 1;
29
       }
       return -1;
34
     public ListNode removeNthFromEnd(ListNode head, int n) {
36
       int u = deleteNode(head, n);
       if (u != -1) {
38
         head = head.next;
39
       }
40
       return head;
41
     }
42
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
44
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
45
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
46
47
       System.setIn(fin);
48
       System.setOut(fot);
49
50
       Solution sol = new Solution();
       sol.input();
54
     public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
56
57
       while (in.hasNext()) {
58
         n = in.nextInt();
59
         m = in.nextInt();
60
61
          ListNode a = new ListNode(0);
62
          ListNode u = a;
63
          for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
64
            if (i != 0) {
65
             u.next = new ListNode(0);
66
              u = u.next;
67
            }
68
69
            u.val = in.nextInt();
70
71
72
         solve(a, n);
74
       in.close();
76
77
78
     public void solve(ListNode x, int y) {
79
       ListNode res;
        res = removeNthFromEnd(x, y);
80
81
       otput(res);
82
83
84
      public void otput(ListNode x) {
       while (x != null) {
85
86
          System.out.print(x.val);
87
          x = x.next;
88
89
       System.out.println("");
90
91
92
     private int n, m;
93 }
```

B.10 Leetcode 25

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstring>
#include <iostream>
#include <map>
#include <queue>
#include <stack>
#include <string>
#include <string>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstring>
#include <vector>
#include <vector>
#include
```

```
12 using namespace std;
14
   typedef struct ListNode {
     int val;
16
    ListNode* next;
   ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
17
18 } ListNode;
19
20 class Solution {
   public:
22
    void reverseGroup(ListNode* u, ListNode* v) {
23
       if (u != v) {
         if (u->next == v) {
24
           v->next = u;
26
          } else {
27
           ListNode* t = u->next;
28
           reverseGroup(u->next, v);
29
            t->next = u;
          }
       }
     ListNode* reverseKGroup(ListNode* head, int k) {
34
       if (k == 1) return head;
       ListNode* fakeHead = new ListNode(0);
36
       fakeHead->next = head;
       ListNode* pre = fakeHead;
38
39
       ListNode* cur = head;
       ListNode* u = NULL;
41
       ListNode* t = NULL;
42
       ListNode* v = NULL;
43
       int cnt = 0;
44
        while (cur != NULL) {
45
         cnt++;
46
          if (cnt == k) {
47
           u = pre->next;
48
           v = cur;
49
           t = cur->next;
50
           reverseGroup(u, v);
            pre->next = v;
            u->next = t;
            pre = u;
54
            cur = u;
            cnt = 0;
          }
56
57
          cur = cur->next;
58
        }
59
       return fakeHead->next;
60
     void input(void) {
61
62
        while (~scanf("%d %d", &n, &m)) {
63
          a = new ListNode(0);
64
          ListNode* u = a;
65
          for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
66
            if (i != 0) {
67
68
             u->next = new ListNode(0);
69
              u = u - next;
            scanf("%d", &u->val);
74
          solve(a, n);
       }
76
78
      void solve(ListNode* x, int y) {
79
       ListNode* res;
80
       res = reverseKGroup(x, y);
```

```
81
    otput(res);
82
83
       void otput(ListNode* x) {
84
         ListNode* cur = x;
         while (cur != NULL) {
85
            printf("%d", cur->val);
86
87
            cur = cur->next;
88
         }
89
         cout << endl;</pre>
       }
90
 91
92
      private:
93
      int n, m;
94
      ListNode* a;
95 };
96
97
    int main() {
      freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
98
99
100
      Solution sol;
       sol.input();
104
       return 0;
106 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Solution {
7
     public class ListNode {
8
9
       int val;
       ListNode next;
       ListNode(int x) {
         val = x;
14
       }
     }
16
     void reverseGroup(ListNode u, ListNode v) {
       if (u != v) {
18
19
         if (u.next == v) {
           v.next = u;
21
         } else {
           ListNode t = u.next;
            reverseGroup(u.next, v);
24
            t.next = u;
25
         }
26
       }
27
     }
28
29
     public ListNode reverseKGroup(ListNode head, int k) {
30
       if (k == 1)
         return head;
       ListNode fakeHead = new ListNode(0);
       fakeHead.next = head;
34
       ListNode pre = fakeHead;
       ListNode cur = head;
       ListNode u = null;
       ListNode t = null;
38
       ListNode v = null;
       int cnt = 0;
39
40
       while (cur != null) {
```

```
41
           cnt++;
42
           if (cnt == k) {
43
            u = pre.next;
            v = cur;
44
45
            t = cur.next;
46
            reverseGroup(u, v);
47
            pre.next = v;
48
            u.next = t;
49
            pre = u;
50
            cur = u;
            cnt = 0;
          }
          cur = cur.next;
54
        return fakeHead.next;
56
      }
 58
      public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
 59
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
 60
        PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
 61
        System.setIn(fin);
62
63
        System.setOut(fot);
64
        Solution sol = new Solution();
65
66
67
        sol.input();
      }
68
69
      public void input() {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
 72
        while (in.hasNext()) {
          n = in.nextInt();
          m = in.nextInt();
 74
 76
           ListNode a = new ListNode(0);
          ListNode u = a;
 77
 78
 79
           for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
            if (i != 0) {
 81
               u.next = new ListNode(0);
82
               u = u.next;
83
84
            u.val = in.nextInt();
85
86
87
          solve(a, n);
88
89
90
        in.close();
 91
92
93
      public void solve(ListNode x, int y) {
94
        ListNode res;
95
        res = reverseKGroup(x, y);
96
        otput(res);
97
98
99
      public void otput(ListNode x) {
100
        while (x != null) {
          System.out.print(x.val);
           x = x.next;
        System.out.println("");
104
106
      private int n, m;
108
    }
```

B.11 Leetcode 26

C++

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 class Solution {
   public:
     int removeDuplicates(vector<int>& nums) {
16
17
       int res = 0;
        int sz = nums.size();
18
19
        if (sz == 0) return 0;
        int cur = 0;
21
        for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++)</pre>
22
         if (nums[cur] != nums[i]) {
            cur++;
24
            nums[cur] = nums[i];
26
        res = cur + 1;
27
        return res;
28
29
     void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
          int t;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
34
            scanf("%d", &t);
            a.push_back(t);
36
          solve(a);
          a.clear();
39
40
41
     void solve(vector<int>& x) {
42
       int res;
       res = removeDuplicates(x);
43
44
       otput(res);
45
46
     void otput(int x) { printf("%d\n", x); }
47
    private:
48
49
    int n;
    vector<int> a;
51 };
   int main() {
    freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
54
56
    Solution sol;
58
59
    sol.input();
60
61
     return 0;
62 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Solution {
7
     public int removeDuplicates(int[] nums) {
8
9
       int res = 0;
       int sz = nums.length;
       if (sz == 0)
         return 0;
       int cur = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++)</pre>
14
         if (nums[cur] != nums[i]) {
           cur++;
           nums[cur] = nums[i];
18
         }
19
       res = cur + 1;
       return res;
22
23
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
24
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
26
27
       System.setIn(fin);
28
       System.setOut(fot);
29
       Solution sol = new Solution();
       sol.input();
34
     public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       while (in.hasNext()) {
         n = in.nextInt();
38
          a = new int[n];
39
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
40
41
            a[i] = in.nextInt();
42
          solve(a);
43
44
45
       in.close();
46
47
48
     public void solve(int[] x) {
49
       int res;
       res = removeDuplicates(x);
       otput(res);
54
     public void otput(int x) {
56
       System.out.println(x);
58
     private int n;
     private int[] a;
60
61
```

B.12 Leetcode 42

```
1 #include <algorithm>
```

```
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 class Solution {
    public:
     int trap(vector<int>& height) {
16
        int res = 0;
        int sz = height.size();
        if (sz == 0) return 0;
19
        vector<int> lmx(sz, 0), rmx(sz, 0);
        for (int i = 1, j = sz - 2; i < sz; i++, j--) {
23
          lmx[i] = max(lmx[i - 1], height[i - 1]);
24
          rmx[j] = max(rmx[j + 1], height[j + 1]);
27
        for (int i = 1; i < sz - 1; i++)</pre>
28
          res += max(0, min(lmx[i], rmx[i]) - height[i]);
29
        return res;
30
      void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
34
          int t;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            scanf("%d", &t);
            a.push_back(t);
          }
39
          solve(a);
40
          a.clear();
41
42
43
      void solve(vector<int>& x) {
44
        int res;
45
        res = trap(x);
46
        otput(res);
47
48
     void otput(int x) { printf("%d\n", x); }
49
     private:
     int n;
52
     vector<int> a;
   };
54
   int main() {
     freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
56
58
     Solution sol;
59
60
61
     sol.input();
62
63
      return 0;
64 }
```

```
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
```

```
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
   import java.util.Scanner;
6
7
   class Solution {
8
      public int trap(int[] height) {
       int res = 0;
        int sz = height.length;
       if (sz == 0)
12
          return 0;
       int[] lmx = new int[sz];
14
       int[] rmx = new int[sz];
       for (int i = 1, j = sz - 2; i < sz; i++, j--) {
         lmx[i] = Math.max(lmx[i - 1], height[i - 1]);
18
19
          rmx[j] = Math.max(rmx[j + 1], height[j + 1]);
       for (int i = 1; i < sz - 1; i++)</pre>
         res += Math.max(0, Math.min(lmx[i], rmx[i]) - height[i]);
        return res;
24
25
26
      public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
27
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
28
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
29
       System.setIn(fin);
       System.setOut(fot);
       Solution sol = new Solution();
34
       sol.input();
36
38
     public void input() {
39
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
40
       while (in.hasNext()) {
         n = in.nextInt();
41
          a = new int[n];
42
43
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
44
            a[i] = in.nextInt();
45
          solve(a);
46
47
48
       in.close();
49
     public void solve(int[] x) {
       int res;
       res = trap(x);
54
       otput(res);
56
     public void otput(int x) {
       System.out.println(x);
60
61
62
     private int n;
      private int[] a;
63
64
```

B.13 Leetcode 56

```
1 #include <algorithm>
```

```
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 class Solution {
    public:
16
     vector<vector<int> > merge(vector<vector<int> >& intervals) {
        vector<vector<int> > res;
18
19
        sort(intervals.begin(), intervals.end());
        for (int i = 0; i < intervals.size(); i++) {</pre>
          if (res.empty()) {
23
            res.push_back(intervals[i]);
24
          } else {
            if (res.back()[1] < intervals[i][0]) {</pre>
              res.push_back(intervals[i]);
27
            } else {
28
              if (res.back()[1] < intervals[i][1]) res.back()[1] = intervals[i][1];</pre>
29
            }
30
         }
       return res;
34
     void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
          int u, v;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            vector<int> t;
39
            scanf("%d %d", &u, &v);
40
41
42
            t.push_back(u);
43
            t.push_back(v);
44
            a.push_back(t);
45
          }
46
47
          solve(a);
48
          a.clear();
49
       }
     void solve(vector<vector<int> >& x) {
        vector<vector<int> > res;
        res = merge(x);
54
       otput(res);
     void otput(vector<vector<int> >& x) {
56
       vector<vector<int> > cur = x;
58
        for (int i = 0; i < cur.size(); i++)</pre>
59
          printf("%d %d\n", cur[i][0], cur[i][1]);
61
    private:
63
     int n;
64
     vector<vector<int> > a;
65
   };
66
67
   int main() {
     freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
68
69
     freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
```

```
71 Solution sol;
72
73 sol.input();
74
75 return 0;
76 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.ArrayList;
6 import java.util.Arrays;
7 import java.util.Comparator;
8 import java.util.Scanner;
9
   class Solution {
     public int[][] merge(int[][] intervals) {
12
       ArrayList<int[]> res = new ArrayList<int[]>();
       Arrays.sort(intervals, new Comparator<int[]>() {
          @Override
14
          public int compare(int[] l, int[] r) {
            return l[0] - r[0];
16
18
       });
19
       int sz = intervals.length;
       for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {
         int l = intervals[i][0];
         int r = intervals[i][1];
         while (i < sz - 1 && intervals[i + 1][0] <= r) {</pre>
24
            r = Math.max(r, intervals[i + 1][1]);
            i++;
26
         }
27
          res.add(new int[] { l, r });
28
29
       return res.toArray(new int[res.size()][2]);
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
34
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
36
       System.setIn(fin);
38
       System.setOut(fot);
39
40
       Solution sol = new Solution();
41
42
       sol.input();
43
     }
44
45
     public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
46
       while (in.hasNext()) {
47
48
          n = in.nextInt();
49
         vals = new int[n][2];
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
           vals[i][0] = in.nextInt();
54
           vals[i][1] = in.nextInt();
          }
         solve(vals);
58
       }
60
       in.close();
```

```
61
62
63
     public void solve(int[][] x) {
64
       int[][] res;
65
       res = merge(x);
66
       otput(res);
67
68
69
    public void otput(int[][] x) {
71
       int sz = x.length;
       for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++)</pre>
          System.out.println(x[i][0] + " " + x[i][1]);
73
74
75
76
     private int n;
77
     private int[][] vals;
78 }
```

B.14 Leetcode 61

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
14 typedef struct ListNode {
    int val;
   ListNode* next;
   ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
18 } ListNode;
19
20 class Solution {
21
   public:
    ListNode* rotateRight(ListNode* head, int k) {
23
       if (head == NULL) return head;
24
       ListNode* res = head;
25
       ListNode* cur = head;
26
       ListNode* pre = NULL;
27
       ListNode* st = NULL;
28
       ListNode* en = NULL;
       vector<ListNode*> v;
29
       while (cur != NULL) {
        v.push_back(cur);
         if (cur->next == NULL) en = cur;
34
         cur = cur->next;
36
       int lenOfList = v.size();
       int mk = k % lenOfList;
38
       if (mk != 0) {
40
         pre = v[len0fList - mk - 1];
         st = v[len0fList - mk];
41
         pre->next = NULL;
42
43
         en->next = res;
44
         res = st;
```

```
45
46
47
        return res;
48
49
      void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d %d", &n, &m)) {
          a = new ListNode(0);
          ListNode* u = a;
54
          for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
            if (i != 0) {
56
              u->next = new ListNode(0);
58
              u = u->next;
59
60
61
            scanf("%d", &u->val);
62
63
64
          solve(a, n);
65
     }
66
67
     void solve(ListNode* x, int y) {
68
       ListNode* res;
69
        res = rotateRight(x, y);
       otput(res);
71
72
     void otput(ListNode* x) {
73
       ListNode* cur = x;
74
        while (cur != NULL) {
          printf("%d", cur->val);
76
          cur = cur->next;
77
        }
78
        cout << endl;</pre>
79
80
81
    private:
82
     int n, m;
83
     ListNode* a;
84
85
   int main() {
86
     freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
87
      freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
88
89
90
    Solution sol;
91
92
    sol.input();
93
94
      return 0;
95 }
```

```
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import java.io.PrintStream;
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.Scanner;

class Solution {
  public class ListNode {
  int val;
  ListNode next;
}

ListNode(int x) {
  val = x;
}
```

```
16
17
      public ListNode rotateRight(ListNode head, int k) {
19
       if (head == null)
          return head;
21
       ListNode res = head;
       ListNode cur = head;
       ListNode pre = null;
24
       ListNode st = null;
       ListNode en = null;
       LinkedList<ListNode> v = new LinkedList<ListNode>();
       while (cur != null) {
28
         v.add(cur);
29
         if (cur.next == null)
           en = cur;
         cur = cur.next;
34
       int lenOfList = v.size();
36
        int mk = k % lenOfList;
       if (mk != 0) {
         pre = v.get(len0fList - mk - 1);
         st = v.get(len0fList - mk);
40
         pre.next = null;
41
         en.next = res;
         res = st;
42
43
44
45
       return res;
46
47
48
      public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
49
50
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
       System.setIn(fin);
       System.setOut(fot);
54
       Solution sol = new Solution();
56
       sol.input();
58
59
60
     public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
61
62
       while (in.hasNext()) {
         n = in.nextInt();
63
64
         m = in.nextInt();
65
         ListNode a = new ListNode(0);
66
67
         ListNode u = a;
68
          for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
69
            if (i != 0) {
             u.next = new ListNode(0);
72
              u = u.next;
            }
74
            u.val = in.nextInt();
76
          solve(a, n);
78
79
80
       in.close();
81
82
83
     public void solve(ListNode x, int y) {
84
      ListNode res;
```

```
res = rotateRight(x, y);
86
       otput(res);
87
88
89
     public void otput(ListNode x) {
       while (x != null) {
90
91
         System.out.print(x.val);
92
         x = x.next;
93
94
       System.out.println("");
95
96
97
     private int n, m;
98 }
```

B.15 Leetcode 121

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
14 class Solution {
    public:
16
     int maxProfit(vector<int>& prices) {
       int res = 0;
18
       int rmx = 0;
19
       for (int i = prices.size() - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
         rmx = max(rmx, prices[i + 1]);
         res = max(res, max(0, (rmx - prices[i])));
       }
       return res;
24
     }
25
26
     void input(void) {
       while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
28
         int t;
29
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
           scanf("%d", &t);
           a.push_back(t);
         }
         solve(a);
34
         a.clear();
36
     }
     void solve(vector<int>& x) {
38
       int res;
39
       res = maxProfit(x);
40
       otput(res);
41
     void otput(int x) { printf("%d\n", x); }
42
43
44
    private:
    int n;
45
    vector<int> a;
46
47 };
48
```

```
49  int main() {
50     freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
51     freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
52
53     Solution sol;
54
55     sol.input();
56
57     return 0;
58 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
7
   class Solution {
8
     public int maxProfit(int[] prices) {
9
       int res = 0;
       int rmx = 0;
       for (int i = prices.length - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
         rmx = Math.max(rmx, prices[i + 1]);
         res = Math.max(res, Math.max(0, (rmx - prices[i])));
14
       }
       return res;
16
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
18
19
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
21
       System.setIn(fin);
23
       System.setOut(fot);
24
25
       Solution sol = new Solution();
26
       sol.input();
28
29
     public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       while (in.hasNext()) {
         n = in.nextInt();
         a = new int[n];
34
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
           a[i] = in.nextInt();
36
         solve(a);
       }
40
       in.close();
41
     }
42
43
     public void solve(int[] x) {
44
       int res;
45
       res = maxProfit(x);
46
       otput(res);
47
48
49
     public void otput(int x) {
       System.out.println(x);
54
     private int n;
     private int[] a;
56
```

B.16 Leetcode 138

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 class Node {
   public:
    int val;
16
   Node* next;
17
    Node* random;
18
19
   Node(int _val) {
21
      val = _val;
22
       next = NULL;
       random = NULL;
24
25 };
26 class Solution {
27
   public:
28
    Node* copyRandomList(Node* head) {
29
       if (head == NULL) return NULL;
       Node* res = new Node(head->val);
       Node* cur_h = head;
       Node* cur_r = res;
34
       map<Node*, Node*> mp;
       mp.insert(pair<Node*, Node*>(NULL, NULL));
36
       while (cur_h != NULL) {
38
         if (cur_h != head) {
39
           cur_r->next = new Node(cur_h->val);
40
           cur_r = cur_r->next;
41
         mp.insert(pair<Node*, Node*>(cur_h, cur_r));
42
43
         cur_h = cur_h->next;
44
45
46
       cur_h = head;
47
       cur_r = res;
       while (cur_h != NULL) {
48
49
        cur_r->random = mp[cur_h->random];
50
         cur_r = cur_r->next;
         cur_h = cur_h->next;
54
       return res;
56
     void input(void) {
       while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
58
59
         a = new Node(0);
60
         Node* u = a;
         int x;
61
62
         vector<int> v;
63
         vector<Node*> record;
64
65
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
```

```
if (i != 0) {
66
67
                u->next = new Node(0);
                u = u \rightarrow next;
69
             }
             scanf("%d %d", &u->val, &x);
             v.push_back(x);
             record.push_back(u);
 74
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
76
             if (i + 1 < n) {
                record[i]->next = record[i + 1];
78
             if (v[i] == 11111) {
79
                continue;
81
82
             record[i]->random = record[v[i]];
83
84
85
           solve(a);
86
       }
87
88
       void solve(Node* x) {
89
         Node* res;
90
         res = copyRandomList(x);
91
         otput(res);
92
93
       void otput(Node* x) {
94
         Node* cur = x;
95
         int cnt = 0;
96
         map<Node*, int> mp;
97
         while (cur != NULL) {
           mp.insert(pair<Node*, int>(cur, cnt));
99
           cnt++;
100
           cur = cur->next;
         }
         cur = x;
         while (cur != NULL) {
104
           printf("%d ", cur->val);
           if (cur->random == NULL)
106
             printf("null\n");
           else
             printf("%d\n", mp[cur->random]);
108
109
           cur = cur->next;
         }
       }
114
      private:
      int n;
116
      Node∗ a;
117
    };
118
119
    int main() {
      freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
      Solution sol;
124
      sol.input();
126
       return 0;
128 }
```

```
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
```

```
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.HashMap;
6 import java.util.LinkedList;
7 import java.util.Map;
8 import java.util.Scanner;
10 class Node {
     int val;
12
    Node next;
13
     Node random;
14
     public Node(int val) {
       this.val = val;
16
       this.next = null;
17
       this.random = null;
18
19
     }
   }
   class Solution {
     public Node copyRandomList(Node head) {
       if (head == null)
24
25
          return null;
26
27
       Node res = new Node(head.val);
28
       Node cur_h = head;
29
       Node cur_r = res;
       Map<Node, Node> mp = new HashMap<Node, Node>();
       mp.put(null, null);
       while (cur_h != null) {
34
          if (cur_h != head) {
           cur_r.next = new Node(cur_h.val);
            cur_r = cur_r.next;
         }
38
         mp.put(cur_h, cur_r);
39
         cur_h = cur_h.next;
40
41
42
       cur_h = head;
43
       cur_r = res;
       while (cur_h != null) {
44
45
         cur_r.random = mp.get(cur_h.random);
46
         cur_r = cur_r.next;
47
48
         cur_h = cur_h.next;
       }
49
       return res;
54
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
56
       System.setIn(fin);
       System.setOut(fot);
61
       Solution sol = new Solution();
62
63
       sol.input();
64
65
     public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
67
       while (in.hasNext()) {
68
69
         n = in.nextInt();
71
          Node a = new Node(0);
          Node u = a;
```

```
LinkedList<Integer> v = new LinkedList<Integer>();
 74
           LinkedList<Node> record = new LinkedList<Node>();
76
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
77
             if (i != 0) {
78
               u.next = new Node(0);
79
               u = u.next;
80
81
             u.val = in.nextInt();
82
             v.add(in.nextInt());
83
84
             record.add(u);
85
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
86
             if (i + 1 < n) {
87
              record.get(i).next = record.get(i + 1);
88
89
90
             if (v.get(i) == 11111) {
91
               continue;
92
93
             record.get(i).random = record.get(v.get(i));
95
96
          solve(a);
97
98
99
        in.close();
100
      public void solve(Node x) {
        Node res;
104
        res = copyRandomList(x);
        otput(res);
106
108
109
      public void otput(Node x) {
        Node cur = x;
         int cnt = 0;
        Map<Node, Integer> mp = new HashMap<Node, Integer>();
        while (cur != null) {
114
          mp.put(cur, cnt);
          cnt++;
116
           cur = cur.next;
        }
118
        cur = x;
119
        while (cur != null) {
           System.out.print(cur.val + " ");
           if (cur.random == null)
             System.out.println("null");
124
             System.out.println(mp.get(cur.random));
126
          cur = cur.next;
        }
128
129
      private int n, m;
    }
```

B.17 Leetcode 141

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <cstdio>
```

```
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 typedef struct ListNode {
     int val;
   ListNode* next;
     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
17
18 } ListNode;
19
   class Solution {
    public:
     bool hasCycle(ListNode* head) {
        if (NULL == head) return false;
24
        ListNode *slow = head, *fast = head->next;
        while (NULL != fast) {
25
26
         if (slow == fast) return true;
27
          slow = slow->next;
          fast = fast->next;
28
29
          if (NULL != fast) fast = fast->next;
30
       }
       return false;
34
     void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d %d", &n, &m)) {
36
          int t;
          scanf("%d", &t);
38
39
          a = new ListNode(t);
40
         ListNode* cur = a;
41
42
          for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
43
            scanf("%d", &t);
44
            cur->next = new ListNode(t);
45
            cur = cur->next;
          }
46
47
          ListNode* back = cur;
          cur = a;
48
49
          if (m >= 0) {
            for (int i = 0; i < m - 1; i++) cur = cur->next;
            back->next = cur;
          }
54
          solve(a);
        }
     }
56
     void solve(ListNode* x) {
58
59
       bool res;
60
        res = hasCycle(x);
61
       otput(res);
62
     void otput(int x) { printf("%d\n", x); }
63
64
65
    private:
66
     int n, m;
67
     ListNode* a;
   };
68
69
   int main() {
   freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
```

```
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);

freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);

Solution sol;

sol.input();

return 0;

}
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Solution {
8
     class ListNode {
9
       int val;
       ListNode next;
       ListNode(int x) {
         val = x;
14
         next = null;
       }
16
18
     public boolean hasCycle(ListNode head) {
       if (null == head)
19
          return false;
       ListNode slow = head, fast = head.next;
21
       while (null != fast) {
         if (slow == fast)
24
           return true;
25
         slow = slow.next;
26
         fast = fast.next;
         if (null != fast)
28
           fast = fast.next;
29
       }
       return false;
     }
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
34
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
36
       System.setIn(fin);
38
       System.setOut(fot);
39
40
       Solution sol = new Solution();
41
42
       sol.input();
43
     }
44
45
     public void input() {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
46
47
       while (in.hasNext()) {
48
         n = in.nextInt();
49
         m = in.nextInt();
50
          a = new ListNode(0);
         int cnt = 0;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
54
           if (cnt == 0) {
              a.val = in.nextInt();
56
            } else {
              a.next = new ListNode(in.nextInt());
58
```

```
59
60
61
          solve(a);
62
        }
63
64
       in.close();
65
66
67
     public void solve(ListNode x) {
68
       boolean res;
       res = hasCycle(x);
69
70
       otput(res);
72
73
74
     public void otput(boolean x) {
       System.out.println(x);
76
77
78
     private int n, m;
79
     private ListNode a;
80 }
```

B.18 Leetcode 202

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
14 class Solution {
   public:
    int cal(int x) {
16
17
        int res = 0;
18
       int t;
19
        while (x != 0) {
20
         t = x \% 10;
          \times /= 10;
         res += t * t;
23
       }
24
       return res;
26
     bool isHappy(int n) {
27
       if (n == 1) return true;
28
        int slow = n, fast = cal(n);
29
        while (slow != fast) {
         if (slow == 1 || fast == 1) return true;
          slow = cal(slow);
          fast = cal(cal(fast));
       }
34
       return false;
36
37
     void input(void) {
38
        while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
39
          solve(n);
40
```

```
41
42
43
      void solve(int x) {
44
         bool res;
45
         res = isHappy(x);
46
        otput(res);
47
48
      void otput(int x) { printf("%d\n", x); }
49
50
     private:
      int n, m;
   };
54
    int main() {
    freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
56
58
      Solution sol;
59
60
      sol.input();
61
62
      return 0;
63 }
```

```
import java.io.FileInputStream;
   import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
   import java.io.FileOutputStream;
   import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
7
   class Solution {
8
     public int cal(int x) {
9
        int res = 0;
        int t;
        while (x != 0) {
         t = x \% 10;
          \times /= 10;
14
          res += t * t;
       }
16
       return res;
17
     }
18
19
     public boolean isHappy(int n) {
        if (n == 1)
         return true;
21
        int slow = n, fast = cal(n);
23
        while (slow != fast) {
24
          if (slow == 1 || fast == 1)
           return true;
26
          slow = cal(slow);
27
          fast = cal(cal(fast));
28
       }
29
       return false;
     }
      public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
34
        PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
        System.setIn(fin);
        System.setOut(fot);
        Solution sol = new Solution();
40
41
        sol.input();
42
      }
43
```

```
44
      public void input() {
45
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
46
        while (in.hasNext()) {
47
         n = in.nextInt();
48
          solve(n);
49
50
       in.close();
      public void solve(int x) {
54
       boolean res;
56
       res = isHappy(x);
        otput(res);
58
59
60
61
      public void otput(boolean x) {
62
       System.out.println(x);
63
64
65
      private int n, m;
      private ListNode a;
66
67
```

B.19 Leetcode 206

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 typedef struct ListNode {
    int val;
16
   ListNode* next;
17
    ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
18 } ListNode;
19
   class Solution {
21
   public:
     ListNode* reverseList(ListNode* head) {
       if (head == NULL) return NULL;
24
       ListNode* st = head;
26
       ListNode* en = NULL;
       ListNode* cur = head;
28
       while (cur->next != NULL) {
29
         cur = cur->next;
30
       }
       en = cur;
       while (st != en) {
         cur = st->next;
34
         st->next = en->next;
         en->next = st;
36
         st = cur;
38
       return en;
```

```
39
40
      void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
41
42
          a = new ListNode(0);
43
          ListNode* u = a;
          int x;
44
45
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
46
47
             if (i != 0) {
48
               u->next = new ListNode(0);
49
               u = u \rightarrow next;
             }
50
             scanf("%d", &u->val);
52
          }
54
          solve(a);
56
        }
57
58
      void solve(ListNode* x) {
59
        ListNode* res;
60
        res = reverseList(x);
61
        otput(res);
62
63
     void otput(ListNode* x) {
        ListNode* cur = x;
64
        while (cur != NULL) {
65
          printf("%d\n", cur->val);
66
67
          cur = cur->next;
68
        }
69
      }
70
     private:
72
     int n;
     ListNode* a;
74
   };
   int main() {
76
      freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
77
78
79
80
     Solution sol;
81
82
     sol.input();
83
84
      return 0;
85 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
6
   class Solution {
8
     public class ListNode {
9
       int val;
       ListNode next;
       ListNode(int x) {
         val = x;
14
       }
16
17
     public ListNode reverseList(ListNode head) {
18
       if (head == null)
19
         return null;
```

```
20
21
       ListNode st = head;
       ListNode en = null;
       ListNode cur = head;
24
       while (cur.next != null) {
25
          cur = cur.next;
26
       en = cur;
28
       while (st != en) {
29
          cur = st.next;
          st.next = en.next;
         en.next = st;
          st = cur;
       }
34
       return en;
     }
36
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
38
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
39
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
40
       System.setIn(fin);
41
42
       System.setOut(fot);
43
44
       Solution sol = new Solution();
45
46
       sol.input();
47
     }
48
49
     public void input() {
50
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       while (in.hasNext()) {
52
          n = in.nextInt();
54
          ListNode a = new ListNode(0);
          ListNode u = a;
56
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
58
            if (i != 0) {
59
              u.next = new ListNode(0);
60
              u = u.next;
61
62
            u.val = in.nextInt();
63
64
65
          solve(a);
       }
66
67
68
       in.close();
69
     public void solve(ListNode x) {
72
       ListNode res;
       res = reverseList(x);
74
       otput(res);
76
78
     public void otput(ListNode x) {
       ListNode cur = x;
79
80
       while (cur != null) {
81
          System.out.println(cur.val);
82
          cur = cur.next;
       }
83
84
85
86
87
     private int n, m;
88 }
```

B.20 Leetcode 209

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
11
12 using namespace std;
14 class Solution {
   public:
16
     int minSubArrayLen(int s, vector<int>& nums) {
       int res = nums.size();
18
       int sz = res;
19
       int sum = 0;
       int u = 0, v = 0;
21
       bool occur = false;
       for (v = 0; v < sz; v++) {
24
         sum += nums[v];
25
         while (sum >= s && u <= v) {
26
           occur = true;
27
           res = min(res, v - u + 1);
28
           sum -= nums[u];
29
           u++;
         }
       if (occur == false) return 0;
34
       return res;
36
     void input(void) {
38
       while (~scanf("%d %d", &n, &m)) {
         int t;
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
40
           scanf("%d", &t);
41
42
           a.push_back(t);
43
         }
44
         solve(m, a);
45
         a.clear();
46
       }
47
48
     void solve(int s, vector<int>& x) {
49
       int res;
       res = minSubArrayLen(s, x);
       otput(res);
     void otput(int x) { printf("%d\n", x); }
54
    private:
56
     int n, m;
     vector<int> a;
   };
58
59
60
   int main() {
    freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
61
     freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
```

```
63

64 Solution sol;

65

66 sol.input();

67

68 return 0;

69 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Solution {
     public int minSubArrayLen(int s, int[] nums) {
9
       int res = nums.length;
       int sz = res;
       int sum = 0;
       int u = 0, v = 0;
       boolean occur = false;
14
       for (v = 0; v < sz; v++) {
         sum += nums[v];
16
         while (sum >= s && u <= v) {</pre>
18
           occur = true;
19
           res = Math.min(res, v - u + 1);
           sum -= nums[u];
21
           u++;
          }
23
24
       if (occur == false)
25
          return 0;
26
27
       return res;
28
29
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
34
       System.setIn(fin);
       System.setOut(fot);
36
       Solution sol = new Solution();
38
39
       sol.input();
40
41
42
     public void input() {
43
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
44
       while (in.hasNext()) {
         n = in.nextInt();
45
         m = in.nextInt();
46
47
         a = new int[n];
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
49
           a[i] = in.nextInt();
          solve(m, a);
52
       in.close();
54
56
     public void solve(int s, int[] x) {
       int res;
        res = minSubArrayLen(s, x);
58
59
       otput(res);
```

B.21 Leetcode 387

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
14 class Solution {
15 public:
    int firstUniqChar(string s) {
16
       int ans = -1;
       int u, v;
18
19
       for (char ch = 'a'; ch <= 'z'; ch++) {</pre>
         u = s.find(ch);
21
         v = s.rfind(ch);
         if (u == v && u != -1) {
           if (ans == -1) {
24
            ans = u;
25
           } else {
             if (u < ans) ans = u;
26
27
           }
28
         }
29
       }
30
       return ans;
32
     void input(void) {
       while (cin >> str) {
34
         solve(str);
       }
36
     }
     void solve(string s) {
       int res;
38
39
       res = firstUniqChar(s);
40
       otput(res);
41
     void otput(int id) { printf("%d\n", id); }
42
43
    private:
44
45
     int n, m, t;
46
     string str;
47
   };
48
   int main() {
49
    freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
     freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
```

```
53     Solution sol;
54
55     sol.input();
56
57     return 0;
58 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
 2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Solution {
8
     public int firstUniqChar(String s) {
9
        int ans = -1;
        int u, v;
        for (char ch = 'a'; ch <= 'z'; ch++) {</pre>
12
         u = s.index0f(ch);
          v = s.lastIndexOf(ch);
          if (u == v && u != −1) {
14
            if (ans == -1) {
              ans = u;
16
            } else {
              if (u < ans)</pre>
18
19
                ans = u;
        }
23
        return ans;
24
26
      public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
27
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
28
        PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
29
        System.setIn(fin);
       System.setOut(fot);
        Solution sol = new Solution();
34
        sol.input();
36
     }
38
     public void input() {
39
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
40
        while (in.hasNext()) {
41
          String str = in.nextLine();
42
          solve(str);
        }
43
44
45
       in.close();
46
47
     public void solve(String s) {
48
49
        int res;
50
        res = firstUniqChar(s);
        otput(res);
54
      public void otput(int idx) {
        System.out.println(idx);
56
58
     private int n, m, t;
     private int u, v;
59
60
     private int[] numbers = new int[10000];
```

B.22 Leetcode 763

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
   #include <queue>
   #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12
   using namespace std;
14
   class Solution {
    public:
16
     vector<int> partitionLabels(string S) {
        vector<int> res;
18
        int u[26] = \{0\};
19
        int sz = S.size();
        for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
        u[S[i] - 'a'] = i;
24
        int l = 0, r = u[S[0] - 'a'];
        for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
26
         r = max(r, u[S[i] - 'a']);
27
          if (r == i) {
28
29
            res.push_back(r - l + 1);
            l = i + 1;
          }
        }
        return res;
34
36
      void input(void) {
        while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
38
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
39
            cin >> a;
40
            solve(a);
41
          }
42
        }
43
44
45
     void solve(string x) {
46
        vector<int> res;
47
        res = partitionLabels(x);
48
        otput(res);
49
50
      void otput(vector<int> x) {
        for (int i = 0; i < x.size(); i++) cout << x[i] << endl;</pre>
54
     private:
     int n;
56
     string a;
57
   };
58
59
   int main() {
   freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
60
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.ArrayList;
6 import java.util.Collections;
7 import java.util.List;
8 import java.util.Scanner;
9
   class Solution {
     public List<Integer> partitionLabels(String S) {
       List<Integer> res = new ArrayList<>();
       List<Integer> u = new ArrayList<Integer>(Collections.nCopies(26, -1));
14
       int sz = S.length();
       for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
16
         u.set(S.charAt(i) - 'a', i);
18
19
       int l = 0, r = u.get(S.charAt(0) - 'a');
21
       for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {</pre>
         r = Math.max(r, u.get(S.charAt(i) - 'a'));
         if (r == i) {
24
           res.add(r - l + 1);
25
            l = i + 1;
26
         }
27
       }
28
       return res;
29
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
32
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
34
       System.setIn(fin);
36
       System.setOut(fot);
38
       Solution sol = new Solution();
39
40
       sol.input();
41
42
43
     public void input() {
44
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       while (in.hasNext()) {
45
46
         n = in.nextInt();
47
48
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
49
           a = in.next();
52
          solve(a);
54
       in.close();
56
57
58
     public void solve(String x) {
       List<Integer> res;
```

```
res = partitionLabels(x);
61
       otput(res);
62
63
64
     public void otput(List<Integer> x) {
65
       System.out.println(x);
66
67
68
69
     private int n;
     private String a = null;
71 }
```

B.23 Leetcode 876

```
1 #include <algorithm>
2 #include <cstdio>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <cstring>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include <map>
7 #include <queue>
8 #include <stack>
9 #include <string>
10 #include <vector>
12 using namespace std;
14 typedef struct ListNode {
   int val;
16
     ListNode* next;
     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
18 } ListNode;
19
20 class Solution {
   public:
22
   public:
    ListNode* middleNode(ListNode* head) {
24
       if (NULL == head) return NULL;
       ListNode* slow = head;
26
       ListNode* fast = head->next;
27
       while (fast != NULL) {
28
         slow = slow->next;
29
         fast = fast->next;
         if (fast == NULL) {
           return slow;
         } else {
           fast = fast->next;
34
         }
       }
36
       return slow;
38
39
     void input(void) {
       while (~scanf("%d", &n)) {
40
41
         a = new ListNode(0);
42
         ListNode* cur = a;
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
43
44
           int t;
           scanf("%d", &t);
45
           if (i == 0) {
46
             cur->val = t;
47
48
           } else {
49
             cur->next = new ListNode(t);
             cur = cur->next;
```

```
}
         solve(a);
54
       }
     }
56
57
     void solve(ListNode* x) {
58
       ListNode* res;
59
       res = middleNode(x);
60
       otput(res);
61
     void otput(ListNode* x) {
62
63
      ListNode* cur = x;
       while (cur != NULL) {
64
65
         printf("%d\n", cur->val);
66
         cur = cur->next;
67
       }
68
     }
69
    private:
     int n, m;
72
     ListNode* a;
73
   };
74
   int main() {
    freopen("./assets/fipt.txt", "r", stdin);
76
77
     freopen("./assets/fopt.txt", "w", stdout);
78
79
    Solution sol;
80
81
   sol.input();
82
83
     return 0;
84 }
```

```
1 import java.io.FileInputStream;
2 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
3 import java.io.FileOutputStream;
4 import java.io.PrintStream;
5 import java.util.Scanner;
   class Solution {
7
8
    public class ListNode {
       int val;
9
       ListNode next;
12
       ListNode(int x) {
         val = x;
14
     }
16
17
     public ListNode middleNode(ListNode head) {
18
       if (null == head)
19
         return null;
20
       ListNode slow = head;
       ListNode fast = head.next;
       while (fast != null) {
23
         slow = slow.next;
24
         fast = fast.next;
25
         if (fast == null) {
26
           return slow;
27
         } else {
28
           fast = fast.next;
29
         }
       }
       return slow;
```

```
33
34
     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
       FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream("./assets/fipt.txt");
36
       PrintStream fot = new PrintStream(new FileOutputStream("./assets/fopt.txt"));
       System.setIn(fin);
38
39
       System.setOut(fot);
40
41
       Solution sol = new Solution();
42
       sol.input();
43
     }
44
45
     public void input() {
46
47
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
48
       while (in.hasNext()) {
49
         n = in.nextInt();
50
         a = new ListNode(0);
         ListNode cur = a;
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
           if (i == 0) {
54
             cur.val = in.nextInt();
            } else {
56
             cur.next = new ListNode(in.nextInt());
              cur = cur.next;
58
            }
59
         }
60
         solve(a);
61
62
63
       in.close();
64
65
     public void solve(ListNode x) {
66
67
       ListNode res;
68
        res = middleNode(x);
69
       otput(res);
71
     public void otput(ListNode x) {
       ListNode cur = x;
74
       while (cur != null) {
76
          System.out.println(cur.val);
77
          cur = cur.next;
78
       }
79
     }
80
81
     private int n, m;
82
     private ListNode a;
83 }
```