

# Math 151B Homework 5

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9/7/2020

Q1

Q2

Q3 Since  $y'' = p(x)y' + q(x)y \implies y'' - p(x)y' - q(x)y = 0$ ,  $y \equiv 0$  is a solution. Then by Corollary 11.2, the BVP  $y'' = p(x)y' + q(x)y$ , for  $a \leq x \leq b$ , with  $y(a) = 0$  and  $y(b) = 0$  has a unique solution, i.e.  $y \equiv 0$  is the only solution. Therefore  $y_2 \equiv 0$ .

Q4