# ECE 544NA HW5

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#### 1 TensorFlow

In this portion of the assignment, you will use a vanilla RNN and a LSTM to perform digit classification on the MNIST dataset.

- Setting 1 (Sequence of Pixels): It is assumed that each  $28 \times 28$  image, x, in the MNIST dataset is a sequence of single pixels, x(1), ..., x(784), where x(t) is a single scalar value. The network reads one pixel at a time from the top left corner of the image to the bottem right of the image.
- Setting 2 (Sequence of Columns): It is assumed that each  $28 \times 28$  image, x, in the MNIST dataset is a sequence of vectors, x(1), ..., x(28), where x(t) is a  $28 \times 1$  vector representing one column in the image. The network reads one column at a time from left to right.

Train a basic (vanilla) RNN and a LSTM for each the two settings using a single layer RNN and LSRM with 100 hidden nodes. Perform classification on the last frame using cross entropy loss.

**Revelant Tensorflow Doc:** Tensorflow provides some API for recurrent neural network, please use the following:

- tf.nn.rnn: https://github.com/tensorflow/tensorflow/blob/master/tensorflow/g3doc/api\_docs/python/functions\_and\_classes/shard0/tf.nn.rnn.md
- tf.nn.rnn\_cell: https://www.tensorflow.org/versions/r0.11/api\_docs/python/rnn\_cell.html#neural-network-rnn-cells

#### 1.1 Methods

• Describe the functions you wrote, and the overall structure of your code.

*Proof.* We implemented RNN and LSTM in rnn.py and lstm.py respectively. The overall structures for both implementations are quite similar. Therefore, we simply describe the structure of a vanilla RNN. In LSTM, we simply replace the rnn\_cell with a lstm\_cell. In the RNN class, we implemented two functions for training and testing:

- fit: to fit the data and learn the parameters from training data. In this module we build a graph structure using a RNN cell (tf.nn.rnn\_cell.BasicRNNCell) and plug this in an existing RNN module.

- predict: to predict labels for test data.

#### 1.2 Results

• Provide one figure with four subfigures, showing convergence plots of all four (2 settings, 2 models) classifiers (abscissa = training iteration, ordinate = training-corpus accuracy)

*Proof.* The figures are listed in Figure 1. Due to memory issue, we downsampled an image to  $7 \times 7$ .

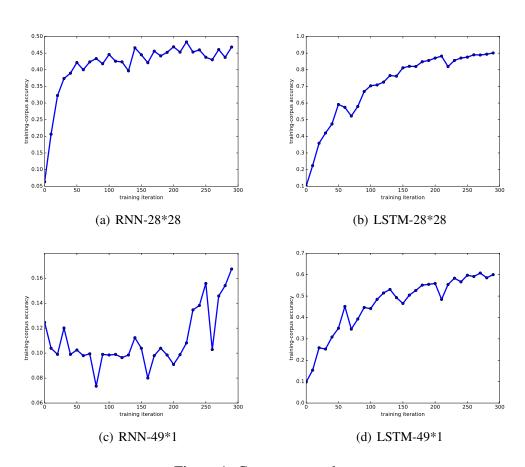


Figure 1: Convergence plots.

• Provide a table reporting the testing accuracies.

*Proof.* The accuracy is reported in Table 1.

	28*28	49*1
RNN	0.4586	0.1233
LSTM	0.9060	0.6183

Table 1: Accuracy.