Assignment 6

Jiawen KE

March 2025

1

Bellman equation:

$$V(k_t) = \max U(c_t) + \beta V(k_{t+1})$$
s.t. $k_{t+1} = k_t^{\alpha} l_t^{1-\alpha} - c_t - \delta k_t$

$$U(c_t) = \frac{c_t^{1-\gamma}}{1-\gamma} - \frac{l_t^{1+\xi}}{1+\xi}$$

2

Algorithm to solve for $(a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4) = \mathbf{a}$:

- Grid the space of k_j into **J** points
- \bullet Solve the optimal l_t^* in each period t
- Initial guess for the vector $\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{0}$, hence $v_j^{(0)} = 0$
- Update $v_j^{(1)} = \max_{k=1,...,j} u(w_j w_k) + \beta v_k^{(0)}$
- Iterate until $v_j^{(t)} = v_j^{(t+1)}$
- \bullet Use 5 points of k_j and OLS to approximate and fit ${\bf a}$

3

Solve for the optimal l_t^* using fsolve for each t:

$$(k_t^{\alpha}l_t^{1-\alpha} - \delta k_t - k_{t+1})^{-\gamma}(1-\alpha)k_t^{\alpha} = l_t^{\xi+\alpha}$$
 Rearrange, we have: $A*B*l_t^{1-\alpha} - l_t^C - D*A = 0$ Where $A = ((1-\alpha)z_tk_t^{\alpha})^{-1/\gamma}$
$$B = z_tk_t$$

$$C = (\xi+\alpha)*(-1/\gamma)$$

$$D = \delta k_t + k_{t+1}$$

$$z_t = 1$$

• $\mathbf{a} = (0, 2, 0, 0, 0)$

4

4.1

Bellman Equation:

$$V(k_t) = \max z_t U(c_t) + \beta E_t V(k_{t+1})$$

s.t.
$$k_{t+1} = z_t k_t^{\alpha} l_t^{1-\alpha} - c_t - \delta k_t$$

4.2