1.0 1.0 10 11 0.0 0.0 12 13 1.0 0.0 14 0.0 15 16 1.0 17 1.0 18 0.0 19 0.0 20 0.0 0.0 21 22 1.0 23 1.0 24 1.0 25 0.0 26 0.0 27 1.0 28 1.0 29 0.0 30 1.0 31 1.0 32 1.0 33 1.0 34 1.0 35 0.0 | 36 1.0 37 1.0 38 0.0 1.0 | 39 40 1.0 titanic.tail(23) In [8]: Out[8]: PassengerId Survived PassengerClass Sex Age SiblingSpouse **ParentChild** 41 0.0 0.0 42 43 0.0 1.0 44 1.0 45 0.0 46 47 1.0 48 1.0 49 0.0 50 0.0 1.0 51 52 1.0 53 0.0 54 1.0 55 0.0 56 1.0 57 0.0 58 0.0 59 0.0 60 0.0 61 NaN 62 0.0 | 63 0.0 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier # Import Decision Tree Cla ssifier from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split # Import train_test_s plit function from sklearn import metrics In [10]: titanic.replace(np.NaN, 0) Out[10]: PassengerId Survived PassengerClass Sex Age SiblingSpouse ParentChild 1.0 1.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 1.0 1.0 10 11 0.0 12 0.0 13 1.0 14 0.0 0.0 15 16 1.0 17 1.0 18 0.0 0.0 19 20 0.0 21 0.0 22 1.0 1.0 23 1.0 24 0.0 25 26 0.0 27 1.0 1.0 28 29 0.0 30 1.0 • • • 34 1.0 35 0.0 36 1.0 37 1.0 38 0.0 1.0 39 1.0 40 0.0 41 0.0 42 43 0.0 44 1.0 1.0 45 0.0 46 47 1.0 48 1.0 0.0 49 50 0.0 51 1.0 52 1.0 | 53 0.0 54 1.0 55 0.0 | 56 1.0 57 0.0 58 0.0 59 0.0 | 60 0.0 61 0.0 62 0.0 | 63 0.0 63 rows × 7 columns In [11]: titanic = titanic.fillna(titanic.mean()) In [12]: target = titanic['Survived'] data = titanic.drop('Survived', axis=1) In [13]: # Split dataset into training set and test set X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data, target, test_siz e=40/63, random_state=1) # 70% training and 30% test In [14]: # Create Decision Tree classifer object clf = DecisionTreeClassifier() # Train Decision Tree Classifer clf = clf.fit(X train,y train) #Predict the response for test dataset y pred = clf.predict(X_test) **Evaluating Model** After the prediction, we make a confusion matrix based on the prediction result and target. In [15]: # making a confusion metrix from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix confusion_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred) confusion matrix Out[15]: array([[20, 2], [9, 9]]) The accuracy fo the decision tree model: In [16]: print("Accuracy:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)) Accuracy: 0.725 Now we got a classification rate of 72.5%. We can improve this accuracy by tuning the parameters in the Decision Tree Algorithm. **Visualization** In [17]: from sklearn.tree import export graphviz from sklearn.externals.six import StringIO from IPython.display import Image import pydotplus In [18]: dot_data = StringIO() feature cols = list(data.columns.values) export graphviz(clf, out file=dot data, filled=True, rounded=True, special_characters=True,feature_names = feature_cols,class _names=['0','1']) graph = pydotplus.graph_from_dot_data(dot_data.getvalue()) graph.write_png('titanic_dt.png') Image(graph.create_png()) Out[18]: $Sex \le 0.5$ gini = 0.423samples = 23value = [16, 7]class = 0False True PassengerClass ≤ 2.5 Passengerld ≤ 13.5 gini = 0.219gini = 0.408samples = 16samples = 7value = [2, 5]value = [14, 2]class = 0class = 1PassengerId ≤ 23.5 PassengerClass ≤ 2.5 gini = 0.0gini = 0.0gini = 0.444gini = 0.444samples = 10samples = 4samples = 6samples = 3value = [10, 0]value = [0, 4]value = [2, 1]value = [4, 2]class = 0class = 1class = 0class = 0Passengerld ≤ 12.5 gini = 0.0gini = 0.0gini = 0.0gini = 0.444samples = 2samples = 3samples = 1samples = 3value = [3, 0]value = [0, 1]value = [2, 0]value = [1, 2]class = 0class = 1class = 0class = 1gini = 0.0gini = 0.0samples = 1 samples = 2value = [1, 0]value = [0, 2]class = 1class = 0

In [1]: import pandas as pd

sns.set()

In [3]: all_data = [titanic]

In [4]: for dataset in all data:

In [6]: for dataset in all_data:

In [7]: titanic.head(40)

Out[7]:

import numpy as np

%matplotlib inline

import seaborn as sns

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [2]: train = pd.read_csv('titanic-train.csv')

In [5]: sex_mapping = {"male": 0, "female": 1}

for dataset in all_data:

from IPython.display import display

test = pd.read_csv('titanic-test.csv')

dataset.loc[dataset['Age'] <= 12, 'Age'] = 0,</pre>

dataset.loc[dataset['Age'] > 20, 'Age'] = 2

dataset['Sex'] = dataset['Sex'].map(sex_mapping)

dataset.loc[(dataset['Age'] > 12) & (dataset['Age'] <= 20), 'Age'] = 1</pre>

dataset.loc[dataset['SiblingSpouse'] == 0, 'SiblingSpouse'] = 0,

dataset.loc[dataset['SiblingSpouse'] > 0, 'SiblingSpouse'] = 1,

dataset.loc[dataset['ParentChild'] == 0, 'ParentChild'] = 0,

dataset.loc[dataset['ParentChild'] > 0, 'ParentChild'] = 1,

PassengerId Survived PassengerClass Sex Age SiblingSpouse ParentChild

1.0

1.0

0.0

1.0

0.0

0.0

1.0

0.0

titanic = pd.read_csv('titanic.csv')