Using Tensorboard Profiler for ML Workload on GPU

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This doc will guide you through the process of using Tensorboard Profiler to profile and inspect machine learning workloads on GPU.

Step 1: Set Up Your Environment

Before starting with XProf OSS, ensure that your environment is ready by following these steps:

Check GPU Availability: Use nvidia-smi to confirm that your system has a GPU available and properly set up.

NVID:	IA-SMI	535.183.0)1	Driver	Version: 535.183.01	CUDA Versio	
GPU Fan	Name Temp	Perf		2.5		Volatile	Uncorr. ECC
===== 0 34%	Quadro 29C	P1000 P8	N/A /	On N/A		 0%	N/A Default N/A
	esses:						
GPU		CI ID	PID Type	Proces	ss name		GPU Memory Usage

Create a Python Virtual Environment: It's a good practice to use a virtual environment to avoid conflicts between dependencies.

python3 -m venv jaxvenv source jaxvenv/bin/activate

Install Required Packages: Install TensorFlow (for TensorBoard) and JAX, ensuring that JAX is set up with GPU support.

```
pip install tf-nightly tbp-nightly pip install --upgrade "jax[cuda12_pip]" -f https://storage.googleapis.com/jax-releases/jax_cuda_releases.html
```

Verify JAX GPU Backend: After installation, verify that JAX is configured to use the GPU backend.

```
python -c "import jax; print(f'Jax backend: {jax.default_backend()}')"
```

Step 2: Create and Run a Test Script

Next, you'll create a simple script to test the profiling setup. This script sets up a basic JAX computation and profiles it using XProf OSS. Once the script is created, you can execute it to generate profiling data.

```
cat << EOF > test.py
import jax
from jax import numpy as jnp
@jax.named call
def foo(x, y):
  return (x + y) / 2.
@jax.jit
def bar(a):
  def foo2(x, y):
     return foo(x, y), None
  out, _ = jax.lax.scan(foo2, 0., a)
  return out
a = jnp.array([1., 2., 3., 4., 5.])
print(jax.devices())
jax.profiler.start trace('/tmp/tensorboard')
with jax.profiler.StepTraceAnnotation('step', step_num=0): # JIT warm-up
  out = bar(a)
with jax.profiler.StepTraceAnnotation('step', step_num=1):
  out = bar(a)
out.block_until_ready()
jax.profiler.stop_trace()
EOF
python3 test.py
```

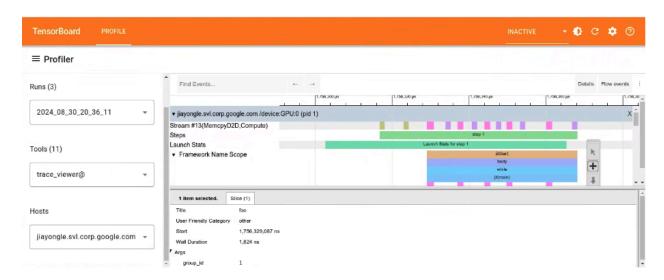
Step 3: Visualize the Profiling Data with TensorBoard

Now that you have the profiling data, you can visualize it using TensorBoard.

1. Launch TensorBoard: Start TensorBoard and point it to the directory where the profiling data was saved.

```
sh> tensorboard --port 6006 --logdir /tmp/tensorboard
```

2. Access TensorBoard: Open your web browser and navigate to http://localhost:6006 to see the profiling results.



Step 4: Run an Additional Example

For a more complex example, you can run a script that uses the MNIST dataset.

1. Install Additional Dependencies: Install TensorFlow datasets, which include the MNIST dataset.

pip install tensorflow_datasets

2. Download and Run the MNIST Script: Download the mnist.py script from the provided GitHub link and run it.

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jiayongle/colabs/main/python/mnist.py python3 mnist.py

3. Access TensorBoard: Open your web browser and navigate to http://localhost:6006 to see the profiling results.

