

# Lab 6: Perform SMTP Enumeration

## Lab Scenario

As an ethical hacker or penetration tester, the next step is to perform SMTP enumeration. SMTP enumeration is performed to obtain a list of valid users, delivery addresses, message recipients on an SMTP server.

## Lab Objectives

- Perform SMTP enumeration using Nmap

## Overview of SMTP Enumeration

The Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) is an internet standard based communication protocol for electronic mail transmission. Mail systems commonly use SMTP with POP3 and IMAP, which enable users to save messages in the server mailbox and download them from the server when necessary. SMTP uses mail exchange (MX) servers to direct mail via DNS. It runs on TCP port 25, 2525, or 587.

### Task 1: Perform SMTP Enumeration using Nmap

The Nmap scripting engine can be used to enumerate the SMTP service running on the target system, to obtain information about all the user accounts on the SMTP server.

Here, we will use the Nmap to perform SMTP enumeration.

1. In the **Parrot Security** machine, open a **Terminal** window and execute **sudo su** to run the programs as a root user (When prompted, enter the password **toor**).
2. Run **nmap -p 25 --script=smtp-enum-users [Target IP Address]** command (here, the target IP address is **10.10.1.19**).

**-p:** specifies the port, and **--script:** argument is used to run a given script (here, the script is **smtp-enum-users**).

3. The result appears displaying a list of all the possible mail users on the target machine (**10.10.1.19**), as shown in the screenshot below.

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "nmap -p 25 --script=smtp-enum-users 10.10.1.19 - Parrot Terminal". The terminal session starts with the user "attacker" at the root prompt, entering "sudo su" to become root. The command "#nmap -p 25 --script=smtp-enum-users 10.10.1.19" is run, followed by the output of the Nmap scan report for the target host "www.goodshopping.com" (10.10.1.19). The host is up with 0.00058s latency. The scan results show port 25/tcp is open and the service is smtp. The script "smtp-enum-users" found the following users:

PORT	STATE	SERVICE
25/tcp	open	smtp
_ smtp-enum-users:		
root		
admin		
administrator		
webadmin		
sysadmin		
netadmin		
guest		
user		
web		
_ test		

MAC Address: 02:15:5D:64:A2:27 (Unknown)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.25 seconds

At the bottom of the terminal window, there is a menu bar with "Menu" and "nmap -p25 --script=s...".

4. Run **nmap -p 25 --script=smtp-open-relay [Target IP Address]** command (here, the target IP address is **10.10.1.19**).

**-p:** specifies the port, and **--script:** argument is used to run a given script (here, the script is **smtp-open-relay**).

5. The result appears displaying a list of open SMTP relays on the target machine (**10.10.1.19**), as shown in the screenshot below.

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "nmap -p 25 --script=smtp-open-relay 10.10.1.19 - Parrot Terminal". The terminal displays the following output:

```
| administrator
| webadmin
| sysadmin
| netadmin
| guest
| user
| web
|- test
MAC Address: 02:15:5D:64:A2:27 (Unknown)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.25 seconds
[root@parrot]~[~/home/attacker]
[root@parrot]~[~/home/attacker]# nmap -p 25 --script=smtp-open-relay 10.10.1.19
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-03-15 08:31 EDT
Nmap scan report for www.goodshopping.com (10.10.1.19)
Host is up (0.00048s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
25/tcp    open  smtp
|_smtp-open-relay: Server is an open relay (14/16 tests)
MAC Address: 02:15:5D:64:A2:27 (Unknown)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.28 seconds
[root@parrot]~[~/home/attacker]
[root@parrot]~[~/home/attacker]#
```

6. Run **nmap -p 25 --script=smtp-commands [Target IP Address]** command (here, the target IP address is **10.10.1.19**).

**-p**: specifies the port, and **--script**: argument is used to run a given script (here, the script is **smtp-commands**).

7. A list of all the SMTP commands available in the Nmap directory appears. You can further explore the commands to obtain more information on the target host.

The screenshot shows a terminal window on a Parrot OS desktop environment. The title bar reads "nmap -p 25 --script=smtp-commands 10.10.1.19 - Parrot Terminal". The terminal output is as follows:

```
Host is up (0.00048s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
25/tcp    open  smtp
|_smtp-open-relay: Server is an open relay (14/16 tests)
MAC Address: 02:15:5D:64:A2:27 (Unknown)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.28 seconds
[root@parrot]~[/home/attacker]
[root@parrot]# nmap -p 25 --script=smtp-commands 10.10.1.19
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-03-15 08:32 EDT
Nmap scan report for www.goodshopping.com (10.10.1.19)
Host is up (0.00083s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
25/tcp    open  smtp
| smtp-commands: Server2019 Hello [10.10.1.13], TURN, SIZE 2097152, ETRN, PIPELINING, DSN, ENHANCEDST
ATUSCODES, 8bitmime, BINARYMIME, CHUNKING, VRFY, OK
|_ This server supports the following commands: HELO EHLO STARTTLS RCPT DATA RSET MAIL QUIT HELP AUTH
  TURN ETRN BDAT VRFY
MAC Address: 02:15:5D:64:A2:27 (Unknown)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.23 seconds
[root@parrot]~[/home/attacker]
[root@parrot]#
```

8. Using this information, the attackers can perform password spraying attacks to gain unauthorized access to the user accounts.
9. This concludes the demonstration of SMTP enumeration using Nmap.
10. Close all open windows and document all the acquired information.

#### Question 4.6.1.1

Use the Nmap to perform SMTP enumeration to enumerate the list of all the possible mail users on the Windows Server 2019 machine. Enter the number of users enumerated on the target machine