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China 2023

Large-Scale Financial-Grade Platform Engineering Practice in China Merchants Bank

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Speaker





Jiahang Xu China Merchants Bank(招商银行)

System Architect

Jiahang Xu is a System Architect at China Merchants Bank. He has over 14 years of unique cross-domain experience working in telecom, automotive, financial industry, startup as a co-founder, and KubeVela maintainer. He's mainly focused on cloud-native application technology practice in recent years. He is seasoned in the application management system and responsible for building large-scale financial platform engineering China Merchants Bank

Agenda

00 Intro: A Reference Case

01 Background

02 Platform Engineering 101

03 Platform Engineering CMB Practice

04 Platform Engineering Engine (KubeVela)







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Intro: A Reference Case

Intro | Automotive Platform



Automotive Modularization Trend Research Report, 2021

May 2021

The demand for **low-cost and short development cycles** of new models promotes the development of automotive modular platforms.

An automotive modular platform includes the design and assembly of all sub-systems of a car in a modular manner, and the **standardized** design and production of auto parts in the form of **modules**, and the final "assembly" according to the positioning of **models**.

Car Modeling & Separation of Concerns



SOP based on Model

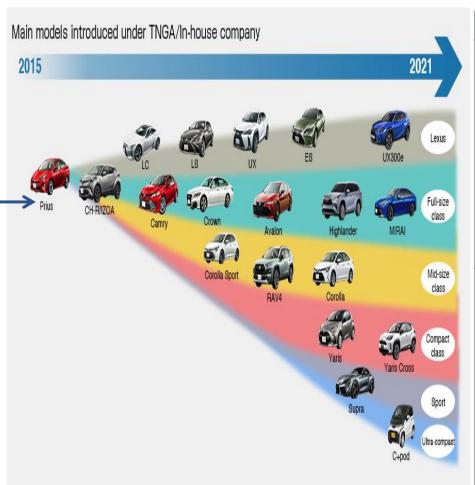
Making Ever-better Cars: Toyota's Approach and Structure **TNGA** In-house Company System Structure Work Process Individual ⇒ Aspects of king based on the customer's perspec ecision making by in-house company president car tailored optimization to market Making needs distinctive cars or customer tastes One team uniting four ⇒ Total Total optimization functions Making better optimization · Faster decision making · Streamlined planning/ products and through development practicing smart standardiza Reduced need to Vehicle Development Criter re-do work sharing

Automotive Platform | Implementation of Platform Engineering



Toyota New Global Architecture (TNGA) platform





Automotive Modular Platforms of Major Automakers in the World

	Automakers	Main Modular Platforms/Architectures				
Foreign	Volkswagen	MQB, MLB, MSB, PPE, MMB, MEB				
	Toyota	TNGA, e-TNGA				
	Renault-Nissan	CMF, CMF-EV				
	BMW	CLAR, ULK				
	Benz	MFA, MRA, MHA, MSA, MEA				
	Hyundai	E-GMP, i-GMP				
	GM	BEV3				
	PSA	CMP, EMP2				
Domestic	Geely	AMA, BMA, CMA, DMA, PMA, SEA				
	GAC	GPMA, GEP				
	Great Wall	Lemon, Tank				
	Chery	@LIFE, T1X, M1X, A3X, M3X, NEV				
	Changan	P1, P2, P3, P4, Ark, EPA0, EPA1, EPA2				
	BYD	e-Platform				
	BAIC	BMFA, BE22, IMC				
	FAW Car Besturn	FMA				

Source: ResearchInChina





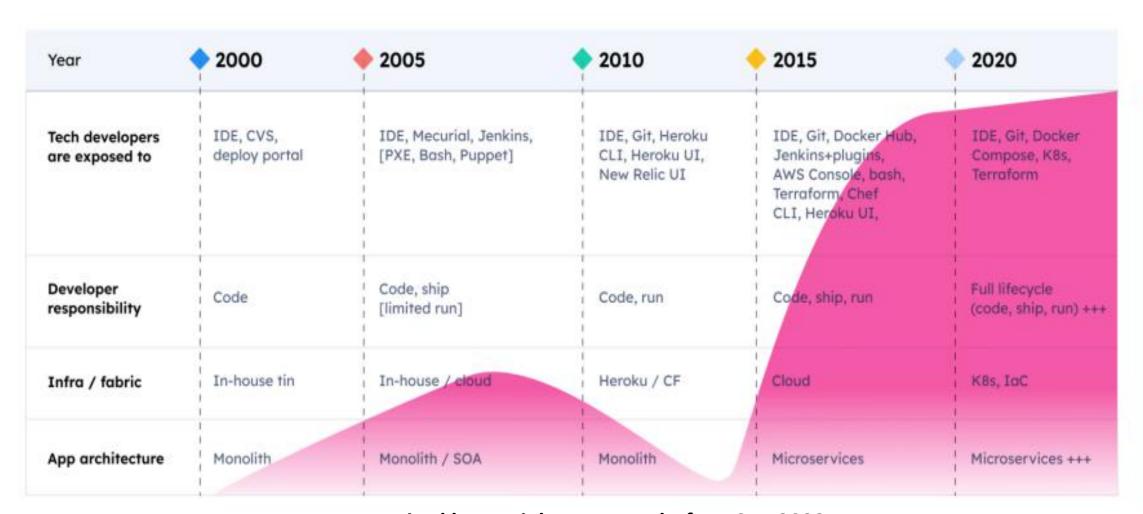


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Background

Why now?

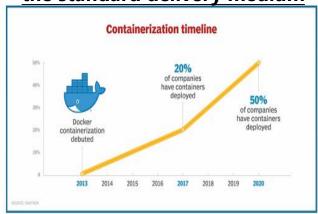


Inspired by Daniel Bryant at PlatformCon 2022

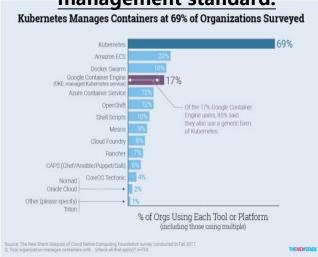
Why now? 2015-now



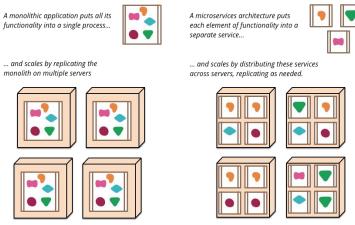
Containers: the standard delivery medium



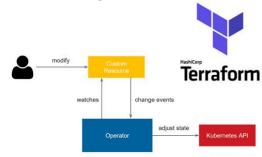
K8s: cloud application resource management standard.



Microservices: standard practice for cloud application



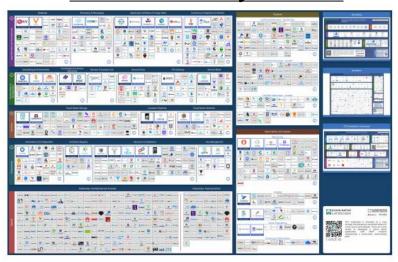
Infrastructure as code: standard practice for automation



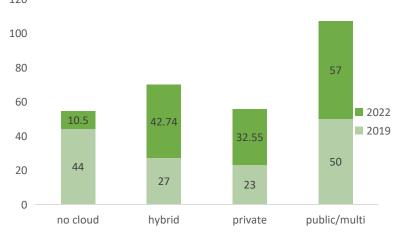
K8s CRD Operator: 自动化的运维模型

Infrastructure as Code: 基础设施即代码

CNCF: Community Evolution



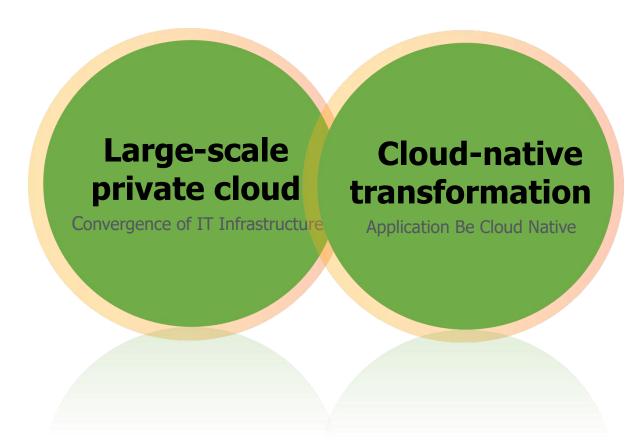
Enterprise Cloud Adoption (%)



DORA 2022 State of DevOps Report

CMB Challenge



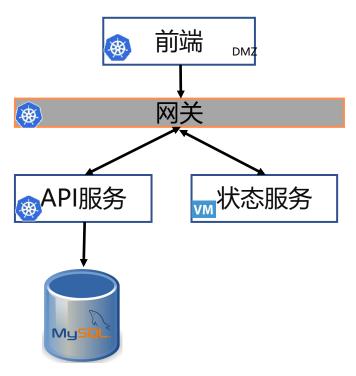


Complexity **Efficiency Stability**

CMB Challenge



- > In the current cloud environment, developers have more and more concerns. They are responsible for application development, delivery, and operation, and their functional boundaries are becoming longer.
- > The complexity of cloud infrastructure is exposed to developers, who must face various technical details of the cloud. Microservices have long associated links and involve multiple organizations, which affects operational efficiency and troubleshooting.



举例: 简单业务场景

应用管理 生命周期	虚拟机应用	容器化应用	数据库、 中间件等	应用用云复杂度	
应用初始化	系统\子系统、发布单元、服务 略、重要性等级等				
	按租户、Quota申请计算 (虚机)、网络(Vnet、 SLB、SubNet、PIP、NAT) 存储	按容器租户、Quota申请命名空间,申请微服务租户。	mysql架构选型、 资源评审,资源申 请。	行内应用开发运维人员 目前至少要掌握 60 +	
应用配置	配置文件路径及文件格式, SLB、后端池、出入站规则、 健康探测规则等。应用配置 自行管理	ENV、Secret、ConfigMap、 Mount、ENVREf、CMD、内部路由svc、路由route、容器端口、健康探针、优雅停、微服务配置等等各类yaml	应用正确配置db链接池,解决数据库sql兼容性问题。	(不含编程领域)不同 门类用云领域知识,使 用超过多个应用相关平 台,才可能胜任云应用 开发运维。	
应用部署	编写部署脚本,设置自启动 服务,切换回退自行实现。	depoyment、job、cronjob等, 弹性、灰度、域名访问、网络 安全扫描、DNS上线	sql发布等、防火 墙开通	用云复杂性,造成应用业务连续性保障难度大	
应用运维、 监控、排障		用日志、应用链路、应用指标。 络问题需联系平台及网络团队排	联系DBA进行故障 定位分析		

开发人员需要掌握的用云知识



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Platform Engineering 101

Why Platform? What is it?



Platform Aims to Solve:

- 1. **Reduce the cognitive load on product teams** and thereby accelerate product development and delivery
- 2. **Improve reliability and resiliency of products** relying on platform capabilities by dedicating experts to configure and manage them
- 3. **Accelerate product development and delivery** by reusing and sharing platform tools and knowledge across many teams in an enterprise
- 4. **Reduce risk of security, regulatory and functional issues** in products and services by governing platform capabilities and the users, tools and processes surrounding them
- 5. **Enable cost-effective and productive use** of services from public clouds and other managed offerings by enabling delegation of implementations to those providers while maintaining control over user experience

A cloud-native computing platform is an integrated collection of capabilities defined and presented according to the needs of the platform's users. It is a cross-cutting layer that ensures a consistent experience for acquiring and integrating typical capabilities and services for a broad set of applications and use cases. A good platform provides consistent user experiences for using and managing its capabilities and services, such as Web portals, project templates, and self-service APIs.

Attributes of platforms



- **Platform as a product.** A platform exists to serve the requirements of its users and it should be designed and evolved based on those requirements, similar to any other software products.
- **User experience.** A platform should offer its capabilities through consistent interfaces and focus on the user experience.
- **Self-service with golden path.** A platform should be self-serviceable. Such a workflow could be offered with an initial project template and documentation, a bundle often described as a golden path.
- Reduced cognitive load for users. An essential goal of a platform is to reduce the cognitive load on product teams.
- **Optional and composable.** Platforms are intended to make product development more efficient, so they must not be an impediment.
- **Secure by default.** A platform should be secure by default and offer capabilities to ensure compliance and validation based on rules and standards defined by the organization.

Platform Team



Platform teams are responsible for

- the interfaces to and experiences with platform capabilities like Web portals, custom APIs, and golden path templates.
- On one hand, platform teams work with those teams implementing infrastructure and supporting services to define consistent experiences;
- on the other, they work with product and user teams to gather feedback and ensure those experiences meet requirements.



Keypoints:

- ✓ Standardzation
- ✓ SOP(Golden Path)
- **✓ Reverse Conway Manoeuvre**





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Standardzation | OAM



- OAM provides a standardized cloud capability supply paradigm for the Platform team. The Platform team studies user demands, abstracts and encapsulates cloud capabilities, and uses OAM for standardized supply:
 - Defining workloads: abstracting and encapsulating the basic capabilities and implementation details of the cloud;
 - Defining operational characteristics: abstracting and encapsulating the basic capabilities of the cloud and operational automation;
 - Implementing controller: implementing corresponding controllers through the OAM engine.

```
apiVersion: core.oam.dev/v1
kind: WorkloadType
                                        Define APIServer
metadata:
 name: APIServer
                                        workload base on
spec:
                                        k8s的deployment
 workload:
   definition:
     apiVersion: apps/v1
     kind: Deployment
 schematic:

    deployment:

      image: xxx/wsstudent 20230314 01
     rollingUpdate:
       maxSurge: 25%
       maxUnavailable: 25%
     restartPolicy: Always
      schedulerName: default-scheduler
apiVersion: core.oam.cmb/v1
                                         Define route trait for
kind: TraitDefinition
metadata:
                                         APIServer
 name: route
spec:
 appliesToWorkloads:

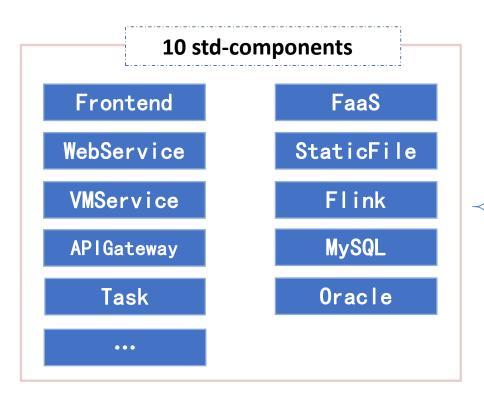
    APIServer

 controlPlaneOnly: true
 schematic:
   - ingress:
       domain: component.paas.cmbchian.cn
       port: 8080
       loadBalance: round-robin
                                          Define a route with
    - service
                                          internet access will
    - fqdn
                                          automatically initiate
   if accessPolicy != internet
                                          security scanning and
     - internetAccess
         tls: true
                                          open DNS for public
                                          access.
     - securityScan
```

Standardzation | App Modeling



- > Application developers select workloads based on business application scenarios.
- For example, for a backend service that accepts API requests, WebService can be used.



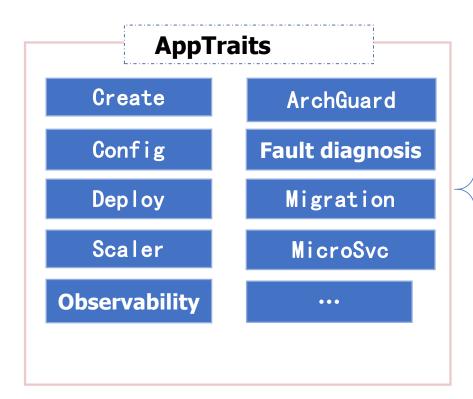
- **Frontend**: Developed using frontend frameworks like React, runs through containers, and can be accessed through domain names.
- **WebService**: Developed using cloud frameworks, accepts API requests, has no state, and runs through containers.
- APIGateway: A microservice gateway with full capabilities, supporting configuration and custom extensions, and can be accessed through domain names.
- **Task**: Provides standardized and easy-to-use "one-time" and "periodic" tasks, but does not provide API access.
- **FaaS**: Provides standardized and easy-to-use function-as-a-service.
- StaticFile: Provides standardized and easy-to-use static file server capabilities, supports OSS and CDN.
- **Flink**: Implemented based on Flink on Kubernetes, with low threshold for using Flink capabilities.
- MySQL and Oracle: Databases providing application, script publishing, and observability.
- **VMService**: Implements ACS virtual machine publishing using Kubernetes mechanisms, with standardized processes and low usage thresholds.

...

Standardzation | Ops Capabilities



> Traits are application management capabilities that are attached to standard workloads, carrying standardized cloud and operational automation capabilities.



- **Application creation**: Supports "one-stop" creation of cloud-native applications, service units, release units, and resources for the entire environment (DEV-ST-UAT-PRD).
- **Configuration management**: Supports versioned configuration management for full configuration hosting.
- Gray release: Provides standardized platform-level gray release capabilities with real-time observation during the process.
- Elastic scaling: Supports periodic and metric elasticity with dynamic JVM parameter adjustment.
- Application observability: Integrates logs, links, metrics, and alarms for observability.
- **Runtime architecture guardianship**: Dynamically updates runtime call topology and system architecture.
- Fault diagnosis: Quickly locates faults and guides switching and isolation.
- Application migration: Supports migration at the service unit level within and across systems with automation and resource recycling.
- **Microservice governance**: Provides API-level control, observable traffic governance, and transaction management.

SOP(Golden Path)





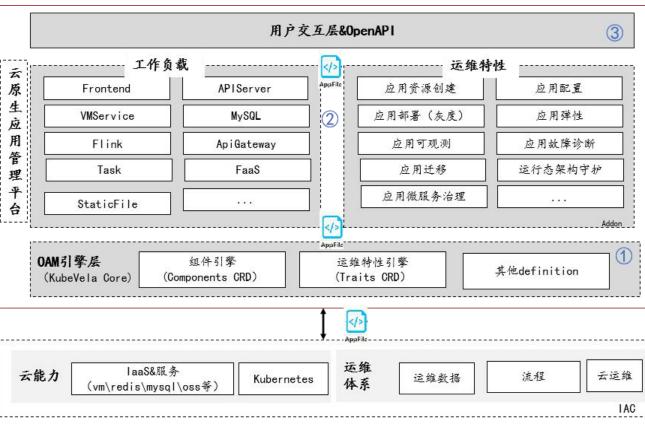
- Create App by Type
- Config App with Version
- Deploy with Policy(Canary, Rolling, Assembly)
- AppCost with Elastic
- Observability with telemetry std-out
- Issue diagnose and performance profile,
- Security Policy As Code(IAM)
- Migration Automation

Reference Architecture



The platform serves as a bridge from the underlying "capability provider" to platform users such as application developers, and implements and executes the practices required for security, performance, cost governance, and consistent experience in the process.





RefArch CNCF Platform Engineering White-Paper

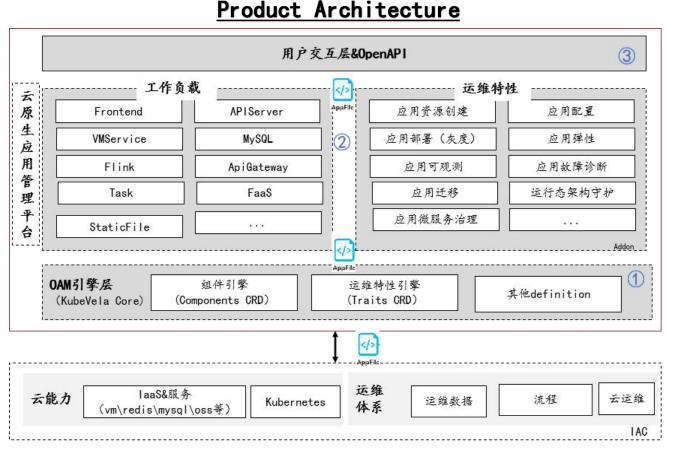
TargetArch
CMB Cloud App Platform

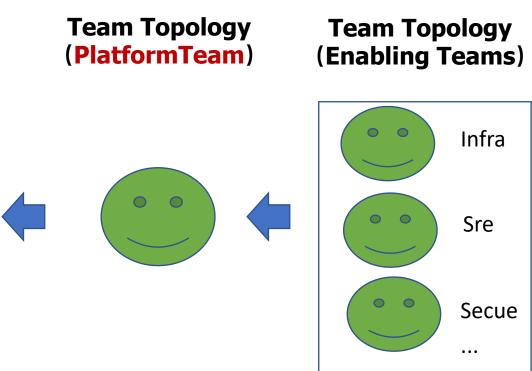
Team Topology | Reverse Conway Manoeuvre



Any organization that designs a system (defined broadly) will produce a design whose structure is a copy of the organization's communication structure.

Conway's law





"Adjusting logic organizational structure for software (product) architecture"

Reverse Conway Manoeuvre

Benefit



Complexity

Stability

Efficiency

AppManagement

Hrs->Mins

(Rookie)

OpsTime

Down

AdoptionRate

PRD>63%

(Half-Year)

LegacyTool

All in One

MTTR Down

Converage >5500 Devs

Capabilities Matrix

<u></u>												
Trait compon	Init	Config	CI	Deploy	Elastic	MicroSvc	Migration	MultiEnv	Observe	Dignostics	Arch Guard	11
Frontend	1	1	1	√ ∗	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	V	
APIServer	✓	✓	1	√ *	✓	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
VMService	1	✓	1	√ *	✓		✓	V	✓	✓	✓	
MySQL		✓	1	SQL				✓	✓	✓	1	
Oracle		1	1	SQL				✓	✓	✓	V	
Flink	✓	✓	1	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
APIGateway	1	1	1	√ ∗	1	✓	V	✓	V	✓	1	
Task	√	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
FaaS	1	1	1	1					✓			
StaticFile	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓			



Platform Engineering Engine (KubeVela)

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Speaker





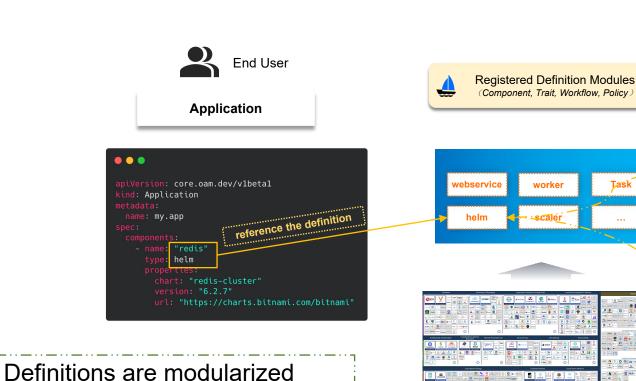
Qingguo Zeng Alibaba Cloud(阿里云智能) Senior Engineer

Qingguo Zeng (nickname: Yueda) is a Senior Engineer at Alibaba Cloud, currently responsible for OAM/KubeVela products and open source community evangelism, has been engaged in cloud-native, application delivery, observability, open-source field research and practice for many years, and is committed to promoting cloud-native application standardization and cloud-native technology "Personalization".

How KubeVela extension works

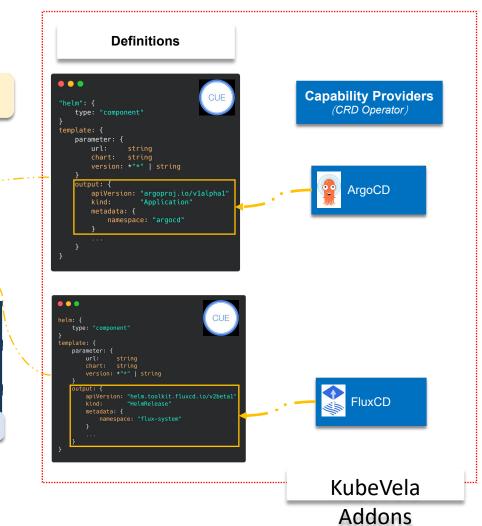






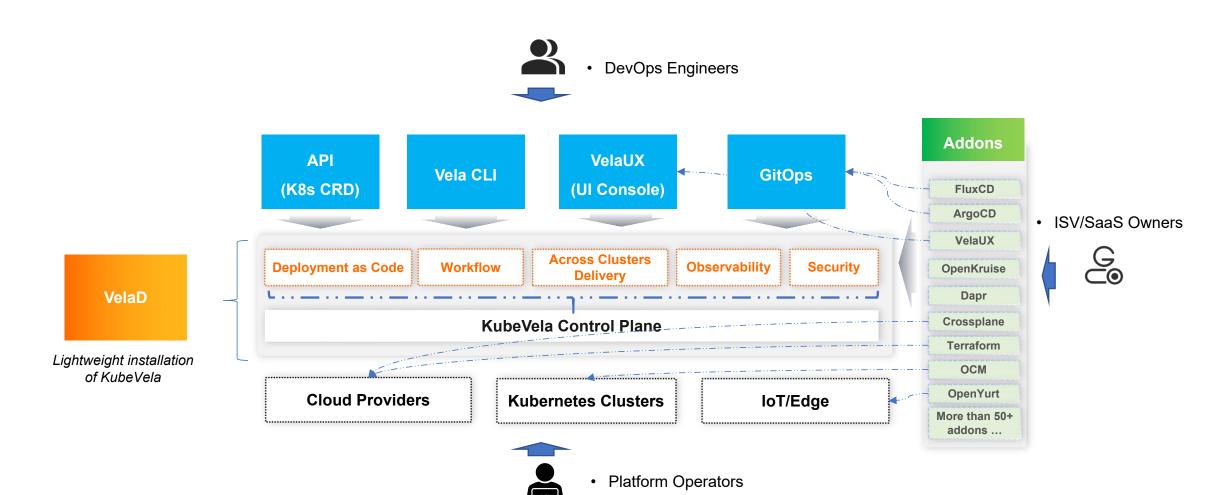
CNCF Ecosystem

capabilities:
1) Discoverable
2) Reusable
3) Implementation Agnostic



How KubeVela built on top of the extensibility





KubeVela Demo



