

포물선을 그려볼 것

$$y = 3x^2 + 6x + 7$$

$$= 3(x^2 + 2x + \square - \square) + 7$$

$$(x+a)^2$$

$$= x^2 + 2ax + a^2$$

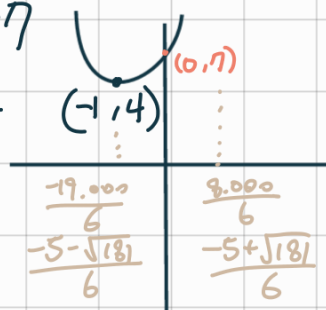
$$= 3(x+1)^2 - 3 + 7$$

$$= 3(x+1)^2 + 4$$

$$y = 3x^2 \rightarrow$$

$$x \text{축 } -1$$

$$y \text{축 } 4$$



싹: 근(해)이 없다

위와

$$y = x + 20 \text{ 이 만나는 교점은?}$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$y = 3x^2 + 6x + 7 = x + 20$$

$$3x^2 + 5x - 13 = 0$$

$$y = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$\rightarrow 25 - 4$ 양수이므로 해가 있는 것!

$$\frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 4 \times 3 \times 13}}{6}$$

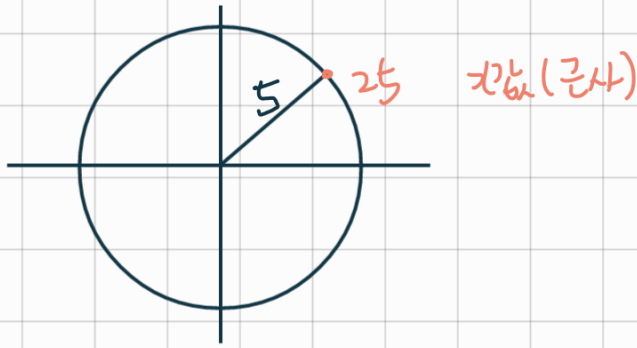
$$\frac{12}{13} \quad \sqrt{181}$$

원의 방정식

$$x^2 + y^2 = 25$$

$$y = x + 2$$

교점은?



$$\textcircled{1} (a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$-b \pm \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$(x+2)^2 + x^2 = 25$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 + x^2 = 25$$

$$2x^2 + 4x - 21 = 0$$

$$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 4 \times 2 \times 21}}{4} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{184}}{4} = \frac{-4 \pm 14}{4}$$

$$y = -x^2 + 2x + 2$$

$$y = 2x$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -x^2 + 2x + 2 & = & 0 \\ 2x & = & 0 \end{array}$$

$$-x^2 + 2 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 2$$

$$x = \sqrt{2}$$

$$y = \pm 2\sqrt{2}$$

T. ver

$$= -(x^2 - 2x + 1 - 1) + 2$$

$$= -(x-1)^2 + 3$$

