CRISPR analysis with Bioconductor

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This vignette is based on a web page of Bioinformatics Resource Centre at Rockefeller University and it show how to use several Bioconductor packages in the analysis of data from a CrispR screen.

First steps

We start from setting the working directory and downloading the data if not downloaded already.

Quality control of fastq data

We may inspect several metrics of data quality. For larger data sets, we use random sampling that yields sufficiently accurate results, while time consuming steps may be avoided if data has clearly low quality.

```
require(ShortRead)
CRfile <- wdf("PinAPL-Py-master/Data/Tox-A_R01_98_S2_L008_R1_001_x.fastq.gz")
fqSample <- FastqSampler(CRfile,n=10^5)
fastq <- yield(fqSample)
fastq # check sample statistic</pre>
```

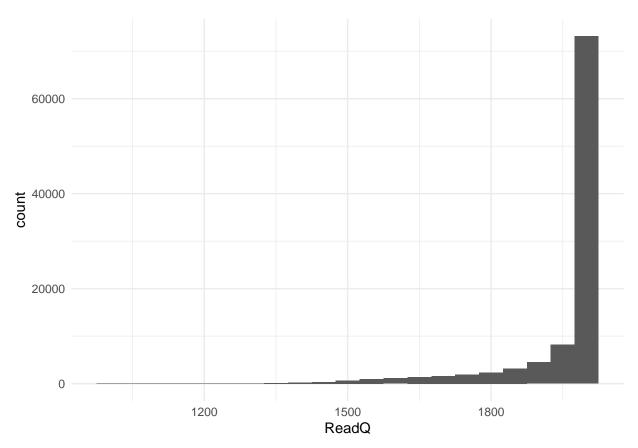
```
## class: ShortReadQ
## length: 100000 reads; width: 50 cycles
```

Now we use so-called accessor functions. The choice of bin width corresponds to the average bin quality rounded down to integer.

```
readQuality <- quality(fastq)
readQualities <- alphabetScore(readQuality)
readQualities[1:14]</pre>
```

[1] 1282 2020 1095 2020 1983 1912 2016 2020 2020 2020 2016 2011 2020 2016

```
require(ggplot2)
toPlot <- data.frame(ReadQ=readQualities)
ggplot(toPlot,aes(x=ReadQ))+geom_histogram(binwidth=50)+theme_minimal()</pre>
```

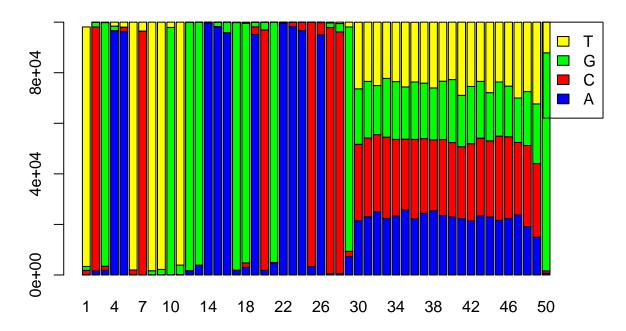


Q40 quality can be optimistic, so other measures can be more reliable, like how close the distribution of nucleotides on read position is close to what we can expect.

```
cycle
##
                                                                     [,9] [,10]
  alphabet
              [,1]
                     [,2]
                            [,3]
                                   [,4]
                                          [,5]
                                                [,6]
                                                       [,7]
                                                              [,8]
##
##
                            1875 96536 96272
                                                                33
                                                                       36
                                                                62
                                                                       46
##
              1756 96501
                                         1602
                                                1910 96356
                                                                              14
                            1579
                                    107
##
           G
              1541
                     1809 96369
                                   1773
                                           156
                                                   28
                                                         97
                                                              1581
                                                                    2109 97840
##
           T 94731
                                   1584
                                         1967 98015
                                                       3517 98324 97809
                                                                           2091
                      111
                             177
```

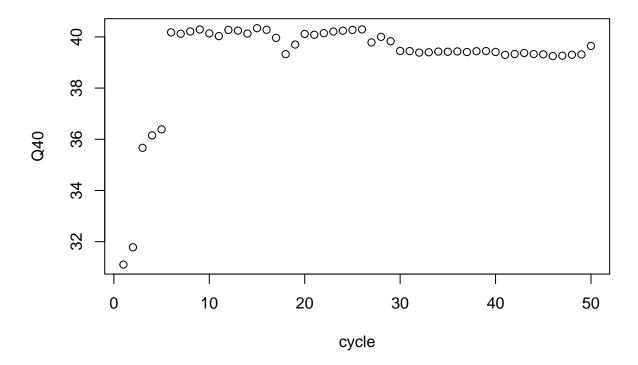
We can use barplot to visualize the distribution of the read frequencies. We see the reads have a constant prefix used to precipitate selectively DNA with guiding sequences, and a variable part, guiding sequences themselves, and effects of contamination as minorities in the prefix.

Nucleotide Counts by Cycle



The initial cycle may be affected by low quality rather than contamination, that can be checked as follows

```
qualAsMatrix <- as(readQuality,"matrix")
toPlot <- colMeans(qualAsMatrix)
plot(toPlot, xlab = "cycle", ylab = "Q40")</pre>
```



The conclusion here is that quality is fine, but in mapping tolerating one mismatch and trimming first two cycles can be considered.

Aligning single data file

The further analysis requires to align reads to the sgRNA require to quantify sgRNA abundance in our samples. We start by retrieving and indexing the reference.

```
GeCKO <- read.delim(wdf("PinAPL-py_demo_data/GeCKOv21_Human.tsv"))</pre>
GeCKO[1:2,]
     gene_id
##
                        UID
                                               seq
## 1
        A1BG HGLibA_00001 GTCGCTGAGCTCCGATTCGA
## 2
        A1BG HGLibA_00002 ACCTGTAGTTGCCGGCGTGC
require(Biostrings)
sgRNAs <- DNAStringSet(GeCKO$seq)</pre>
names(sgRNAs) <- GeCKO$UID</pre>
writeXStringSet(sgRNAs, file=wdf("GeCKO.fa")) # sgRNA reference
Index <- wdf("GeCKO")</pre>
Index.fa <- paste0(Index,".fa")</pre>
require(Rsubread)
buildindex(Index,Index.fa, indexSplit=FALSE)
```

```
##
                                                       /____ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / _ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / _ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / _ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _
##
                                                      ##
                                                       ##
##
                                                      |____/ \___/|_ \_\___/
##
                        ========
##
##
## //========================= \\
## ||
                                                                                                                                                                                     | |
## ||
                                              Index name : GeCKO
                                                                                                                                                                                     \prod
                                            Index space : base space
                                                                                                                                                                                     | | |
## ||
                                            Index split : no-split
                                                                                                                                                                                     II
## ||
                                 Repeat threshold: 100 repeats
## ||
                                          Gapped index : no
                                                                                                                                                                                     11
## ||
## ||
                          Free / total memory : 4.1GB / 16.0GB
                                                                                                                                                                                     11
                                                                                                                                                                                     П
                                            Input files : 1 file in total
## ||
                                                                                                                                                                                     II
## ||
                                                                           o GeCKO.fa
                                                                                                                                                                                     II
                                                                                                                                                                                     \Pi
## \\-----//
## ||
## || Check the integrity of provided reference sequences ...
                                                                                                                                                                                     II
## || No format issues were found
                                                                                                                                                                                     | |
## || Scan uninformative subreads in reference sequences ...
                                                                                                                                                                                     П
## || Estimate the index size...
                                                                                                                                                                                     | | |
## || 3.0 GB of memory is needed for index building.
                                                                                                                                                                                     П
## || Build the index...
                                                                                                                                                                                     | | |
## || Save current index block...
                                                                                                                                                                                     II
## || [ 0.0% finished ]
                                                                                                                                                                                     П
             [ 10.0% finished ]
                                                                                                                                                                                     П
              [ 20.0% finished ]
             [ 30.0% finished ]
                                                                                                                                                                                     11
             [ 40.0% finished ]
## ||
             [ 50.0% finished ]
                                                                                                                                                                                     \Pi
              [ 60.0% finished ]
                                                                                                                                                                                     \Pi
              [ 70.0% finished ]
## ||
                                                                                                                                                                                     | |
              [ 80.0% finished ]
                                                                                                                                                                                     | | |
              [ 90.0% finished ]
                                                                                                                                                                                     | | |
              [ 100.0% finished ]
## ||
                                                                                                                                                                                     | | |
## ||
                                                                                                                                                                                     | | |
## ||
                                                            Total running time: 0.2 minutes.
                                                                                                                                                                                     П
## ||
                            Index /Users/jieun/Work/Crispr/GeCKO was successfully built.
```

Now the test alignment

```
unique=TRUE,
nBestLocations=1,
type = "DNA",
maxMismatches = 0,
TH1=1)
```

```
##
##
                    ##
                    ##
                    ##
                    ##
                    |____/ \___/|_ \_\___/
##
##
##
## //========================= \\
## ||
                                                                    \Pi
## || Function
               : Read alignment (DNA-Seq)
                                                                    | |
## || Input file
                : Control_R1_S14_L008_R1_001_x.fastq.gz
                                                                    \Pi
## || Output file : Control_R1_S14_L008_R1_001_x.bam (BAM)
                                                                    \Pi
## || Index name : GeCKO
                                                                    П
## ||
                                                                    \Pi
## ||
                                                                    | |
## ||
                                                                    \Pi
                              Threads: 4
## ||
                                                                    | |
                         Phred offset: 33
## ||
                                                                    II
## ||
                            Min votes : 1 / 10
                                                                    | | |
## ||
                        Max mismatches : 0
                                                                    \Pi
                      Max indel length: 5
## ||
                                                                    | | |
             Report multi-mapping reads : no
                                                                    II
## || Max alignments per multi-mapping read : 1
                                                                    II
## ||
                                                                    11
## //=========== Running (14-Apr-2025 21:01:10, pid=8946) =====================\\
## ||
                                                                    \Pi
## || Check the input reads.
                                                                    \Pi
## || The input file contains base space reads.
                                                                    | |
## || Initialise the memory objects.
                                                                    \Pi
## || Estimate the mean read length.
                                                                    | |
## || The range of Phred scores observed in the data is [2,41]
                                                                    \Pi
## || Create the output BAM file.
                                                                    | |
## || Check the index.
                                                                    | | |
## || Init the voting space.
                                                                    | | |
## || Global environment is initialised.
                                                                    II
## || Load the 1-th index block...
                                                                    | |
## || The index block has been loaded.
                                                                    II
## || Start read mapping in chunk.
                                                                    II
       5% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=79.2k reads per second
## ||
                                                                    \Pi
## ||
      12% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=132.4k reads per second
                                                                    \Pi
## ||
      18% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=184.1k reads per second
                                                                    \Pi
## ||
      24% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=231.0k reads per second
                                                                   | | |
## ||
      31% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=268.6k reads per second
                                                                    \Pi
```

```
##
        37% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=303.5k reads per second
                                                                                       \Pi
##
   11
        44% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=338.0k reads per second
                                                                                       II
##
   11
        51% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=367.2k reads per second
                                                                                       II
        57% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=389.8k reads per second
                                                                                       II
##
   11
##
   11
        64% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=410.8k reads per second
                                                                                       | |
        70% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=2.8k reads per second
##
   | | |
                                                                                       | | |
        73% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=2.9k reads per second
##
   | | |
                                                                                       II
        76% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=3.0k reads per second
##
                                                                                       | |
##
        80% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=3.2k reads per second
                                                                                       II
##
   11
        83% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=3.3k reads per second
                                                                                       | | |
        86% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=3.4k reads per second
                                                                                       \Pi
        90% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=3.6k reads per second
                                                                                       | | |
##
##
        93% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=3.7k reads per second
                                                                                       II
        96% completed, 2.1 mins elapsed, rate=3.8k reads per second
##
                                                                                       | | |
                                                                                       \Pi
##
   -11
##
  \Box
                                  Completed successfully.
                                                                                       | | |
##
  -11
                                                                                       | | |
##
##
                                          Summary ========\\
##
  -11
                                                                                       | |
                       Total reads: 500,000
                                                                                       | |
## ||
                                                                                       | |
##
                            Mapped: 413,480 (82.7%)
                   Uniquely mapped: 413,480
##
                                                                                       | | |
                     Multi-mapping: 0
##
                                                                                       | | |
                                                                                       II
                          Unmapped: 86,520
                                                                                       П
##
##
                                                                                       | | |
                            Indels: 0
                                                                                       | | |
## ||
## ||
                                                                                       П
## ||
                      Running time: 2.1 minutes
                                                                                       | | |
##
  - 1 1
                                                                                       II
```

We got 82.7% of uniquely mapped reads, we can test what happens if we allowed number a mismatch by setting maxMismatches = 1. It increases the number of mapped reads by 8000, i.e. 1.6%. However, the reference has sequences of length 20, so the constant prefix is soft-clipped, and one mismatch among 20 or 19 may create data noise that could significantly affect some genes associated with the guiding sequences in the reference.

Quantifying alignment result for a collection of data files

To process bam files we will use packages that work with bam format without decompressing it into sam format. The scheme is that we create a vector of fasta-q files for samples in a CRISPR screen project, and then this vector together with the reference of gRNAs used in the project we create a data frame of counts. For reasons we will see later we do it for two examples.

```
# Files of PinAPL demo
d <- wdf("PinAPL-Py-master/Data/*fastq.gz")
Files <- Sys.glob(d)</pre>
```

Then we apply a "data frame maker" that can be used in other projects too.

```
require(GenomicAlignments)
Files_2_DF <- function(Files,indexFile) {</pre>
  f_no <- length(Files)</pre>
  for (i in seq(1,f_no)) {
    fi <- Files[i]</pre>
    # co <- CrisprCounts(fi,Index)</pre>
    output <- sub("\\.f[^.]*\\.gz$",".bam", Files[i])
    align(indexFile, Files[i], output file=output, nthreads=4, unique=TRUE,
        nBestLocations=1, type = "DNA", maxMismatches = 0, TH1=1)
    # We decided to be most conservative and require that all 20 nucleotides of
    # gRNAs are in the alignment, but one can use different criteria too.
    temp <- readGAlignments(output)</pre>
    # temp <- temp[width(temp) == 20]</pre>
    co <- data.frame(table(seqnames(temp)),row.names = "Var1")</pre>
    if (i == 1)
      DF <- co
    else
      DF <- cbind(DF,co)</pre>
  }
  return(DF)
```

Now we use that code

```
Counts <- Files_2_DF(Files,Index)</pre>
```

head(Counts)

##

##

```
Freq Freq Freq Freq Freq
## HGLibA_00001
             7
                   0
                       3
                           2
                               2
## HGLibA 00002
              0
                   1
                       0
                           0
## HGLibA_00003
                 1 0
                         0 0
              0
## HGLibA 00004
               0
                   9
                       0
                           0
## HGLibA_00005
               8
                           1
                               2
                 1
                     1
## HGLibA_00006
              26
```

Wald test p-value: Group TA vs C
DataFrame with 6 rows and 6 columns

<numeric>

Now we can apply DESeq to find differential guides and genes.

baseMean log2FoldChange

lfcSE

stat

<numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>

pvalue

padj

```
## HGLibB 44908
                  584.528
                                10.06356
                                           2.34056
                                                     4.29964 1.71079e-05 0.773168
## HGLibB_38324
                                                     4.09440 4.23260e-05 0.773168
                  414.723
                                11.15572
                                           2.72463
                  597.672
                                                     3.94402 8.01272e-05 0.773168
## HGLibA 64400
                                11.21560
                                           2.84370
## HGLibB_42762
                  192.966
                                11.20402
                                                     3.91383 9.08433e-05 0.773168
                                           2.86267
## HGLibB 45454
                  115.173
                                10.31713
                                           2.85665
                                                     3.61161 3.04296e-04
                                                                          0.773168
## HGLibB 23505
                                 9.73169
                                                     3.57025 3.56642e-04 0.773168
                  159.617
                                           2.72577
```

Note that fold changes of top gRNA's are "decent" but adjusted p-values are not. Later we will see the reason. In general, DESeq is not recommended for CRISPR screens because interpretation of the read counts is different, we want to know essential genes in the screen context, not "differentially expressed". Thus we will try to apply recommended

```
require(CRISPRcleanR)
data(GeCKO_Library_v2) # GeCKO reference processed for use with CRISPRcleanR
```

With CRISPRcleanR (ccr from now) annotation for our CRISPR platform, we edit Counts to Counts.ccr, a format required by ccr. Some sgRNA rows will be removed, 1000 of them are for control sgRNAs, and a few for genes. The issue of annotating sgRNAs for those genes will be left for later and now we will remove them from consideration:

It does not work. Probably the issue lies in very poor correlation of control samples, i.e. 0.13, compared to correlations within other pairs of replicates, 0.96 and 0.999.

```
cor(Counts.ccr[,3:8])
```

```
## Freq Freq.1 Freq.2 Freq.3 Freq.4 Freq.5  
## Freq 1.0000000 0.14831035 0.07191373 0.08388689 0.08122845 0.08227878  
## Freq.1 0.14831035 1.00000000 0.04210977 0.05026037 0.01562821 0.01546495  
## Freq.2 0.07191373 0.04210977 1.00000000 0.95985160 0.02563935 0.02344570  
## Freq.3 0.08388689 0.05026037 0.95985160 1.00000000 0.02457521 0.02274258  
## Freq.4 0.08122845 0.01562821 0.02563935 0.02457521 1.00000000 0.99919456  
## Freq.5 0.08227878 0.01546495 0.02344570 0.02274258 0.99919456 1.00000000
```

To study subsequent steps in the analysis, we consider another data set

```
data(KY_Library_v1.0) # sequence ids, annotations, sequence
d <- file.path(system.file("extdata",package = "CRISPRcleanR"),"*fq.gz")
# copied these files to my directory
d <- wdf("KY_extdata/*gz")
Files <- Sys.glob(d)
basename(Files)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "test_plasmid.fq.gz" "test_sample1.fq.gz" "test_sample2.fq.gz"
```

```
d <- file.path(system.file("data",package = "CRISPRcleanR"))
data("KY_Library_v1.0.RData")
# create fasta of sequences in KY_Library_v1.0 and build the index
Index <- wdf("KY_Index")
Index.fa <- wdf("KY_Index.fa")
tempDF <- data.frame(ID = rownames(KY_Library_v1.0), seq = KY_Library_v1.0$seq)
faEntries <- paste0(">", tempDF$ID, "\n", tempDF$seq)
writeLines(faEntries,wdf("KY_Index.fa"))
buildindex(Index,Index.fa, indexSplit=FALSE)
```

```
##
##
         ========
##
                    /___| | | | _ \| _ \| ___|
                   ##
##
                    ____) | |__| | |_) | | \ \ | |___ / ____ \ | |__| |
##
                   |____/ \___/|_ \_\___/_/ \_\___/
##
##
        Rsubread 2.20.0
##
     ## ||
                                                                  \Pi
## ||
                Index name : KY_Index
                                                                  \Pi
## ||
                Index space : base space
                                                                  \Pi
                Index split : no-split
                                                                  \Pi
            Repeat threshold : 100 repeats
## ||
                                                                  | |
               Gapped index : no
## ||
                                                                  \Pi
## ||
                                                                  | | |
## ||
         Free / total memory : 3.9GB / 16.0GB
                                                                  II
## ||
                                                                  | |
## ||
                Input files : 1 file in total
                                                                  II
## ||
                                                                  | |
                           o KY_Index.fa
                                                                  II
## ||
                                                                  \Pi
## || Check the integrity of provided reference sequences ...
                                                                  \Pi
## || No format issues were found
                                                                  \prod
## || Scan uninformative subreads in reference sequences ...
                                                                  \Pi
## || Estimate the index size...
                                                                  \Pi
## || 3.0 GB of memory is needed for index building.
                                                                  \Pi
## || Build the index...
                                                                  | | |
## || Save current index block...
                                                                  \Pi
## || [ 0.0% finished ]
                                                                  | |
## | | \ \ \ 10.0\% finished \ \
                                                                  II
## || [ 20.0% finished ]
                                                                  | |
## || [ 30.0% finished ]
                                                                  II
## || [ 40.0% finished ]
                                                                  | |
## || [ 50.0% finished ]
                                                                  II
## || [ 60.0% finished ]
                                                                  | |
## | | 70.0% finished |
                                                                  II
## || [ 80.0% finished ]
                                                                  \Pi
## || [ 90.0% finished ]
                                                                  \Pi
```

We repeat the construction of a data frame of read counts

```
Counts <- Files_2_DF(Files,Index)
colnames(Counts) <- c("Control", "Sample1", "Sample2")
Counts$gene <- KY_Library_v1.0$GENES
Counts <- Counts[,c(length(Files)+1,1:length(Files))]
Counts <- dplyr::slice(Counts,match(KY_Library_v1.0$CODE,sgRNA))

## Error in 'dplyr::slice()':
## i In argument: 'match(KY_Library_v1.0$CODE, sgRNA)'.

## Caused by error in 'h()':
## ! error in evaluating the argument 'table' in selecting a method for function 'match': object 'sgRNA

## change of format required by CRISPRclearR
Counts <- tibble::rownames_to_column(Counts, var="sgRNA")
write.table(Counts,wdf("KY_Counts"), sep='\t', quote=FALSE, row.names=F)</pre>
```

Testing Files_2_DF and the second data set was very helpful, because the code was corrected: fastaq file have two possible suffices: .fq and .fastaq and converting the name to the name of .bam file had to be altered.

Finding essentiality (loss of fitness) and gain of fitness

The goal of CRISPR screen is to identify two types of interesting genes. The loss of fitness genes (in extreme case, essential) have smaller counts in knockout sample compared with control, and gain of fitness genes, have larger count. In tumors, the latter may be tumor supresing genes, typically, few but of special interest in designing therapies.

Without normalization, fold changes may have show artifacts caused by several mechanism, for that reason packages like CRISPRcleanR can be used to remove them, e.g. using the following function

```
ccr.AnalysisPipeline(
  file_counts = wdf("KY_Counts.tsv"),
  outdir= wdf("KY_pipeline/"),
  EXPname = "KY",
  library_builtin = "KY_Library_v1.0",
  run_mageck = FALSE,
  ncontrols = 1
)
```

```
## [1] "Parameter min reads: 30 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter method: ScalingByTotalReads (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter FDRth: 0.05 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter library_builtin: KY_Library_v1.0 (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter file_counts: /Users/jieun/Work/Crispr/KY_Counts.tsv (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter aligner: Rsubreads (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter maxMismatches: 0 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter nBestLocations: 2 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter nTrim5: 0 (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter nTrim3: 0 (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter strand: F (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter duplicatedSeq: keep (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter nthreads: 1 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter indexMemory: 2000 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter fastqc_plots: FALSE (class: logical-logical)"
## [1] "Parameter min.ngenes: 3 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter alpha: 0.01 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter nperm: 10000 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter p.method: hybrid (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter min.width: 2 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter kmax: 25 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter nmin: 200 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter eta: 0.05 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter trim: 0.025 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter undo.splits: none (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter undo.prune: 0.05 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter undo.SD: 3 (class: numeric-double)"
## [1] "Parameter run_mageck: FALSE (class: logical-logical)"
## [1] "Parameter path_to_mageck: mageck (class: character-character)"
## [1] "Parameter nseed: 679661 (class: numeric-double)"
## Error in value[[3L]](cond): ERROR: 3 | TYPE: CLIENT | MSG: Error in (function (counts, libraryAnnota
## in step Check Library/Count data
This does not work either, this data set fails the requirement that 80% of the library sgRNA has at least 30
reads in control. We can check what threshold lower than 30 satisfies 80% criteria.
pr <- function(...) print(paste(...))</pre>
r <- dim(Counts)[1]*0.8
pr('required at least',r,'in every column, trying threshold 6')
## [1] "required at least 72568 in every column, trying threshold 6"
colSums(Counts[,3:5] >= 6)
## Control Sample1 Sample2
```

[1] "trying threshold 5"

pr('trying threshold 5')

65461

65209

70261

```
colSums(Counts[,3:5] >= 5)

## Control Sample1 Sample2
## 75864 70825 70746

pr('threshold 5 almost satisfies 80%, but is 6 times to small')

## [1] "threshold 5 almost satisfies 80%, but is 6 times to small"

pr('sums of readcounts 6 times too small, and they are')

## [1] "sums of readcounts 6 times too small, and they are"

colSums(Counts[3:5])

## Control Sample1 Sample2
## 863214 864168 862881
```

Actually, the fast aq files had 1 million fragments each, not all of them were mapped, so we need 6 million fragments or more in fast aq files. Let's test an alternative example mapped to the same set of sgRNAs

[1] 90709 6

```
colSums(Counts[3:6])/1000/1000
```

```
## ERS717283.plasmid HT29_c904R1 HT29_c904R2 HT29_c904R3
## 38.44579 44.00473 44.23206 50.09768
```

We see that sums of read counts are ca. 50 times larger than the minimum we estimated (we showed sums in millions). We want at most 18,000 entries below 30 in each column

```
colSums(Counts[,3:6] < 30)

## ERS717283.plasmid HT29_c904R1 HT29_c904R2 HT29_c904R3
## 3828 4848 4895 4618</pre>
```

As expected, the critical statistics are small enough. In the second workout we will see how to use pipeline results.