

Experiment 1

AIM: To Implement Stack ADT using array.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>

int i,n,x,top,choice,stack[100];

void push(void);
void pop(void);
void display(void);

int main()
{
    clrscr();
    top=-1;
    printf("Enter the size of STACK [MAX = 100] : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("STACK OPERATIONS USING ARRAY \n");
    printf("1.PUSH \n2.POP \n3.DISPLAY \n4.EXIT \n");
    do
    {
        printf("Enter the Choice : ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice)
        {
            case 1: push();
                    break;
            case 2: pop();
                    break;
            case 3: display();
                    break;
            case 4: printf("\nEXIT POINT \n");
                    break;
            default: printf("\nPlease Enter a Valid Choice : (1/2/3/4)");
        }
    }
    while(choice != 4);
    getch();
    return 0;
}

void push()
{
    if(top >= n - 1)
    {
```

```

    printf("\nSTACK is Overflow\n");
}
else
{
    printf("Enter a value to be pushed : ");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    top++;
    stack[top] = x;
}
}

void pop()
{
    if(top <= -1)
    {
        printf("\nSTACK is Underflow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\nThe popped element is : %d\n",stack[top]);
        top--;
    }
}

void display()
{
    if(top >= 0)
    {
        printf("\nThe elements in STACK are : \n");
        for(i = top;i >= 0;i--)
        {
            printf("%d\n",stack[i]);
        }
        printf("\nPress Next Choice\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\nThe STACK is empty\n");
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

Enter the size of STACK [MAX = 100] : 7

STACK OPERATIONS USING ARRAY

1.PUSH

2.POP

3.DISPLAY

4.EXIT

Enter the Choice : 1

Enter a value to be pushed : 32

Enter the Choice : 1

Enter a value to be pushed : 64

Enter the Choice : 1

Enter a value to be pushed : 128

Enter the Choice : 3

The elements in STACK are :

128

64

32

Press Next Choice

Enter the Choice : 2

The popped element is : 128

Enter the Choice : 4S

Experiment 2

AIM: To Convert an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression using Stack ADT.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <ctype.h>

int top = -1;
char stack[100];

void push(char);
char pop();
int priority(char);

int main()
{
    char *e,x,exp[100];
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the expression : ");
    scanf("%s",exp);
    printf("Postfix Expression is : \n\t\t");
    e = exp;
    while(*e != '\0')
    {
        if(isalnum(*e))
        {
            printf("%c ",*e);
        }
        else if(*e == '(')
        {
            push(*e);
        }
        else if(*e == ')')
        {
            while((x = pop()) != '(')
            {
                printf("%c ", x);
            }
        }
        else
        {
            while(priority(stack[top]) >= priority(*e))
            {
                printf("%c ",pop());
            }
            push(*e);
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
    e++;
}
while(top != -1)
{
    printf("%c ",pop());
}
getch();
return 0;
}

void push(char x)
{
    stack[++top] = x;
}

char pop()
{
    if(top == -1)
    {
        return -1;
    }
    else
    {
        return stack[top--];
    }
}

int priority(char x)
{
    if(x == '(') return 0;
    if(x == '+' || x == '-') return 1;
    if(x == '*' || x == '/') return 2;
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

Enter the expression : ((A-B)+C*(D/E)+F/(G*H/I))

Postfix Expression is :

A B - C D E / * + F G H * I / / + _

Experiment 3

AIM: To Evaluate Postfix Expression using Stack ADT.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>

int top = -1, stack[20];

void push(int);
int pop();

int main()
{
    char *e, exp[20];
    int n1, n2, n3, num;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the expression : ");
    scanf("%s", &exp);
    e = exp;
    while(*e != '\0')
    {
        if(isdigit(*e))
        {
            num = *e - 48;
            push(num);
        }
        else
        {
            n1 = pop();
            n2 = pop();
            switch(*e)
            {
                case '+': n3 = n1 + n2;
                           break;
                case '-': n3 = n2 - n1;
                           break;
                case '*': n3 = n1 * n2;
                           break;
                case '/': n3 = n2 / n1;
                           break;
            }
            push(n3);
        }
        e++;
    }
    printf("\nThe result of expression %s = %d\n", exp, pop());
}
```

```
    getch();  
    return 0;  
}  
  
void push(int x)  
{  
    stack[++top] = x;  
}  
  
int pop()  
{  
    return stack[top--];  
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the expression : 49+2/5*7+
```

```
The result of expression 49+2/5*7+ = 37
```

```
-
```


Experiment 4

AIM: To Implement Linear Queue ADT using array.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define n 5

int main()
{
    int ch = 1, front = 0, rear = 0, i, j = 1, x = n, queue[n];
    clrscr();
    printf("Queue using Array : \n");
    printf("1.Insertion \n2.Deletion \n3.Display \n4.Exit \n");
    while(ch)
    {
        printf("Enter the choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1: if(rear==x)
                    {
                        printf("Queue is Full\n");
                    }
                    else
                    {
                        printf("Enter no %d : ", j++);
                        scanf("%d", &queue[rear++]);
                    }
                    break;
            case 2: if(front==rear)
                    {
                        printf("Queue is Empty\n");
                    }
                    else
                    {
                        printf("Deleted Element is %d\n", queue[front++]);
                        x++;
                    }
                    break;
            case 3: printf("Queue Elements are : \n");
                    if(front==rear)
                    {
                        printf("Queue is Empty\n");
                    }
                    else
```

```

        {
            for(i = front;i < rear;i++)
            {
                printf("%d",queue[i]);
                printf("\n");
            }
        }
        break;
    case 4: exit(0);
    default: printf("\nWrong Choice : Please see the options\n");
}
}
getch();
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Queue using Array :
1.Insertion
2.Deletion
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter the choice : 1
Enter no 1 : 101
Enter the choice : 1
Enter no 2 : 1001
Enter the choice : 1
Enter no 3 : 21
Enter the choice : 3
Queue Elements are :
101
1001
21
Enter the choice : 2
Deleted Element is 101
Enter the choice : 3
Queue Elements are :
1001
21
Enter the choice : 4S

```

Experiment 5

AIM: To Implement Priority Queue ADT using array.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX 5

int front, rear;

void insert_by_priority(int);
void delete_by_priority(int);
void create();
void check(int);
void display_pqueue();
int pri_que[MAX];

int main()
{
    int n, ch;
    clrscr();
    printf("1 - Insert an element into Queue\n");
    printf("2 - Delete an element from Queue\n");
    printf("3 - Display queue elements\n");
    printf("4 - Exit\n");
    create();
    while(1)
    {
        printf("Enter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1: printf("Enter value to be inserted : ");
                    scanf("%d", &n);
                    insert_by_priority(n);
                    break;
            case 2: printf("Enter value to delete : ");
                    scanf("%d", &n);
                    delete_by_priority(n);
                    break;
            case 3: display_pqueue();
                    break;
            case 4: exit(0);
            default: printf("\nChoice is Incorrect : Enter a correct choice\n");
        }
    }
}
```

```

}

void create()
{
    front = rear = -1;
}

void insert_by_priority(int data)
{
    if(rear >= MAX - 1)
    {
        printf("\nQueue Overflow : No more elements can be inserted\n");
        return;
    }
    if((front == -1) && (rear == -1))
    {
        front++;
        rear++;
        pri_que[rear] = data;
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        check(data);
        rear++;
    }
}

void check(int data)
{
    int i,j;
    for(i = 0;i <= rear;i++)
    {
        if(data >= pri_que[i])
        {
            for(j = rear + 1;j > i;j--)
            {
                pri_que[j] = pri_que[j - 1];
            }
            pri_que[i] = data;
            return;
        }
    }
    pri_que[i] = data;
}

void delete_by_priority(int data)
{
    int i;
    if((front== -1) && (rear== -1))

```

```

{
    printf("\nQueue is Empty : No elements to delete\n");
    return;
}
for(i = 0;i <= rear;i++)
{
    if(data == pri_que[i])
    {
        for(;i < rear;i++)
        {
            pri_que[i] = pri_que[i + 1];
        }
        pri_que[i] = -99;
        rear--;
        if(rear == -1)
        {
            front = -1;
        }
        return;
    }
}
printf("\n%d not found in queue to delete\n",data);
}

void display_pqueue()
{
    if((front == -1) && (rear == -1))
    {
        printf("Queue is empty\n");
        return;
    }
    for(;front <= rear;front++)
    {
        printf(" %d ",pri_que[front]);
    }
    printf("\n");
    front = 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
1 - Insert an element into Queue
2 - Delete an element from Queue
3 - Display queue elements
4 - Exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter value to be inserted : 25
Enter your choice : 1
Enter value to be inserted : 125
Enter your choice : 1
Enter value to be inserted : 625
Enter your choice : 3
625 125 25
Enter your choice : 2
Enter value to delete : 125
Enter your choice : 3
625 25
Enter your choice : S
```

Experiment 6

AIM: To Implement Singly Linked List ADT.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <malloc.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

int data = 0;
int count = 0;
struct node *head = NULL;
struct node *new_node = NULL;
struct node *temp = NULL;
struct node *prev = NULL;

struct node *create_node(int);
void insert_at_beginning(int);
void insert_at_end(int);
void insert_at_position(int,int);
void delete_at_beginning();
void delete_at_end();
void delete_at_position(int);
void print_from_beginning();
void print_from_end(struct node *);
void search_data(int);
void update_node_data(int,int);
void empty_message(void);
int size_of_list();
int getData();
int getPosition();

int main()
{
    int user_choice;
    int data,position;
    char user_active = 'Y';
    clrscr();
    while(user_active == 'Y' || user_active == 'y')
    {
        printf("\n----- Singly Linked List----- \n");
        printf("1.Insert a node at beginning\n");
```

```

printf("2.Insert a node at end\n");
printf("3.Insert a node at given position\n");
printf("4.Delete a node from beginning\n");
printf("5.Delete a node from end\n");
printf("6.Delete a node from given position\n");
printf("7.Print list from beginning\n");
printf("8.Print list from end\n");
printf("9.Search a node data\n");
printf("10.Update a node data\n");
printf("11.Exit\n");
printf("\n");
printf("Enter your choice : ");
scanf("%d",&user_choice);
switch(user_choice)
{
    case 1: printf("Inserting a node at beginning\n");
            data = getData();
            insert_at_beginning(data);
            break;
    case 2: printf("Inserting a node at end\n");
            data = getData();
            insert_at_end(data);
            break;
    case 3: printf("Inserting a node at the given position\n");
            data = getData();
            position = getPosition();
            insert_at_position(data,position);
            break;
    case 4: printf("Deleting a node from beginning\n");
            delete_at_beginning();
            break;
    case 5: printf("Deleting a node from end\n");
            delete_at_end();
            break;
    case 6: printf("Delete a node from given position\n");
            position = getPosition();
            delete_at_position(position);
            break;
    case 7: printf("Printing the list from beginning\n");
            print_from_beginning();
            break;
    case 8: printf("Printing the list from end\n");
            print_from_end(head);
            break;
    case 9: printf("\nSearching the node data");
            data = getData();
            search_data(data);
            break;
    case 10: printf("Updating the node data\n");
            data = getData();

```



```

        position = getPosition();
        update_node_data(data,position);
        break;
    case 11: printf("Program was terminated\n");
            return 0;
    default: printf("Invalid Choice\n");
}
printf("\n ..... \n");
printf("Do you want to continue? (Y/N) : ");
fflush(stdin);
scanf(" %c",&user_active);
}
return 0;
}

void empty_message()
{
    printf("List is Empty !\n");
}

void memory_message()
{
    printf("Memory can't be allocated\n");
}

struct node *create_node(int data)
{
    struct node *new_node = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(new_node == NULL)
    {
        memory_message();
        return NULL;
    }
    new_node->data = data;
    new_node->next = NULL;
    return new_node;
}

void insert_at_beginning(int data)
{
    struct node *new_node = NULL;
    new_node = create_node(data);
    if(new_node != NULL)
    {
        new_node->next = head;
        head = new_node;
        printf("Node with data %d was Inserted\n",data);
    }
}

```

```

void insert_at_end(int data)
{
    struct node *new_node = NULL;
    new_node = create_node(data);
    if(new_node != NULL)
    {
        if(head == NULL)
        {
            head = new_node;
        }
        else
        {
            struct node *last = head;
            while(last->next != NULL)
            {
                last = last->next;
            }
            last->next = new_node;
        }
        printf("Node with data %d was Inserted\n",data);
    }
}

void insert_at_position(int data,int pos)
{
    int list_size = 0;
    list_size = size_of_list();
    if((head == NULL) && (pos <= 0 || pos > 1))
    {
        printf("Invalid position to insert a node\n");
        return;
    }
    if((head != NULL) && (pos <= 0 || pos > list_size))
    {
        printf("Invalid position to insert a node\n");
        return;
    }
    new_node = NULL;
    new_node = create_node(data);
    if(new_node != NULL)
    {
        struct node *temp = head;
        int count = 1;
        while(count < pos-1)
        {
            temp = temp->next;
            count += 1;
        }
        if(pos == 1)
        {

```

```

    new_node->next = head;
    head = new_node;
}
else
{
    new_node->next = temp->next;
    temp->next = new_node;
}
printf("Node with data %d was Inserted\n",data);
}
}

```

```

void delete_at_beginning()
{
    if(head == NULL)
    {
        empty_message();
        return;
    }
    temp = head;
    data = head->data;
    head = head->next;
    free(temp);
    printf("Node with data %d was Deleted\n",data);
}

```

```

void delete_at_end()
{
    if(head == NULL)
    {
        empty_message();
        return;
    }
    temp = head;
    prev = NULL;
    while(temp->next != NULL)
    {
        prev = temp;
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    data = temp->data;
    if(temp == head)
    {
        free(temp);
        head = NULL;
    }
    else
    {
        free(temp);
        prev->next = NULL;
    }
}

```

```

    }
    printf("Node with data %d was Deleted\n",data);
}

```

```

void delete_at_position(int pos)
{
    int list_size = 0;
    list_size = size_of_list();
    if((pos <= 0) || (pos > list_size))
    {
        printf("Invalid position to delete a node\n");
        return;
    }
    temp = head;
    prev = NULL;
    count = 1;
    while(count < pos)
    {
        prev = temp;
        temp = temp->next;
        count += 1;
    }
    data = temp->data;
    if(temp == head)
    {
        head = head->next;
        free(temp);
    }
    else
    {
        prev->next = temp->next;
        free(temp);
    }
    printf("Node with data %d was Deleted\n",data);
}

```

```

void search_data(int data)
{
    int position = 0;
    int flag = 0;
    struct node *temp = head;
    while(temp != NULL)
    {
        position += 1;
        if(temp->data == data)
        {
            flag = 1;
            break;
        }
        temp = temp->next;
    }
}

```

```

}
if(flag == 0)
{
    printf("Node with data %d was not found !\n",data);
}
else
{
    printf("Found data at %d position\n",position);
}
}

```

```

void update_node_data(int new_data,int pos)
{
    int list_size = 0;
    list_size = size_of_list();
    if((pos <= 0) || (pos > list_size))
    {
        printf("Invalid position to update a node\n");
        return;
    }
    temp = head;
    count = 1;
    while(count < pos)
    {
        temp = temp->next;
        count += 1;
    }
    temp->data = new_data;
    printf("Updated node data is %d\n",new_data);
}

```

```

void print_from_beginning()
{
    if(head == NULL)
    {
        empty_message();
        return;
    }
    temp = head;
    while(temp != NULL)
    {
        printf("%d ",temp->data);
        temp = temp->next;
    }
}

```

```

void print_from_end(struct node *head)
{
    if(head == NULL)
    {

```

```

        return;
    }
    print_from_end(head->next);
    printf("%d ", head->data);
}

int size_of_list()
{
    struct node *temp = head;
    int count = 0;
    while(temp != NULL)
    {
        count += 1;
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    return count;
}

int getData()
{
    int data;
    printf("\nEnter Data : ");
    scanf("%d",&data);
    return data;
}

int getPosition()
{
    int pos;
    printf("\nEnter Position : ");
    scanf("%d",&pos);
    return pos;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

----- Singly Linked List
1.Insert a node at beginning
2.Insert a node at end
3.Insert a node at given position
4.Delete a node from beginning
5.Delete a node from end
6.Delete a node from given position
7.Print list from beginning
8.Print list from end
9.Search a node data
10.Update a node data
11.Exit

Enter your choice : 1
Inserting a node at beginning

Enter Data : 50
Node with data 50 was Inserted

Do you want to continue? (Y/N) : Y

```

```
----- Singly Linked List
1.Insert a node at beginning
2.Insert a node at end
3.Insert a node at given position
4.Delete a node from beginning
5.Delete a node from end
6.Delete a node from given position
7.Print list from beginning
8.Print list from end
9.Search a node data
10.Update a node data
11.Exit
```

```
Enter your choice : 2
Inserting a node at end
```

```
Enter Data : 100_
```

```
Enter Data : 100
Node with data 100 was Inserted
```

```
Do you want to continue? (Y/N) : Y
```

```
----- Singly Linked List
1.Insert a node at beginning
2.Insert a node at end
3.Insert a node at given position
4.Delete a node from beginning
5.Delete a node from end
6.Delete a node from given position
7.Print list from beginning
8.Print list from end
9.Search a node data
10.Update a node data
11.Exit
```

```
Enter your choice : 2
Inserting a node at end
```

```
Enter Data : 150_
```

Do you want to continue? (Y/N) : Y

----- Singly Linked List

- 1.Insert a node at beginning
- 2.Insert a node at end
- 3.Insert a node at given position
- 4.Delete a node from beginning
- 5.Delete a node from end
- 6.Delete a node from given position
- 7.Print list from beginning
- 8.Print list from end
- 9.Search a node data
- 10.Update a node data
- 11.Exit

Enter your choice : 2

Inserting a node at end

Enter Data : 200

Node with data 200 was Inserted

Do you want to continue? (Y/N) : Y

- 8.Print list from end
- 9.Search a node data
- 10.Update a node data
- 11.Exit

Enter your choice : 7

Printing the list from beginning

50 100 150 200

Do you want to continue? (Y/N) : Y

----- Singly Linked List

- 1.Insert a node at beginning
- 2.Insert a node at end
- 3.Insert a node at given position
- 4.Delete a node from beginning
- 5.Delete a node from end
- 6.Delete a node from given position
- 7.Print list from beginning
- 8.Print list from end
- 9.Search a node data
- 10.Update a node data
- 11.Exit

Enter your choice : 4

Enter your choice : 4
Deleting a node from beginning
Node with data 50 was Deleted

Do you want to continue? (Y/N) : Y

----- Singly Linked List
1.Insert a node at beginning
2.Insert a node at end
3.Insert a node at given position
4.Delete a node from beginning
5.Delete a node from end
6.Delete a node from given position
7.Print list from beginning
8.Print list from end
9.Search a node data
10.Update a node data
11.Exit

Enter your choice : 10

Enter your choice : 10
Updating the node data

Enter Data : 250

Enter Position : 3
Updated node data is 250

Do you want to continue? (Y/N) : Y

----- Singly Linked List
1.Insert a node at beginning
2.Insert a node at end
3.Insert a node at given position
4.Delete a node from beginning
5.Delete a node from end
6.Delete a node from given position
7.Print list from beginning
8.Print list from end
9.Search a node data
10.Update a node data
11.Exit

Enter your choice : 7_

Enter your choice : 7
Printing the list from beginning
100 150 250

Do you want to continue? (Y/N) : N_

Experiment 7

AIM: To Implement Circular Linked List ADT

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

struct node *head;

void begininsert();
void lastinsert();
void randominsert();
void begin_delete();
void last_delete();
void random_delete();
void display();
void search();

int main()
{
    int choice = 0;
    clrscr();
    while(choice != 7)
    {
        printf("\n*****Main Menu*****\n");
        printf("Choose one option from the following list...\n");
        printf("\n=====");
        printf("1.Insert in beginning\n2.Insert at last\n3.Delete from\nbeginning\n4.Delete from last\n5.Search for an\n\n\n");
        printf("6.Show\n7.Exit\n\n");
        printf("Enter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice)
        {
            case 1: begininsert();
                    break;
```

```

        case 2: lastinsert();
                break;
        case 3: begin_delete();
                break;
        case 4: last_delete();
                break;
        case 5: search();
                break;
        case 6: display();
                break;
        case 7: exit(0);
                break;
        default: printf("Please Enter Valid Choice");
    }
}
getch();
return 0;
}

void begininsert()
{
    int item;
    struct node *ptr,*temp;
    ptr = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(ptr == NULL)
    {
        printf("OVERFLOW\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Enter the node data : ");
        scanf("%d",&item);
        ptr->data = item;
        if(head == NULL)
        {
            head = ptr;
            ptr->next = head;
        }
        else
        {
            temp = head;
            while(temp->next != head)
            temp = temp->next;
            ptr->next = head;
            temp->next = ptr;
            head = ptr;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    printf("Node Inserted\n");
}
}

```

```

void lastinsert()
{
    int item;
    struct node *ptr,*temp;
    ptr = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(ptr == NULL)
    {
        printf("OVERFLOW\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Enter Data : ");
        scanf("%d",&item);
        ptr->data = item;
        if(head == NULL)
        {
            head = ptr;
            ptr->next = head;
        }
        else
        {
            temp = head;
            while(temp->next != head)
            {
                temp = temp->next;
            }
            temp->next = ptr;
            ptr->next = head;
        }
        printf("Node Inserted\n");
    }
}

```

```

void begin_delete()
{
    struct node *ptr;
    if(head == NULL)
    {
        printf("UNDERFLOW\n");
    }
    else if(head->next == head)

```

```

{
    head = NULL;
    free(head);
    printf("Node Deleted\n");
}
else
{
    ptr = head;
    while(ptr->next != head)
        ptr = ptr->next;
    ptr->next = head->next;
    free(head);
    head = ptr->next;
    printf("Node Deleted\n");
}
}

```

```

void last_delete()
{
    struct node *ptr, *preptr;
    if(head == NULL)
    {
        printf("UNDERFLOW\n");
    }
    else if(head->next == head)
    {
        head = NULL;
        free(head);
        printf("Node Deleted\n");
    }
    else
    {
        ptr = head;
        while(ptr->next != head)
        {
            preptr = ptr;
            ptr = ptr->next;
        }
        preptr->next = ptr->next;
        free(ptr);
        printf("Node Deleted\n");
    }
}

```

```

void search()
{

```

```

struct node *ptr;
int item,i = 0,flag = 1;
ptr = head;
if(ptr == NULL)
{
    printf("Empty List\n");
}
else
{
    printf("Enter item which you want to search : ");
    scanf("%d",&item);
    if(head->data == item)
    {
        printf("Item found at location %d\n",i+1);
        flag = 0;
    }
    else
    {
        while(ptr->next != head)
        {
            if(ptr->data == item)
            {
                printf("Item found at location %d\n",i+1);
                flag = 0;
                break;
            }
            else
            {
                flag = 1;
            }
            i++;
            ptr = ptr->next;
        }
    }
    if(flag != 0)
    {
        printf("Item not found\n");
    }
}
}

```

```

void display()
{
    struct node *ptr;
    ptr = head;
    if(head == NULL)

```

```

{
    printf("Nothing to Print\n");
}
else
{
    printf("Printing Values...\n");
    while(ptr->next != head)
    {
        printf("%d\n",ptr->data);
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
    printf("%d\n",ptr->data);
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

*****Main Menu*****
Choose one option from the following list...

=====
1.Insert in beginning
2.Insert at last
3.Delete from beginning
4.Delete from last
5.Search for an element
6.Show
7.Exit

Enter your choice : 1
Enter the node data : 10_

Node Inserted

*****Main Menu*****
Choose one option from the following list...

=====
1.Insert in beginning
2.Insert at last
3.Delete from beginning
4.Delete from last
5.Search for an element
6.Show
7.Exit

Enter your choice : 2
Enter Data : 20

```

Node Inserted

*****Main Menu*****

Choose one option from the following list...

=====

- 1.Insert in beginning
- 2.Insert at last
- 3.Delete from beginning
- 4.Delete from last
- 5.Search for an element
- 6.Show
- 7.Exit

Enter your choice : 2

Enter Data : 30

Node Inserted

*****Main Menu*****

Choose one option from the following list...

=====

- 1.Insert in beginning
- 2.Insert at last
- 3.Delete from beginning
- 4.Delete from last
- 5.Search for an element
- 6.Show
- 7.Exit

Enter your choice : 6_

Printing Values...

10

20

30

*****Main Menu*****

Choose one option from the following list...

=====

- 1.Insert in beginning
- 2.Insert at last
- 3.Delete from beginning
- 4.Delete from last
- 5.Search for an element
- 6.Show
- 7.Exit

Enter your choice : 4

Node Deleted

*****Main Menu*****

Choose one option from the following list...

=====

- 1.Insert in beginning
- 2.Insert at last
- 3.Delete from beginning
- 4.Delete from last
- 5.Search for an element
- 6.Show
- 7.Exit

Enter your choice : 6

Printing Values...

10

20

*****Main Menu*****

Choose one option from the following list...

=====

- 1.Insert in beginning
- 2.Insert at last
- 3.Delete from beginning
- 4.Delete from last
- 5.Search for an element
- 6.Show
- 7.Exit

Enter your choice : 5_

Enter item which you want to search : 10

Item found at location 1

*****Main Menu*****

Choose one option from the following list...

=====

- 1.Insert in beginning
- 2.Insert at last
- 3.Delete from beginning
- 4.Delete from last
- 5.Search for an element
- 6.Show
- 7.Exit

Enter your choice : 3

Node Deleted

*****Main Menu*****

Choose one option from the following list...

=====

- 1.Insert in beginning
- 2.Insert at last
- 3.Delete from beginning
- 4.Delete from last
- 5.Search for an element
- 6.Show
- 7.Exit

Enter your choice : 6_

Printing Values...

20

*****Main Menu*****

Choose one option from the following list...

=====

- 1.Insert in beginning
- 2.Insert at last
- 3.Delete from beginning
- 4.Delete from last
- 5.Search for an element
- 6.Show
- 7.Exit

Enter your choice : 7

Experiment 8

AIM: Implement Stack / Linear Queue ADT using Linked List.

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
#include<malloc.h>
struct node
{ int data;
  struct node *next;
}*top,*head,*temp;
void main()
{
void push();
void pop();
void printstack();
int ch;
head=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
head->next=NULL;
do
{ printf("\n\n1.Push\n2.Pop\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n");
printf("Enter ur choice\t");
scanf("%d",&ch);
switch(ch)
{
case 1:
push();
break;
case 2:
pop();
break;
case 3:
printstack();
break;
```

```

case 4:
exit(0);
}
}while(ch<=4);
getch();
}

void push()
{
temp=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
printf("Enter the data to push into the stack \t");
scanf("%d",&temp->data);
temp->next=head->next;
head->next=temp;
top=temp;
}

void pop()
{
if(head->next==NULL)
printf("Stack is empty\n");
else
{
temp=top;
printf("\n %d is popped from the stack\n",top->data);
top=top->next;
head->next=top;
free(temp);
}
}

void printstack(){
if(head->next==NULL)
printf("Stack is empty\n");

else
{
temp=top;
printf("The elements in the stack are\n");
while(temp->next!=NULL)

```

```
{  
printf("%d---->",temp->data);  
temp=temp->next;  
}  
printf("%d", temp->data);  
}  
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
1.Push  
2.Pop  
3.Display  
4.Exit  
Enter ur choice 1  
Enter the data to push into the stack 23  
  
1.Push  
2.Pop  
3.Display  
4.Exit  
Enter ur choice 1  
Enter the data to push into the stack 28  
  
1.Push  
2.Pop  
3.Display  
4.Exit  
Enter ur choice 1  
Enter the data to push into the stack 30_
```

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter ur choice 3
The elements in the stack are
30---->28---->23
```

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter ur choice 2
```

30 is popped from the stack

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter ur choice 3_
The elements in the stack are
28---->23
```

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter ur choice 4_
```

Experiment 9

AIM: Implement Binary Search Tree ADT using Linked List.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node
{
int key;
struct node *left, *right;
};
struct node *newNode(int item)
{
struct node *temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
temp->key = item;
temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
return temp;
}
void inorder(struct node *root)
{
{
if (root != NULL)
{
inorder(root->left);
printf("%d -> ", root->key);
inorder(root->right);
}
}
}
struct node *insert(struct node *node, int key)
{
{
if (node == NULL) return newNode(key);
if (key < node->key)
node->left = insert(node->left, key);
else
node->right = insert(node->right, key);
return node;
}
}
struct node *minValueNode(struct node *node) {
struct node *current = node;
while (current && current->left != NULL)
current = current->left;
return current;
}
struct node *deleteNode(struct node *root, int key) {
if (root == NULL) return root;
if (key < root->key) root->left = deleteNode(root->left, key);
else if (key > root->key)
root->right = deleteNode(root->right, key);
else {
if (root->left == NULL) {
struct node *temp = root->right;
```

```

free(root);
return temp;
} else if (root->right == NULL) {
    struct node *temp = root->left;
    free(root);
    return temp;
}
struct node *temp = minValueNode(root->right); root->key = temp->key;
root->right = deleteNode(root->right, temp->key); }
return root;
}
void main() {
    clrscr();
    struct node *root = NULL;
    root = insert(root, 8);
    root = insert(root, 3);
    root = insert(root, 1);
    root = insert(root, 6);
    root = insert(root, 7);
    root = insert(root, 10);
    root = insert(root, 14);
    root = insert(root, 4);
    printf("Inorder traversal: ");
    inorder(root);
    printf("\nAfter deleting 10\n");
    root = deleteNode(root, 10);
    printf("Inorder traversal: ");
    inorder(root);
    getch();
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Inorder traversal: 1 -> 3 -> 4 -> 6 -> 7 -> 8 -> 10 -> 14 ->
After deleting 10
Inorder traversal: 1 -> 3 -> 4 -> 6 -> 7 -> 8 -> 14 ->

```


EXPERIMENT 10

C CODE FOR BFS

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#define MAX 100

// Graph structure using an adjacency matrix
int adj[MAX][MAX]; // Adjacency matrix to represent the graph
int visited[MAX]; // Array to mark visited nodes
int nodes; // Number of nodes in the graph

// Queue structure for BFS
int queue[MAX], front = -1, rear = -1;

// Function to insert an element into the queue
void enqueue(int v) {
    if (rear == MAX - 1) {
        printf("Queue Overflow\n");
        return;
    }
    if (front == -1) {
        front = 0;
    }
    rear++;
    queue[rear] = v;
}

// Function to remove and return an element from the queue
int dequeue() {
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
        printf("Queue Underflow\n");
        return -1;
    }
    int v = queue[front];
    front++;
    return v;
}

// Function to check if the queue is empty
int isEmpty() {
    return front == -1 || front > rear;
}

// Function to perform BFS
void BFS(int start) {
    // Mark the start node as visited and enqueue it
    visited[start] = 1;
    enqueue(start);

    printf("BFS Traversal: ");
```

```

while (!isQueueEmpty()) {
    // Dequeue a node and print it
    int v = dequeue();
    printf("%d ", v);

    // Visit all adjacent nodes of dequeued node
    for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
        if (adj[v][i] == 1 && !visited[i]) {
            visited[i] = 1; // Mark as visited
            enqueue(i); // Enqueue adjacent node
        }
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int main() {
    int edges, u, v;

    // Input number of nodes
    printf("Enter number of nodes: ");
    scanf("%d", &nodes);

    // Input number of edges
    printf("Enter number of edges: ");
    scanf("%d", &edges);

    // Initialize adjacency matrix and visited array
    for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < nodes; j++) {
            adj[i][j] = 0;
        }
        visited[i] = 0;
    }

    // Input edges
    for (int i = 0; i < edges; i++) {
        printf("Enter edge (u v): ");
        scanf("%d %d", &u, &v);
        adj[u][v] = 1;
        adj[v][u] = 1; // For undirected graph
    }

    // Perform BFS starting from node 0
    BFS(0);

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter number of nodes: 5
Enter number of edges: 4
Enter edge (u v): 0 1
Enter edge (u v): 0 2
Enter edge (u v): 0 3
Enter edge (u v): 1 4
DFS starting from node 0: 0 1 4 2 3 Enter number of nodes:
```

DFS C CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#define MAX 100

// Graph structure using an adjacency matrix
int adj[MAX][MAX];
int visited[MAX];
int nodes;

// Function to perform DFS
void DFS(int v) {
    // Mark the node as visited
    visited[v] = 1;
    printf("%d ", v); // Output the node

    // Visit all adjacent vertices that are not visited
    for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
        if (adj[v][i] == 1 && !visited[i]) {
            DFS(i);
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    int edges, u, v;

    // Input number of nodes
```

```

printf("Enter number of nodes: ");
scanf("%d", &nodes);

// Input number of edges
printf("Enter number of edges: ");
scanf("%d", &edges);

// Initialize adjacency matrix to 0
for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < nodes; j++) {
        adj[i][j] = 0;
    }
}

// Initialize visited array to 0
for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
    visited[i] = 0;
}

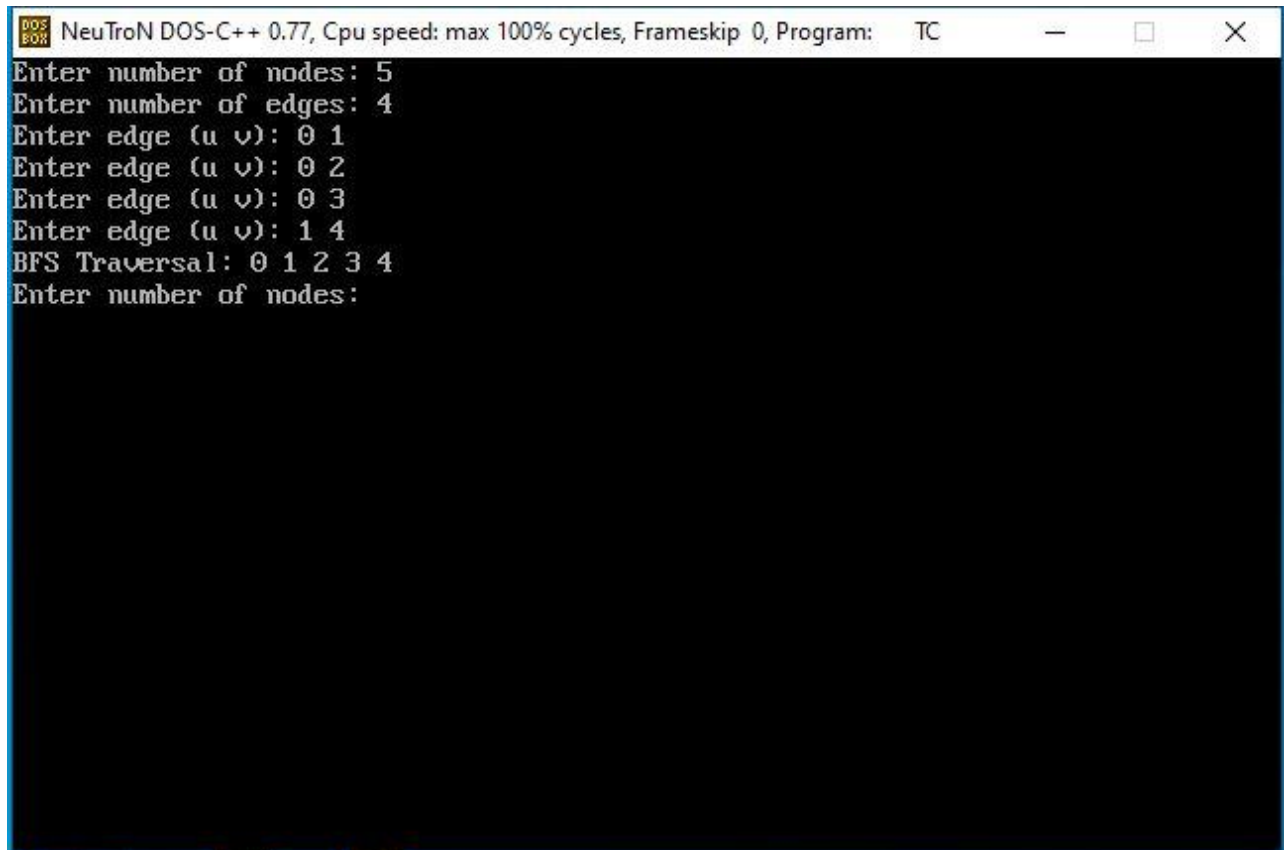
// Input edges
for (int i = 0; i < edges; i++) {
    printf("Enter edge (u v): ");
    scanf("%d %d", &u, &v);
    adj[u][v] = 1;
    adj[v][u] = 1; // For undirected graph
}

// Perform DFS starting from node 0
printf("DFS starting from node 0: ");
DFS(0);

return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:



```
NeuTroN DOS-C++ 0.77, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Program: TC
Enter number of nodes: 5
Enter number of edges: 4
Enter edge (u v): 0 1
Enter edge (u v): 0 2
Enter edge (u v): 0 3
Enter edge (u v): 1 4
BFS Traversal: 0 1 2 3 4
Enter number of nodes:
```