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Assignment 1

Due Date 09/29/17

Purpose of the project:

Main purpose of the assignment is to understand and different uses the function fork. The other objective is to learn use of the execve. By doing this assignment we learn child and parent process.

Background of the assignment:

To understand the different processes and functions in operating system. Forking is used to create child process of the main process. It takes no arguments and returns a process ID.

Algorithms/Functions used in assignment:

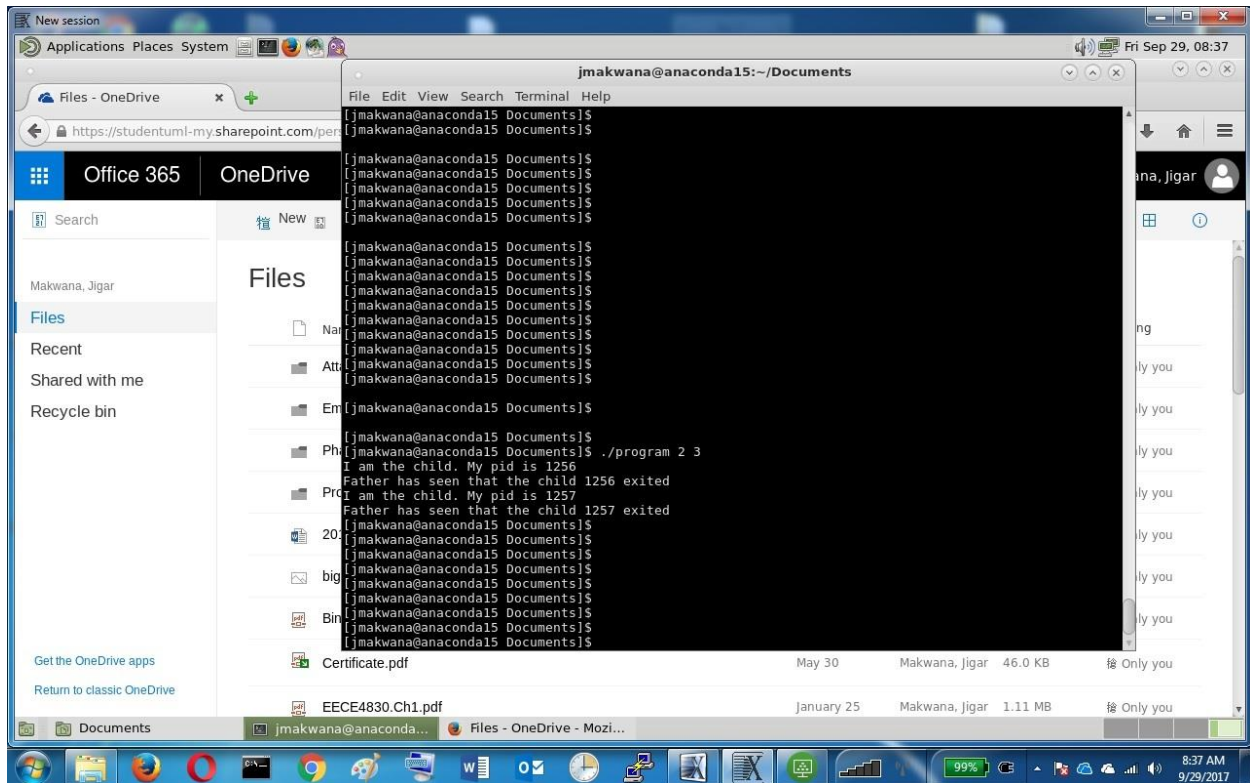
In the first program, I used the fork function to create a child process from main process and then I got the child ID.

In the second program, I used the execve function where the child spawns another process and execute the different command separately.

In the third program, I used the atoi function to convert the argument vector into the integer, by doing that I can set the limit twice the count of the argument vector and get the expected results.

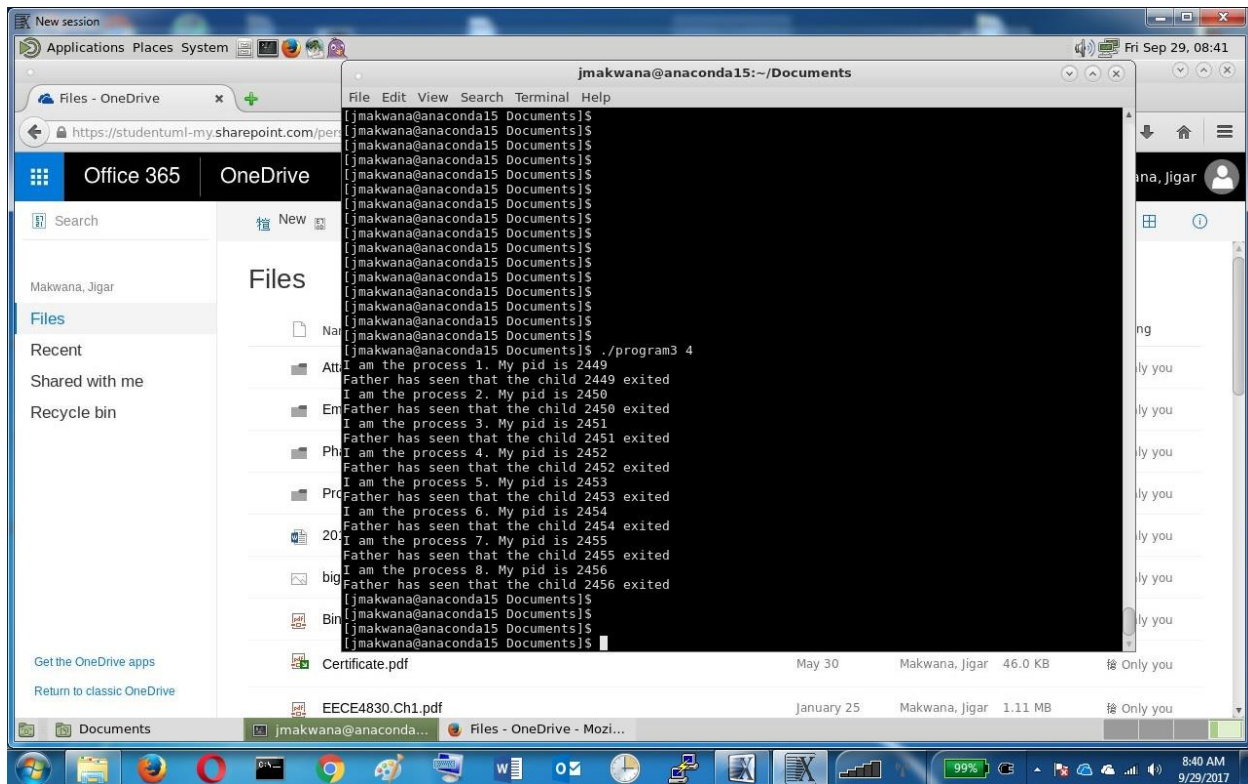
Result:

Part 1.a)



The screenshot shows a Windows desktop with two windows open. The top window is a terminal window titled 'jmakwana@anaconda15:~/Documents'. It displays the output of a program that prints 'I am the father and my pid is 1290' and 'I am the child. My pid is 1290'. The bottom window is a web browser showing the Office 365 OneDrive interface. The browser address bar shows 'https://studentum1-my.sharepoint.com/pe...'. The OneDrive interface includes a search bar, a list of files, and a sidebar with navigation options like 'Files', 'Recent', 'Shared with me', and 'Recycle bin'.

Part 2)



Observations:

By doing the assignment I observed that a process creates children processes and we can execute the single program by dividing the program into many different branches. By doing this we can execute the operation in parallel and much more efficient way.

Conclusion:

By doing the assignment I concluded that a process can be executed in parallel and the result of each sub-process can be sent to the main process. That will make the execution much simpler and less time consuming.

Source Code:

P1.a)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

void main(int argc, char **argv){

    int res,k;
    for (k=1;k<argc;k++)
    {
        res=fork();
        if(res == 0){
            printf("I am the child. My pid is %d\n",getpid());
            exit();
        }
        else {
            int child_pid = res;
            waitpid(child_pid, NULL,0);
            printf("Father has seen that the child %d exited\n",
child_pid);
        }
    }
}
```

P1.b)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

void main(int argc, char **argv){

    int res;

    res=fork();
    if(res == 0){
        char *args[] = {"ls", "-l",NULL};
        printf("I am the child. My pid is %d\n", getpid());
        res = execve("/bin/ls", args,NULL);
    }
    else {
        int child_pid = res;
        printf("I am the father and my pid is %d\n", getpid());
        printf("father is waiting for child to terminate\n",child_pid);
        waitpid(child_pid, NULL,0);
        printf("Father has seen that the child  %d exited\n",
child_pid);
    }

}
```

P2)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

void main(int argc, char **argv){

    int res,j,k=1;
    j = atoi (argv[k]);
    for (k=1;k<=2*j;k++)
    {
        res=fork();
        if(res == 0){
            printf("I am the process %d. My pid is\n",k,getpid());
            exit(0);
        }
        else {
```

```
        int child_pid = res;
        waitpid(child_pid, NULL, 0);
        printf("Father has seen that the child %d exited\n",
child_pid);
    }

}
```