DAB 401-005 FINANCIAL ANALYTICS

JPMORGAN CHASE & CO.

Group 2

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Introduction:

History of JP Morgan:

- JP Morgan Chase is one of the largest banking institutions in the world. It was
 founded in 1799 by Aaron Burr, who was then Vice President of the United States.
 The bank initially operated as The Manhattan Company, established to provide clean
 water to New Yorkers.
- In 1823, The Manhattan Company merged with another bank to form the Merchant's Bank. The Merchant's Bank later became known as the National City Bank of New York. The bank continued to grow and influence, becoming one of the most powerful financial institutions in the world.
- In 1871, John Pierpont Morgan took control of the banking firm Drexel, Morgan & Co.
- He renamed it JP Morgan & Co. and began expanding the company's reach and influence.
- Morgan was instrumental in financing many of America's largest corporations, including General Electric and US Steel.
- He played a key role in stabilizing the country's financial system during times of crisis such as the Panic of 1907.

Current Operations of JP Morgan:

Today, JP Morgan is a global financial services firm with operations in more than 100 countries. The organization offers a wide range of financial services to both individual and institutional clients, including investment banking, asset management, commercial banking, and treasury services.

In recent years, JP Morgan has focused on expanding its digital capabilities and investing in new technologies. The organization has also placed a strong emphasis on sustainability and social responsibility, launching initiatives to address climate change and promote economic inclusion.

Macroeconomic Environment and Business Cycle:

The macroeconomic environment plays a significant role in the operations of JP Morgan. The organization is highly sensitive to changes in interest rates, inflation, and other

economic indicators. In addition, the business cycle can have a major impact on the demand for financial services.

Currently, the global economy is experiencing a period of uncertainty and volatility. The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has disrupted many industries and created significant challenges for businesses around the world. As a result, JP Morgan and other financial services firms are facing a challenging operating environment.

Industry Environment and Competitors:

JP Morgan operates in a highly competitive industry, with many other financial services firms vying for market share. Some of the top competitors of JP Morgan include Bank of America (Bank of America had a 10.7% market share in the US banking industry as of Q4 2021), Wells Fargo (Wells Fargo had a 6.6% market share in the US banking industry as of Q4 2021), and Citigroup (Citigroup had a 4.1% market share in the US banking business as of the fourth quarter of 2021). These organizations offer similar financial services and compete aggressively for customers.

Despite the intense competition, JP Morgan has maintained a strong position in the market. The organization is currently the largest bank in the United States by assets, and it has a significant presence in key financial markets around the world.

Ratio and Valuation Analysis

❖ Balance Sheet:

| Financial Highligh | nts | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | |
| As of or for the year ended December 31, | | | |
| (in millions, except per share, ratio data and headcount) | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Selected Income statement data | | | |
| Total net revenue | \$ 128,695 | \$ 121,649 | \$ 119,951 |
| Total noninterest expense | 76,140 | 71,343 | 66,656 |
| Pre-provision profit ^(a) | 52,555 | 50,306 | 53,295 |
| Provision for credit losses | 6,389 | (9,256) | 17,480 |
| Net income | \$ 37,676 | \$ 48,334 | \$ 29,131 |
| Per common share data | | | |
| Net income per share: | 4 42.40 | 4 4530 | 4 000 |
| Basic | \$ 12.10 | \$ 15.39 | \$ 8.89 |
| Diluted | 12.09 | 15.36 | 8.88 |
| Book value per share | 90.29 | 88.07 | 81.75 |
| Tangible book value per share (TBVPS) ^(a) Cash dividends declared per share | 73.12 4.00 | 71.53 | 66.11 |
| | 4.00 | 3.80 | 3.60 |
| Selected ratios | | | |
| Return on common equity | 14% | 19% | 12% 14 |
| Return on tangible common equity (ROTCE)(a) Liquidity coverage ratio (average)(b) | 18 112 | 23 111 | 110 |
| Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio ^(c) | 13.2 | 13.1 | |
| Tier 1 capital ratio ^(c) | 14.9 | 15.0 | 13.1 15.0 |
| Total capital ratio ^(c) | 16.8 | 16.8 | 17.3 |
| | 16.6 | 10.8 | 17.3 |
| Selected balance sheet data (period-end) | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Loans | \$1,135,647 | \$1,077,714 | \$1,012,853 |
| Total assets | 3,665,743 | 3,743,567 | 3,384,757 |
| Deposits | 2,340,179 | 2,462,303 | 2,144,257 |
| Common stockholders' equity | 264,928 | 259,289 | 249,291 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 292,332 | 294,127 | 279,354 |
| Market data | | | |
| Closing share price | \$ 134.10 | \$ 158.35 | \$ 127.07 |
| Market capitalization | 393,484 | 466,206 | 387,492 |
| Common shares at period-end | 2,934.2 | 2,944.1 | 3,049.4 |
| Headcount | 293,723 | 271,025 | 255,351 |

 ⁽a) Pre-provision profit, TBVPS and ROTCE are each non-GAAP financial measures. Refer to Explanation and Reconcilitation of the Firm's Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures on pages 58-60 for a discussion of these measures.
 (b) Refer to Liquid ity Risk Management on pages 97-104 for additional information on this measure.
 (c) Refer to Capital Risk Management on pages 86-96 for additional information on these measures.

! Income Statement:

Selected income statement data

| Selected income statement data | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Year ended December 31, | | | |
| (in millions, except ratios) | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Revenue | | | |
| Lending- and deposit-related fees | \$ 3,316 | \$ 3,034 | \$ 3,166 |
| Asset management, administration and commissions | 3,754 | 3,514 | 2,780 |
| Mortgage fees and related income | 1,236 | 2,159 | 3,079 |
| Card income | 2,679 | 3,563 | 3,068 |
| All other income ^(a) | 4,104 | 5,016 | 5,647 |
| Noninterest revenue | 15,089 | 17,286 | 17,740 |
| Net interest income | 39,928 | 32,787 | 33,528 |
| Total net revenue | 55,017 | 50,073 | 51,268 |
| Provision for credit losses | 3,813 | (6,989) | 12,312 |
| Noninterest expense | | | |
| Compensation expense | 13,092 | 12,142 | 11,014 |
| Noncompensation expense(b) | 18,379 | 17,114 | 16,976 |
| Total noninterest expense | 31,471 | 29,256 | 27,990 |
| Income before income tax expense | 19,733 | 27,806 | 10,966 |
| Income tax expense | 4,862 | 6,876 | 2,749 |
| Net income | \$ 14,871 | \$20,930 | \$ 8,217 |
| Revenue by line of business | | | |
| Banking & Wealth Management(c) | \$ 30,262 | \$23,980 | \$22,955 |
| Home Lending | 3,674 | 5,291 | 6,018 |
| Card Services & Auto ^(d) | 21,081 | 20,802 | 22,295 |
| Mortgage fees and related income details: | | | |
| Production revenue | 497 | 2,215 | 2,629 |
| Net mortgage servicing revenue ⁽⁴⁾ | 739 | (56) | 450 |
| Mortgage fees and related income | \$ 1,236 | \$ 2,159 | \$ 3,079 |
| Financial ratios | | | |
| Return on equity | 29 % | 41 96 | 15 % |
| Overhead ratio | 57 | 58 | 55 |
| | | | |

⁽a) Included operating lease income of \$3.6 billion, \$4.8 billion and \$5.4 billion for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020.

* Cash Flow:

JPMorgan Chase & Co. Consolidated statements of cash flows

| Year ended December 31, (in millions) | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Operating activities | | | |
| Net income | \$ 37,676 | \$ 48,334 | \$ 29,131 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Provision for credit losses | 6,389 | (9,256) | 17,480 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 7,051 | 7,932 | 8,614 |
| Deferred tax (benefit)/expense | (2,738) | 3,748 | (3,573 |
| Other | 5,174 | 3,274 | 1,649 |
| Originations and purchases of loans held-for-sale | (149,167) | (347,864) | (166,504 |
| Proceeds from sales, securitizations and paydowns of loans held-for-sale | 167,709 | 336,413 | 175,490 |
| Net change in: | | | |
| Trading assets | (31,449) | 85,710 | (148,749 |
| Securities borrowed | 20,203 | (45,635) | (20,734 |
| Accrued interest and accounts receivable | (22,970) | (12,401) | (18,012 |
| Other assets | (2,882) | (11,745) | (42,430 |
| Trading liabilities | 11,170 | (23,190) | 77,198 |
| Accounts payable and other liabilities | 58,614 | 43,162 | 7,415 |
| Other operating adjustments | 2,339 | (398) | 3,115 |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities | 107,119 | 78,084 | (79,910 |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Net change in: | | | |
| Federal funds sold and securities purchased under resale agreements | (54,278) | 34,473 | (47,115 |
| Held-to-maturity securities: | | | |
| Proceeds from paydowns and maturities | 48,626 | 50,897 | 21,360 |
| Purchases | (33,676) | (111,756) | (12,400 |
| Available-for-sale securities: | | | |
| Proceeds from paydowns and maturities | 39,159 | 50,075 | 57,675 |
| Proceeds from sales | 84,616 | 162,748 | 149,758 |
| Purchases | (126,258) | (248,785) | (397,145 |
| Proceeds from sales and securitizations of loans held-for-investment | 44,892 | 35,845 | 23,559 |
| Other changes in loans, net | (128,968) | (91,797) | (50,263 |
| All other investing activities, net | (11,932) | (11,044) | (7,341 |
| Net cash (used in) investing activities | (137,819) | (129,344) | (261,912 |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Net change in: | | | |
| Deposits | (136,895) | 293,764 | 602,765 |
| Federal funds purchased and securities loaned or sold under repurchase agreements | 8,455 | (20,799) | 31,528 |
| Short-term borrowings | (8,984) | 7,773 | 4,438 |
| Beneficial interests issued by consolidated VIEs | 2,205 | (4,254) | 1,347 |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings | 78,442 | 82,409 | 78,686 |

❖ Financial Ratio:

1) Liquidity Ratios

| 1) Liquidity Ratio: This ratio indicates | a company's capac | ity to fulfil it | s short |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| , - 1 | | | |
| Current Ratio = Current Assets / Current Liabil | lities | | |
| Particulars | | Values | Į. |
| Current Assets | · · | 2,053,156 | _ |
| Current Liabilitie | | 3,077,546 | |
| Current Ratio | | 0.67 | |
| Current nado | | 0.07 | _ |
| | | | |
|) Acid-test / Quick Ratio (Current Assets - Invent | tory) / Current Liabilitie | s: Because inven | tory is le |
| | | | Ť |
| Particulars | ▼ | Values | • |
| Current Assets | | 2,053,156 | |
| Inventory | | 0 | |
| Current Liabilitie | ės – | 3,077,546 | |
| Quick Ratio | | 0.67 | |
| | | | |
| Cash ratio = Cash + Cash Equivalents / Current L | | | |
| | Liabilities: It is the most | stringent since i | t solely a |
| | Liabilities: It is the most | stringent since i | t solely a |
| Particulars | Liabilities: It is the most | stringent since i Values | t solely a |
| | v | | ▼ |
| Particulars | alents | Values | ▼ |

2) **Profitability Ratios**

| | ity Ratio: It measures profitability, | which is | a way to mea | isure a | company's performance | |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------|------------------------------|------------|
| | | | | | | |
| Gross Profit N | Margin = Gross Profit/Net Sales | | | | | |
| | Particulars | ~ | Values | ~ | | |
| | Net Sales | | 61,985 | | Dividend Per Share | 4 |
| | Gross Profit | | \$61,985.00 | | Earning Per Share | 9.18 |
| | GPM | | 100.00% | | Dividend Payout Ratio | 0.44 |
| Net Profit Ma | argin = Net Income/Total Revenue | | | | | |
| | · · | | | | | |
| Partic | | ~ | Values | ~ | | |
| | ncome | | 37,676.00 | | | |
| | Revenue | | 128,695.00 | | | |
| NPM | | | 29.28% | | | |
| eturn on Ass | ets = Net Income / Total Assets | | | | | |
| | Name | ~ | Values | - | | |
| | Net Income | | 37,676 | | | |
| | Total Assets | | 3,665,743 | | | |
| | ROA | | 1.03% | | | |
| Return on eq | uity = Net income / Shareholders' equity | | | | | |
| | Name | ~ | Values | ~ | | |
| | Net Income | | 37,676.00 | | | |
| | Shareholders' equity | | 292,332 | | | |
| | ROE | | 12.89% | | | |
| Operating pro | ofit margin = Operating profit / Total revenue | e | | | | |
| | Nama | | Values | | Plowback Ratio | \$ 0. |
| | Name | ~ | \$ 72,263 | 3.00 | Interest Rate | \$ 26,097. |
| | Operating Profit Total Revenue | | 128,695 | | Before income interest tax | \$ 46,166. |
| | Operating profit margin | | 56.15% | | Operating Earning | \$ 72,263. |
| | Operating profit margin | | 30.13% | | Operating Laining | ¥ 7 2,203. |
| arnings per s | hare (EPS) = Net income / Average number of | of outstand | ing shares | | | |
| | Name | ~ | Values | ~ | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Net Income | | 37,676 | | | |
| | Net Income Avg Outstanding Shares | | | 105 | | |

3) P/E Ratio

| 3) P/E R | atio = Market value per share/Earnings per sha | re (EPS) | |
|----------|------------------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| | | | |
| | Name | Values ▼ | |
| | Market Value Per Share | 141.22 | (CURRENT PRICE DATE(19-04-2023) |
| | EPS | 9.18 | |
| | PE Ratio | 15.39 | |
| | | | |

4) Dividend Payout Ratio

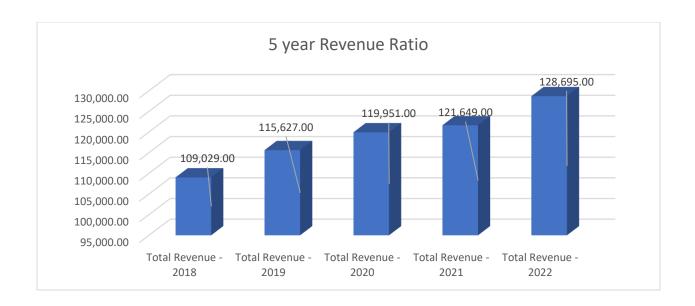
| I) Dividend Payout Ratio = Dividends / Net income | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------|--|
| | | |
| Name | Values 🔻 | |
| Dividends | 4.00 | |
| Net Income | 37676.00 | |
| Dividend Payout Ratio | 0.01% | |
| | | |

5) Debt to Equity Ratio

| 5) Debt | to Equity Ratio = Total Debt (total Liabilities)/ | Shareholders' Eq | luity | |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------|--|
| | | | | |
| | Name | Values | | |
| | Total Debt | 466,727 | | |
| | Shareholder's equity | 292,332 | | |
| | Debt to Equity | 159.66% | | |
| | | | | |

6) Organization's sustainable growth rate

| 6) Growth Rate(Considering Total Revenue as a | factor f | or 5 years) | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------|-------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| Name | _ | Values | ~ | |
| Total Revenue - 2018 | | 109,029.00 | | |
| Total Revenue - 2019 | | 115,627.00 | | |
| Total Revenue - 2020 | | 119,951.00 | - | According annual reports of JPM |
| Total Revenue - 2021 | | 121,649.00 | | |
| Total Revenue - 2022 | | 128,695.00 | | |
| Growth Rate | | 3.37% | | |
| | | | | |



***** CAPM

| Average(Rm) | 1.01 |
|-------------|-------|
| Monthly(Rm) | 0.56% |
| Annual(Rm) | 6.92% |

| β | 1.10 https://finance.vahoo.com/guote/JPM?p=JPM |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Rm | 6.92% |
| Rf | 3.61% https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/%5EFVX?p=%5EFVX |
| | |
| Ra | 7.25% |
| | |
| | |
| | on expected return of 6.92%. The expected return on the market is 7.26% and |
| | on expected return of 6.92%. The expected return on the market is 7.26% and e rate is 3.486%. According to CAPM, what is the beta value of this stock? |
| the risk-free | e rate is 3.486%. According to CAPM, what is the beta value of this stock? |
| | |

| Ra | 7.25% | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| β | 1.10 | | |
| Rm | 6.92% | | |
| Rf | 3.62% | | |
| Ra | 7.25% | at is risk free rate of this stock? | |
| the beta value is 1.10. A | ccording to CAPM, wh | | |
| the beta value is 1.10. A Ra β | 7.25% 1.10 | | |
| the beta value is 1.10. A Ra β Rf | 7.25% 1.10 3.62% | | |

Technical Analysis

Monte-Carlo Simulation For 2022

| Δ | Α | В | С | D | Е | F | G | |
|----------|------------|-----------|-----------------------|---|---|----------|---------|--|
| 1 | Date | Adj Close | Periodic Daily Return | | | Average | 0.00062 | |
| 2 | 2022-01-03 | 154.3914 | -0.037208823 | | | Variance | 0.00035 | |
| 3 | 2022-01-04 | 160.2443 | 0.01845134 | | | Std. Dev | 0.01874 | |
| 4 | 2022-01-05 | 157.3147 | -0.010568053 | | | Drift | 0.00045 | |
| 5 | 2022-01-06 | 158.986 | -0.009859381 | | | | | |
| 6 | 2022-01-07 | 160.5613 | -0.00095682 | | | | | |
| 7 | 2022-01-10 | 160.715 | -0.001015566 | | | | | |
| 8 | 2022-01-11 | 160 8783 | -0.00565572 | | | | | |

Forecast for 2023

| | - | |
|------------|------------|--|
| Date | Projection | |
| 2023-01-01 | 152.75383 | |
| 2023-01-02 | 153.79396 | |
| 2023-01-03 | 145.68797 | |
| 2023-01-04 | 144.26064 | |
| 2023-01-05 | 144.17693 | |
| 2023-01-06 | 142.70199 | |
| 2023-01-07 | 140.34771 | |
| 2023-01-08 | 139.32696 | |
| 2023-01-09 | 138.59336 | |
| 2023-01-10 | 138.81363 | |
| 2023-01-11 | 141.55645 | |
| 2023-01-12 | 142.56606 | |
| 2023-01-13 | 145.5232 | |
| 2023-01-14 | 149.92201 | |
| 2023-01-15 | 148.40481 | |
| 2023-01-16 | 148.12213 | |
| 2023-01-17 | 150.02288 | |
| 2023-01-18 | 152.35481 | |
| 2023-01-19 | 149.50871 | |
| 2023-01-20 | 152.13852 | |
| 2023-01-21 | 154.8408 | |
| | | |

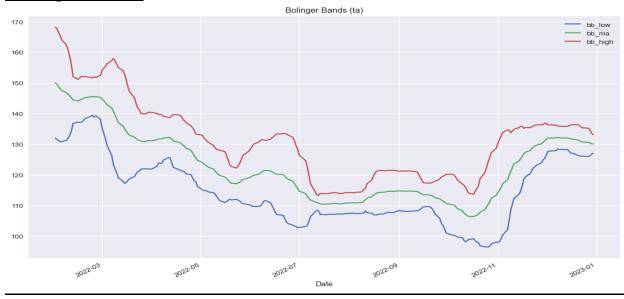
Using 10,000 Simulation

| | 131.1473 | | | |
|---|----------|---------|-------------|----------|
| 1 | 146.798 | -4.92% | Average | 194.8617 |
| 2 | 90.93953 | -41.10% | Std. Dev | 72.01846 |
| 3 | 152.0759 | -1.50% | | |
| 4 | 227.9881 | 47.67% | Avg. R | 26.21% |
| 5 | 211.1514 | 36.76% | Std. Dev. R | 0.466467 |
| 6 | 140.6614 | -8.89% | | |
| 7 | 160.2217 | 3.78% | Positive | 68.150% |
| 8 | 105.8974 | -31.41% | 5% | 63.1500% |
| | | | | |

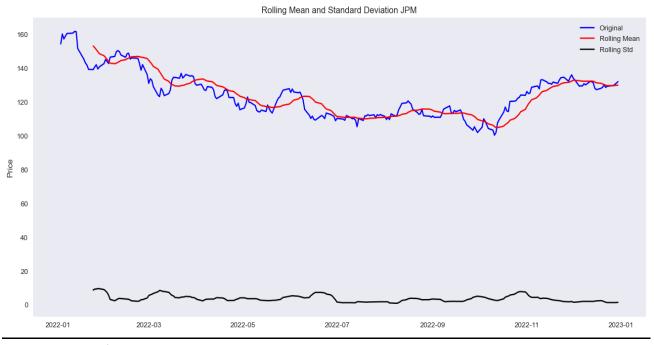


 Based on the projection for 2023, it is evident that the price is expected to increase.

❖ Bollinger Bands

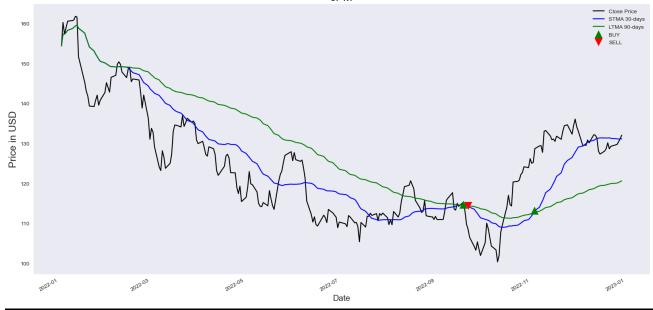


❖ Simple & Exponential Moving Average



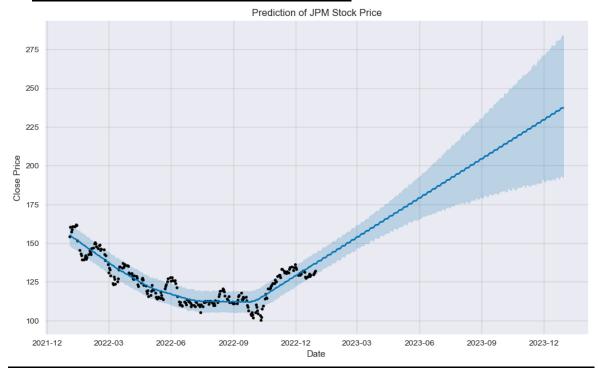
The stock price of the company was relatively stable between January 3 to January 7, 2022, with a slight increase on January 4. The short-term moving average and long-term moving average values for each day were almost the same, indicating that the stock price did not deviate much from its averages during this period. However, this short-term snapshot alone may not be enough to provide a comprehensive understanding of the stock's performance. Further analysis is required to make informed investment decisions.





The information provided is about a trading strategy that uses short-term and long-term moving averages to generate buy and sell signals for JPM stock. The strategy opened a buy position on September 19, 2022, but closed it on September 22, 2022, resulting in a loss. The strategy then opened another buy position on November 4, 2022. It's important to note that relying solely on technical indicators may not always be a reliable approach, and other factors should also be considered before making investment decisions.

Forecasting using Facebook Prophet



| Out[23]: | | ds | yhat | yhat_lower | yhat_upper |
|----------|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 611 | 2023-12-26 | 236.854738 | 193.164540 | 281.152064 |
| | 612 | 2023-12-27 | 237.165758 | 193.879038 | 283.137045 |
| | 613 | 2023-12-28 | 237.006076 | 192.637330 | 284.234212 |
| | 614 | 2023-12-29 | 237.397851 | 193.028122 | 282.972896 |
| | 615 | 2023-12-30 | 237.147241 | 192.077787 | 283.969341 |

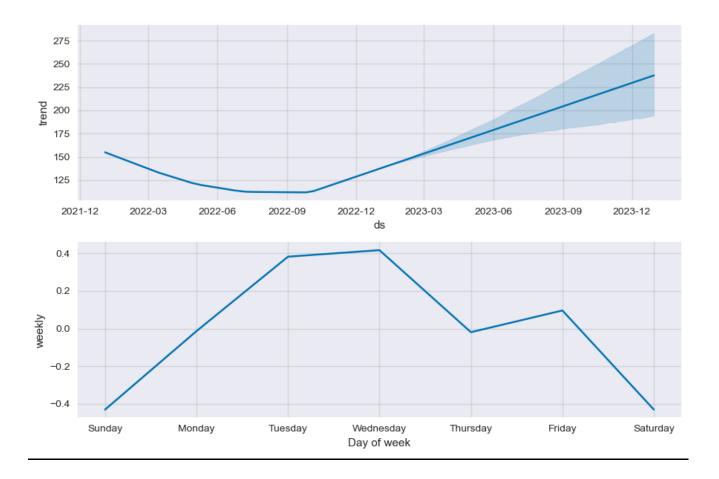
The forecast provides a prediction for the variable being forecasted (yhat) along with the lower and upper bounds of the forecast (yhat_lower and yhatupper) for the dates ranging from December 26, 2023 to December 30, 2023.

It seems that the forecast is predicting an increase in the value of the variable being forecasted over the given time period. The lower and upper bounds can be used to estimate the level of uncertainty associated with the forecast.

Based on this data, the model predicts that JP Morgan's stock price have slight frequent changes in value throughout December 2023, with a predicted price

- on December 26th, 236.85,
- on December 27th, 237.16,
- on December 28th, 237.00,
- on December 29th, 237.39,
- on December 30th, 237.14

However, it's important to note that stock prices can be highly volatile and subject to many external factors, so these predictions may not necessarily be accurate.



- Based on the forecasting results, it can be inferred that the stock price is expected to exhibit an upward trend over the course of December 2023.
- Based on the analysis, the data suggests a trend of price increase during weekdays, while a decrease in price during weekends.

Recommendation & Conclusion

Recommendation

- Current stock price of JP Morgan on April 19th, 2023: \$141.22 USD.
- Forecasted increase of more than \$200 USD in 2023.
- Advisable to consider purchasing the stock at its current lower price and hold onto it.
- Expected to reach a higher price rate by the end of 2023, specifically on December 30th, 2023.
- Forecasted value on December 30th, 2023: \$237.14 USD.

Conclusion

- JP Morgan is a leading financial services firm with a long and storied history.
- The organization has played a significant role in many important events in American history.
- Despite facing significant challenges in the current macroeconomic and industry environments, JP Morgan has maintained a strong position in the market.
- The organization's focus on technology, sustainability, and social responsibility are key factors in its continued success in the years ahead.
- Based on JP Morgan's strong market position and positive forecasted price, the stock may present a favorable investment opportunity.