

COURSE: Concrete Mathematics

THEME: chap3 integer functions

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3.22  $S_n = \sum_{k \geq 1} \lfloor \frac{n}{2^k} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor = \sum_{k \geq 1} \text{"距 } \frac{n}{2^k} \text{ 最近的整数"}$

$n$	$(n)_2$	$\lfloor \frac{n}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor$
13	1101	110.1 $\rightarrow$ 111 <sup>↑</sup>
14	1110	111.0 $\rightarrow$ 111
15	1111	111.1 $\rightarrow$ 1000 <sup>↑</sup>

$n=13$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1101 \\ 110 \\ 11 \\ 1 \\ + \\ 1010 \\ \hline +3 = 1101 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{k \geq 1} \lfloor \frac{n}{2^k} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor &= \sum_{k \geq 1} n \gg k + \sum \text{"n二进制的位和"} \\ &= \sum_{k \geq 1} n \gg k + \sum \text{"因移位而损失的1"} = n \end{aligned}$$

仅存在唯一奇数  $q$ ,  $n = q \cdot 2^{k-1}$ , 此时  $\lfloor \frac{n}{2^k} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor = \lfloor \frac{q+1}{2} \rfloor$   
而  $n-1$  有  $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2^k} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor = \lfloor \frac{q+1}{2} \rfloor - 1$

对相邻项均相同, 故  $\begin{cases} S_0 = 0 \\ S_n = S_{n-1} + 1 \end{cases} \quad S_n = n$   
 $\begin{cases} T_0 = 0 \\ T_n = T_{n-1} + q \cdot 2^k = T_n + 2n \end{cases} \quad T_n = n(n+1)$

3.23 第一个  $m$  下标  $\frac{(1+m-1)(m-1)}{2} + 1 = \frac{m(m-1)}{2} + 1 = \frac{m^2 - m + 2}{2}$

最后一个  $m$  下标  $\frac{m(m-1)}{2} + m = \frac{m^2 + m}{2}$

$\forall k \in [\frac{m^2 - m + 2}{2}, \frac{m^2 + m}{2}]$ ,  $a_k = m$

$\forall n \exists m$

$\sum [\lfloor \sqrt{2n} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor = m]$

$\frac{m^2 - m + 2}{2} \leq n \leq \frac{m^2 + m}{2}$

$= \sum [\lfloor \sqrt{2n} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor = m]$

$\sqrt{(m - \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{7}{4}} \leq \sqrt{2n} \leq \sqrt{(m + \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{4}}$

$= \sum_n [m - \frac{1}{2} < \sqrt{(m - \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{7}{4}} \leq \sqrt{2n} \leq \sqrt{(m + \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{4}} < m + \frac{1}{2}] [\lfloor \sqrt{2n} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor = m]$

$= \sum_n [m < \sqrt{2n} + \frac{1}{2} < m + 1] [\lfloor \sqrt{2n} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor = m]$

$\frac{m^2 - m + 2}{2} \leq n \leq \frac{m^2 + m}{2}$

$= \frac{m^2 + m}{2} - \frac{m^2 - m + 2}{2} + 1$

$= m$