

COURSE: Concrete Mathematics

THEME: chap3 integer functions

NAME: JHD

3.19 $\forall x \geq 1 \quad \lfloor \log_b x \rfloor = \lfloor \log_b \lfloor x \rfloor \rfloor \quad (b > 1)$ 的必要条件 观察

① b 为整数时

$\log_b x$ 为整数 $\rightarrow x$ 为整数

let $x = b^m + 1 \quad (0 \leq 1 < b^{m+1})$ 即 $b^m \leq x < b^{m+1}$

so $b^m \leq \lfloor x \rfloor = b^m + \lfloor 1 \rfloor < b^{m+1}$

$\therefore m \leq \log_b x < m+1$

$m \leq \log_b \lfloor x \rfloor < m+1$

$\therefore \lfloor \log_b x \rfloor = \lfloor \log_b \lfloor x \rfloor \rfloor = m$

② $\forall x \geq 1 \quad \lfloor \log_b x \rfloor = \lfloor \log_b \lfloor x \rfloor \rfloor \quad (b > 1)$ 时

$x = b$ 时 $\lfloor \log_b x \rfloor = 1$

$\lfloor \log_b \lfloor x \rfloor \rfloor \leq \lfloor \log_b x \rfloor = 1$. 当且仅当 $\lfloor x \rfloor = x$ 即 $\lfloor b \rfloor = b$ 时成立

$\therefore b$ 为整数

3.20
$$\sum_k kx [\alpha \leq kx \leq \beta] = x \sum_k k \left[\left\lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \right\rceil \leq k \leq \left\lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \right\rfloor \right]$$

$$= x \cdot \sum_{\lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \rceil \leq k \leq \lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \rfloor} k = x \cdot \frac{(\lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \rceil + \lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \rfloor)(\lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \rfloor - \lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \rceil + 1)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{x}{2} (\lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \rfloor^2 - \lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \rceil^2 + \lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \rceil + \lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \rfloor)$$

$$= \frac{x}{2} (\lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \rfloor (\lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \rfloor + 1) - \lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \rceil (\lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \rceil - 1))$$

$$= \frac{x}{2} (\lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \rfloor \lfloor \frac{\beta}{x} \rfloor + 1 - \lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \rceil \lceil \frac{\alpha}{x} \rceil - 1)$$

3.21 2^m 的十进制表示, 首位为 1

$$2^0 = 1, 2^1 = 2, 2^2 = 4, 2^3 = 8, 2^4 = 16, 2^5 = 32, 2^6 = 64, 2^7 = 128, 2^8 = 256, 2^9 = 512, 2^{10} = 1024$$

$$2^m = 10^k + 1 \quad (0 \leq 1 < 10^k)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \lfloor \log_{10} 2^m \rfloor = k, \quad 0 \leq 2^m - 10^k < 10^k$$

$$\sum_{\substack{0 \leq m \leq M, \\ k}} [0 \leq 2^m - 10^k < 10^k]$$

$$= \sum_{k, m} [0 \leq m \leq M] [10^k \leq 2^m < 2 \cdot 10^k] \searrow$$
$$[k \lg 10 \leq m < k \lg 10 + 1]$$

$$= \sum_{k, m} [0 \leq m \leq M] [m = \lceil k \lg 10 \rceil]$$

$$= \sum_k [0 \leq \lceil k \lg 10 \rceil \leq M] = \sum_k [-1 < k \lg 10 \leq M] = \left\lfloor \frac{M}{\lg 10} \right\rfloor - \left\lfloor -\frac{1}{\lg 10} \right\rfloor$$
$$= \left\lfloor \frac{M}{\lg 10} \right\rfloor + 1$$