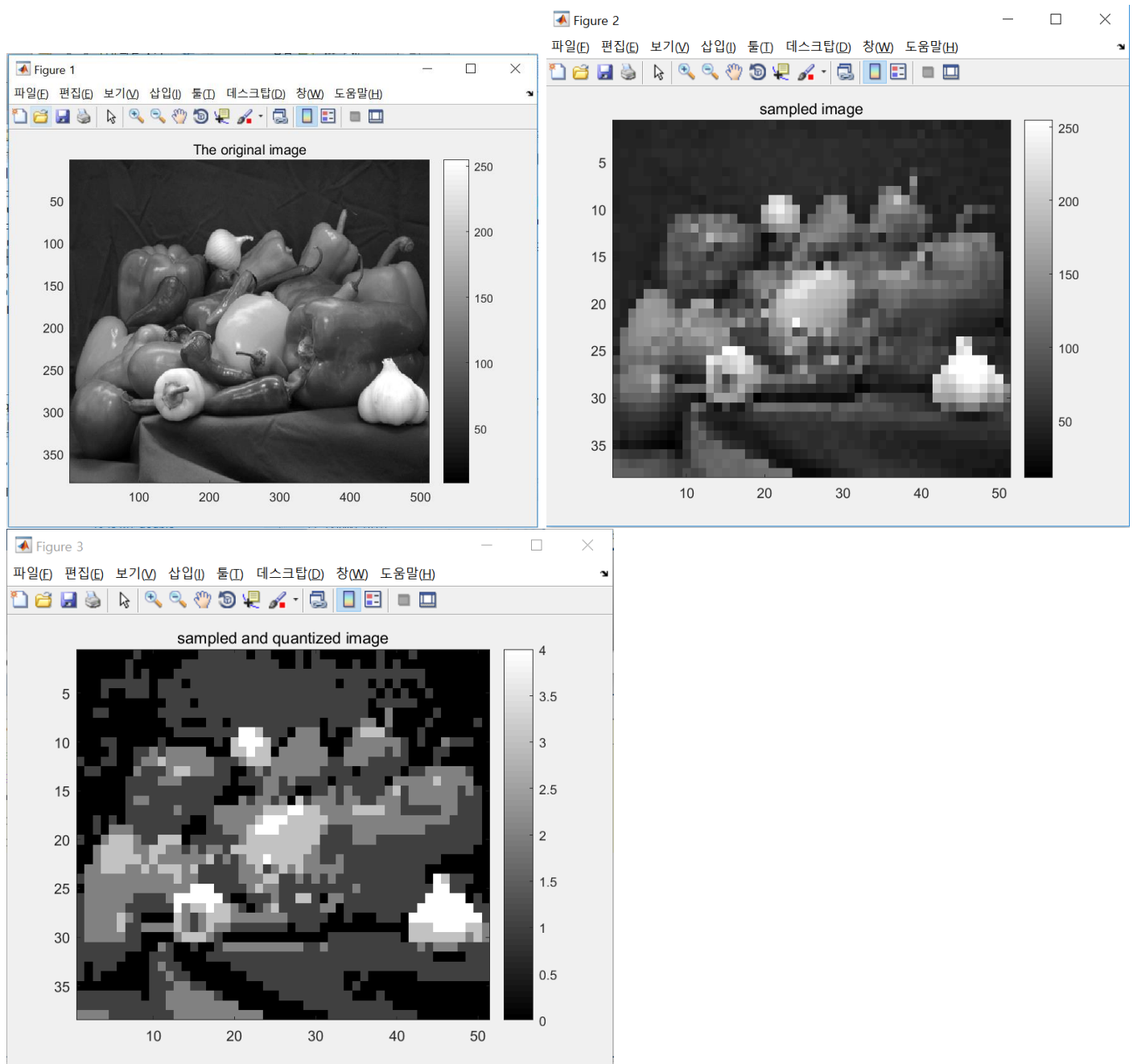


Homework 3

Academic Integrity Policy: Integrity of scholarship is essential for an academic community. The University expects that both faculty and students will honor this principle and in so doing protect the validity of University intellectual work. For students, this means that all academic work will be done by the individual to whom it is assigned, without unauthorized aid of any kind. By including this in my report, I agree to abide by the Academic Integrity Policy mentioned above.

Problem 1. Sampling & Quantization (10 points)



•How would the above function be of use in image compression?

Ans: By sampling, we can reduce the file size of images that help us process these images even faster. On top of that, we can represent the gray levels in an image using quantization.

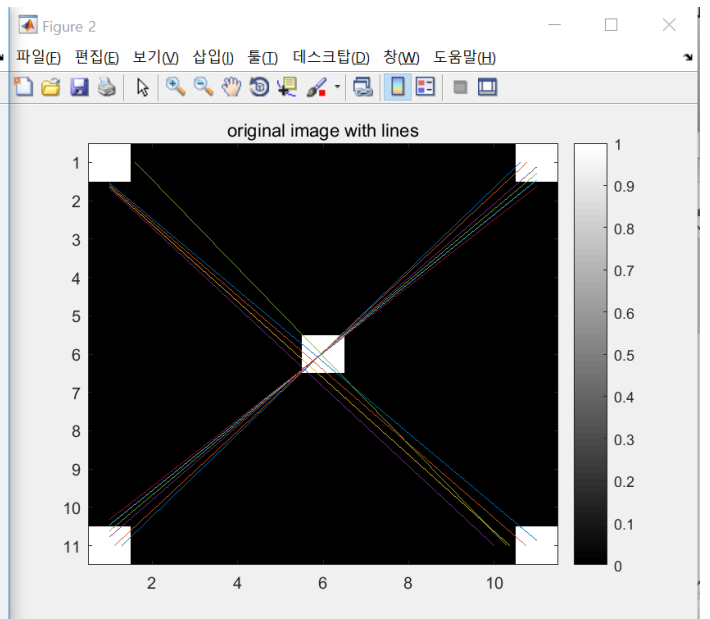
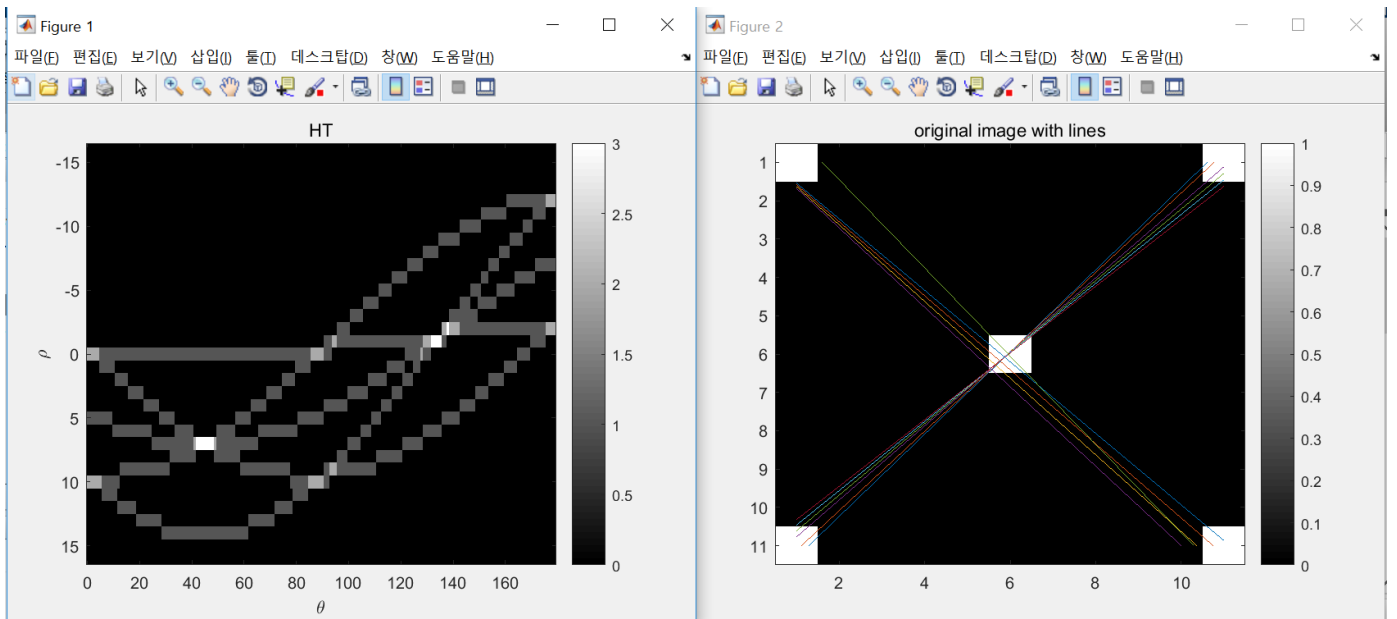
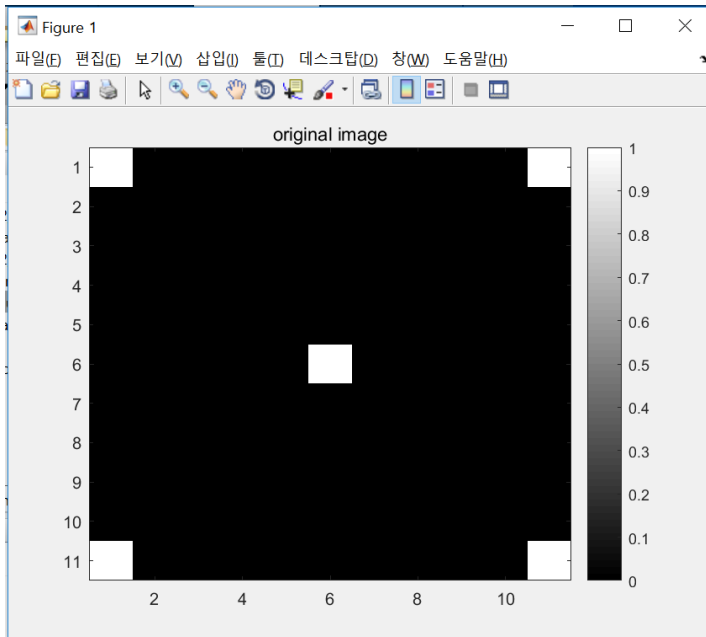
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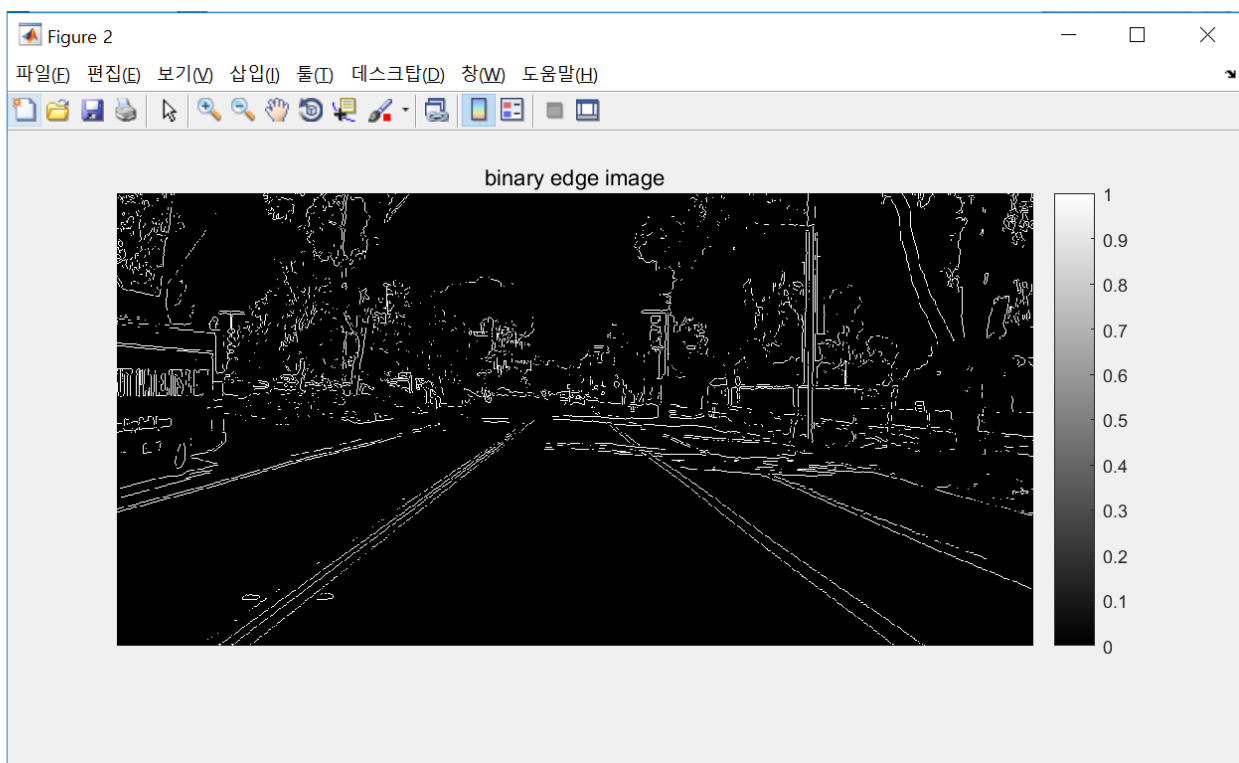
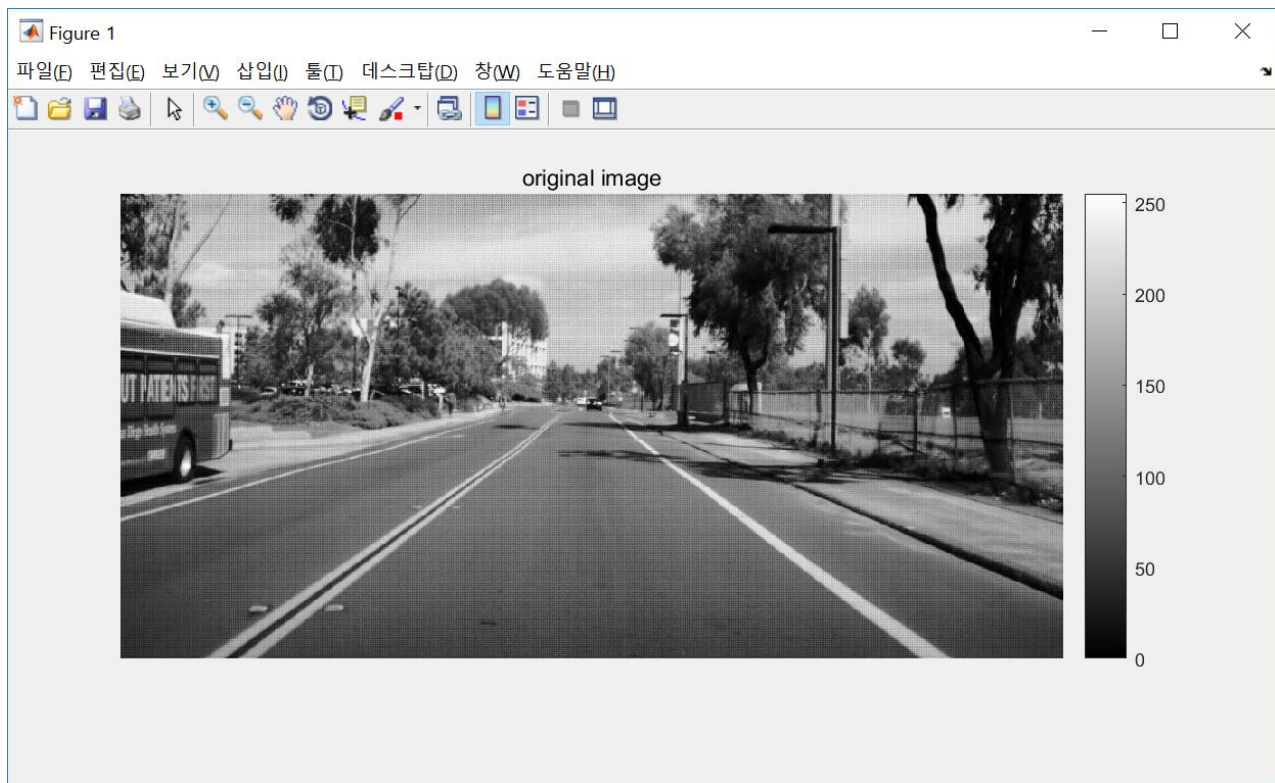
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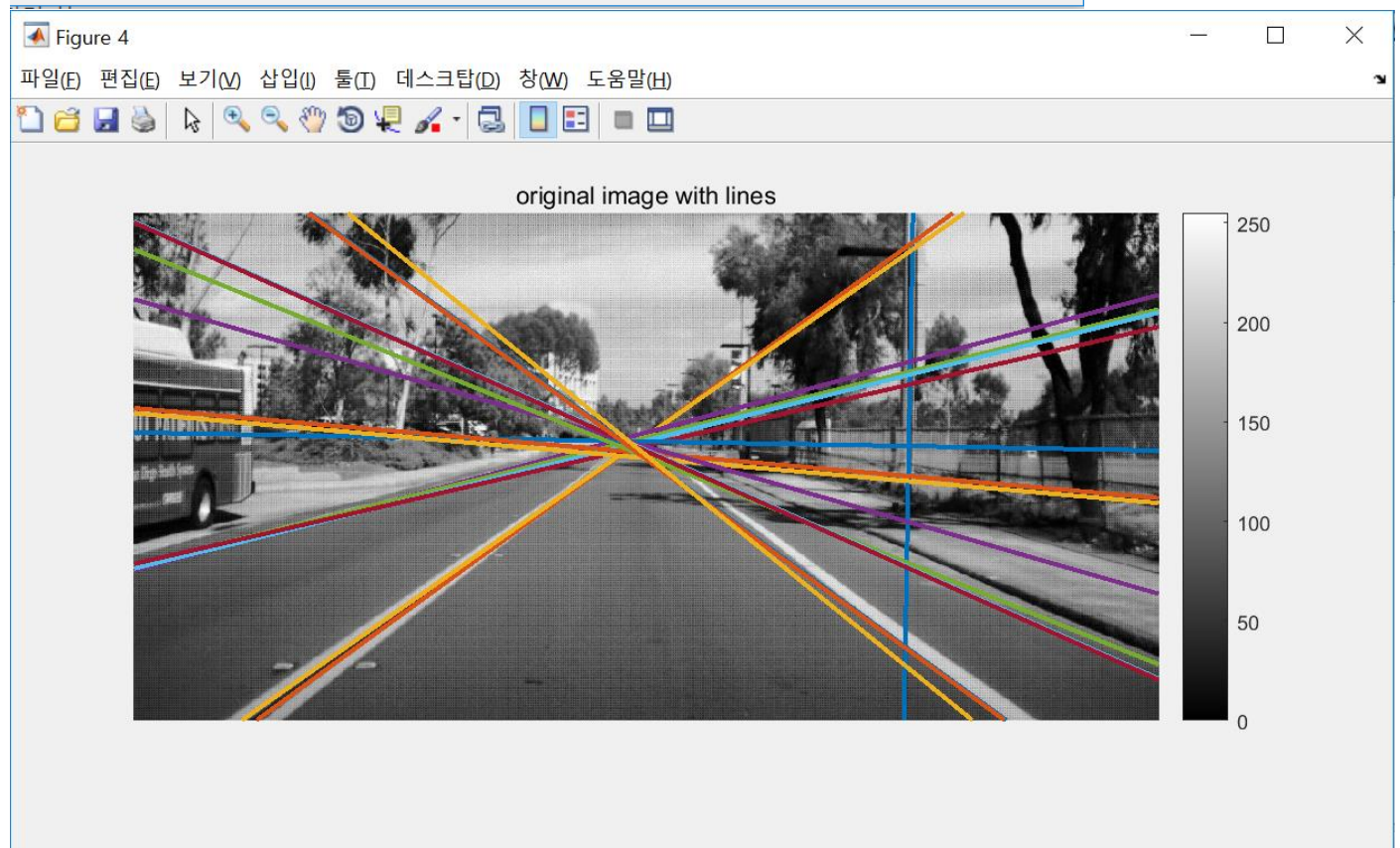
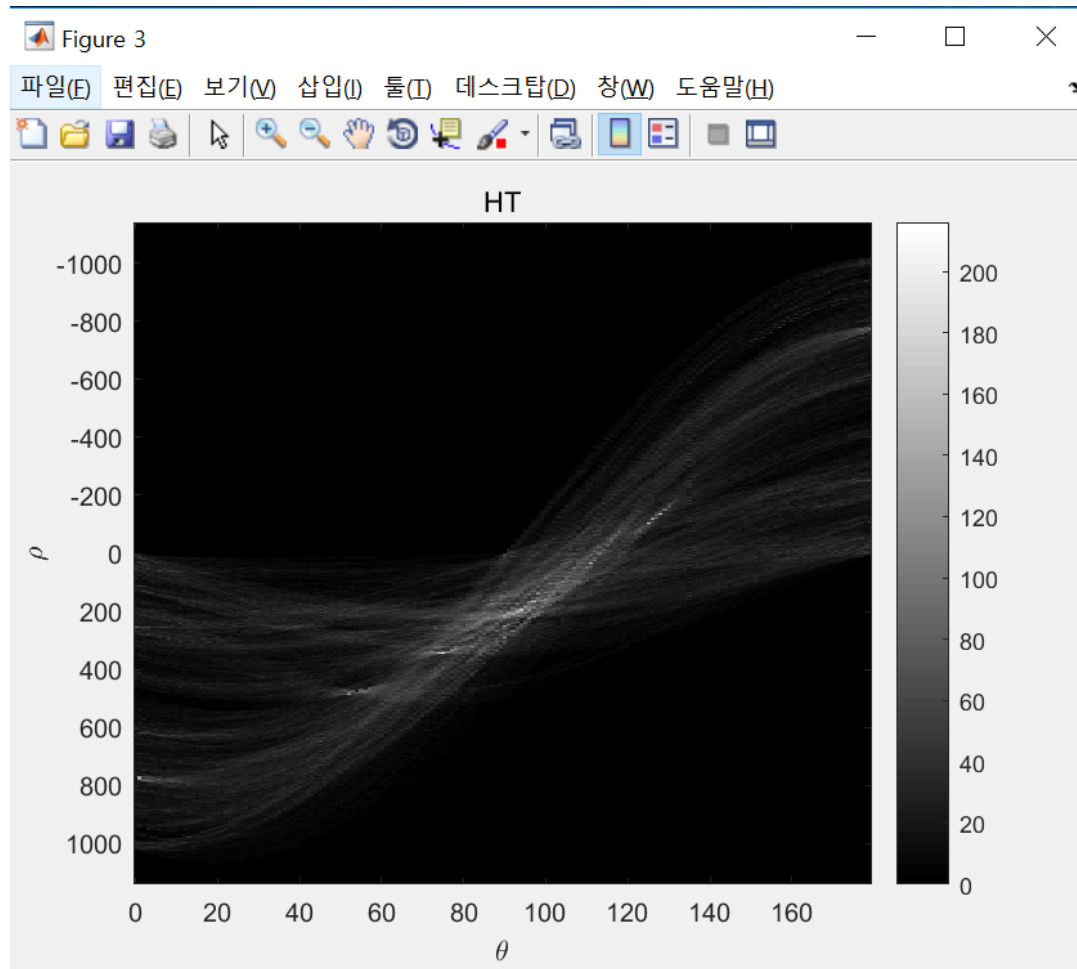
Problem 2. Hough Transform (20 points)

(ii)

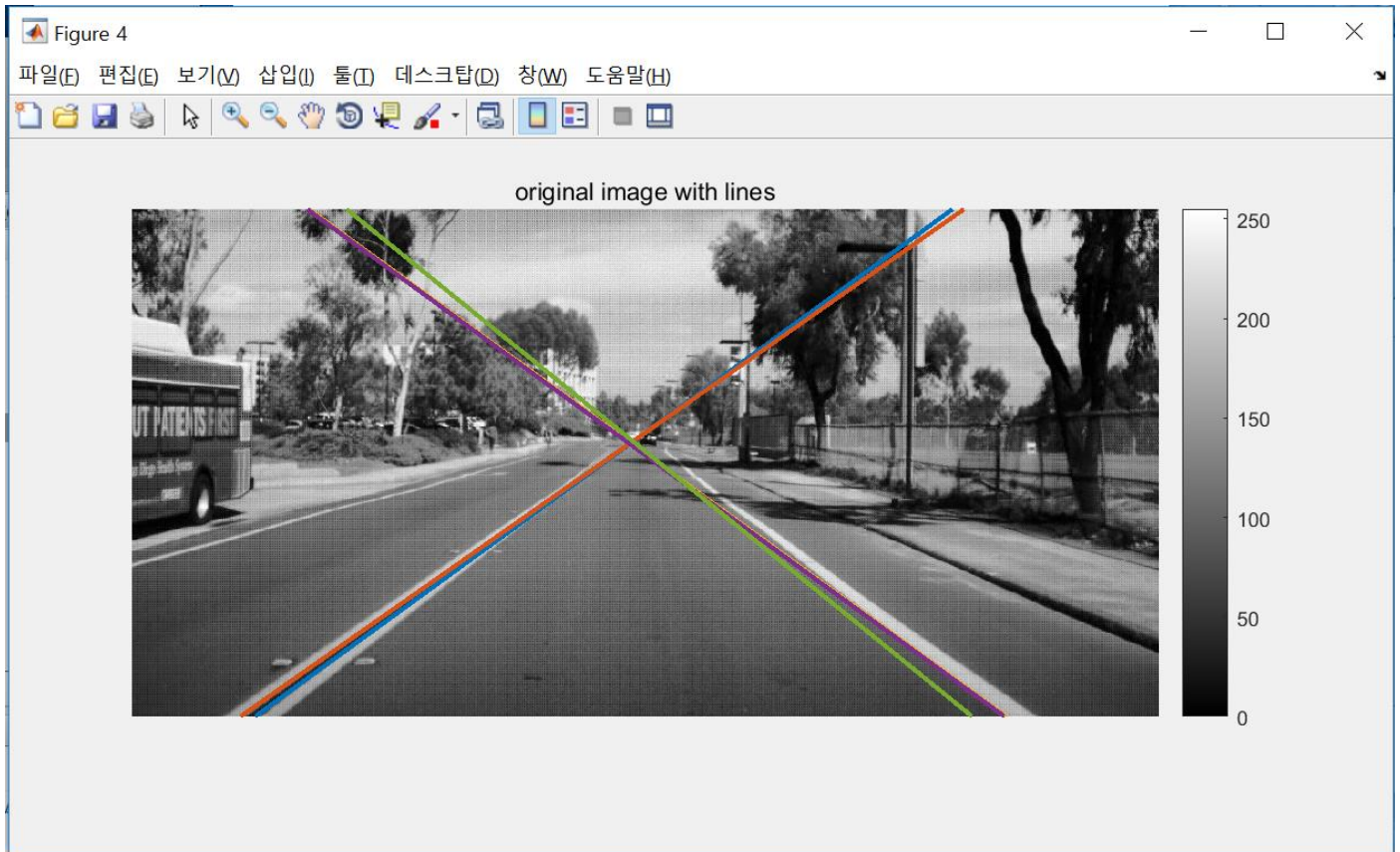


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(iii)





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(iv)



As we can guess from the HT of this image,
the range of theta is ' $45 \leq \theta \leq 65$, $120 \leq \theta \leq 140$ '

APPENDIX

Problem 1

```
function output_img = sample_quant(input_img)
%% sampling
size_input = size(input_img);
i=1;
j=1;
while(10*i < size_input(1))
    while(10*j < size_input(2))
        sampled(i,j) = input_img(i*10,j*10);
        j=j+1;
    end
    i=i+1;
    j=1;
end
figure(2), imagesc(sampled); colormap(gray); colorbar; title('sampled image'); % show the sampled image

%% quantization
size_sampled = size(sampled);
for i=1 : size_sampled(1)
    for j=1 : size_sampled(2)
        if (sampled(i,j)>=0) && (sampled(i,j)<=50)
            final(i,j) = 0;
        elseif (sampled(i,j)>=51) && (sampled(i,j)<=101)
            final(i,j) = 1;
        elseif (sampled(i,j)>=102) && (sampled(i,j)<=152)
            final(i,j) = 2;
        elseif (sampled(i,j)>=153) && (sampled(i,j)<=203)
            final(i,j) = 3;
        else
            final(i,j) = 4;
        end
    end
end
output_img = final;
end
```

%% run a file for probelm 1

```
input=imread('peppers.png');
figure(1), imagesc(input); colormap(gray); title('The original image');
output = sample_quant(input);
figure(3), imagesc(output); colormap(gray); colorbar; title('sampled and quantized image');
```

Problem 2

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2(i),2(ii)

```
image = zeros(11,11);
image(1,1)=1;
image(1,11)=1;
image(11,1)=1;
image(11,11)=1;
image(6,6)=1;
figure(1); imagesc(image); colormap(gray); colorbar; title('original image');
size_img = size(image);
H = size_img(1);
W = size_img(2);
rho = -round(sqrt(H*H+W*W)):1:round(sqrt(H*H+W*W));
theta = 0:1:179;

A = zeros(length(rho),length(theta));
[y,x] = find(image==1);

for ii=1:length(x)
    rho1 = x(ii)*cos(theta*pi/180)+y(ii)*sin(theta*pi/180);
    rho1 = round(rho1+sqrt(H*H+W*W));
    for iii=1 : length(theta)
        A(rho1(iii),iii)=A(rho1(iii),iii)+1;
    end
end
figure(2),imagesc(theta,rho,A); title('HT'); xlabel('\theta'); ylabel('\rho'); colorbar; colormap gray;

[rho_line,theta_line] = find(A>=3);

figure(3); imagesc(image); colormap(gray); colorbar; title('original image with lines');

hold on;

for iv=1:length(rho_line)
    x_i = [1 W];
    y_i = (rho_line(iv)-sqrt(H*H+W*W))-
    x_i*cos((theta_line(iv)+theta(1))*pi/180))/sin((theta_line(iv)+theta(1))*pi/180);

    y_ii = [1 H];
    x_ii = (rho_line(iv)-sqrt(H*H+W*W))-
    y_ii*sin((theta_line(iv)+theta(1))*pi/180))/cos((theta_line(iv)+theta(1))*pi/180);

    x_final=[];
    y_final=[];

    for k=1 : 2
        if y_i(k)>=1 && y_i(k)<=H
            x_final = [x_final,x_i(k)];
            y_final = [y_final,y_i(k)];
        elseif x_ii(k)>=1 && x_ii(k)<=W
            x_final = [x_final,x_ii(k)];
            y_final = [y_final,y_ii(k)];
        end
    end
end
```

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end

end
plot(x_final,y_final);

end
hold off;

2(iii), 2(iv)

close all;

I = imread('lane.png');
I=I(:,:,1);
figure(1); imshow(I); colorbar; title('original image')
image = edge(I,'sobel');
figure(2); imshow(image); colorbar; title('binary edge image')
size_img = size(image);
H = size_img(1);
W = size_img(2);
rho = -round(sqrt(H*H+W*W)):1:round(sqrt(H*H+W*W));
theta = 0:1:179;

A = zeros(length(rho),length(theta));
[y,x] = find(image==1);

for ii=1:length(x)
rho1 = x(ii)*cos(theta*pi/180)+y(ii)*sin(theta*pi/180);
rho1 = round(rho1+sqrt(H*H+W*W));
for iii=1 : length(theta)
A(rho1(iii),iii)=A(rho1(iii),iii)+1;
end

end
figure(3),imagesc(theta,rho,A); title('HT'); xlabel('\theta'); ylabel('\rho'); colorbar; colormap gray;

[rho_line,theta_line] = find(A>=0.75*max(A(:)));

figure(4); imshow(I); colorbar; title('original image with lines')
hold on;

for iv=1:length(rho_line)
x_i = [1 W];
y_i = (rho_line(iv)-sqrt(H*H+W*W)-
x_i*cos((theta_line(iv)+theta(1))*pi/180))/sin((theta_line(iv)+theta(1))*pi/180);

y_ii = [1 H];
x_ii = (rho_line(iv)-sqrt(H*H+W*W)-
y_ii*sin((theta_line(iv)+theta(1))*pi/180))/cos((theta_line(iv)+theta(1))*pi/180);

x_final=[];
y_final=[];

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%% find lines that across the image

for k=1 : 2

if y_i(k)>=1 && y_i(k)<=H

x_final = [x_final,x_i(k)];

y_final = [y_final,y_i(k)];

elseif x_ii(k)>=1 && x_ii(k)<=W

x_final = [x_final,x_ii(k)];

y_final = [y_final,y_ii(k)];

end

end

%% thresholding angle

if theta_line(iv)+theta(1)>=45 && theta_line(iv)+theta(1)<=65 || theta_line(iv)+theta(1)>=120 &&
theta_line(iv)+theta(1)<=140

plot(x_final,y_final,'linewidth',2);

end

end

hold off;