Analysis of Banker's Algorithm

Let m be the totla number of resource types

Let n be the total number of customers

Consider this snippet of code from the Banker's Algorithm

```
if (finish(Ci) == false && temp_need(Ci) <= work) {
    possible = true;
    work += temp_allocation(Ci);
    finish(Ci) = true;
}</pre>
```

Temp_need and work are 1 dimensional arrays of size m. Thus the comparison of temp_need and work [temp_need(Ci) <= work] and updating of the work array [work += temp_allocation(Ci)] each have complexity m.

Thus, this if loop has complexity O(m+m) = O(2m) = O(m)

This if loop is nested within a for loop

```
for(customer Ci = 1:n) {
    if (finish(Ci) == false && temp_need(Ci) <= work) {
        possible = true;
        work += temp_allocation(Ci);
        finish(Ci) = true;
    }
}</pre>
```

The for loop iterates through all customers [(customer Ci = $\mathbf{1}$:n)], hence it would iterate n times. Thus the for loop would have a complexity of O(n*m).

This for loop is in turn nested in a while loop

```
while(possible) {
    possible = false;
    for(customer Ci = 1:n) {
        if (finish(Ci) == false && temp_need(Ci) <= work) {
            possible = true;
            work += temp_allocation(Ci);
            finish(Ci) = true;
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

In the worst case the while loop would iterate n times.

Thus, the complexity of Banker's Algorithm is **O(m*n*n)**

Test Bank Q1

Command Prompt

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.16299.248]
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C:\Users\Jing Yun\Desktop\50.005 Computer Systems Engineering\50.005-CSE-Labs\Lab3

C:\Users\Jing Yun\Desktop\50.005 Computer Systems Engineering\50.005-CSE-Labs\Lab3>javac TestBankQ1.java

C:\Users\Jing Yun\Desktop\50.005 Computer Systems Engineering\50.005-CSE-Labs\Lab3>java TestBankQ1

C:\Users\Jing Yun\Desktop\50.005 Computer Systems Engineering\50.005-CSE-Labs\Lab3>
```

TestBankQ2

```
C:\Users\Jing Yun\Desktop\50.005 Computer Systems Engineering\50.005-CSE-Labs\Lab3>java TestBankQ2 Customer 0 requesting
 Customer 0 requesting 0 1 0 Customer 1 requesting 2 0 0 Customer 2 requesting 3 0 2 Customer 3 requesting
 2 1 1
Customer 4 requesting
0 0 2
Customer 1 requesting
1 0 2
Available:
2 3 0
Maximum:
7 5 2
 7 5 3
3 2 2
9 0 2
2 2 2
4 3 3
Allocation:
0 1 0
3 0 2
3 0 2
2 1 1
0 0 2
Need:
7 4 3
0 2 0
5 0 0
0 1 1
4 3 1
Customer 0 requesting
  Allocation:
Customer 0 2 2 0 Available: 2 3 0 Maximum: 7 5 3 3 2 2 9 0 2 2 2 2 4 3 3 Milocation.
  Allocation:
 0 1 0
3 0 2
3 0 2
2 1 1
0 0 2
Need:
7 4 3
0 2 0
6 0 0
0 1 1
4 3 1
```