

Local Legend App – Performance & Infrastructure Analysis

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A hands-on performance analysis of a local marketplace Android app

Overview

I came across the [Local Legend app](#) on the Google Play Store - a marketplace connecting local sellers with nearby buyers. With only 500+ downloads and a recent update, I was curious about how it performs in real-world usage. So I decided to download it and run some tests.

What I found was eye-opening: The app has significant performance bottlenecks that are likely affecting user retention and growth. This analysis documents those issues through hands-on testing and explores potential solutions.

Testing Approach

Rather than just reading reviews, I took a practical DevOps approach:

- Timed app launches with a stopwatch
- Monitored battery consumption
- Tracked data usage
- Tested location accuracy
- Tested search, categories, and browsing
- Documented everything with screenshots

Test Environment:

- Device: Xiaomi Note 11
 - Network: 4G Mobile Data
 - Location: Jamnagar, Gujarat, India
 - Duration: ~18 minutes
 - Testing Method: Real-world usage simulation
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App Info

Installation



Available on Google Play Store with 500+ downloads



Quick Facts:

- **Name :** Local Legend - Pride of Locals
- **Size :** 78.20 MB
- **Version :** 1.0.33
- **Category :** Business
- **Downloads :** 500+
- **Last Updated :** December 29, 2025
- **Developer :** The Skill Guru Foundation

Purpose: Connect local sellers (home chefs, artisans, boutiques) with nearby customers.

Key Features:

- **Snap & Sell** - Quick product listing
- **Nearby Deals** - Location-based discovery
- **Direct Chat** - Seller communication
- **Store Listings** - Browse by category

Permissions



The app requests:

- Location (for nearby sellers)
- Notifications (for updates)

Performance Tests

Test 1: Cold Start (First Launch)



Measured: 14.74 seconds

Process:

1. Tapped app icon (started timer)
2. Location permission popup
3. Onboarding screen
4. Home page loaded (stopped timer)

Analysis:

This is **3x slower** than industry standard (3-5 seconds). Research shows 53% of users abandon apps taking more than 3 seconds to load.

Possible causes:

- App likely downloading large amounts of data at startup (product listings, seller data)
- Images and assets probably not optimized or cached
- Heavy initialization processes blocking the UI thread

Home Page



Once loaded, the home page displays featured products and nearby stores

Test 2: Warm Start (Second Launch)



Measured: 5.10 seconds

Better than cold start but still **2x slower** than competitors like Meesho or Dunzo.

Test 3: Search Performance



Query: "Cake"

Measured: 8.08 seconds (until images fully loaded)



Issues observed:

- App says "Showing 3 instant results" - but took 8 seconds!
- All products are 1000+ km away from my location (Jamnagar)
- Images loaded slowly, one by one
- No lazy loading or progressive rendering

Likely reasons:

- Images probably being fetched from server without caching
- No CDN implementation - direct server requests every time
- Full-resolution images loaded even for thumbnails

Test 4: Battery & Data Impact

Battery Consumption



Battery Drain: 36.40% in 18 minutes

At this rate, the phone would die in approximately **50 minutes** of continuous app usage.

Why this matters: Users can't browse for extended periods, especially on older devices.

What might be causing this:

- Continuous network activity (frequent API calls)
- Images loading in foreground without proper caching
- Location services running constantly in background

Data Usage



Data Consumption: 95 MB in 18 minutes

That's approximately **5 MB per minute** - which is higher than watching YouTube videos!

Impact for users:

- Most Indian users have 1-2 GB monthly data plans

- This app would consume **entire monthly data in 4-5 shopping sessions**
- Makes the app expensive to use for the target demographic

Root cause analysis:

- Uncompressed images (likely 2-3 MB each)
- No image caching - same images downloaded repeatedly
- Probably serving full-resolution images instead of thumbnails

Critical Issues Discovered

Issue 1: Location Accuracy Problem



Wrong Location

My Location	Jamnagar, Gujarat
App Shows	Products from 900-1000+ km away



The "nearby sellers" feature shows:

Seller	Distance
Lisa	440.7 km away
Shivam kolhe	562.7 km away
Dhanshree Store	699.4 km away
Most products	1000+ km away

Impact: This completely defeats the purpose of a "LOCAL" marketplace app. Nobody will buy groceries or everyday items from sellers 1000 km away.

What's probably happening:

- Database query might not have proper geospatial indexing
- Location coordinates captured correctly but backend returns wrong results
- Possibly using basic distance calculation instead of proper geolocation queries

Issue 2: Slow Image Loading



Problems:

- Images take 3-5 seconds to load
- Don't load during fast scrolling
- Very large file sizes (2-3 MB per image)
- No caching or optimization

Likely implementation:

- Direct server requests for each image
- No progressive image loading (blur-up effect)
- Missing lazy loading implementation

Issue 3: Poor Search & Categorization



Example: Searched for "App Development"

Expected	Got
App development services	Beauty products, hair oil, home goods

Root cause: Poor data quality, no category validation, broken search algorithm.

What seems to be missing:

- Proper search indexing (probably using basic SQL LIKE queries)
- Category validation when sellers add products
- Search ranking/relevance algorithm

Issue 4: Missing Product Information



Many products display: "AI analysis unavailable. Please add details manually."

No descriptions, no ingredients, no details - just placeholder text. This makes purchasing decisions impossible.

Issue 5: Limited Product Catalog



After scrolling through categories for 10 minutes, I reached the end. Very few products available despite 500+ downloads.

Why this matters: Limited inventory means users won't return. There needs to be enough variety to keep users engaged.

Why Cloud Solutions?

After analyzing these issues, it became clear that most problems stem from infrastructure limitations rather than code bugs. The app needs:

- **Global content delivery** for faster image loading
 - **Scalable database** that can handle traffic spikes without crashing
 - **Proper geospatial queries** for accurate location-based results
 - **Automatic scaling** to manage varying user loads
 - **High availability** to prevent downtime during peak usage
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Why AWS Specifically?

While there are multiple cloud providers (AWS, Google Cloud, Azure), I chose to explore **AWS solutions** for this analysis because:

1. **Mature CDN service** - CloudFront has edge locations across India (Mumbai, Delhi, Chennai, Bangalore, Hyderabad) perfect for an India-focused app
2. **Strong database offerings** - RDS with PostGIS extension is ideal for geospatial queries
3. **Serverless ecosystem** - Lambda and API Gateway work seamlessly for reducing costs during low traffic
4. **Market leader** - 32% cloud market share, extensive documentation, large community
5. **Startup-friendly** - AWS credits and startup programs available

That said, Google Cloud (with Cloud CDN, Cloud SQL, Cloud Functions) or Azure (with Azure CDN, Azure Database, Azure Functions) could achieve similar results. The principles remain the same across providers.

Here are three specific AWS services that could address the issues I found:

Proposed Solutions

Solution 1: Amazon CloudFront (CDN)

What it is: Global content delivery network that caches images and data closer to users.

Problems it solves:

- Slow image loading (8 sec → 1-2 sec)
 - High data usage (95 MB → 30 MB per session)
 - Images not loading during scroll
 - Poor user experience
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How it works:

Current:

User → Server (Mumbai, 900 km) → Download 2 MB image → 5-8 seconds

With CloudFront:

User → Edge Location (Ahmedabad, 200 km) → Cached 300 KB compressed image → 0.5 seconds

Expected improvements:

Metric	Improvement
Image loading speed	75% faster
Data usage	70% reduction
Scroll performance	Instant loading
Network experience	Better on slow connections

Solution 2: Amazon RDS with Read Replicas

What it is: Managed database service with automatic backups and multiple database copies for read operations.

Problems it solves:

- Slow search queries (8 sec → 1-2 sec)
 - Wrong location/distance data
 - Inconsistent category information
 - Database crashes during high traffic
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How it works:

Current:

Single database handles everything → Overloaded → Slow

With RDS:

- └─ Primary DB: Handles writes (orders, updates)
- └─ Read Replica 1: Handles searches
- └─ Read Replica 2: Handles browsing
- └─ Auto-failover: Backup takes over if primary fails

For location accuracy:

Using PostgreSQL with PostGIS extension for proper geospatial queries instead of returning random sellers.

Expected improvements:

Metric	Improvement
Search speed	75% faster
Location accuracy	Within 5-10 km (not 1000 km!)
User capacity	10x more users
Uptime	99.9% with automatic failover

Solution 3: AWS Lambda + API Gateway

What it is: Serverless computing - run code without managing servers, pay only for execution time.

Problems it solves:

- Slow startup (14 sec → 2-3 sec)
- High battery drain (36% → 12-15%)
- Can't handle traffic spikes
- High infrastructure costs during low traffic

How it works:

Current:

App waits for everything to load → 14.74 seconds

With Lambda:

1. Show cached products immediately (1-2 sec)
2. Load location in background

3. Update UI progressively
4. User can browse right away!

Expected improvements:

Metric	Improvement
Startup speed	80% faster
Battery consumption	60% less drain
Scalability	1 to 10,000 users automatically
Cost efficiency	90% reduction during low traffic

Real-World Scenario: Traffic Surge

Situation: App gets featured in a local news article or social media post, bringing 500-1000 simultaneous users (10-20x normal traffic)

Without Proper Infrastructure

Timeline:

Time	Event
Minute 1	Traffic starts increasing from article shares
Minute 5	Server CPU hits 90%, app becomes sluggish for everyone
Minute 10	Database connection pool exhausted, new users see errors
Minute 15	Server crashes from overload, app stops working
Minute 20	Developer gets alert
Minute 45	Server manually restarted, but traffic surge has passed
Hour 2	Back online, but the opportunity window is closed

Impact:

- **Downtime:** 30+ minutes during peak interest
- **User experience:** First-time users can't browse, leave immediately
- **App rating:** New users leave 1-star reviews ("app doesn't work")
- **Word of mouth:** People tell others "don't bother, app is broken"
- **Missed growth:** Can't convert the traffic surge into regular users

- **Seller frustration:** Local sellers lose potential customers during peak visibility

With Scalable Cloud Infrastructure

Timeline:

Time	Event
Minute 1	Traffic increases detected automatically
Minute 2	CloudFront serves product images from cache (no server overload)
Minute 3	Lambda functions auto-scale to handle increased API requests
Minute 5	RDS read replicas distribute database queries across multiple instances
Minute 10	System smoothly handling 1000 users browsing simultaneously
Developer	Gets notification of increased traffic, but system is stable

Result:

- **Downtime:** 0 seconds - app works perfectly
- **User experience:** Fast and smooth even during surge
- **App rating:** Positive reviews from good first impression
- **Word of mouth:** "This app actually works well!"
- **Growth captured:** Traffic converts to regular users and sellers
- **Seller success:** Local sellers gain new customers during visibility spike

This is why cloud infrastructure matters - it lets you capitalize on growth opportunities instead of crashing during them.

Expected Results Summary

Metric	Before	After	Improvement
App Startup	14.74 sec	2-3 sec	80% faster
Search Time	8 sec	1-2 sec	75% faster
Data Usage	95 MB/session	25-30 MB	70% less
Battery Drain	36% in 18 min	12-15%	60% better
Location Accuracy	1000 km away	5-10 km	Fixed!
System Uptime	Hours of downtime	90 seconds	99.9%

Key Takeaways

This analysis taught me:

1. **Performance matters** - Even with a good idea, poor performance kills apps
2. **Data is expensive** - 95 MB for basic browsing is unsustainable for Indian users
3. **Location is critical** - For a "local" app, wrong location data is a dealbreaker
4. **Cloud solves problems** - AWS provides enterprise-grade reliability for small apps
5. **Testing reveals truth** - Actual usage testing uncovers issues that specs don't show

About Me

Hi! I'm **Jill Ravalika**, a DevOps enthusiast transitioning from industrial operations to cloud infrastructure.

Background:

- Diploma in Chemical Engineering (CGPA: 7.96/10)
- 2 years 24/7 operations experience at Reliance Industries
- Awarded for handling 1,820 MT operations with zero safety incidents

DevOps Journey:

- Linux Administration (LFS101 - The Linux Foundation)
- Docker & Container Orchestration
- Git & GitHub (360+ contributions)
- Computer Networking (Google Certification)
- Cloud Deployment (Live projects on Render.com)

Projects:

- Deployed multi-container web applications to production
- Created Kubernetes manifests for scalable deployments
- Built CI/CD pipelines with Docker Compose
- Documented entire journey on GitHub

Why DevOps? My operations background taught me the importance of reliability and zero-downtime systems. DevOps combines this with modern cloud infrastructure - exactly what I'm passionate about.

Connect with me:

 If you found this analysis helpful, consider giving it a star!

This analysis was completed independently using real hands-on testing.

All measurements and screenshots are from actual usage on my personal device.

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