$$T_{f} = \frac{f(a) + f(b)}{2} \cdot (b - a) \xrightarrow{\text{Sum nicht Equiotic and}} T_{f}(b) = \sum_{i=0}^{m-A} \frac{y_{i+y_{i+a}}}{2} \cdot (x_{i+a} - x_{i})$$

1. betrachten Integral für [a,b] = [x0,xn]
$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \int_{x_{i}}^{x_{i}=0} f(x) dx$$

2. einforche Tropezrezel für [x;, x; 4.1] annum olen
$$\int_{x_i}^{x_i+a} f(x) dx \approx \frac{f(x_i) \cdot f(x_i+a)}{2} \cdot (x_i+a-x_i)$$

$$\int_{x_{i}}^{x_{i+4}} f(x) \lambda_{x} \approx \frac{y_{i} + y_{i+4}}{2} \cdot (x_{i+4} - x_{i})$$

$$T_{+}(h) = \sum_{i=0}^{h-1} \frac{y_{i} \cdot y_{i+1}}{2} (x_{i+1} - x_{i})$$

$$T_{f} = \frac{f(a) + f(b)}{2} \cdot (b-a) \cdot \frac{\text{Sum aquidistant}}{a}$$

$$T_{\xi}(I_{j}) = \sum_{i=0}^{n-A} \frac{\gamma_{i} + \gamma_{i+n}}{2} \cdot (x_{i+n} - x_{i})$$

$$T_{\xi}(h) = \sum_{i=0}^{h-A} \frac{\gamma_{i} + \gamma_{i+a}}{2} \cdot h$$

$$T_{\xi}(h) = h \cdot \sum_{i=0}^{h-A} \frac{y_i + y_i + a}{2}$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{i_1-1} \frac{y_i + y_{i+1}}{2} = \frac{y_0 + y_4}{2} + \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} + \frac{y_2 + y_3}{2} + \dots + \frac{y_{i-1} + y_n}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{I}_{\xi}(i) = h \left(\frac{f(a) + f(b)}{2} + \sum_{i=1}^{i=1} f(x_i) \right)$$

alle anderen y; kommen 2 mel vor $\Rightarrow \frac{y_i}{2} \cdot 2 = y_i$ also:

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \frac{y_i + y_{i+1}}{2} = \frac{y_0 + y_n}{2} + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} y_i$$

$$Tf(h) = h\left(\frac{\gamma_0 + \gamma_n}{2} + \sum_{i=1}^{n-4} \gamma_i\right)$$

$$\delta y_i = f(x_i)$$

$$T\{(h) = h\left(\frac{f(x_0) + f(x_{in})}{2} + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} f(x_i)\right)$$