13.13.14 ADC regular data register (ADC_DR)

Address offset: 0x4C

Reset value: 0x0000 0000

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Reserved															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DATA[15:0]															
r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r

Bits 31:16 Reserved, must be kept at reset value.

Bits 15:0 **DATA[15:0]:** Regular data

These bits are read-only. They contain the conversion result from the regular channels. The data are left- or right-aligned as shown in *Figure 48* and *Figure 49*.

13.13.1 ADC status register (ADC_SR)

Address offset: 0x00

Reset value: 0x0000 0000

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Reserved															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved										OVR	STRT	JSTRT	JEOC	EOC	AWD
										rc_w0	rc_w0	rc_w0	rc_w0	rc_w0	rc_w0

Bits 31:6 Reserved, must be kept at reset value.

Bit 5 **OVR:** Overrun

This bit is set by hardware when data are lost (either in single mode or in dual/triple mode). It is cleared by software. Overrun detection is enabled only when DMA = 1 or EOCS = 1.

0: No overrun occurred

1: Overrun has occurred

Bit 4 **STRT:** Regular channel start flag

This bit is set by hardware when regular channel conversion starts. It is cleared by software.

0: No regular channel conversion started

1: Regular channel conversion has started

Bit 3 **JSTRT:** Injected channel start flag

This bit is set by hardware when injected group conversion starts. It is cleared by software.

0: No injected group conversion started

1: Injected group conversion has started

Bit 2 **JEOC:** Injected channel end of conversion

This bit is set by hardware at the end of the conversion of all injected channels in the group. It is cleared by software.

0: Conversion is not complete

1: Conversion complete

Bit 1 **EOC:** Regular channel end of conversion

This bit is set by hardware at the end of the conversion of a regular group of channels. It is cleared by software or by reading the ADC_DR register.

0: Conversion not complete (EOCS=0), or sequence of conversions not complete (EOCS=1)

1: Conversion complete (EOCS=0), or sequence of conversions complete (EOCS=1)

Bit 0 **AWD:** Analog watchdog flag

This bit is set by hardware when the converted voltage crosses the values programmed in the ADC_LTR and ADC_HTR registers. It is cleared by software.

0: No analog watchdog event occurred

1: Analog watchdog event occurred

13.4 Data alignment

The ALIGN bit in the ADC_CR2 register selects the alignment of the data stored after conversion. Data can be right- or left-aligned as shown in *Figure 48* and *Figure 49*.

The converted data value from the injected group of channels is decreased by the user-defined offset written in the ADC_JOFRx registers so the result can be a negative value. The SEXT bit represents the extended sign value.

For channels in a regular group, no offset is subtracted so only twelve bits are significant.

Figure 48. Right alignment of 12-bit data

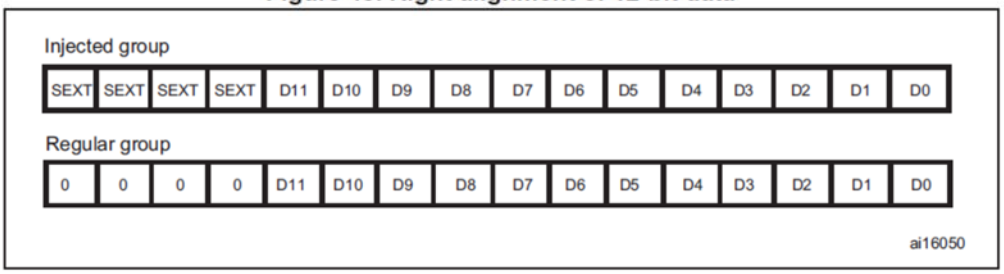
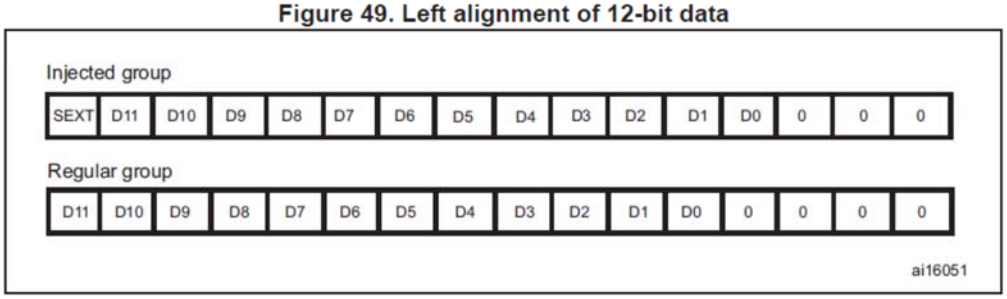


Figure 49. Left alignment of 12-bit data



Special case: when left-aligned, the data are aligned on a half-word basis except when the resolution is set to 6-bit. in that case, the data are aligned on a byte basis as shown in *Figure 50*.

ADC Base Address			Address of Register
0x4001 2000	ADC1	Specific registers	0x4001 2000 + 0x000 + register offset
	ADC2	Specific registers	0x4001 2000 + 0x100 + register offset
	ADC3	Specific registers	0x4001 2000 + 0x200 + register offset
	Common	Common registers	0x4001 2000 + 0x300 + register offset