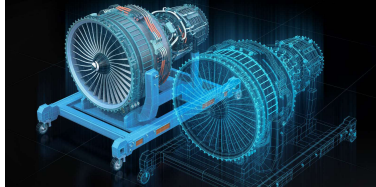


IoT Lecture 5



SensIDL

OPC UA

1

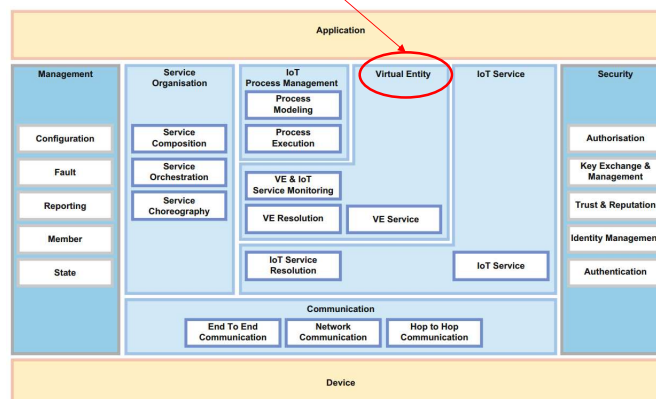
Scaling IoT Systems

■ IoT (academic model)

- Interested in the virtualisation of physical things

Introduction

- Lecture
- Data Driven Modelling
- Session 1: Digital Twin
 - Digital
 - Physical
 - Industry 4.0
- Session 2: OPC-UA
 - Introduction
 - Model
 - Services
- Session 3: Sens IDL
 - Model



2

Lecture

Introduction

- Lecture
 - Data Driven Modelling
- Session 1: Digital Twin
- Digital
 - Physical
 - Industry 4.0
- Session 2: OPC-UA
- Introduction
 - Model
 - Services
- Session 3: Sens IDL
- Model

- Data Driven Model – oneM2M
 - Mapping onto protocols we know and love so far
- Introduction to the theme Digital Twin
- Introduction to the theme Industry 4.0
- Object Driven Model – OPC UA
 - Service oriented device.
- Semantic Driven Model – Sens IDL
 - Application is concerned with meaning not with communication

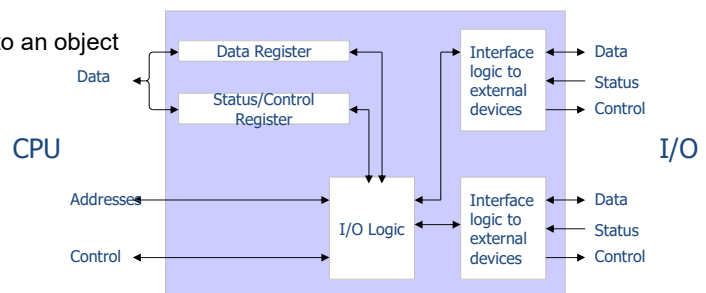
3

Data Driven Model (1)

Introduction

- Lecture
 - Data Driven Modelling
- Session 1: Digital Twin
- Digital
 - Physical
 - Industry 4.0
- Session 2: OPC-UA
- Introduction
 - Model
 - Services
- Session 3: Sens IDL
- Model

- oneM2M and LWM2M
 - Common services interface
 - Large scale device management
 - Follows classic I/O device abstraction
- Access data
 - Read and/or write
 - Execute by writing to an object



4

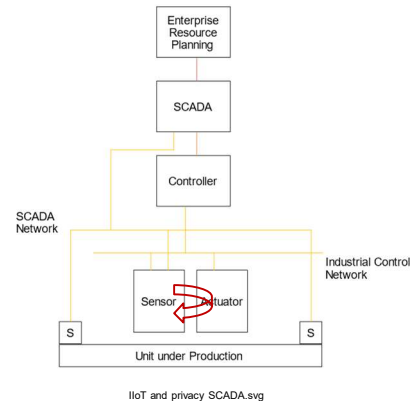
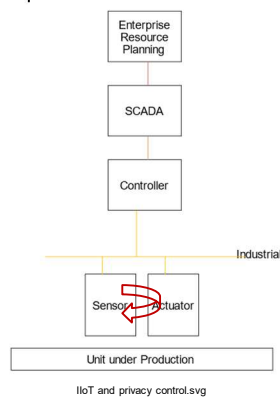
Data Driven Model (2)

Introduction

- Lecture
- **Data Driven Modelling**
- Session 1: Digital Twin
 - Digital
 - Physical
 - Industry 4.0
- Session 2: OPC-UA
 - Introduction
 - Model
 - Services
- Session 3: Sens IDL
 - Model

■ Control Systems

- Simple abstraction
- Known in (Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition - SCADA) systems as “data-point”



IoT 2021, ZHAW Institute of Embedded Systems

5

5

Data Driven Model (3)

Introduction

- Lecture
- **Data Driven Modelling**
- Session 1: Digital Twin
 - Digital
 - Physical
 - Industry 4.0
- Session 2: OPC-UA
 - Introduction
 - Model
 - Services
- Session 3: Sens IDL
 - Model

■ Device Model

- Programming model is given by interface

■ Application model

- Implicit in use by developer
 - if value == x then y
 - Some subset of the device model

■ Problem: Applications don't scale particularly well

■ Problem: Services not well supported

IoT 2021, ZHAW Institute of Embedded Systems

6

6

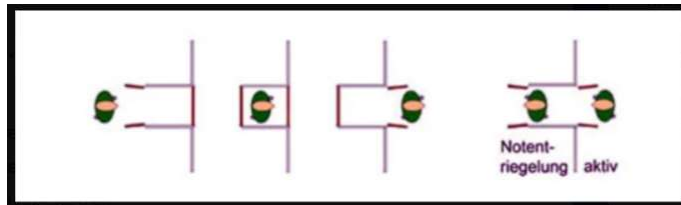
Data Driven Modelling – Exercise

■ Security Lock-Gates

■ Define what data-points are necessary

Introduction

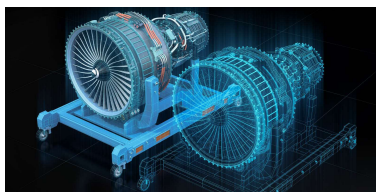
- Lecture
 - **Data Driven Modelling**
- Session 1: Digital Twin
- Digital
 - Physical
 - Industry 4.0
- Session 2: OPC-UA
- Introduction
 - Model
 - Services
- Session 3: Sens IDL
- Model



<https://www.baunetzwissen.de/sicherheitstechnik/fachwissen/sicherheitsschleusen/kabinenschleusen-164884/gallery-1/1>

7

IoT Lecture 5

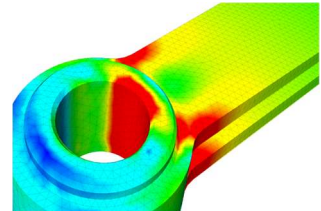


8

Digital Twin – the Digital Side

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• Services
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

- Most physical “stuff” modelled in Computer Aided Design (CAD)
- Simulation also possible in CAD
 - Finite Element Analysis
 - Object divided up into element
 - Effects of one element on surrounding elements modelled
 - Simulation can show up weak spots
- Problem: big gap between model and real-world failure analysis
- Problem: how can excessive and normal wear-and-tear be modelled
- Idea: Digital Twin -> Industrial Internet of Things

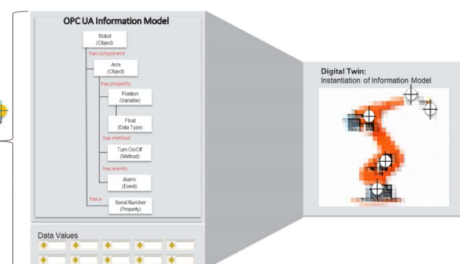


9

Digital Twin – the Physical Side

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• Services
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

- Digital Twin is the exact copy – to run-time - of the physical entity
- Problem: how many samples at what sample points adequately describe the physical entity



10

Practical Example

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• **Physical**
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• Services
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

■ Rolls-Royce

- Used to sell airplane engines
 - Airlines used to service engines themselves
 - Airlines then used to farm out service to third parties (f.i. SRTechnics)
- Engine
 - Cost ca 16 mil. USD
 - 36k gallons fuel / ca 5k USD per hour
- **Idea** – why not sell engine use rather than the engine
 - Services oriented business model
 - Requires efficiency wrt maintenance ...



Practical Example (2)

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• **Physical**
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• Services
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

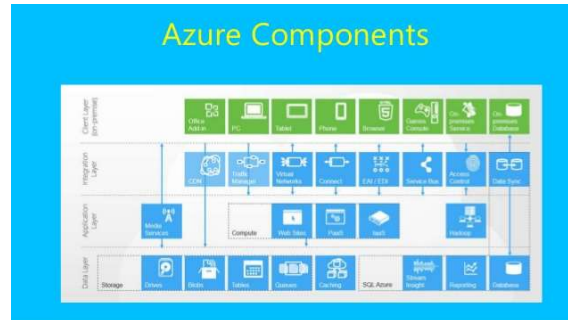
- Each engine equipped with ca 100 sensors
- Transmit information during flight via satellite
- Small errors corrected in-flight
 - ~180 engineers analysing data
- Serious errors repaired on landing by RR-technicians
- + RR – added revenue from know-how
- + airlines
 - per use business model
 - necessary maintenance interruptions only
- Result – 100 sampling points describes the engine in practice



Practical Example (3)

■ Data Analysis for RR handled in MS cloud (Azure)

- Introduction
 - Lecture
 - Data Driven Modelling
- Session 1: Digital Twin**
 - Digital
 - Physical**
 - Industry 4.0
- Session 2: OPC-UA
 - Introduction
 - Model
 - Services
- Session 3: Sens IDL
 - Model



■ MS rates the IIoT/Industry 4.0 highly

- Has integrated OPC-UA via Advanced Message Queuing Protocol (AMQP) (big sister to MQTT)

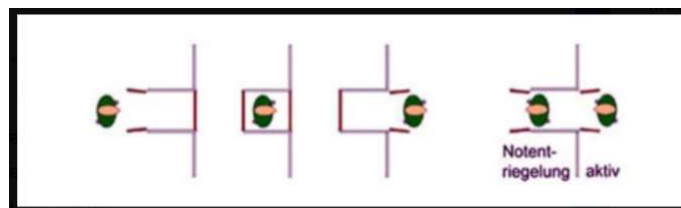
13

Digital Twin – Exercise

■ Security Lock-Gates

■ Define the Digital Twin

- Introduction
 - Lecture
 - Data Driven Modelling
- Session 1: Digital Twin**
 - Digital
 - Physical**
 - Industry 4.0
- Session 2: OPC-UA
 - Introduction
 - Model
 - Services
- Session 3: Sens IDL
 - Model

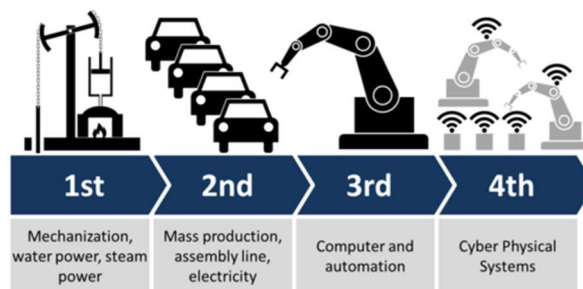


14

What is Industry 4.0 (1)

■ Interoperability:

- The ability of machines, devices, sensors, and people to connect and communicate with each other via the Internet of Things (IoT) or the Internet of People (IoP).

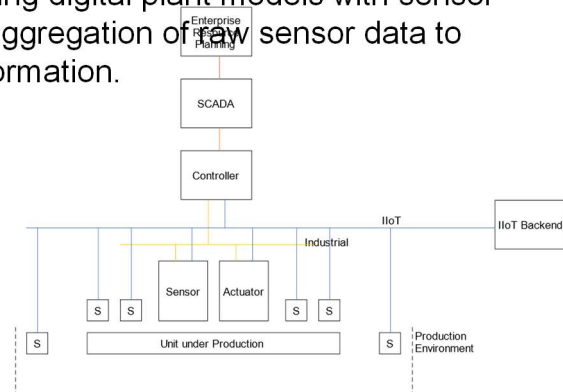


15

What is Industry 4.0 (1)

■ Information transparency:

- The ability of information systems to create a virtual copy of the physical world by enriching digital plant models with sensor data. This requires the aggregation of raw sensor data to higher-value context information.



16

What is Industry 4.0 (2)

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• **Industry 4.0**
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• Services
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

■ Technical assistance:

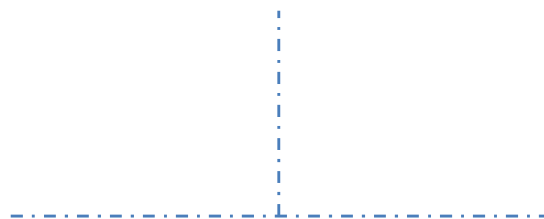
- First, the ability of assistance systems to support humans by aggregating and visualizing information comprehensibly for making informed decisions and solving urgent problems on short notice. Second, the ability of cyber physical systems to physically support humans by conducting a range of tasks that are unpleasant, too exhausting, or unsafe for their human co-workers.

■ Decentralized decisions:

- The ability of cyber physical systems to make decisions on their own and to perform their tasks as autonomous as possible. Only in case of exceptions, interferences, or conflicting goals, tasks are delegated to a higher level.

17

IoT Lecture 5

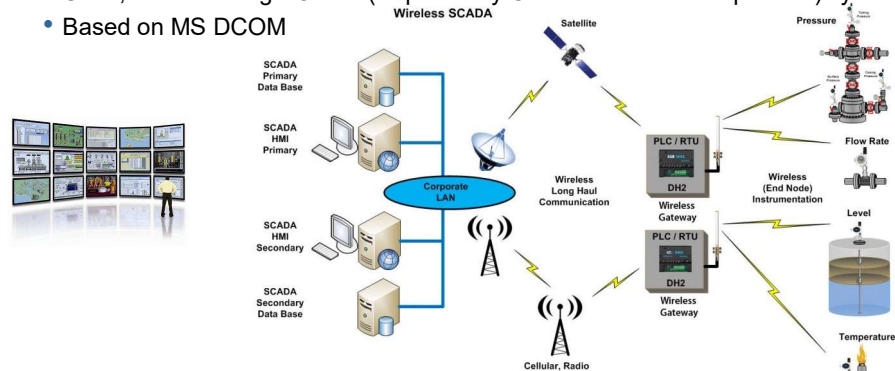


18

What is OPC-UA?

■ OPC

- Open Platforms Communication (<https://opcfoundation.org/>)
- Controller to controller communication protocol
- Used, f.i. in building SCADA (Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition) systems
- Based on MS DCOM

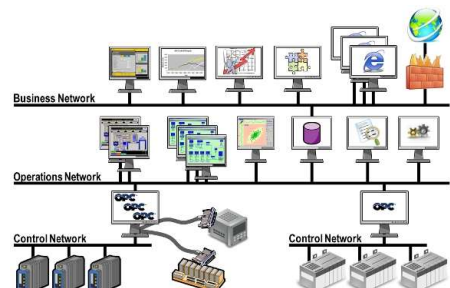
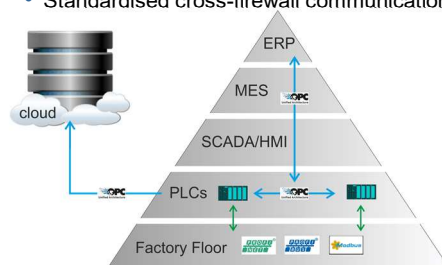


19

What is OPC-UA?

■ OPC-UA

- Drops MS DCOM for XML (Data Access, DA) and web services
- Embeddable
- Standardised cross-firewall communication



20

OPC-UA Object Model

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• **Model**
• Services
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

- Client-server architecture
- Binary protocol - opc.tcp://Server
- Web services protocol (SOAP/HTTP)
opc.<http://Server>

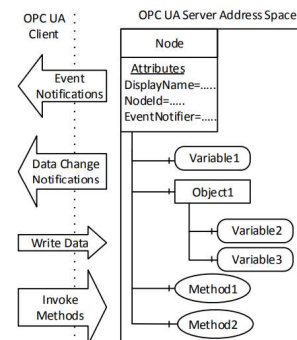
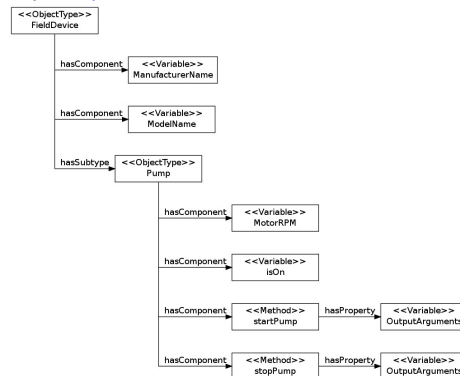


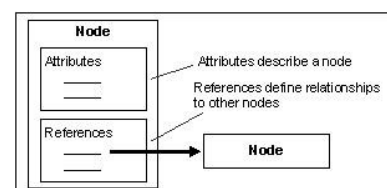
Fig.3. OPC UA nodeclass [27]

http://open62541.org/doc/current/tutorial_noderelations.html#creating-object-instances/
<https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/stamp/stamp.jsp?arnumber=7325527>

OPC-UA Object Model

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• **Model**
• Services
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

- Servers can be aggregated
 - Multiple servers behind the services of a single server



http://open62541.org/doc/current/tutorial_noderelations.html#creating-object-instances/

OPC-UA Base Services

■ Server offers base services

- **View** is what the client is allowed to see and is configurable for a class of clients
- **MonitoredItem** -> similar to CoAP's observe
- **Method** -> invoke methods

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• **Services**
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

Service Set	Description
SecureChannel Service Set	retrieve endpoint and security configuration to establish a secure connection
Session Service Set	create and administrate user-specific connection between application
NodeManagement Service Set	modify the server's address space (if permitted)
View Service Set	navigate and follow (hierarchical) references in the server's address space, search for and filter information
Attribute Service Set	read and write attributes of (an) node(s), especially the value attribute, but historical data or events as well
Method Service Set	invoke methods which a server provides at the nodes in its address space
MonitoredItem Service Set	create a set of attributes of nodes to be monitored by the server and for which changes should be reported
Subscription Service Set	create, modify, or delete monitored items
Query Service Set	perform a filtered search for information in the server's address space

http://open62541.org/doc/current/tutorial_noderelations.html#creating-object-instances/

23

OPC-UA Views

- ### ■ The use of views – and permissions – can restrict the access to features of devices.
- Compare to oneM2M where once a device is discoverable all of the features are open.

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• **Services**
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

View supervisor

View operator

DisplayName	BrowseName	NodeId
Root	0:Root	i=84
Objects	0:Objects	i=85
Server	0:Server	i=2253
AlarmSystem	1:AlarmSystem	ns=1;i=2005
MovementSensor	1:MovementSensor	ns=1;i=2007
Movement detected	1:Movement_detected	ns=1;i=2014
turn_off_sensor	1:turn_off_sensor	ns=1;i=2009
turn_on_sensor	1:turn_on_sensor	ns=1;i=2008
Siren	1:Siren	ns=1;i=2006
siren_active	1:siren_active	ns=1;i=2015
turn_off_alarm	1:turn_off_alarm	ns=1;i=2013
turn_on_alarm	1:turn_on_alarm	ns=1;i=2012
activate_system	1:activate_system	ns=1;i=2010
deactivate_system	1:deactivate_system	ns=1;i=2011
Fan	1:Fan	ns=1;i=2016
active	1:active	ns=1;i=2019
turn_off_fan	1:turn_off_fan	ns=1;i=2018
turn_on_fan	1:turn_on_fan	ns=1;i=2017
Types	0:Types	i=86
Views	0:Views	i=87

http://open62541.org/doc/current/tutorial_noderelations.html#creating-object-instances/

24

OPC-UA Aggregation

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• **Services**
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

■ Server offers accesses

- Data Access – read/write
- Historical Data Access

■ Aggregation methods are also offered

Include	Name	Opt.	Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – Filter	<input type="checkbox"/>	Supports Aggregate subscription filters which requires at least one of the defined Aggregates is supported as defined in Part 13.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – Interpolative	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the Interpolative Aggregate.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – Average	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the Average Aggregate.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the TimeAverage Aggregate.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the TimeAverage2 Aggregate.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – Total	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the Total Aggregate.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – Total2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the Total2 Aggregate.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – Minimum	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the Minimum Aggregate.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – MinimumActualTime	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the MinimumActualTime Aggregate.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription – Minimum2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the Minimum2 Aggregate.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Aggregate Subscription –	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Supports subscription filter for the MinimumActualTime2 Aggregate.

http://open62541.org/doc/current/tutorial_noderelations.html#creating-object-instances/

25

OPC-UA Future

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• **Services**
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model

■ New features

- **Heartbeat**
- **Buffering of data** – for lossy networks
- **Redundancy** – two servers do the same thing

■ Requirement of the automation industry

- Pub-Sub model

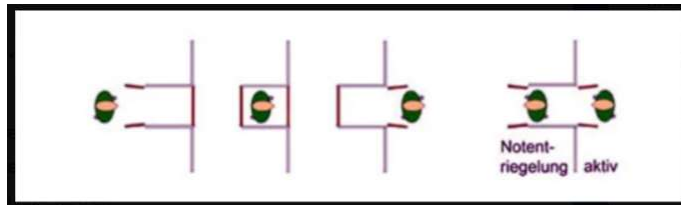
26

OPC –UA – Exercise

■ Security Lock-Gates

■ Make an Object-Model of the Security Gates

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• **Services**
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model



<https://www.baunetzwissen.de/sicherheitstechnik/fachwissen/sicherheitsschleusen/kabinenschleusen-164884/gallery-1/1>

27

IoT Lecture

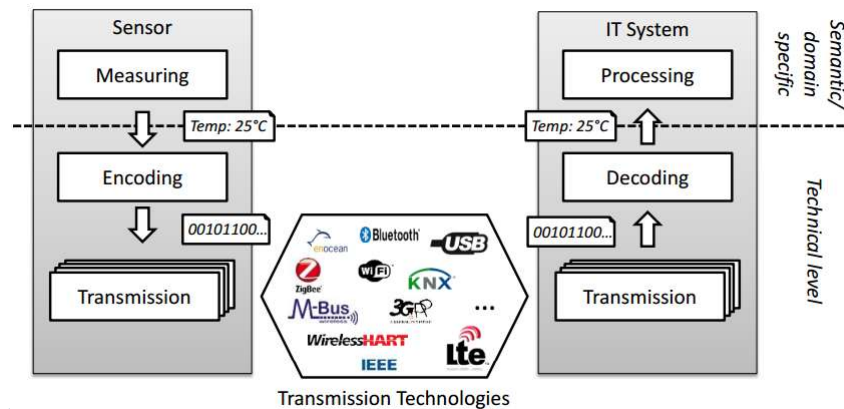


28

SensIDL (1)

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• Services
Session 3: SensIDL
• Model

- Generic framework for sensor communication interfaces
 - (<http://sensidl-project.github.io/SensIDL/>)
- Let application developer operate on the semantic level



IoT 2021, ZHAW Institute of Embedded Systems

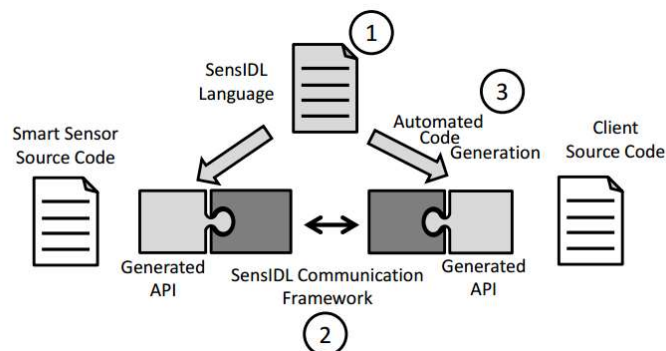
29

29

SensIDL (2)

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• Services
Session 3: SensIDL
• Model

- Provide a model of the system in SensIDL language
- On top of a generic communication API define the sensor specific communication
- Generate code for client and sensor and implement.



IoT 2021, ZHAW Institute of Embedded Systems

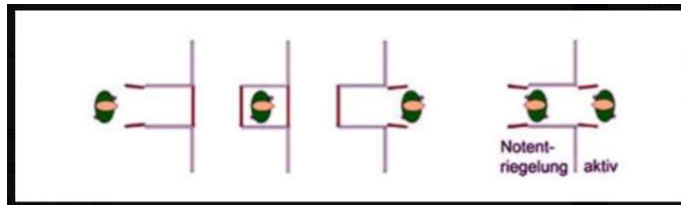
30

30

■ Security Lock-Gates

■ Make a semantic Model of the Security Gates

Introduction
• Lecture
• Data Driven Modelling
Session 1: Digital Twin
• Digital
• Physical
• Industry 4.0
Session 2: OPC-UA
• Introduction
• Model
• Services
Session 3: Sens IDL
• Model



<https://www.baunetzwissen.de/sicherheitstechnik/fachwissen/sicherheitsschleusen/kabinenschleusen-164884/gallery-1/1>