

Figure 1: Example admitted episodes data structure. Admissions data usually has multiple records for each individual in the dataset, each corresponding to some type of care; each row will have dates indicating the start and end dates of the record, the principal diagnosis and secondary diagnoses associated with the record, the procedures associated with the record, information on the admission source and separation destination.

	id	admdate	separate	admmode	sepmode	diag1	diag2
1.	1	01jan2020	02jan2020	H	T	I214	R073
2.	1	02jan2020	03jan2020	T	T	I214	I10
3.	1	03jan2020	09jan2020	T	H	I214	R073
4.	1	20apr2021	25apr2021	H	H	I509	R060
5.	2	16aug2018	03sep2018	H	H	I639	R418
6.	2	03mar2019	03mar2019	H	H	D649	E119
7.	2	03mar2019	03mar2019	H	H	D649	E119
8.	2	24nov2021	26nov2021	H	H	N179	E119
9.	2	30dec2022	02jan2023	H	H	K922	E119
10.	2	11may2023	15may2023	H	D	J189	E119

- *id* – ID number for an individual
- *admdate* – admission date
- *separate* – separation date
- *admmode* – admission mode, where H is home and T is transfer
- *sepmode* – separation mode, where H is home, T is transfer, and D is death
- *diag1* – diagnosis 1 or primary diagnosis (ICD-10 code)
- *diag2* – diagnosis 2 or secondary diagnosis (ICD-10 code). There are more secondary diagnoses.

Figure 2: Common aspects of hospital admissions data requiring processing when defining episodes of care. A – duplicate observations. Defined here as both completely duplicated admissions (rows 1 and 2) and admissions that have the same admission and separation date but differ in the other data present (rows 2 and 3). B – nested admissions. "Nested" admissions are defined as when the admission date for the next record is before the separation date of the current record (rows 2-5). C – transfers. These reflect changing types of care in hospital, but can have errors that make them difficult to process.

A - Duplicate admissions

	id	admdate	separate	admcode	sepmode	diag1
1.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	H	H	I214
2.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	H	H	I214
3.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	H	D	J189

B - Nested admissions

	id	admdate	separate	diag1	diag2
1.	1	01jan2020	08jan2020	I214	
2.	1	02jan2020	02jan2020	I214	E119
3.	1	03jan2020	03jan2020	I499	E119
4.	1	05jan2020	05jan2020	J152	E119
5.	1	06jan2020	12jan2020	I214	E119
6.	1	15jul2020	15jul2020	I509	E119

C - Transfers

	id	admdate	separate	diag1	diag2	admcode	sepmode
1.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214		H	T
2.	1	02jan2020	03jan2020	I214	E119	T	T
3.	1	03jan2020	05jan2020	I499	E119	T	H
4.	1	05jan2020	06jan2020	J152	E119	T	T
5.	1	06jan2020	10jan2020	I214	E119	H	T
6.	1	10jan2020	15jan2020	I214	E119	T	H
7.	1	15jul2020	15jul2020	I509	E119	T	D

Figure 3: Processing duplicate admissions. Rows 1-3 have the same admission and separation dates, but differ in other variables. The syntax processes them into a single row, but keep the relevant information – here that is occurrence of a myocardial infarction (MI) and diabetes status of the individual.

	id	admdate	separate	diag1	MI	DM
1.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	.
2.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	E119	.	1
3.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	.

↓ 1: tag duplicates

	id	admdate	separate	diag1	MI	DM	dup
1.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	.	.
2.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	E119	.	1	1
3.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	.	1

↓ 2: de-tag duplicates that aren't first

	id	admdate	separate	diag1	MI	DM	dup
1.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	.	.
2.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	E119	.	1	1
3.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	.	.

↓ 3: collect data from the second admission

	id	admdate	separate	diag1	MI	DM	dup
1.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	1	.
2.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	E119	.	1	1
3.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	.	.

↓ 4: drop the second admission

	id	admdate	separate	diag1	MI	DM
1.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	1
2.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	I214	1	.

↓ Repeat

	id	admdate	separate	MI	DM
1.	1	01jan2020	01jan2020	1	1

Figure 4: Processing nested admissions. The data shows one episode of care across 5 admissions between 1/1/2020 and 12/1/2020. The first admission lasts from 1/1/2020 until 8/1/2020, and the next four admissions have admission dates prior to 8/1/2020. The syntax reduces these admissions into a single row while keeping the information relevant to the study – myocardial infarction (MI), diabetes status (DM), and arrhythmia (AR).

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	MI	DM	AR
1.	1	01jan2020	08jan2020	I214		1	.	.
2.	1	02jan2020	02jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.
3.	1	03jan2020	03jan2020	I499	E119	.	1	1
4.	1	05jan2020	05jan2020	J152	E119	.	1	.
5.	1	06jan2020	12jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.

↓ 1: tag nested admissions

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	MI	DM	AR	nest
1.	1	01jan2020	08jan2020	I214		1	.	.	.
2.	1	02jan2020	02jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.	1
3.	1	03jan2020	03jan2020	I499	E119	.	1	1	.
4.	1	05jan2020	05jan2020	J152	E119	.	1	.	.
5.	1	06jan2020	12jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.	.

↓ 2: de-tag nested admissions that aren't first

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	MI	DM	AR	nest
1.	1	01jan2020	08jan2020	I214		1	.	.	.
2.	1	02jan2020	02jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.	1
3.	1	03jan2020	03jan2020	I499	E119	.	1	1	.
4.	1	05jan2020	05jan2020	J152	E119	.	1	.	.
5.	1	06jan2020	12jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.	.

↓ 3: collect data from the second admission

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	MI	DM	AR	nest
1.	1	01jan2020	08jan2020	I214		1	1	.	.
2.	1	02jan2020	02jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.	1
3.	1	03jan2020	03jan2020	I499	E119	.	1	1	.
4.	1	05jan2020	05jan2020	J152	E119	.	1	.	.
5.	1	06jan2020	12jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.	.

↓ 4: drop the second admission

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	MI	DM	AR
1.	1	01jan2020	08jan2020	I214		1	1	.
2.	1	03jan2020	03jan2020	I499	E119	.	1	1
3.	1	05jan2020	05jan2020	J152	E119	.	1	.
4.	1	06jan2020	12jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.

↓ Repeat

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	MI	DM	AR
1.	1	01jan2020	08jan2020	I214		1	1	1
2.	1	05jan2020	05jan2020	J152	E119	.	1	.
3.	1	06jan2020	12jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.

↓ Repeat

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	MI	DM	AR
1.	1	01jan2020	08jan2020	I214		1	1	1
2.	1	06jan2020	12jan2020	I214	E119	1	1	.

↓ Repeat

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	MI	DM	AR
1.	1	01jan2020	12jan2020	I214		1	1	1

↓ Repeat

	id	admdate	septime	MI	DM	AR
1.	1	01jan2020	12jan2020	1	1	1

Figure 5: Processing transfers. The data shows an episode of care lasting from 1/1/2020 to 15/1/2020, with 6 admissions. The syntax collects relevant information from transfers (occurrence of a myocardial infarction and admission and separation dates) while consolidating the information into a single row in the dataset.

	id	admdate	sepdate	diag1	diag2	admmode	sepmode	MI
1.	1	01jan2020	02jan2020	I214		H	T	1
2.	1	02jan2020	03jan2020	I214	E119	T	T	1
3.	1	03jan2020	05jan2020	I499	E119	T	H	.
4.	1	05jan2020	06jan2020	J152	E119	T	T	.
5.	1	06jan2020	10jan2020	I214	E119	T	T	1
6.	1	10jan2020	15jan2020	I214	E119	T	H	1

↓ 1: tag potential transfers admissions

	id	admdate	sepdate	diag1	diag2	admmode	sepmode	MI	ptr
1.	1	01jan2020	02jan2020	I214		H	T	1	.
2.	1	02jan2020	03jan2020	I214	E119	T	T	1	1
3.	1	03jan2020	05jan2020	I499	E119	T	H	.	1
4.	1	05jan2020	06jan2020	J152	E119	T	T	.	1
5.	1	06jan2020	10jan2020	I214	E119	T	T	1	1
6.	1	10jan2020	15jan2020	I214	E119	T	H	1	1

↓ 2: confirm based on admission and separation dates

	id	admdate	sepdate	diag1	diag2	admmode	sepmode	MI	ptr	tr
1.	1	01jan2020	02jan2020	I214		H	T	1	.	.
2.	1	02jan2020	03jan2020	I214	E119	T	T	1	1	1
3.	1	03jan2020	05jan2020	I499	E119	T	H	.	1	1
4.	1	05jan2020	06jan2020	J152	E119	T	T	.	1	1
5.	1	06jan2020	10jan2020	I214	E119	T	T	1	1	1
6.	1	10jan2020	15jan2020	I214	E119	T	H	1	1	1

↓ 3: de-tag transfers that aren't first in a set

	id	admdate	sepdate	diag1	diag2	admmode	sepmode	MI	ptr	tr
1.	1	01jan2020	02jan2020	I214		H	T	1	.	.
2.	1	02jan2020	03jan2020	I214	E119	T	T	1	1	1
3.	1	03jan2020	05jan2020	I499	E119	T	H	.	1	.
4.	1	05jan2020	06jan2020	J152	E119	T	T	.	1	1
5.	1	06jan2020	10jan2020	I214	E119	T	T	1	1	.
6.	1	10jan2020	15jan2020	I214	E119	T	H	1	1	1

↓ 4: collect data from the second admission

	id	admdate	sepdate	diag1	diag2	admmode	sepmode	MI	ptr	tr
1.	1	01jan2020	03jan2020	I214		H	T	1	.	.
2.	1	02jan2020	03jan2020	I214	E119	T	T	1	1	1
3.	1	03jan2020	06jan2020	I499	E119	T	T	.	1	.

4.	1	05jan2020	06jan2020	J152	E119	T	T	.	1	1
5.	1	06jan2020	15jan2020	I214	E119	T	H	1	1	.
6.	1	10jan2020	15jan2020	I214	E119	T	H	1	1	1

↓ 5: drop the second admission

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	admmode	septime	MI
1.	1	01jan2020	03jan2020	I214		H	T	1
2.	1	03jan2020	06jan2020	I499	E119	T	T	.
3.	1	06jan2020	15jan2020	I214	E119	T	H	1

↓ Repeat

	id	admdate	septime	diag1	diag2	admmode	septime	MI
1.	1	01jan2020	06jan2020	I214		H	T	1
2.	1	06jan2020	15jan2020	I214	E119	T	H	1

↓ Repeat

	id	admdate	septime	admmode	septime	MI
1.	1	01jan2020	15jan2020	H	H	1

For *admmode* and *septime*, H=Home and T=Transfer.