Dashboard Walkthrough

November 9, 2021

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Dash apps are composed of two parts. The first part is the "layout" of the app and it describes what the application looks like. The second part describes the interactivity of the application and will be covered in the next chapter.

1 A Very Basic Dashboard

```
[]: # Step 1 - Just a bar chart - No dashboard

from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
from dash import no_update
from dash import dcc
from dash import html

import pandas as pd
```

```
[]: # STEP 2 - Create an empty figure and the dashboard basics
     from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
     from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
     from dash import no_update
     from dash import dcc
     from dash import html
     import pandas as pd
     import plotly.graph_objects as go
     import plotly.express as px
     import math
     app = JupyterDash(__name__)
     ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
     \rightarrowd29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
     ob month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].
     →sum().reset_index()
     oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset index()
     obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset_index()
     # Create an empty figure here
     fig = go.Figure()
```

```
# Layout the dashboard
# app.layout - html.Div( something goes in the .Div )
# app.layout - html.Div( [sometimes a list of things go into the .Div] )
# app.layout - html.Div( [sometimes other .Divs go in the .Div] )
                              # passing in a list of 'things' to Div
app.layout = html.Div([
   html.H1('Hello Jim'), # This line generates <h1>Hello Jim</h1>
   html.Div('''
       An Empty Dashboard
    111),
   dcc.Graph(
        id='example-graph',
        figure=fig
   )
])
app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

```
[]: # STEP 3 - Add the bar chart to the dashboard
     from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
     from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
     from dash import no_update
     from dash import dcc
     from dash import html
     import pandas as pd
     import plotly.graph_objects as go
     import plotly.express as px
     import math
     app = JupyterDash(__name__)
     ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
     \rightarrowd29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
     ob_month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].
     →sum().reset_index()
     oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset index()
     obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset_index()
     # Create a bar chart here. Use x="Month", y="Illnesses"
```

```
fig = px.bar(ob_month, x="Month", y="Illnesses")

app.layout = html.Div([  # passing in a list of 'things' to Div
    html.Hi('Hello Jim'),  # This line generates <h1>Hello Jim</h1>

html.Div('''
    Foodborne Illness Outbreaks
''''),

dcc.Graph(
    id='illnesses-graph',
    figure=fig
)
])
app.run_server(mode='inline')
#app.run_server(mode='external', port = 8052) #This will only work if you are_
    running from your local machine.
```

```
[]: # STEP 4 - Modify the plot layout.
     from jupyter dash import JupyterDash
     from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
     from dash import no update
     from dash import dcc
     from dash import html
     import pandas as pd
     import plotly.graph_objects as go
     import plotly.express as px
     import math
     app = JupyterDash(__name__)
     ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
     -d29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
     ob_month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].
     →sum().reset_index()
     oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset_index()
     obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset_index()
     fig = px.bar(ob_month, x="Month", y="Illnesses")
     colors = {
```

```
'background': '#111111', # black
   'text': '#7FDBFF' # light blue
}
fig.update_layout(
   plot_bgcolor=colors['background'],
   paper_bgcolor=colors['background'],
   font_color=colors['text']
html.Div('''
      Changing the background.
   '''),
   dcc.Graph(
      id='example-graph',
      figure=fig
   )
])
app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

2 What does it look like as a Script?

3 Modify the Dashboard Components

- html components https://dash.plotly.com/dash-html-components
- core components https://dash.plotly.com/dash-core-components

```
ob_month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].

sum().reset_index()
oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
→reset index()
obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
→reset_index()
# STEP 1 - Change the Div style
            # style={'backgroundColor': colors['background']},children= - - -
# STEP 2 - Change style of first div
           # style={'textAlign': 'center', 'color': colors['text']}
# STEP 3 - Change style of second div
     # style={'textAlign': 'center', 'color': colors['text']}
fig = px.bar(ob_month, x="Month", y="Illnesses")
colors = {
    'background': '#111111', # black
    'text': '#7FDBFF'  # light blue
}
#fig = go.Figure()
app.layout = html.Div(style={'backgroundColor': colors['background']},children=[
   html.H1('Hello CDC', style={
           'textAlign': 'center',
           'color': colors['text']
       # This is rendered as <h1 style="text-align: center; color:"
→#7FDBFF">Hello Dash</h1>
       }),
   html.Div('Foodborne Illnesses by Month', style={'textAlign':
dcc.Graph(
       id='example-graph',
       figure=fig
   )
])
app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

4 Creating a Reusable Component

```
[]: from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
     from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
     from dash import no_update
     from dash import dcc
     from dash import html
                                                 # Has a component for every HTML tag
     import pandas as pd
     app = JupyterDash(__name__)
     ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
     -d29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
     def generate_table(ob, max_rows=10):
         return html.Table([
             html.Thead(
                 html.Tr([html.Th(col) for col in ob.columns])
             ),
             html.Tbody([
                 html.Tr([
                     html.Td(ob.iloc[i][col]) for col in ob.columns
                 ]) for i in range(min(len(ob), max_rows))
             ])
         1)
     app.layout = html.Div([
         html.H4(children='Foodborne Illness Outbreaks'),
         generate_table(ob)
     1)
     app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

5 Dash Core Components

5.1 dcc.Graph

```
[]: from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash from dash.dependencies import Output, Input from dash import no_update from dash import dcc from dash import html # Has a component for every HTML tag import pandas as pd import plotly.express as px
```

```
ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
-d29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
ob_month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].
→sum().reset_index()
oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
→reset_index()
obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
→reset_index()
\# Create a scatterplot with x - illness, y = hospitalizations, color = state
                            size = fatalities and hover = state
fig = px.scatter(obs, x='Illnesses', y='Hospitalizations',
                 size='Fatalities', color='State', hover_name='State',
                 size_max=60)
app = JupyterDash(__name__)
# Add dcc. Graph code here
app.layout = html.Div([
    dcc.Graph(
        id='ill-vs-hosp',
        figure=fig
    )
]
)
app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

5.2 Adding markdown text

```
obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
→reset_index()
\# Create a scatterplot with x - illness, y = hospitalizations, color = state
                            size = fatalities and hover = state
fig = px.scatter(obs, x='Illnesses', y='Hospitalizations',
                 size='Fatalities', color='State', hover_name='State',
                 size_max=60)
markdown_text = '''
### Dash and Markdown
This chart shows foodborne illnesses driving hospitalizations.
The data covers the years 1998 - 2015. Individual observations
are aggregated to the month level across years
1.1.1
app = JupyterDash(__name__)
# Add dcc. Graph code here
app.layout = html.Div([
    dcc.Graph(
        id='ill-vs-hosp',
        figure=fig
    dcc.Markdown(markdown_text)
]
app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

5.3 Dropdowns, Sliders and Other Components

https://dash.plotly.com/dash-core-components

```
[]: # Assumes all imports, data manipulation, etc. is complete

# STEP 1 - Hard-coded dropdown

# STEP 2 - df generated dropdown

# STEP 3 - Add a hard-coded slider

# STEP 4 - text input

from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
from dash import no_update
from dash import dcc
```

```
from dash import html
                                             # Has a component for every HTML tag
import plotly.express as px
import pandas as pd
app = JupyterDash(__name__)
# Add dcc. Graph code here
app.layout = html.Div([
    dcc.Dropdown(
        options=[
            {'label': 'New York City', 'value': 'NYC'},
            {'label': 'Montréal', 'value': 'MTL'},
            {'label': 'San Francisco', 'value': 'SF'}
        ],
        value='MTL'
    ),
    dcc.Dropdown(id='dropdown', options=[
        {'label': i, 'value': i} for i in obs.State.unique()
    ], multi=True, placeholder='Filter by state...'),
    dcc.Slider(
        min=-5,
        max=10,
        step=0.5,
        value=-3
    ),
     dcc.Slider(
#
#
         min=0,
#
         max=9,
         marks={i: 'Label{}}'.format(i) for i in oby.Year.unique()}
#
#
     )
    dcc.Input(
        placeholder='Enter a value...',
        type='text',
        value=''
    )
]
app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

6 Dash Exercise 1 - 10 minutes

Add a few more components to the code above.

7 Using the .Div

```
[]: # Adding multiple graphs to the dashboard
     from jupyter dash import JupyterDash
     from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
     from dash import no update
     from dash import dcc
     from dash import html
     import pandas as pd
     import plotly.graph_objects as go
     import plotly.express as px
     ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
     -d29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
     ob_month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].
     →sum().reset_index()
     oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset_index()
     obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset_index()
     # Create a scatterplot with x - illness, y = hospitalizations, color = state
                                 size = fatalities and hover = state
     fig1 = px.scatter(obs, x='Illnesses', y='Hospitalizations',
                      size='Fatalities', color='State', hover_name='State',
                      size max=60)
     fig2 = px.bar(ob_month, x="Month", y="Illnesses")
     fig3 = px.bar(ob_month, x="Month", y="Hospitalizations")
     app = JupyterDash(__name__)
     # Add dcc. Graph code here
     app.layout = html.Div([
         html.Div([dcc.Graph(id='x', figure=fig1)]),
         html.Div([dcc.Graph(id='y', figure=fig2)]),
         html.Div([dcc.Graph(id='z', figure=fig3)])
     ])
     app.run_server(mode='inline')
[]: # Adjusting the graph positions
```

```
[]: # Adjusting the graph positions

from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
from dash import no_update
```

```
import pandas as pd
    import plotly.graph_objects as go
    import plotly.express as px
    ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
     -d29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
    ob month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].
     →sum().reset_index()
    oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset index()
    obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset_index()
    \# Create a scatterplot with x - illness, y = hospitalizations, color = state
                              size = fatalities and hover = state
    fig1 = px.scatter(obs, x='Illnesses', y='Hospitalizations',
                    size='Fatalities', color='State', hover_name='State',
                    size max=60)
    fig2 = px.bar(ob_month, x="Month", y="Illnesses")
    fig3 = px.bar(ob_month, x="Month", y="Hospitalizations")
    app = JupyterDash(__name__)
    # Add dcc. Graph code here
    app.layout = html.Div([
        html.Div([dcc.Graph(id='x', figure=fig1)],style={'width': '49%', 'display':
     html.Div([dcc.Graph(id='y', figure=fig2)],style={'display':__
     html.Div([dcc.Graph(id='z', figure=fig3)],style={'display':
     ])
    app.run_server(mode='inline')
[]: # Using multiple .Div
    from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
    from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
    from dash import no_update
    from dash import dcc
```

from dash import dcc
from dash import html

```
from dash import html
                                             # Has a component for every HTML tag
import pandas as pd
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import plotly.express as px
ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
\rightarrowd29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
ob_month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].
→sum().reset_index()
oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
→reset index()
obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
→reset_index()
# Create a scatterplot with x - illness, y = hospitalizations, color = state
#
                            size = fatalities and hover = state
fig1 = px.scatter(obs, x='Illnesses', y='Hospitalizations',
                 size='Fatalities', color='State', hover_name='State',
                 size max=60)
fig2 = px.bar(ob_month, x="Month", y="Illnesses")
fig3 = px.bar(ob_month, x="Month", y="Hospitalizations")
app = JupyterDash(__name__)
# Add dcc. Graph code here
app.layout = html.Div([
    html.Div([dcc.Graph(id='x', figure=fig1)],
             style={'width': '49%', 'display': 'inline-block', 'padding': '0_
\rightarrow20'}),
    html.Div([dcc.Graph(id='y', figure=fig2),
              dcc.Graph(id='z', figure=fig3 )
             ],style={'display': 'inline-block', 'width': '49%'}),
1)
app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

[]:

8 Dash Exercise 2 - 20 minutes

- Use the Diabetes Analysis Dashboard notebook.
- Add a new cell that will contain all of the dashboard code.
- Add dashboard code to show the scatterplot created earlier.
- Can you add two more of your created graphs?

9 Dash Callbacks

callback functions are functions that are automatically called by Dash whenever an input component's property changes, in order to update some property in another component (the output).

9.1 A simple callback interactive app

```
[]: # An example of a callback from documentation
     from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
     from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
     from dash import dcc
     from dash import html
     app = JupyterDash(__name__)
     app.layout = html.Div([
         html.H6("Change the value in the text box to see callbacks in action!"),
         html.Div([
             "Input: ".
             dcc.Input(id='my-input', value='initial value', type='text')
         ]),
         html.Br(),
         html.Div(id='my-output'),
     ])
     @app.callback(
         Output(component_id='my-output', component_property='children'),
         Input(component_id='my-input', component_property='value')
     def update_output_div(input_value):
         return 'Output: {}'.format(input_value)
     app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

```
[]: # A very basic dashboard with a slider

from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
from dash import no_update
from dash import dcc
from dash import html

import pandas as pd
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import plotly.express as px
```

```
import math
app = JupyterDash(__name__)
ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
-d29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
ob = ob.loc[ob['State']!= 'Multistate']
ob_month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].
→sum().reset_index()
oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
→reset_index()
obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
→reset_index()
df = ob.groupby(['Year', 'State'])[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', __
→ 'Fatalities']].sum().reset_index()
# STEP 1 - Comment out existing dcc. Graph
# STEP 2 - Add new graph and slider code
# STEP 3 - Add @app.callback
# STEP 4 - Add user-defined function - update_scatter
app.layout = html.Div([
    dcc.Graph(id='graph-with-slider'),
    dcc.Slider(
        id='year-slider',
        min=df['Year'].min(),
        max=df['Year'].max(),
        value=df['Year'].min(),
        marks={str(year): str(year) for year in df['Year'].unique()},
        step=None
])
@app.callback(
    Output('graph-with-slider', 'figure'),
    Input('year-slider', 'value'))
def update_figure(selected_year):
    filtered_df = df[df.Year == selected_year]
    fig = px.scatter(filtered_df, x='Illnesses', y='Hospitalizations',
                 size='Fatalities', color='State', hover_name='State',
                 size_max=60)
```

```
fig.update_layout(transition_duration=500)
    return fig
app.run_server(mode='inline')
```

```
[]: # A very basic dashboard with dropdown list
     from jupyter_dash import JupyterDash
     from dash.dependencies import Output, Input
     from dash import no update
     from dash import dcc
     from dash import html
     import pandas as pd
     import plotly.graph_objects as go
     import plotly.express as px
     import math
     app = JupyterDash(__name__)
     ob = pd.read_csv('https://bitbucket.org/jimcody/sampledata/raw/
     -d29f529308d4e8332491341fed135dc9cc5ca0df/outbreaks-dashboard.csv')
     ob = ob.loc[ob['State']!= 'Multistate']
     ob_month = ob.groupby('Month')[['Illnesses','Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].
     →sum().reset_index()
     oby = ob.groupby('Year')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset index()
     obs = ob.groupby('State')[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', 'Fatalities']].sum().
     →reset_index()
     obys = ob.groupby(['Year', 'State'])[['Illnesses', 'Hospitalizations', __
     → 'Fatalities']].sum().reset_index()
     df = pd.read_csv('https://plotly.github.io/datasets/country_indicators.csv')
     available_indicators = df['Indicator Name'].unique()
     app.layout = html.Div([
         html.Div([
             html.Div([
                 dcc.Dropdown(
                     id='xaxis-column',
                     options=[{'label': i, 'value': i} for i in_⊔
     →available_indicators],
                     value='Fertility rate, total (births per woman)'
```

```
dcc.RadioItems(
                id='xaxis-type',
                options=[{'label': i, 'value': i} for i in ['Linear', 'Log']],
                value='Linear',
                labelStyle={'display': 'inline-block'}
        ], style={'width': '48%', 'display': 'inline-block'}),
        html.Div([
            dcc.Dropdown(
                id='yaxis-column',
                options=[{'label': i, 'value': i} for i in_
 →available_indicators],
                value='Life expectancy at birth, total (years)'
            ),
            dcc.RadioItems(
                id='yaxis-type',
                options=[{'label': i, 'value': i} for i in ['Linear', 'Log']],
                value='Linear',
                labelStyle={'display': 'inline-block'}
        ], style={'width': '48%', 'float': 'right', 'display': 'inline-block'})
    ]),
    dcc.Graph(id='indicator-graphic'),
    dcc.Slider(
        id='year--slider',
        min=df['Year'].min(),
        max=df['Year'].max(),
        value=df['Year'].max(),
        marks={str(year): str(year) for year in df['Year'].unique()},
        step=None
])
@app.callback(
    Output('indicator-graphic', 'figure'),
    Input('xaxis-column', 'value'),
    Input('yaxis-column', 'value'),
    Input('xaxis-type', 'value'),
    Input('yaxis-type', 'value'),
    Input('year--slider', 'value'))
def update_graph(xaxis_column_name, yaxis_column_name,
                 xaxis_type, yaxis_type,
```

10 Dash Exercise 3 - 30 minutes

- modify your Diatebetes Dashboard.
- Use the code above (as an example) to have dropdown list that change the data in the scatter plot.