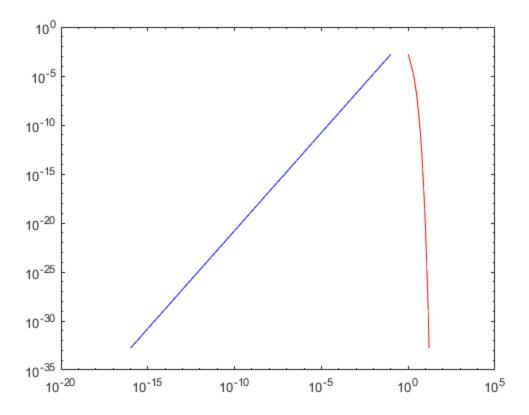
## **Assignment 5**

```
%Name: Jim Nguyen
%Date: 3/13/2021
Part a
```

```
Estimate the derivative of the function at the point x = 1 using 3-
point midpoint formula for the
formula form
  (e.g., h = 10#1)
%Plot the step size h versus the relative error in a loglog plot.
%On the same figure, plot the estimated truncation error for those
  same h values in red.
%(Hint: Try plotting the 3rd derivative to figure out for which #
  value the third derivative will be maximum at! )
f = @(x) \sin(x);
dddf = @(x) - cos(x); % the third derivative of sin(x) is -cos(x)
x = 1; % the pt we are estimating the derivative of the function
E = -pi; %-cos(x) is largest when x = -pi so that -cos(x) = 1
h =
  [10^{-1}, 10^{-2}, 10^{-3}, 10^{-4}, 10^{-5}, 10^{-6}, 10^{-7}, 10^{-8}, 10^{-9}, 10^{-10}, 10^{-11}, 10^{-12}, 10^{-1}]
  the multiple values of h
CD3 = zeros(1,16);
CD3_relative_error = zeros(1,16);
CD3 relative error = h^2/6 * f^3 (E)
for i = 1:16
          CD3(i) = (1/(2*h(i)) * (f(x + h(i)) - f(x - h(i))));
          CD3_relative_error(i) = h(i)^2 / 6 * dddf(E);
end
loglog(h,CD3_relative_error,'b'); % this is plotting the step size h
  verus relative error in a loglog plot
hold on
loglog(CD3_relative_error,'r'); % this is just plotting the estimated
  truncation error for same h in red.
hold off
%%Problem 5 part b
```



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