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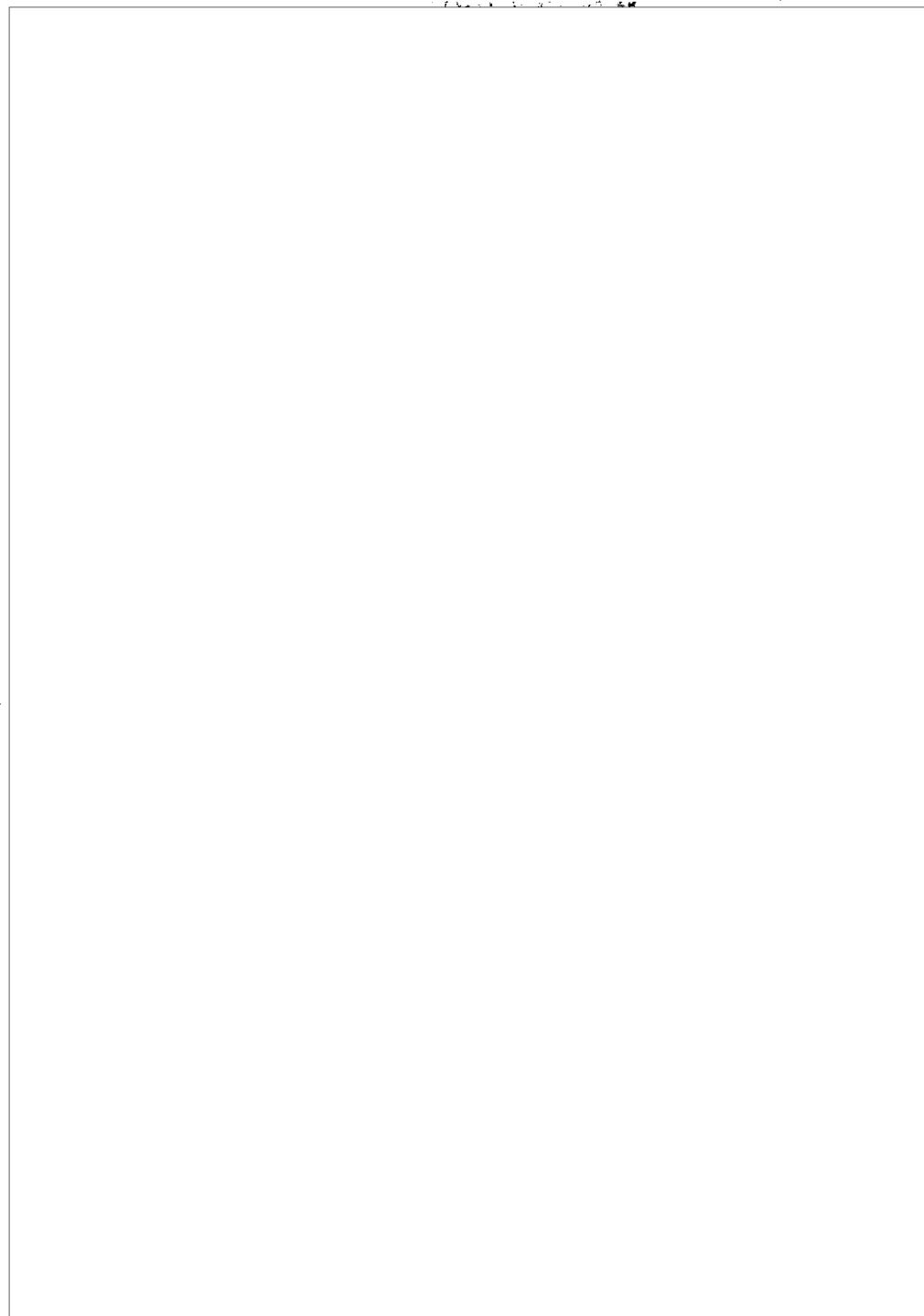
11 November 1959

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

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11 NOVEMBER 1959

I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC

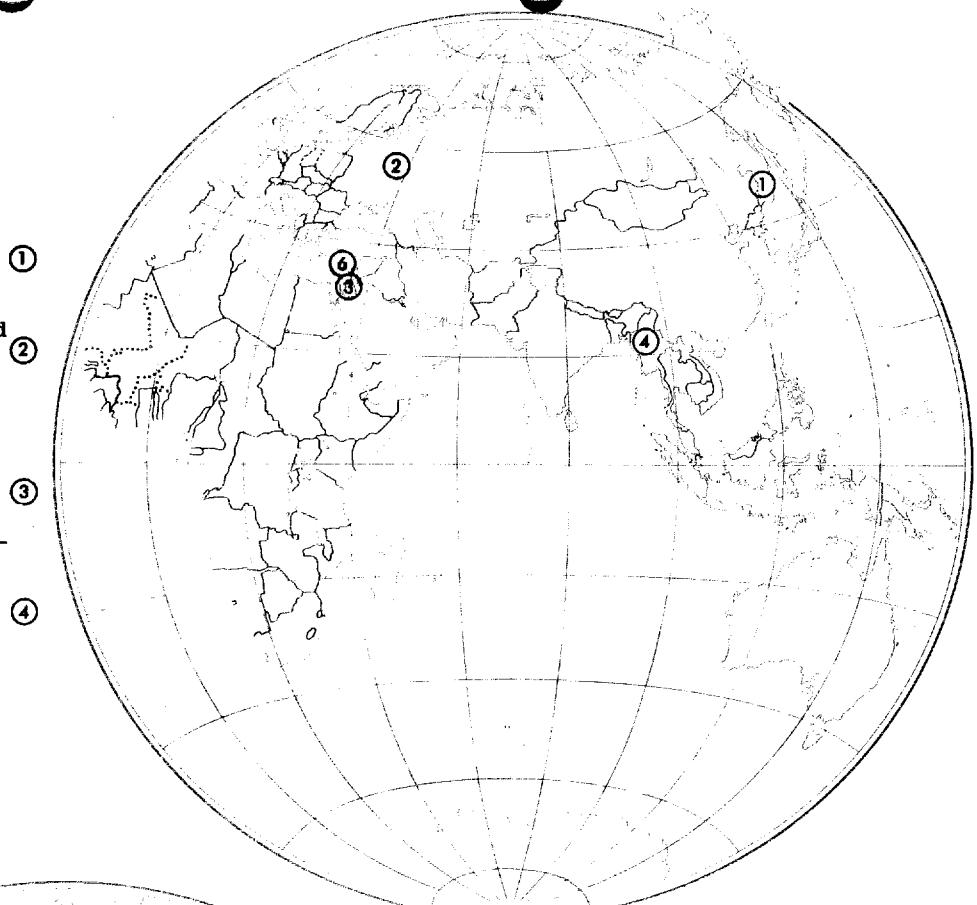
Command post exercise in Soviet Far East indicates USSR has flexibility in selection of missile launching sites.

Khrushchev tells UAR representative he is prepared to supply additional arms and economic assistance to UAR.

II. ASIA-AFRICA

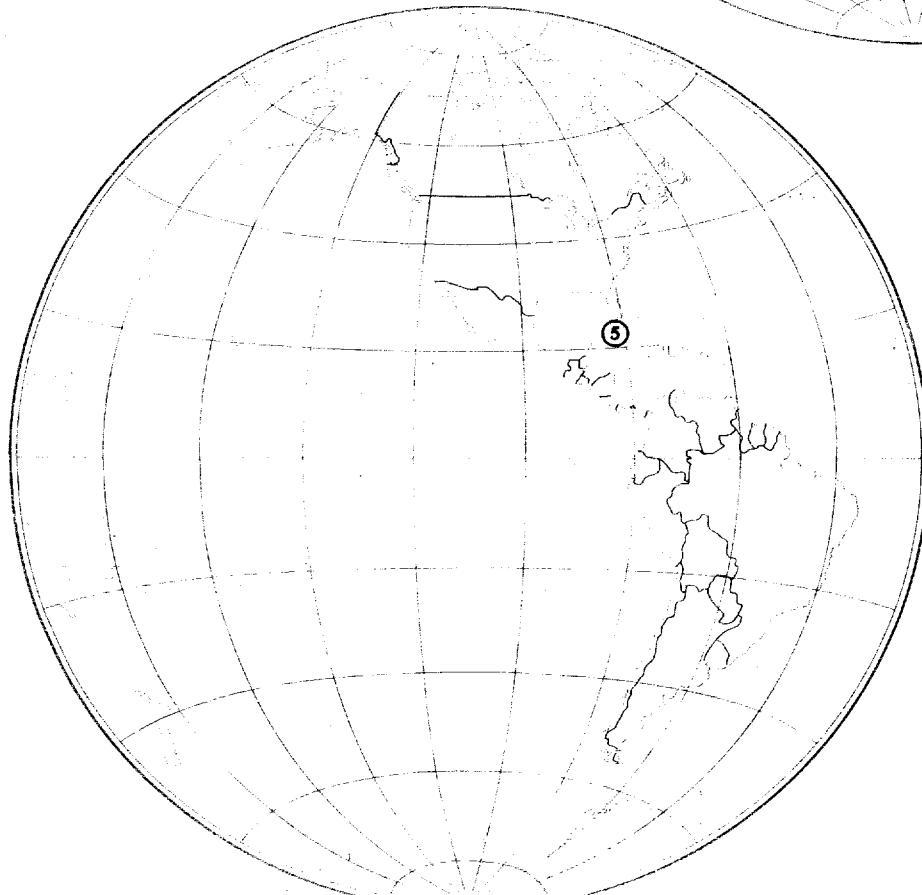
Report on talks between Shah of Iran and King of Jordan.

Burmese premier rejects Peiping's earlier proposal for further negotiations on long-standing border dispute.

**III. THE WEST**

⑤Cuba--Communists believed to have won substantial representation among delegates to important labor congress.

⑥Problems in way of independence for Cyprus appear in process of amicable solution.



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DAILY BRIEF

Briefs of 12 Nov CIB

I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC

for sources check 12 Nov.

USSR: During a recent command post exercise, conducted by a suspected missile division of the Soviet Fifth Long Range Air Army, simulated missile strikes were scheduled from locations in the southern maritime district against air bases in Japan and Okinawa, 400-1,100 nautical miles distant. The exercise involved rail transportation of missiles and the use of alternate locations, suggesting that the USSR has flexibility in the selection of missile launching sites.

USSR-UAR: Khrushchev, in a long interview on 4 November with Salah Salim, head of Nasir's subsidized press, reaffirmed Soviet friendship for the UAR and stated that Moscow is prepared to supply additional arms and economic assistance, specifically the financing for the second stage of the Aswan High Dam. According to the account of the talk published in Cairo, the Soviet leader also upheld the UAR's action in interfering with Israeli shipping through the Suez Canal, and parried Salim's assertion that Communists are responsible for Arab disputes with the observation that "conditions in the Arab countries are not now ripe for setting up a Communist regime."

II. ASIA-AFRICA

Jordan-Iran-Israel

he and the Shah of Iran agreed, during their recent talks in Amman, that they should not take any provocative action to "remedy" the Iraqi situation but that Jordan and Iran should be prepared for any eventuality [] the Shah told Husayn, with the "unofficial authorization" of the Israelis, that Jordan had nothing to fear from Israel if Husayn felt obliged to move into Iraq, but that if Nasir intervened in Iraq the Israeli position would be "altogether different!"

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Burma - Communist China: Premier Ne Win has sent a letter to Chou En-lai rejecting an earlier Chinese proposal for further negotiations on the Sino-Burmese border question and affirming Burma's intent to stand on its "package proposal" of June for a settlement of the long-standing dispute. Ne Win stated that if Peiping is willing to accept the latter proposal, he is prepared to go to Peiping to "formalize" an agreement.

[redacted]
China could neither accept nor reject the Burmese proposal as a whole and suggested that the Burmese "be more patient" in seeking a solution.)

Watch Committee Conclusions: Situations susceptible of direct exploitation by Sino-Soviet bloc action which would jeopardize US interests exist in Laos and in the Middle East, particularly in Iraq.

Laos: Dissident military activity remains at a low level. However, the insurgents retain a considerable potential for guerrilla action and no decrease in their subversive activities is foreseen at the present time.

Middle East: The situation in Iraq remains unstable, and the possibility of further assassination attempts or coups remains.

III. THE WEST

Cuba: While the 26th of July Movement claims sweeping victories, Communists are believed to have gained substantial representation among the 3,000 delegates elected by local unions on 8 November to attend the national congress, which opens on 18 November, of the dominant and politically powerful Cuban Labor Confederation. Raul Castro and his confidant, Labor Minister Martinez Sanchez, are expected to remove from power Confederation leaders who are opposed to growing Communist influence in labor and in the government.

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Britain-Cyprus. The agreement reached on the constitution for Cyprus on 10 November leaves the question of British military bases the only major issue to be resolved before independence. Britain has conditionally offered to reduce by about 20 percent its base areas in Cyprus, thus decreasing the number of included villagers from 4,400 to less than 1,000. Such a concession to Cypriot demands would probably create a favorable atmosphere for final agreement.

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Scientific Adviser to the President

Director of the Budget

Director, Office of Defense and Civilian Mobilization

Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Special Assistant for Security Operations Coordination

Chairman, Board of Consultants on Foreign Intelligence Activities

Special Assistant for Foreign Economic Policy

Executive Secretary, National Security Council

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary for Administration

The Counselor

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Commandant, United States Marine Corps

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Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

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Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

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