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23 December 1960

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Copy No. C *74*

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN



DOCUMENT NO. *46*
NO CHANGE IN CLASS.
 DECLASSIFIED
CLASS. CH NCLG TO: TS *S D*
NEXT REVIEW DATE: *2010*
AUTH: HR 16-2
DATE: *10 JUN 1980* REVIEWER:

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DIA and DOS review(s)
completed.

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Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A005400460001-1

Next 2 Page(s) In Document Exempt

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25X1

Morocco: [The government of Morocco will soon recognize both North Vietnam and North Korea as a further demonstration of "positive neutrality," according to statements made to the American charge by a Moroccan diplomat close to palace circles. In view of Morocco's expanding ties with the Sino-Soviet bloc, the government, and particularly the crown prince, might see recognition as a counter-balance to Morocco's receipt of US aid and the relatively close relations which it has maintained with the West.] (Page 4)

25X6

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25X1

Ethiopia: The military and political situation throughout Ethiopia is rapidly returning to normal. The greatest impact of the abortive coup is likely to be felt by the small, educated group which was sympathetic to or implicated in the coup and which is now suspect in the Emperor's eyes. Unless changes in Ethiopia's political and social system occur, the "intelligentsia" will probably eventually make another effort, according to the US military attaché in Addis Ababa. (Page 5)

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Next 2 Page(s) In Document Exempt

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Morocco May Recognize North Vietnam and North Korea

25X1

[The government of MOROCCO WILL SOON RECOGNIZE BOTH NORTH VIETNAM AND NORTH KOREA AS A FURTHER DEMONSTRATION OF "POSITIVE NEUTRALITY," ACCORDING TO STATEMENTS MADE TO THE AMERICAN CHARGE IN RABAT. THE SOURCE, A FORMER MINISTER TO WASHINGTON AND NOW MOROCCAN AMBASSADOR TO NEW DELHI, IS CLOSE TO PALACE CIRCLES.]

[Morocco's continued need for US aid and the desire for good relations with the West frequently professed by both King Mohamed V and the crown prince would seem to militate against such a step. Moreover, Morocco would be unlikely to offend South Vietnam, whose first ambassador to Morocco presented his credentials less than six weeks ago, or to align itself with Cuba as the second free world country to recognize North Korea.]

[However, Morocco's ties with the Sino-Soviet bloc have been expanding and its relations with the West, especially France, deteriorating. Shipments of cobalt have been made to Communist China, and Rabat announced on 15 November that the USSR would furnish jet aircraft. These planes are expected to arrive in the near future.]

25X6
[Consequently, the Moroccan Government, and especially the [REDACTED] crown prince, who apparently asked the Soviet ambassador for the jet aircraft without consulting the cabinet and only vaguely informing the King, might see this recognition as a means of increasing bloc ties or as an appropriate response to the Soviet veto of Mauritania's UN admission. Any unfriendly Western act, such as countermeasures reportedly planned by the French against Moroccan threats to their base rights, could precipitate such recognition.]

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Ethiopian Progressives to Suffer From Coup

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[redacted]

The progressive younger elements in Ethiopia may lose considerable influence because many of the more enlightened ministers and intellectuals were involved in the abortive coup against the Emperor, [according to an Ethiopian member of the UN staff.] In his event, efforts to increase personal freedom, improve living standards, and accelerate economic development would be set back several years. The Emperor's public remarks suggest a lenient attitude toward rebel sympathizers, but in view of his suspicion of the progressives, he is expected to rely for advice increasingly on representatives of traditional Ethiopian society.

Notices posted at the University College in Addis Ababa state that any student signing a letter of apology to the Emperor will be allowed to continue his studies, although he may be subject to later punishment. The students were strongly in favor of the coup and demonstrated in its behalf on 15 December.

The American military attaché in Addis Ababa reports that the situation is rapidly returning to normal, although troops are still hunting down two coup leaders and some 325 missing Bodyguard personnel. Of the 5,000 men in the Bodyguard, about 475 were reported killed or wounded in the fighting in Addis Ababa and 1,800 are held by the army or police. The remainder have been released. The attaché believes that the Bodyguard will be broken up, but that the Emperor will probably have to re-create a household guard--perhaps by using the two battalions of Bodyguard troops in the Congo as a nucleus--to act as a counterpoise to the army.

He adds that unless reforms are carried out by the government, the "intelligentsia" will organize another revolt within the next year or two in an attempt to overthrow Ethiopia's feudalistic government.
[redacted]

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