User-Code Utility for HP-41 Calculators

Version 3.01 Dec 17, 2023

HP41UC - User-Code Utility for HP-41 Calculators

Document History

	Document instory				
Date	Version	Change			
June 11, 2016	2.00	 1) Port v1.30 16-bit DOS to Win32 console app 2) Fix compiler bug on {STO*, STO/, STO+, STO-} IND 3) Add better support for Esc-sequences in strings (see De-compiler Notes) 4) Revise UsersGuide and License documents 			
June 19, 2016	2.10	 Fix bug to allow compiling multiple files into a LIF file. Add support for building with GNU tools Build a statically-linked 32-bit x86 ELF executable for Linux. 			
June 22, 2016	2.20	 Fix bug in parsing esc-sequence in text strings. Allow conversion of multiple input files if output file is not specified, or if specified output is a LIF file. 			
June 25, 2016	2.30	 Fix bug on default extension for input LIF files. Merge conversion routines into a single convert(). 			
Seo 4, 2016	2.31	Fix bug in convert.c – input data type on LIF files.			
Sep 8, 2016	2.40	Expand XROM support in decompiler.			
Sep 10, 2016	2.41	Bug fixes in file_splitpath, findfile_first and findfile_next.			
Sep 11, 2016	2.42	 Static-linked Win32 app that runs on WinXP and later. Add Card Reader to list of supported XROM's 			
Sep 13, 2016	2.43	 Remove non-programmable functions on XROM[30]. Use static for local arrays to minimize stack growth. 			
Sep 23, 2016	2.44	1) Add support for external XROM files with "/m" option 2) Dump internal XROMs with "/x" option 3) Exclude internal XROMs in compiler with "/x" option 4) Clean-up to use macros instead of numbers: e.g., HP41_ERROR and HP41_OK as return codes.			
June 3, 2020	3.00	Skip over Line Feed (0x0A) characters on input DAT files. NOTE: This feature does not require any extra arguments .			
Dec 17, 2023	3.01	 Add "Registers Needed" to console output. Clean up compiler warnings. Update File Transfer section in UsersGuide 			

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Introduction

This utility provides means for editing and archiving code outside of the HP-41™ calculator, using file transfer and barcode scanning mechanisms. To that end, the utility provides the following functions:

File Converter

The file format converter is used to package compiled code with wrappers compliant with various popular file formats. In some cases that may require preceding the code with a "header", appending a "checksum", or adding "filler" (don't care) bytes to satisfy file size requirements.

Compiler

The compiler takes code in readable text format, and compiles it into one of the supported file formats.

De-compiler

The de-compiler takes compiled code, packaged in any of the supported file formats, and creates a readable text file that can be edited or printed out.

Barcode Generator

The barcode generator creates a printable file with raster graphics data for PCL3™, or Postscript™ compatible printers.

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- The HP-IL hardware and transfer software described in the <u>Direct Link Transfers</u> and <u>Shuttle Disk Transfers</u> sections are legacy and obsolete. However, the HP41UC flows described in those sections may still be applicable while using other HP-IL transfer mechanisms.
- For an example of a modern HP-IL transfer mechanism, please refer to the <u>HP41 <-> PC ILPer</u> <u>File Transfers</u> section.

Brief Overview

Supported File Formats

- LIF [/I]: transfer file for <u>ILPer</u>, <u>Trans41</u> and <u>DOSLink</u>
- P41 [/p]: archive file for HP-41 programs on ftp sites
- RAW [/r]: input/output file for V41 and LIFUTILS
- DAT [/d]: input/output file for EMU41 (using INP, OUTP)
- BIN [/b]: output file from 41UCC
- TXT [/t]: program listing (readable text)
- PCL [/h]: barcode printable file (HP PCL3™)
- PS [/s]: barcode printable file (Postscript™)
- WND [/w]: barcode hex-dump file (Wand)

Features

- File Converter
 [LIF, P41, RAW, DAT, BIN] → [BIN, DAT, RAW, P41, LIF]
- Compiler
 [TXT] → [LIF, P41, RAW, DAT, BIN]
- De-compiler
 [LIF, P41, RAW, DAT, BIN] → [TXT]
- Barcode Generator
 [RAW] → [WND, PCL, PS]

LIF Format

File format used by HP-IL mass-storage devices.

Description:

http://www.hp9845.net/9845/projects/hpdir/

Usage:

Optional parameters are surrounded by <>

On file conversions the utility will search the LIF file for a program name in this order:

- 1) <name>, if specified
- 2) Output file name (outfile), if specified
- 3) Input file name (infile)
- LIF file to P41 file /l=infile<.lif> /p<=outfile<.p41>> <name>
- LIF file to RAW file /l=infile<.lif> /r<=outfile<.raw>> <name> </k>

Use /k option to exclude checksum and trailer bytes in RAW file.

- LIF file to BIN file /l=infile<.lif> /b<=outfile<.bin>> <name>
- LIF file to DAT file (hex digits in ASCII format)
 /l=infile<.lif> /d<=outfile<.dat>> <name>
- LIF directory listing /l=infile<.lif> <name>

If <name> is specified, list only <name> program from LIF file.

• LIF file to TXT file (De-compiler)
/l=infile<.lif> /t<=outfile<.txt>> <name> </n> </x> </m=file1> </m=file2>

```
De-compiler Options:
```

```
/a - append text using: [ "|-text" ], instead of: [ >"text" ]
/n - generate line numbers
/x - exclude all supported XROM Modules (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
/x## - exclude supported XROM module 1..31 (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
    See Supported XROM Modules for more details.
/m=file<.txt> - import functions from XROM modules in specified text file
    See Importing XROM Modules for more details.
```

P41 Format

Archiving format popular on FTP web sites.

Description:

[32-byte header] + [compiled code] + [1-byte checksum] + [trailer]

- [32-byte header] single LIF directory entry
- [1-byte checksum] sum of all [compiled code] bytes
- [trailer] filler bytes, so that filesize = 32 + multiple 256-byte blocks

Usage:

Optional parameters are surrounded by <>

```
    P41 file(s) to LIF file
    /p=infile<.p41> /l<=outfile<.lif>>
    If output file is specified [infile] can be a directory of P41 files.
    For example: /p=\p41dir\*.p41 /l=hpil.lif
```

P41 file to RAW file (remove 32-byte header)
 /p=infile<.p41> /r<=outfile<.raw>> </k>

Use /k option to exclude checksum and trailer bytes in RAW file.

```
P41 file to BIN file
/p=infile<.p41> /b<=outfile<.bin>>
```

- P41 file to DAT file (hex digits in ASCII format)
 /p=infile<.p41> /d<=outfile<.dat>>
- P41 directory listing (from 32-byte header) /p=infile<.p41>
- P41 file to TXT file (De-compiler)
 /p=infile<.p41> /t<=outfile<.txt>> </n> </x> </m=file<.txt>>

```
De-compiler Options:
```

```
/a - append text using: [ "|-text" ], instead of: [ >"text" ]
/n - generate line numbers
/x - exclude all supported XROM Modules (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
/x## - exclude supported XROM module 1..31 (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
See Supported XROM Modules for more details.
/m=file<.txt> - import functions from XROM modules in specified text file
See Importing XROM Modules for more details.
```

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Description:

RAW Format

[compiled code] + [1-byte checksum] + [trailer]

- [1-byte checksum] sum of all [compiled code] bytes
- [trailer] filler bytes, so that filesize = multiple 256-byte blocks

Usage:

Optional parameters are surrounded by <>

```
    RAW file(s) to LIF file
    /r=infile<.raw> /l<=outfile<.lif>>> <name>
    LIF name = <name> or [infile]
    If output file is specified [infile] can be a directory of RAW files.
    For example: /r=\rawdir\*.raw /l=hpil.lif
```

RAW file to P41 file /r=infile<.raw> /p<=outfile<.p41>> <name>P41 name = <name> or [infile]

- RAW file to BIN file /r=infile<.raw> /b<=outfile<.bin>>
- RAW file to DAT file (hex digits in ASCII format) /r=infile<.raw> /d<=outfile<.dat>>
- RAW file to TXT file (De-compiler)
 /r=infile<.raw> /t<=outfile<.txt>> </n> </x> </m=file<.txt>>

```
De-compiler Options:
```

```
/a - append text using: [ "|-text" ], instead of: [ >"text" ]
/n - generate line numbers
/x - exclude all supported XROM Modules (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
/x## - exclude supported XROM module 1..31 (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
See Supported XROM Modules for more details.
/m=file<.txt> - import functions from XROM modules in specified text file
See Importing XROM Modules for more details.
```

BIN Format

Description:

[2-byte header] + [compiled code] + [1-byte checksum] + [trailer]

- [2-byte header] size of [compiled code] in big-endian format
- [1-byte checksum] sum of all [compiled code] bytes + [2-byte header]
- [trailer] filler bytes, so that filesize = multiple 128-byte blocks

Usage:

Optional parameters are surrounded by <>

```
    BIN file(s) to LIF file
    /b=infile<.bin> /l<=outfile.lif> <name>

LIF name = <name> or [infile]

If output file is specified [infile] can be a directory of BIN files.
For example: /b=\bindir\*.bin /l=hpil<.lif>
```

- BIN file to P41 file /b=infile<.bin> /p<=outfile<.p41>> <name>
 P41 name = <name> or [infile]
- BIN file to RAW file (remove 2-byte header) /b=infile<.bin> /r<=outfile<.raw>> </k>

Use /k option to exclude checksum and trailer bytes in RAW file.

- BIN file to DAT file (hex digits in ASCII format)
 /b=infile<.bin> /d<=outfile<.dat>>
- BIN file to TXT file (De-compiler)
 /b=infile<.bin> /t<=outfile<.txt>> </n> </x> </m=file<.txt>>

```
De-compiler Options:
```

```
/a - append text using: [ "|-text" ], instead of: [ >"text" ]
/n - generate line numbers
/x - exclude all supported XROM Modules (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
/x## - exclude supported XROM module 1..31 (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
    See <u>Supported XROM Modules</u> for more details.
/m=file<.txt> - import functions from XROM modules in specified text file
    See <u>Importing XROM Modules</u> for more details.
```

DAT Format

Description:

[4-byte header] + [compiled code] + [2-byte checksum]

- [4-byte header] size of [compiled code] in big-endian format
- [2-byte checksum] sum of all [compiled code] bytes + [2-byte header]

All bytes are hex digits in ASCII format.

Usage:

Optional parameters are surrounded by <>

```
    DAT file(s) to LIF file
    /d=infile<.dat> /l<=outfile<.lif>> <name>
    LIF name = <name> or [infile]
    If output file is specified [infile] can be a directory of DAT files.
    For example: hp41uc /b=\datdir\*.dat /l=hpil.lif
```

- DAT file to P41 file
 /d=infile<.dat> /p<=outfile<.p41>> <name>
 P41 name = <name> or [infile]
- DAT file to RAW file (remove 2-byte header) /d=infile<.dat> /r<=outfile<.raw>> </k>

Use /k option to exclude checksum and trailer bytes in RAW file.

- DAT file to BIN file /d=infile<.dat> /b<=outfile<.bin>>
- DAT file to TXT file (De-compiler)
 /d=infile<.dat> /t<=outfile<.txt>> </n> </x> </m=file<.txt>>

```
De-compiler Options:
```

```
/a - append text using: [ "|-text" ], instead of: [ >"text" ]
/n - generate line numbers
/x - exclude all supported XROM Modules (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
/x## - exclude supported XROM module 1..31 (may generate [ XROM mm,ff ])
    See <u>Supported XROM Modules</u> for more details.
/m=file<.txt> - import functions from XROM modules in specified text file
    See <u>Importing XROM Modules</u> for more details.
```

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TXT Format (Compiler)

Command-line Options:

- /n ignore line numbers in text file: [100 STO 00]
- /g global alpha label for ["A..J", "a..e"] if in quotes: [XEQ "A"]
- /x exclude all supported XROM Modules (may require: [XROM mm,ff])
- /x## exclude supported XROM module 1..31 (may require: [XROM mm,ff])
 See <u>Supported XROM Modules</u> for more details.
- /m=file<.txt> import functions from XROM modules in specified text file
 See <u>Importing XROM Modules</u> for more details.

Usage:

Optional parameters are surrounded by <>

TXT file(s) to LIF file
 /t=infile<.txt> /l<=outfile<.lif>> <name> </n> </g> </x> </m=file<.txt>>

LIF name = <name> or [infile]

If output file is specified [infile] can be a directory of TXT files.
For example: /t=\txtdir*.txt /l=hpil.lif

- TXT file to P41 file
 /t=infile<.txt> /p<=outfile<.p41>> <name> </n> </g> </x> </m=file<.txt>>
 P41 name = <name> or [infile]
- TXT file to RAW file (remove 2-byte header)
 /t=infile<.txt> /r<=outfile<.raw> </k> </n> </g> </x> </m=file<.txt>>
 Use /k option to exclude checksum and trailer bytes in RAW file.
- TXT file to BIN file /t=infile<.txt> /b<=outfile<.bin>> </n> </g> </x> </m=file<.txt>>
- TXT file to DAT file (hex digits in ASCII format)
 /t=infile<.txt> /d<=outfile<.dat>> </n> </g> </x> </m=file<.txt>

Supported XROM Modules

The Compiler will recognize and the De-compiler will generate function encodings from this list of XROM modules:

- [17] PLOTTER 1A-
- [18] PLOTTER 2A-
- [22]-HP-IL DEV
- [23]-X MASS 1A
- [23]-X EXT FCN
- [23]-X CTL FNS
- [23]-ADV CTL FN
- [24]-HP-IL DEV
- [25]-EXT FCN 2D
- [25]-CX EXT FCN
- [26]-TIME 2C
- [26]-CX TIME
- [27]-WAND 1F
- [28]-MASS ST 1H
- [28]-CTL FNS
- [29]-PRINTER 2E
- [30] CARD RDR 1E

Command-line Options (if no other options are specified):

- /x dump the list of all supported XROM modules
- /x## dump the list of functions from supported XROM module 1..31

For example:

- 1) To list all supported modules: hp41uc /x
- 2) To list functions on supported module 17: hp41uc /x17

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Importing XROM Modules

XROM modules may be imported from one or more ASCII text files, with each file containing one or more XROM definitions:

- Entries in the text file are single lines of the form: XROM mm,ff
- Comments are allowed preceded by ";" or "#": [# comment]
- Quotes around function names are optional, but required if names contain space characters
- Commas or whitespace can be used as delimiters between arguments
- Functions names are limited to 7 alphanumeric characters
- Module ID's (mm) are limited to numbers 1 to 31 in decimal format
- Function ID's (ff) are limited to numbers 0 to 63 in decimal format

Command-line Option:

/m=file<.txt> – import functions from XROM modules in specified text file

Sample entries in XROM file:

```
# MATH 1C
"MATRIX", 1, 1
SIMEQ, 1, 2
VCOL 1 3
VMAT, 1, 4
PVT, 1, 5
```

<u>Sample command-line for Compiler (TXT → RAW):</u>

```
/t=infile<.txt> /r<=outfile<.raw>> </n> </g> </x> </m=file1<.txt>> </m=file2<.txt>>
```

Sample command-line for De-compiler (RAW \rightarrow TXT):

```
/r=infile<.raw> /t<=outfile<.txt>> </a> </n> </x> </m=file1<.txt>> </m=file2<.txt>>
```

NOTE: If the module ID from an imported XROM is the same as one of the supported XROMs, the supported module may be excluded by using the **/x##** option. For example, the Advantage ROM uses the same 22 and 24 ID's as the supported HP-IL Development ROM, so using **/x22 /x24** would exclude the HP-IL Development ROM.

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Compiler Rules

- Prefixes are case-insensitive: [rcl 00] same as [RCL 00]
- Postfixes are case-sensitive: [lbl a] different from [lbl A]
- Append text is allowed with: [>"text"], [" | -text"], or ["\-text"],
- Synthetic instructions are allowed: [rcl M], [sto R]
- Synthetic NOP (TEXT0) is allowed using an empty (just quotes) text line: [""]
- Synthetic text is allowed with C-style esc-sequences: ["\x0D\x0A"]
- Comments are allowed preceded by ";" or "#": [; comment]
- Unrecognized XROM module functions must be encoded as: [XROM mm,ff]
- Key assignment for global labels are supported: [lbl "label" Key: 15]
- Multiple instructions per line are allowed if separated by comma+space: [RCL 00, STO 01]

Recognized C-style Escape Sequences within text, in quotes: [" ...\Esc..."]

Esc-Sequence	Code/Character	Description
\a	0x07	Alert Bell
\b	0x08	Backspace
\f	0x0C	Form Feed
\n	0x0A	Newline
\r	0x0D	Return
\t	0x09	Horizontal Tab
\v	0x0B	Vertical Tab
/3	,	Question Mark
\'	1	Single Quote
\"	и	Double Quote
//	\	Backslash
\xhh, \hh	0xhh	h = Hex digit (0-9, A-F, a-f)

NOTE: The Octal ("\ooo") esc-sequence is not supported.

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De-compiler Notes

• Empty alpha strings are commented for clarification:

```
"" ;F0 (single-byte synthetic NOP)
GTO "" ;1D F0
XEQ "" ;1E F0
```

• Spare instructions generate a comment-line showing the decoded hex codes:

```
;GTO IND ___(SPARE) ;AF,45
```

• Non-printable ASCII characters (0x00..0x1F, 0x7F..0xFF) within strings generate an esc-sequence and a comment with a ".":

```
"Text\x0D\x0A"; "Text.."

LBL "abc\x07fg"; "abc.fg"
```

Note: This allows the produced text to be re-compiled using the embedded esc-sequence.

• Global-alpha labels with key assignments generate a comment:

```
LBL "label"; Key: -15 (label assigned to shift-LN key).
```

• Recognized XROM functions generate a comment:

```
ACA ;XROM 29,01
```

Barcode Generator

References:

HP document 85153-90019: Creating Your Own HP-41 Barcode

A HP-41 Bar Code Decoder:

http://www.mh-aerotools.de/hp/bc-reader/BarcodeReader.pdf

Usage:

Optional parameters are surrounded by <>

 RAW file to PCL (HP raster graphics) file /r=infile<.raw> /h<=outfile<.pcl>> <"Program Title">

To print the barcode, copy the output file to the printer device; for example:

hp41uc /r=prog.raw /h "Program Title"

```
On a DOS-compatible PC: 

➤ copy /b prog.pcl lpt1
```

On a standard Windows PC:

copy /b prog.pcl "\\Computer Name\Printer Name"

See Printing Barcode Files on a Windows PC below.

RAW file to Postscript file

```
/r=infile<.raw> /s<=outfile<.ps>>> <"Program Title">
```

To print the barcode, copy the output file to the printer device; for example:

hp41uc /r=prog.raw /s "Program Title"

```
On a DOS-compatible PC: 
➤ copy /b prog.ps lpt1
```

On a standard Windows PC:

copy /b prog.ps "\\Computer Name\Printer Name"

See Printing Barcode Files on a Windows PC below.

RAW file to Wand (barcode) file

```
/r=infile<.raw> /w<=outfile<.wnd>> <"Program Title">
```

The output file will be a 16-byte per row hex-dump in readable text format.

Printing Barcode Files on a Windows PC

- Enable "Sharing" on "Printer properties".
- Refer to the <u>Send PRN File to Printer</u> article on *Technipages*.
- Consider using the freeware PrintFile utility.

HP41 <-> PC ILPer File Transfers

Required Hardware

- HP-IL module for the HP-41
- PIL-Box (HP-IL <-> USB)
 http://www.jeffcalc.hp41.eu/hpil/index.html

Required PC Software

- HP-IL Peripheral simulator for Win32 (ILPer v2.4 or later) https://hp.giesselink.com/hpil.htm
- Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 SP1 Redistributable Package (x86) https://hp.giesselink.com/Runtime/vcredist2005 x86.exe

NOTE: This package is required by the ILPer Win32 application. If not installed, an error message like this may appear when attempting to run ILPer: "The application has failed to start because its side-by-side configuration is incorrect..."

 ILPer Installation Notes - Jeff's Calc Page http://www.jeffcalc.hp41.eu/hpil/files/ILPer installation notes2.pdf

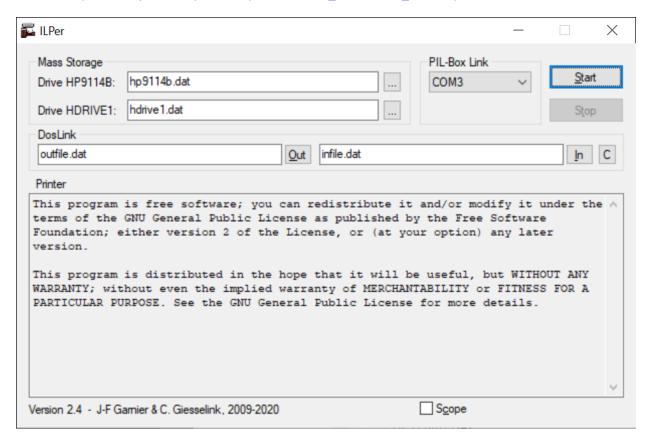


Figure 1 ILPer Win32 Application

PC to HP-41 ILPer Transfer

If you have created a LIF file for your program (e.g., test.lif), you can transfer it to the calculator with the following procedure:

- 1. Over-write ILPer's transfer file with the created LIF file:
 - copy test.lif hp9114b.dat

You may also rename the existing transfer file to save its contents:

- rename hp9114b.dat hp9114b.bak
- rename test.lif hp9114b.dat

Or you may simply over-write the transfer file in an HP41UC conversion (e.g., compilation) step:

- hp41uc /t=test.txt /l=hp9114b.dat
- 2. Establish the HP-IL link in ILPer using the hp9114b.dat transfer file, and simply download the program using the READP function on the calculator!

NOTE: The .DAT file extension used by ILPer is not to be confused with .DAT format referred to in this document. The ILPer transfer files are LIF files.

HP-41 to PC ILPer Transfer

If you have a program on the calculator (e.g., TEST), that you want to edit on your PC, and later transfer back to the calculator:

- 1. Establish the HP-IL link with ILPer using the hp9114b.dat transfer file.
- 2. Upload the program to the PC using WRTP on the calculator. This will copy the program to hp9114b.dat on the PC side.
- 3. Extract and de-compile the program from the hp9114b.dat transfer file:
 - hp41uc /l=hp9114b.dat /t=test.txt TEST

Note: The program name is case-sensitive and must match the ALPHA label used with WRTP.

- 4. Edit test.txt, and compile back it to a LIF file:
 - hp41uc /t=test /l

NOTE: In this case, HP41UC will create a default output file: test.lif, with a default LIF program name: TEST (input filename, with all CAPS).

5. To transfer the program back to the calculator, follow the steps described in <u>PC to HP-41 ILPer</u> Transfer.

Appendix A - 41UCC Compatibility

The following instructions are allowed by the HP41UC compiler for compatibility with 41UCC.

41UCC Format	HP41UC Format
10**X	10^X
APPEND, APPND, APND "Text"	>"Text"
CLSIGMA	CLS
D->R	D-R
E**X	E^X
E**X-1	E^X-1
ENTER^	ENTER
GOTO	GTO
P->R	P-R
R->D	R-D
R->P	R-P
SIGMA+	S+
SIGMA-	S-
SIGMAREG	SREG
STO*, STO/, STO+, STO-	ST*, ST/, ST+, ST-
T "Text String"	"Text String"
X!=0?, X<>0?	X#0?
X!=Y?, X<>Y?	X#Y?
X**2	X^2
Y**X	Y^X

Appendix B - Direct Link Transfers

Required Hardware

- HP-IL module for the HP-41
- 82973A HP-IL (legacy ISA bus) Card for the PC

Required PC Software

Trans41, DOSLink, or other HP-IL transfer software.
 See <u>References</u> section of this document.

Note: Contrary to popular belief, a fast PC can be used with an HP-IL card. The requirement for a slow PC, as the original IBM AT, is strictly a software limitation (timing loops that are CPU-speed dependent) with most HP-IL transfer programs, but it is not an issue with Trans41.

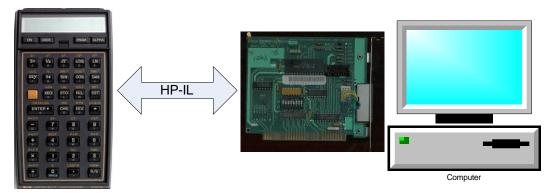


Figure 2 Direct Link Transfers

PC to HP-41 Trans41Transfer

If you have created a LIF file for your program (e.g., test.lif), you can transfer it to the calculator with the following procedure:

- 1. Over-write Trans41's transfer file with the created LIF file:
 - copy test.lif hpside1.pak

You may also rename the existing transfer file to save its contents:

- rename hpside1.pak backup1.pak
- rename test.lif hpside.pak

Or you may simply over-write the transfer file in an HP41UC conversion (e.g., compilation) step:

- hp41uc /t=test.txt /l=hpside1.pak
- 2. Establish the HP-IL link in Trans41 using the HPSIDE1.PAK transfer file, and simply download the program using the READP function on the calculator!

NOTE: The Trans41 transfer files are LIF files, even though the files may use a .PAK extension.

HP-41 to PC Trans41 Transfer

If you have a program on the calculator (e.g., TEST), that you want to edit on your PC, and later transfer back to the calculator.

- 1. Establish the HP-IL link with Trans41 using the HPSIDE1.PAK transfer file.
- 2. Upload the program to the PC using WRTP on the calculator. This will copy the program to HPSIDE1.PAK on the PC side.
- 3. Extract and de-compile the program from HPSIDE1.PAK:
 - hp41uc /l=hpside1.pak /t=test.txt TEST

Note: The program name is case-sensitive and must match the ALPHA label used with WRTP.

- 4. Edit test.txt, and compile back it to a LIF file:
 - hp41uc /t=test /l

Note: In this case, HP41UC will create a default output file: test.lif, with a default LIF program name: TEST (input filename, with all CAPS).

5. To transfer the program back to the calculator, follow the steps described in <u>PC to HP-41 Trans41</u> Transfer.

Appendix C - Shuttle Disk Transfers

Required Hardware

- HP-IL module for the HP-41
- 9114 HP-IL disc drive
- 720K (dual-density) diskettes
 For more reliable results use single-sided, dual-density disks.

Required PC Software

LIFUTILS
 See References section of this document.



Figure 3 Shuttle Disk Transfers

Notes on LIFUTILS

Since LIFUTILS expects a Volume label in the media, and the HP-41 format function (NEWM) does not create a volume label, it is recommended that disks be formatted on the PC using LIFUTILS. If you have problems reading a disk formatted on the PC try changing the BIOS setting for the drive from 1.44M to 720K.

An alternate solution is to format the disk from the calculator with the 9114 drive. In this case, you must create a volume label for the disk. This issue was addressed in the PPC Journal article: "The Volume Label", V14N2 Feb 1987, by Cristian Rusquelles. For more information, refer to the program listing included in the <u>Listing of "WL"</u> section of this document.

PC to HP-41 Shuttle Transfer

Let's say you've downloaded some P41 files from the internet, and want to transfer the programs in those files to your calculator using a Shuttle Disk:

- 1. Remove the 32-byte header from each of the P41 files, and make a note of the LIF directory information in the header (name, size, etc):
 - hp41uc /p=infile.p41 /r=outfile.raw

HP41UC will remove the 32-byte header, and will display the LIF directory information.

- 2. Transfer each program, to the Shuttle Disk using LIFUTILS. For more information, refer to Dan McDonald's article listed in the References section of this document.
- 3. Insert the shuttle disk in the 9114 disc drive, and the read the program from the calculator using the READP function. Be sure to match the program name exactly as saved by LIFUTILS, as the name is case-sensitive.

HP-41 to PC Shuttle Transfer

Let's say you have a program on the calculator that you want to edit on a PC, and then transfer back to the calculator using the previous procedure:

- Calculate the program size in bytes. On a HP-41CX, you can simply use the CATALOG 1 function, watching for the number listed at the "END" indicator of your program. For other machines refer to a discussion on this subject in <u>A Program Byte Counter</u>. This is a well-documented subject covered by many other HP-41 books and articles.
- 2. Copy the program to the Shuttle Disk using the WRTP function.
- 3. Insert the Shuttle Disk on the PC diskette drive, and extract the program using LIFUTILS. The output file should be a RAW file with a size of multiple 256-byte blocks. For example, a 56-byte program will be extracted as a 256-byte RAW file.
- 4. If you're interested in sharing the program, you may convert the file to P41 format:
 - hp41uc /r=infile.raw /p=outfile.p41 NAME

The optional [NAME] parameter will be the name used in creating the 32-byte LIF directory header. If [NAME] is not specified, the input (RAW) filename is used (with all CAPS).

- 5. To edit the program on the PC, you need to de-compile it:
 - hp41uc /r=infile.raw /t=outfile.txt

If you'd like to print it, you may want to add the [/n] option to generate line numbers:

- hp41uc /r=infile.raw /t=outfile.txt /n
- 6. Compile the program to a RAW file that can be used by LIFUTILS:
 - hp41uc /t=infile.txt /r=outfile.raw

HP41UC will display the LIF information required by LIFUTILS (name, size, etc).

Note: If you added line numbers to your de-compiled file, you must alert the compiler to ignore line numbers by using the [/n] option:

- hp41uc /t=infile.txt /r=outfile.raw /n
- 7. To transfer the compiled program to the calculator using LIFUTILS, simply go to step #2 of the previous <u>PC to HP-41 Shuttle Transfer</u> procedure.

Appendix D - Listing of "WL"

Copied from the PPC Journal article: "The Volume Label", V14N2 Feb 1987 - by Cristian Rusquelles. Requires an Extended I/O module.

01 LBL "WL" 02 >" ; append 6 spaces 03 ASTO 00 04 LBL 00 05 AID 06 16 07 X=Y? 08 GTO 01 09 "NOT A DRIVE" 10 PROMPT 11 GTO 00 12 LBL 01 13 CLRDEV 143 15 DEVL 162 17 OUTXB 186 19 DEVL 20 "D" 21 ARCL 00 22 OUTAE 238 24 DEVL

25 END

References

Ulisse Quadri

For developing a user-friendly GUI for HP41UC http://www.ulisse.bs.it/museo/hp41/tutorial.htm

Dan McDonald

For his article: "Ancient Data - Modern Machines:

Handling HP-IL Files on Today's PC", posted at the Museum of HP calculators under:

"HP-IL Files: Where, What, Why, How, etc.".

https://www.hpmuseum.org/cgi-sys/cgiwrap/hpmuseum/articles.cgi?read=24

Warren Furlow

For his support of the HP-41 (V41 Emulator) and his constructive feedback to this project. http://www.hp41.org.

LIFUTILS

Open-source project on GitHub: https://github.com/bug400/lifutils See the Shuttle Disk Transfers section for a description of its use.

Trans41

HP-IL Transfer utility by Eclipse Logic Inc, and Tacit Logic Systems. See the Shuttle Disk Transfers section for a description of its use.

DOSLink

HP-IL Transfer utility by Southern Software.

Requires the use of a slow PC (AT compatible: 286/16MHz).

41UCC

User-code compiler written by Leslie Brooks & Jim De Arras. Distributed by Hand Held Products, Inc.

EMU41

http://www.jeffcalc.hp41.eu/emu41/

HP-IL Resource Page (PIL-Box & ILPer)

http://www.jeffcalc.hp41.eu/hpil/index.html

A Program Byte Counter

"HP-41 Extended Functions Made Easy", by Keith Jarett. Chapter 5, page 97.

Listing of "WL"

PPC Journal article: "The Volume Label", V14N2 Feb 1987, by Cristian Rusquelles.

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