

Regression

MACHINE LEARNING

Pakarat Musikawan

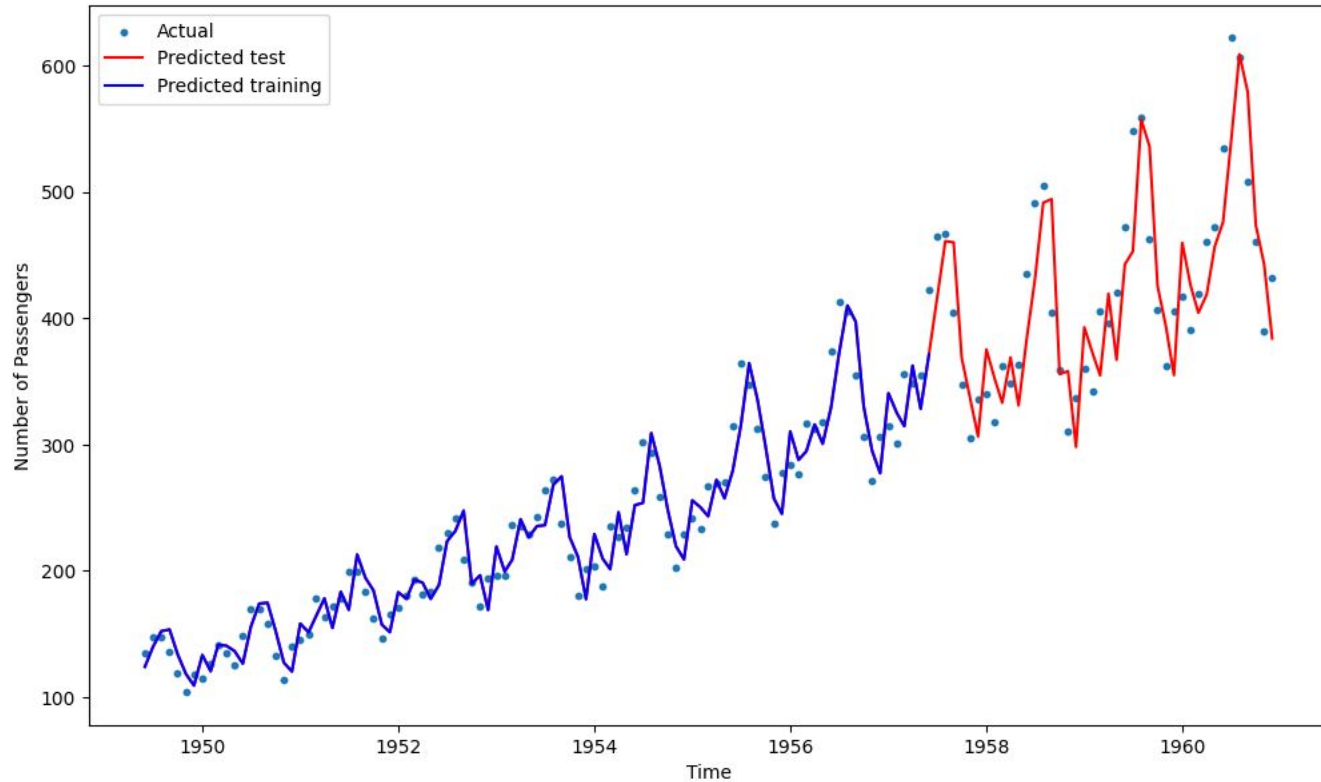
Regression

- Linear Regression
- Non-Linear Regression
- Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) Regression
- L1-Regularization (Lasso Regression)
- L2-Regularization (Ridge Regression)
- L1/L2-Regularization (Elastic Net)

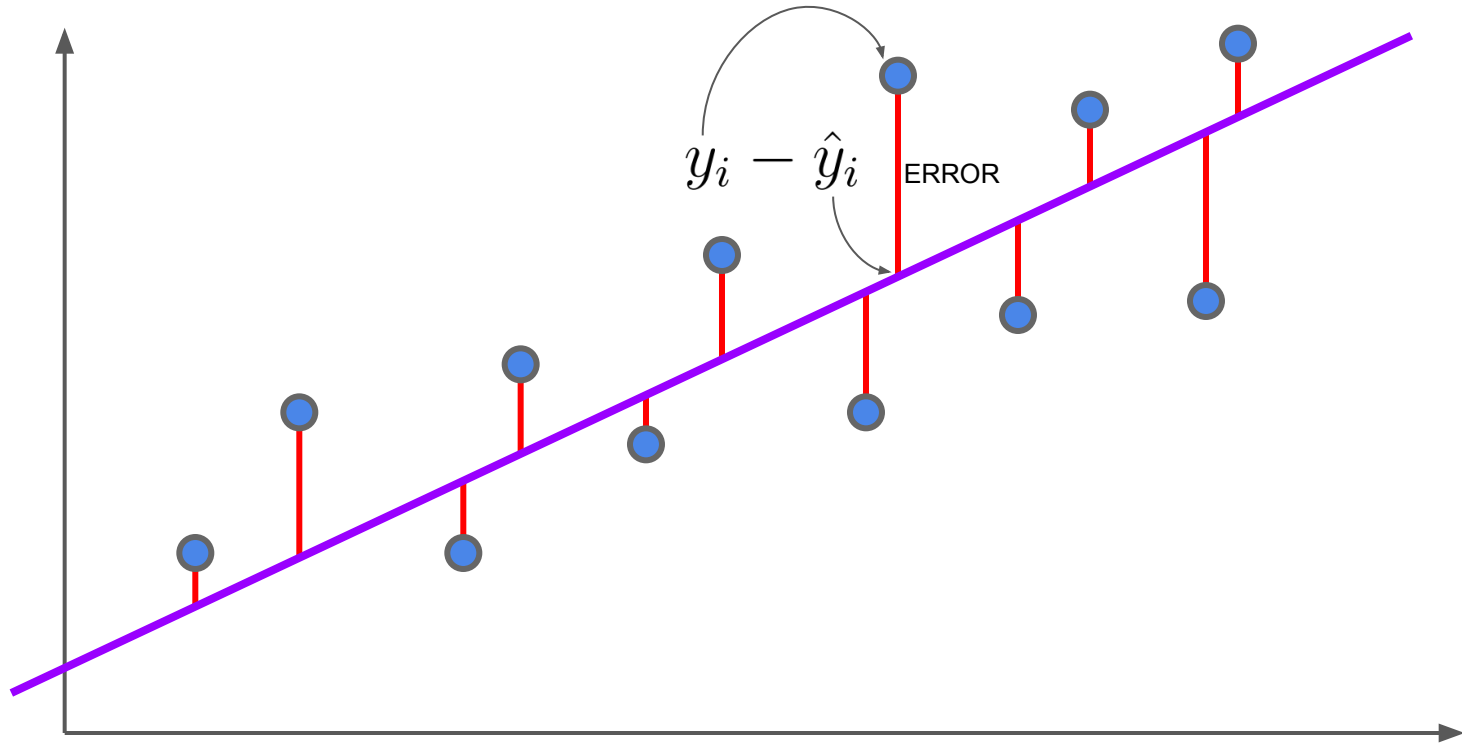
Regression Problem

longitude	latitude	housing_median_age	total_rooms	total_bedrooms	population	households	median_income	median_house_value
-114.31	34.19	15.0	5612.0	1283.0	1015.0	472.0	1.4936	66900.0
-114.47	34.40	19.0	7650.0	1901.0	1129.0	463.0	1.8200	80100.0
-114.56	33.69	17.0	720.0	174.0	333.0	117.0	1.6509	85700.0
-114.57	33.64	14.0	1501.0	337.0	515.0	226.0	3.1917	73400.0
-114.57	33.57	20.0	1454.0	326.0	624.0	262.0	1.9250	65500.0
...
-124.26	40.58	52.0	2217.0	394.0	907.0	369.0	2.3571	111400.0
-124.27	40.69	36.0	2349.0	528.0	1194.0	465.0	2.5179	79000.0
-124.30	41.84	17.0	2677.0	531.0	1244.0	456.0	3.0313	103600.0
-124.30	41.80	19.0	2672.0	552.0	1298.0	478.0	1.9797	85800.0
-124.35	40.54	52.0	1820.0	300.0	806.0	270.0	3.0147	94600.0

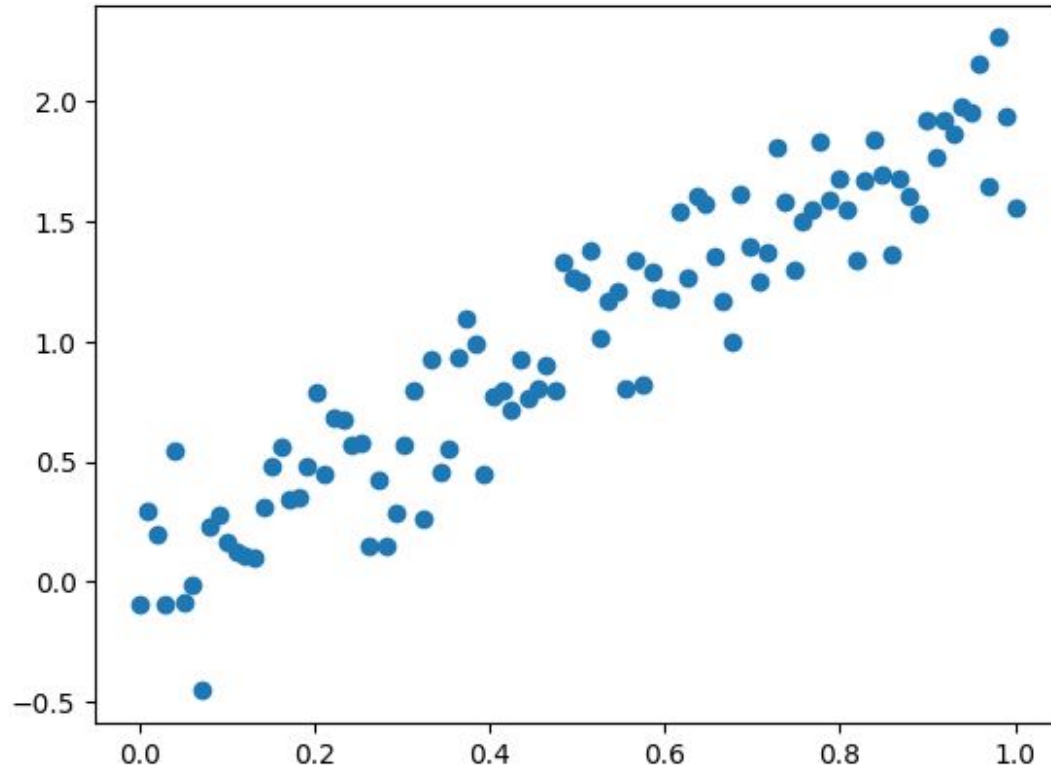
Regression Problem



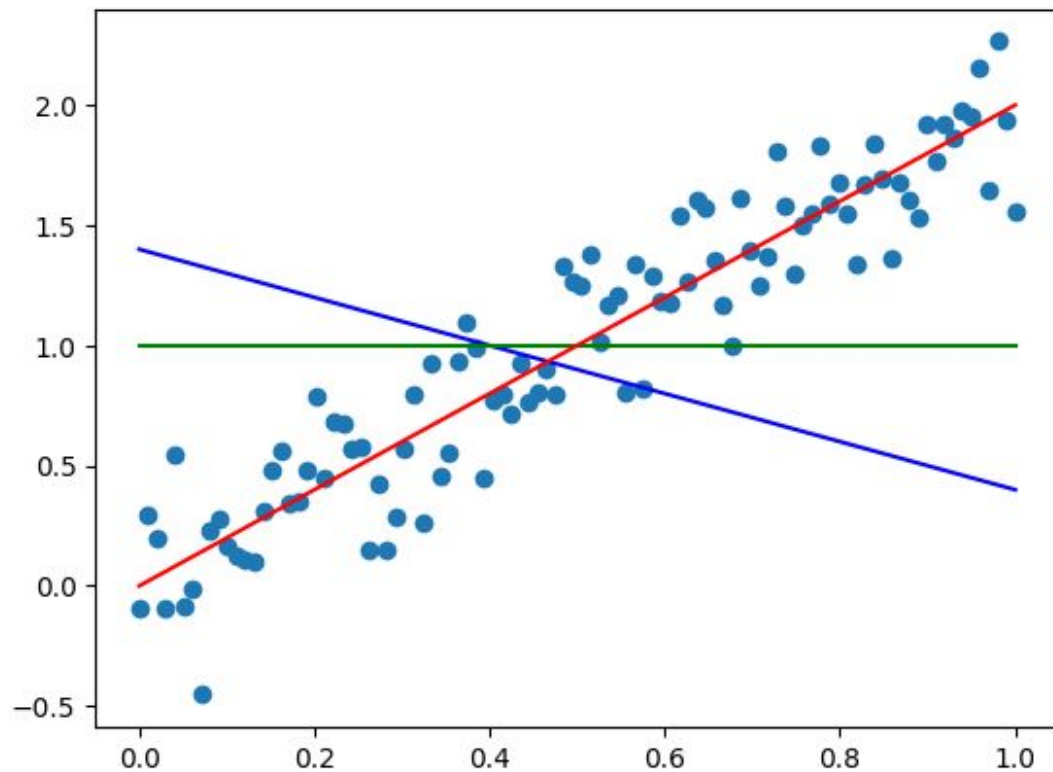
Regression Problem



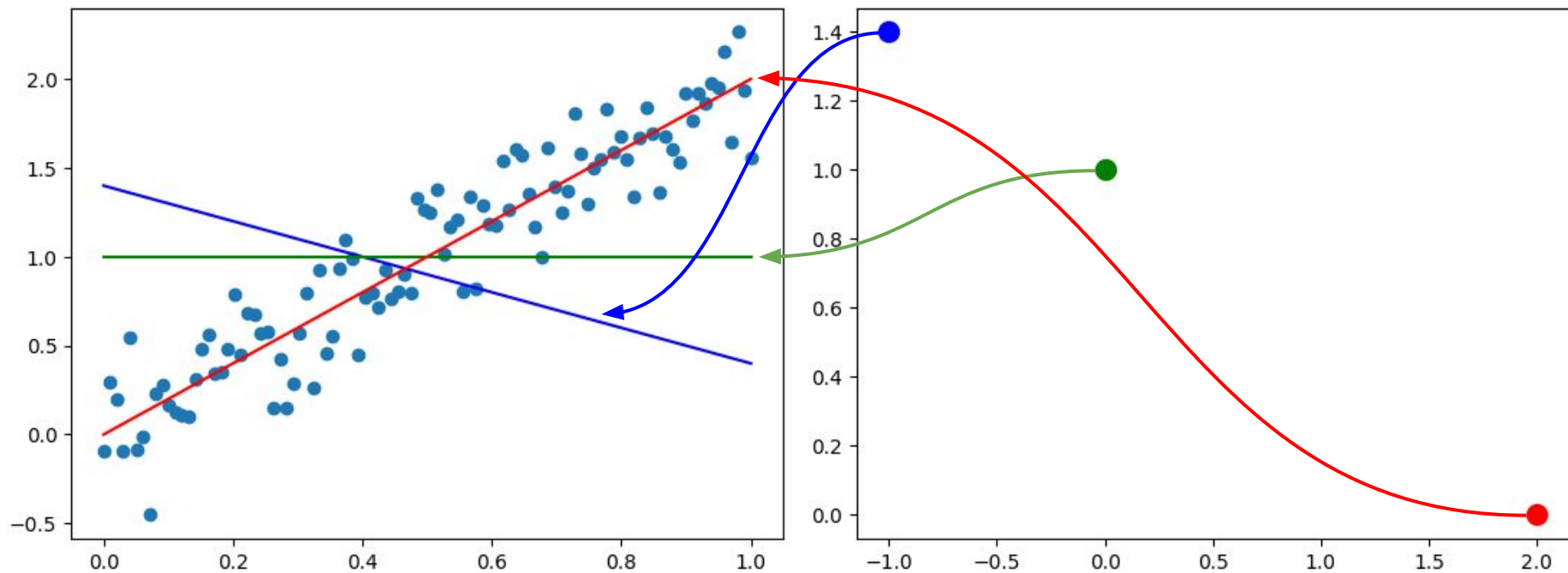
Linear Regression



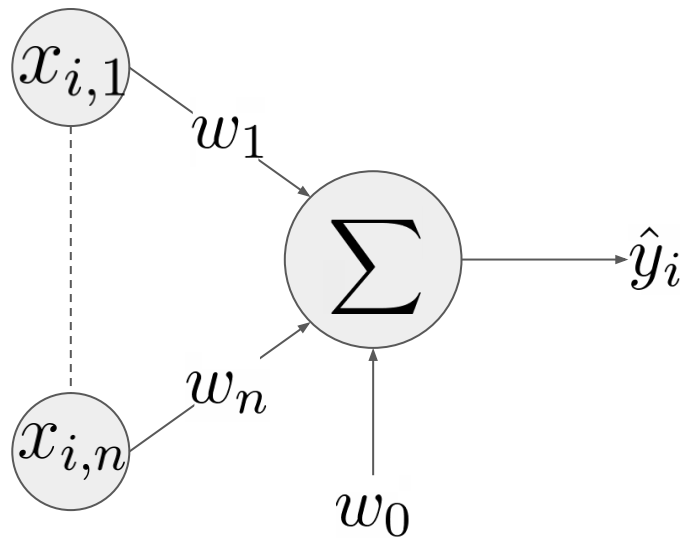
Linear Regression



Linear Regression



Linear Regression



$$\hat{y}_i = w_0 + \sum_{j=1}^n w_j x_{i,j}$$

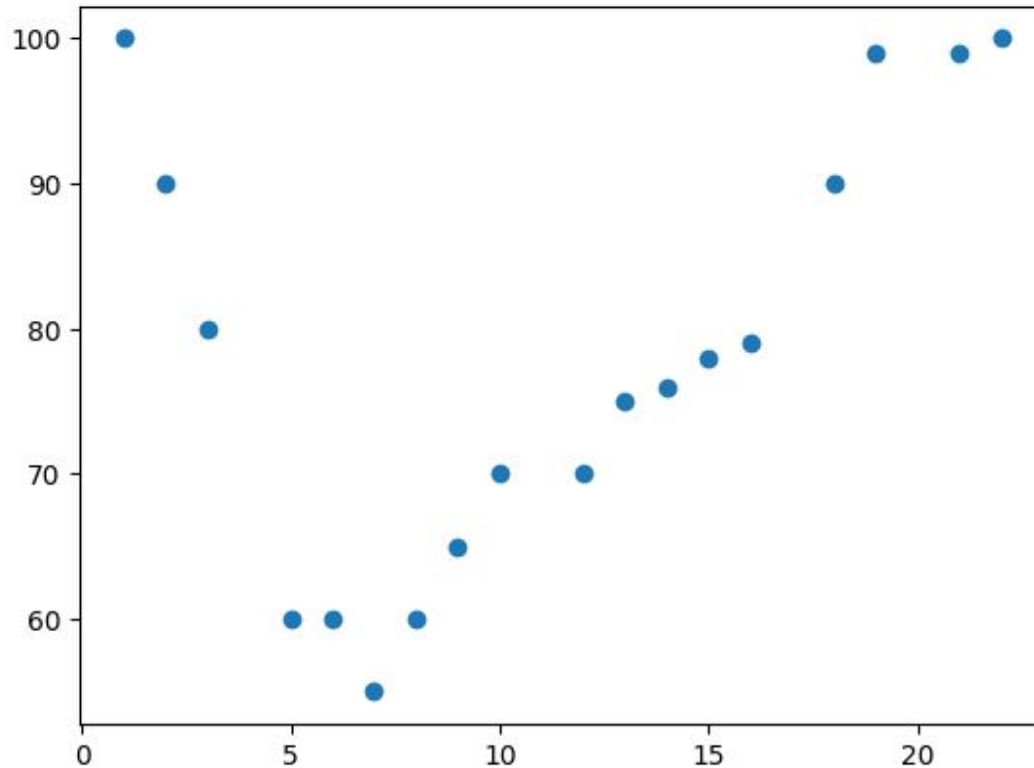
$$= w_0 + w_1 x_{i,1} + \cdots + w_n x_{i,n}$$

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x_{1,1} & \cdots & x_{1,n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & x_{N,1} & \cdots & x_{N,n} \end{bmatrix}$$

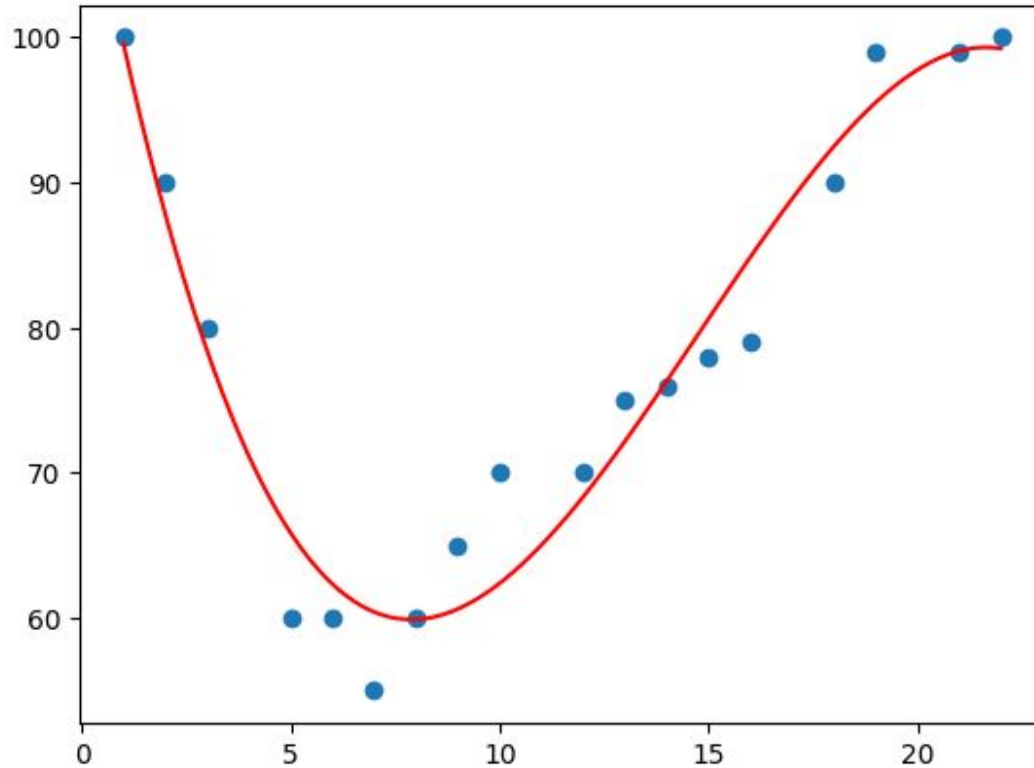
$$\mathbf{y} = [y_1, \dots, y_N]^\top$$

$$\mathbf{w} = [w_0, w_1, \dots, w_n]$$

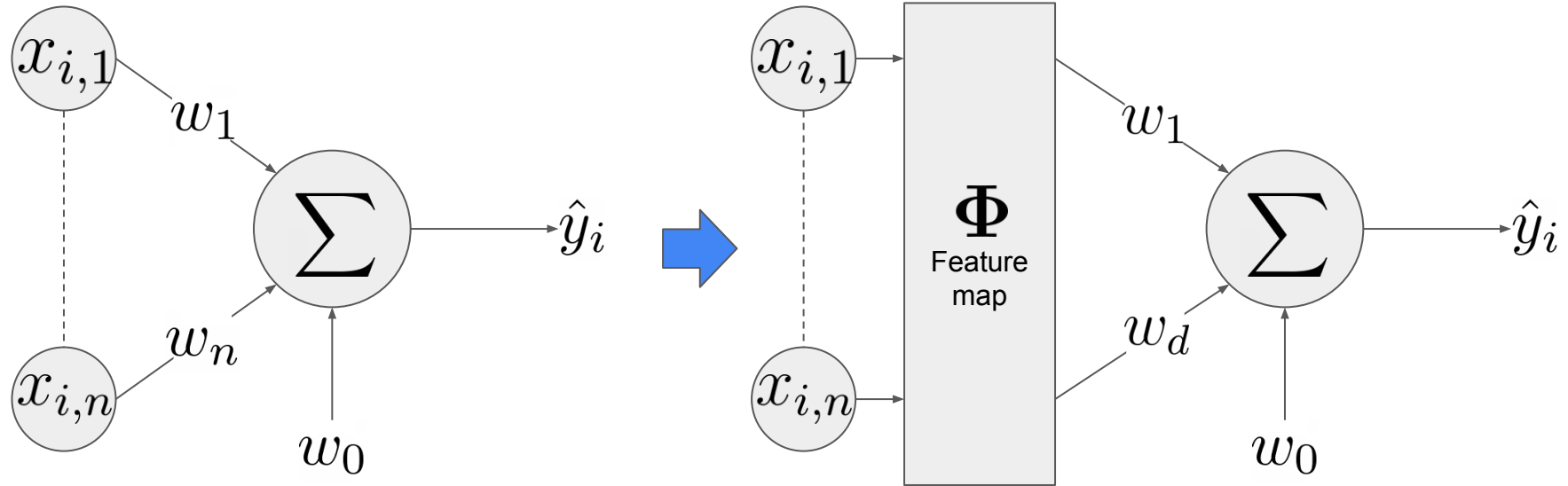
Non-Linear Regression



Non-Linear Regression

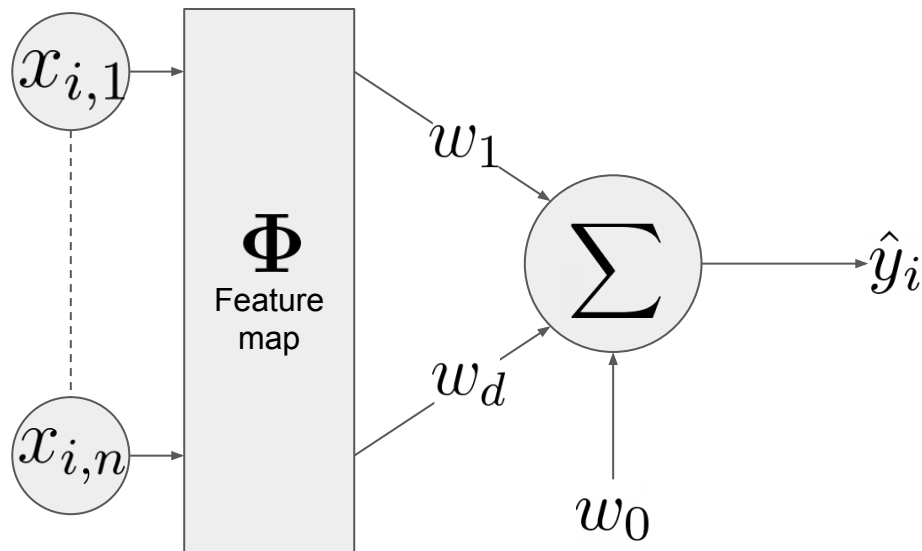


Non-Linear Regression



- ☐ Polynomial function
- ☐ Kernel function
- ☐ Neural network
- ☐ etc.

Non-Linear Regression



$$\hat{y}_i = w_0 + \sum_{j=1}^d w_j \phi_{i,j}$$

$$= w_0 + w_1 \phi_{i,1} + \cdots + w_n \phi_{i,d}$$

$$\Phi = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \phi_{1,1} & \cdots & \phi_{1,d} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & \phi_{N,1} & \cdots & \phi_{N,d} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{y} = [y_1, \dots, y_N]^\top$$

$$\mathbf{w} = [w_0, w_1, \dots, w_d]$$

Non-Linear Regression - Polynomial

$$\mathbf{x}_i = [x_{i,1}, x_{i,2}]$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_i &= [1, \phi_{i,1}, \phi_{i,2}, \phi_{i,3}, \phi_{i,4}, \phi_{i,5}] \\ &= [1, x_{i,1}, x_{i,2}, x_{i,1}^2, x_{i,1}x_{i,2}, x_{i,2}^2]\end{aligned}$$

Dimension size of ϕ_i is $\binom{n+o}{o} = \frac{(n+o)!}{o! \cdot n!}$

$$\begin{aligned}\binom{2+2}{2} &= \frac{4!}{2! \cdot 2!} \\ &= \frac{24}{4} = 6\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{w} = [w_0, w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5]^\top$$

$$\hat{y}_i = \phi_i \mathbf{w}$$

$$= w_0 + w_1\phi_{i,1} + w_2\phi_{i,2} + w_3\phi_{i,3} + w_4\phi_{i,4} + w_5\phi_{i,5}$$

$$= w_0 + w_1x_{i,1} + w_2x_{i,2} + w_3x_{i,1}^2 + w_4x_{i,1}x_{i,2} + w_5x_{i,2}^2$$

Non-Linear Regression - Linear Kernel

$$\begin{aligned}\boldsymbol{\phi}_i &= [1, \phi_{i,1}, \phi_{i,2}, \dots, \phi_{i,N}] \\ &= [1, \mathbf{x}_i^\top \mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_i^\top \mathbf{x}_2, \dots, \mathbf{x}_i^\top \mathbf{x}_N]\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{w} = [w_0, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_N]^\top$$

$$\hat{y}_i = \boldsymbol{\phi}_i \mathbf{w}$$

$$= w_0 + w_1 \phi_{i,1} + w_2 \phi_{i,2} + \dots + w_N \phi_{i,N}$$

$$= w_0 + w_1 \mathbf{x}_i^\top \mathbf{x}_1 + w_2 \mathbf{x}_i^\top \mathbf{x}_2 + \dots + w_N \mathbf{x}_i^\top \mathbf{x}_N$$

Regression Estimation & Regularization Technique

- Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) Regression
 - Closed-Form Solution
 - Iterative Method
- L1-Regularization (Lasso Regression)
- L2-Regularization (Ridge Regression)
- L1/L2-Regularization (Elastic Net)

Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) Regression

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$\boldsymbol{w} \leftarrow \boldsymbol{w} - \eta \nabla_{\boldsymbol{w}} \mathcal{L}$$

$$w_j \leftarrow w_j - \eta \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial w_j}$$

$$\leftarrow w_j + \eta \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_{i,j}$$

Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) Regression

$$\mathbf{X} = \{\mathbf{x}_i\}_{i=1}^N, \mathbf{x}_i \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \{y_i\}_{i=1}^N, y_i \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\mathbf{x}_i = [x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n]$$

$$\mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{y}$$

$$\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y}$$

$$(\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} = (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y}$$

$$\mathbf{I}\mathbf{w} = (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y}$$

$$\mathbf{w} = (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y}$$

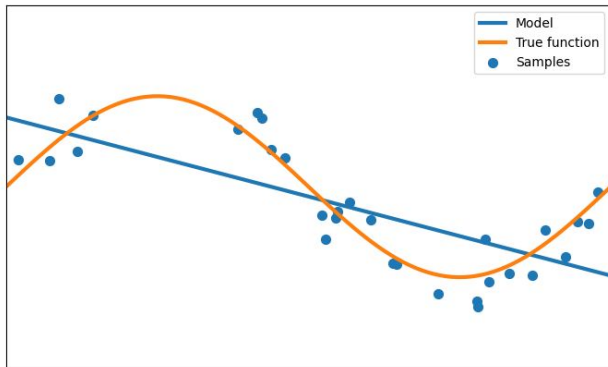
$$\mathbf{I} = \Omega^{-1} \Omega$$

$$\mathbf{X}\mathbf{I} = \mathbf{X}$$

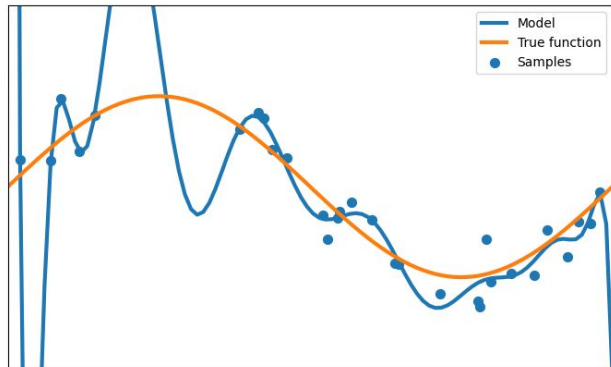
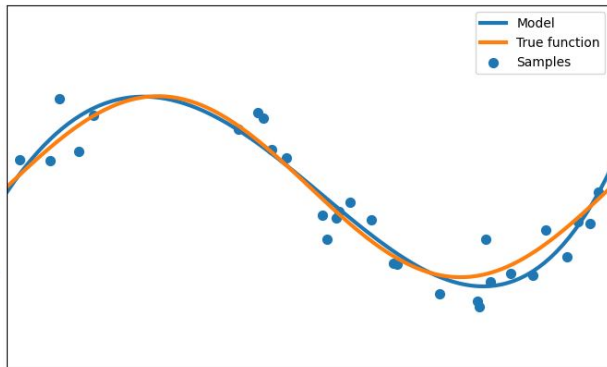
Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) Regression

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w})^\top (\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w}) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\mathbf{y}^\top \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} \right] \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \mathbf{w}} &\Rightarrow -\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} = 0 \\ &\Rightarrow \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y} \\ &\Rightarrow \mathbf{w} = (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y}\end{aligned}$$

Underfitting vs Overfitting



Underfitting



Overfitting

L2-Regularization (Ridge Regression)

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n w_j^2$$

$$\mathbf{w} \leftarrow \mathbf{w} - \eta \nabla_{\mathbf{w}} \mathcal{L}$$

$$w_j \leftarrow w_j - \eta \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial w_j}$$

$$\leftarrow w_j + \eta \left(\sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_{i,j} - \lambda w_j \right)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial A}{\partial w_j} = - \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_{i,j}$$

$$B = \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n w_j^2$$

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial w_j} = \lambda w_j$$

L2-Regularization (Ridge Regression)

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n w_j^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w})^\top (\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w}) \right] + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\mathbf{w}\|^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\mathbf{y}^\top \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} \right] + \frac{\lambda}{2} \mathbf{w}^\top \mathbf{w}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \mathbf{w}} \Rightarrow -\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} + \lambda \mathbf{w} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} + \lambda \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y}$$

$$\Rightarrow (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X} + \lambda \mathbf{I}) \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{w} = (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X} + \lambda \mathbf{I})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y}$$

L1-Regularization (Lasso Regression)

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 + \lambda \sum_{j=1}^n |w_j|$$

$$\mathbf{w} \leftarrow \mathbf{w} - \eta \nabla_{\mathbf{w}} \mathcal{L}$$

$$w_j \leftarrow w_j - \eta \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial w_j}$$

$$\leftarrow w_j + \eta \left(\sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_{i,j} - \lambda \operatorname{sgn}(w_j) \right)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial A}{\partial w_j} = - \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_{i,j}$$

$$B = \lambda \sum_{j=1}^n |w_j|$$

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial w_j} = \lambda \operatorname{sgn}(w_j)$$

`sgn`: Sign function

L1/L2-Regularization (Elastic Net)

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 + \lambda \left(\frac{1-\alpha}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n w_j^2 + \alpha \sum_{j=1}^n |w_j| \right)$$

$$\mathbf{w} \leftarrow \mathbf{w} - \eta \nabla_{\mathbf{w}} \mathcal{L}$$

$$w_j \leftarrow w_j - \eta \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial w_j}$$

$$\leftarrow w_j + \eta \left(\sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_{i,j} - \lambda ((1-\alpha)w_j + \alpha \operatorname{sgn}(w_j)) \right)$$

Workshop

ให้ทำการคำนวณเพื่อหาผลลัพธ์ของ Linear Regression โดยกำหนดให้

$$\mathbf{x}_i = [x_{i,1}, x_{i,2}]$$

$$= [0.25, 0.75]$$

$$\mathbf{w} = [w_0, w_1, w_2]^\top$$

$$= [0.25, 0.5, 0.75]^\top$$

Workshop

ให้ทำการคำนวณเพื่อหาผลลัพธ์ของ Polynomial Regression โดยกำหนดให้

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{x}_i &= [x_{i,1}, x_{i,2}] \\ &= [0.25, 0.75]\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_i &= [1, \phi_{i,1}, \phi_{i,2}, \phi_{i,3}, \phi_{i,4}, \phi_{i,5}] \\ &= [1, x_{i,1}, x_{i,2}, x_{i,1}^2, x_{i,1}x_{i,2}, x_{i,2}^2]\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{w} &= [w_0, w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5]^\top \\ &= [0.25, 0.35, 0.45, 0.55, 0.65, 0.75]^\top\end{aligned}$$