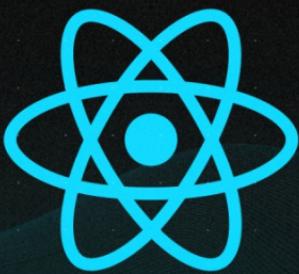




New API: ‘use’

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other new react
features



REACT 19

coming soon...



Purpose

The use API in React 19 simplifies fetching data and working with asynchronous resources directly within a component's render function.

This eliminates the need for **separate lifecycle methods or complex state management** for loading and error states.



```
function UserList() {  
  const [users, setUsers] = useState([]);  
  const [isLoading, setIsLoading] = useState(true);  
  
  useEffect(() => {  
    fetch('https://api.example.com/users')  
      .then(response => response.json())  
      .then(data => {  
        setUsers(data);  
        setIsLoading(false);  
      });  
  }, [ ]);  
  
  return (  
    <div>  
      {isLoading ? (  
        <div>Loading users...</div>  
      ) : (  
        <ul>  
          {users.map(user => (  
            <li>{user.name}</li>  
          ))}  
        </ul>  
      )}  
    </div>  
  );  
}
```

Comlicated





Swipe for code

How it works

- 1 **Import Suspense:** We import Suspense for **handling the loading state**.
- 2 **Define Async Function:** We define an async function **fetchData** that fetches data from the API.
- 3 **Call use:** Inside the component's render function, we call **use** with fetchData as an argument.
- 4 **Suspense Wrapper:** We wrap the content with Suspense and provide a **fallback message** ("Loading data...") **while data is fetched**.
- 5 **Render Data:** Once data is available, data from **use** is used to **render the content** (message in the example).

Swipe for example code



Swipe →



```
1 import { Suspense } from 'react';
2
3 async function fetchData() {
4   const response = await
5   fetch('https://api.example.com/data');
6   return await response.json();
7 }
8
9 function MyComponent() {
10   const data = use(fetchData);  3
11
12   return (
13     <Suspense fallback={<div>Loading data...</div>}>
14       <div>
15         <h1>My Data</h1>
16         <p>{data.message}</p>
17       </div>
18     </Suspense>
19   );
20 }
```





Benefit

Cleaner Code: The use API keeps your component logic **concise** and **focused** on UI rendering. It removes the boilerplate code typically needed for handling asynchronous operations.

Improved Readability: By integrating with React's **Suspense** mechanism, the use API makes the flow of data fetching and **rendering more explicit**, leading to easier code comprehension.

Reduced Errors: The **automatic suspension** during data fetching helps prevent rendering issues that might occur when data isn't available yet.





Real life Applications

Fetching User Data: The use API can be used to fetch user data from an API and display it on a profile page. The component suspends rendering until the user data is available, ensuring a smooth user experience.



Loading Comments: Imagine a blog post component that fetches comments from an API. The use API can handle this, suspending the rendering of comments until they are loaded, while showing a loading indicator in the meantime.



Real-time Data Updates: The use API can be used with libraries like WebSockets to fetch real-time data updates. The component suspends until the update arrives, then rerenders with the latest information.





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