```
//Parsear el HTML
PROGRAM -> | WEBCODE
WEBCODE -> | CCODE
           HTMLCODE
HTMLCODE -> | HTMLTOKEN WEBCODE
CCODE -> | BeginCcode <u>ListOfSentences</u> <u>EndCcode</u> WEBCODE
        Epsilon
//GRAMATICA PARA EL CCODE
ListOfSentences -> | Sentence ListOfSentences
                  Epsilon
ListOfSpecialSentences -> <a href="SpecialSentence">SpecialSentence</a> ListOfSpecialSentences
                           Epsilon
//No permitimos declarar struct dentro de struct ni función dentro de struct
SpecialSentence
                   -> <u>IF</u>
                      WHILE
                      DO
                      FORLOOP
                     <u>AssignmentOrFunctionCall</u>
                     CONST
                     SWITCH
                     <u>SPECIALDECLARATION</u>
                      BREAK
                      CONTINUE
                      INCLUDE
                      ENUM
                      Return
Sentence -> | <u>DECLARATION</u>
            IF
            WHILE
            <u>D0</u>
            <u>FORLOOP</u>
                        //PODRIA SER UN FOR NORMAL O FOREACH
            <u>SWITCH</u>
            AssignmentOrFunctionCall
            STRUCT
             CONST
```

```
BREAK
           CONTINUE
           INCLUDE
           ENUM
INCLUDE->#include Identifier;
CONTINUE -> continue ;
Return -> return EXPRESSION ;
AssignmentOrFunctionCall -> IdentifierValueForPreId EOSTOKEN
ValueForPreId-> = EXPRESSION
             | += EXPRESSION
              | -= EXPRESSION
              | CallFunction
//DataTypes va a ser los tipos como int, float, date, string
SPECIALDECLARATION ->GeneralDeclaration TypeOfDeclarationForFunction
TypeOfDeclarationForFunction-> ValueForId MultiDeclaration
                            | IsArrayDeclaration
                            1;
GeneralDeclaration - > Datatype IsPointer Identifier
DECLARATION -> GeneralDeclaration TypeOfDeclaration
TypeOfDeclaration-> ValueForId MultiDeclaration
                 | IsArrayDeclaration
                 | IsFunctionDeclaration
                  |;
MultiDeclaration-> OptionalId EOSTOKEN
IsArrayDeclaration -> [SizeForArray] BidArray OptionalInitOfArray EOSTOKEN
BidArray -> [ SizeBidArray ]
           | Epsilon
```

```
//int myArray[10] = { 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5};
OptionalInitOfArray -> = { ListOfExpressions }
ListOfExpressions-> EXPRESSION OptionalExpression
OptionalExpression-> , ListOfExpressions
                   | Epsilon
//Para tipos de declaración double sumar(), y; int x [5]
// la forma general de declarar una función es
//return_type function_name( parameter list ) {
    body of the function
//}
IsFunctionDeclaration-> ( ParameterList ){ ListOfSpecialSentences }
//Después de saber el tipo, si es o no un puntero, podemos recibir más Id para
declaraciones múltiples en una sola línea o bien la inicialización de lo declarado
//Esta es para las múltiples apuntadores
IsPointer-> * IsPointer
            Epsilon
//El size puede ser un id(variable) o un número cualquiera
SizeForArray -> | Identifier
                LiteralNumber
                LiteralOctal
                LiteralHexadecimal
                Epsilon
SizeBidArray -> Identifier
                LiteralNumber
                LiteralOctal
                LiteralHexadecimal
//Para casos como int d = 3, f = 5; debe estar separados por coma y con valor de
asignación
OptionalId -> , ListOfId
            Epsilon
//Múltiples elementos en la declaración, loop.
ListOfId -> Identifier OtherIdOrValue
```

```
OtherIdOrValue -> ValueForId OptionalId
                Epsilon
//Asignación o inicialización
ValueForId-> = EXPRESSION
            | Epsilon
//Los tipos de datos que soportamos
DataType -> |int
          float
          Ichar
           bool
          string
           date
//Cuando una definicion de funcion lleva parametros int suma(int num1,int num2)
ParameterList ->   DataType CHOOSE_ID_TYPE OptionaListOfParams
              | Epsilon
//El optional es para permitir más de un parámetro, significa que acepta uno o más
parámetros
OptionaListOfParams ->  , DataType CHOOSE_ID_TYPE OptionaListOfParams
                   | Epsilon
CHOOSE_ID_TYPE -> & Identifier
               * IsPointer Identifier
               | Identifier
     ********************************
EXPRESSION
*******************************
EXPRESSION -> RelationalExpression
RelationalExpression -> ExpressionAdicion RelationalExpression'
RelationalExpression' -> RelationalOperators ExpressionAdicion RelationalExpression'
          Epsilon
ExpressionAdicion -> ExpressionMul ExpressionAdicion'
ExpressionAdicion' -> AdditiveOperators ExpressionMul ExpressionAdicion'
                  Epsilon
```

```
ExpressionMul -> ExpressionUnary ExpressionMul'
ExpressionMul' -> MultiplicativeOperators ExpressionUnary ExpressionMul'
               Epsilon
              factor
ExpressionUnary -> UnaryOperators Factor
                Factor
//A factor can be just an Identifier, we can call a function or access a value stored in an
Factor -> | Identifier FactorFunctionOrArray
         | LiteralNumber
          LiteralString
         LiteralBoolean
          | LiteralDate
          | LiteralChar
          ( EXPRESSION )
OptionalIncrementOrDecrement -> ++
FactorFunctionOrArray -> CallFunction
                   IndexOrArrowAccess
                   Epsilon
IndexOrArrowAccess -> [EXPRESSION] IndexOrArrowAccess
                   |ArrowOrDot Identifier IndexOrArrowAccess
                   Epsilon
ArrowOrDot -> ->
RelationalOperators -> <
                       | <=
                       l >
                       | >=
                       l &&
                       I \mid I \mid
                       | >>
                       | <<
```

```
! =
                       | /=
                       | %=
AdditiveOperators ->| +
MultiplicativeOperators ->| *
UnaryOperators -> | ~
//This one is used when we have this
CallFunction-> ( ListOfExpressions )
ListOfExpressions-> EXPRESSION OptionalListOfExpressions
                    Epsilon
OptionalListOfExpressions-> , ListOfExpressions
                           Epsilon
IF SENTENCE
//La producción BLOCK puede producir solo un statement, de lo contrario, si son más
requiere Brackets
```

```
IF -> if( EXPRESION) BlockForIF ELSE
BlockForif -> Sentence
         { ListOfSentences }
BlockForLoop ->{ ListOfSentences }
ELSE -> else BlOCKFORIF
      | Epsilon
***********************************
WHILE SENTENCE
while ( expression )
 Single statement
 or
  Block of statements;
********************************
WHILE -> while (EXPRESSION) BlockForLoop
*******************************
SENTENCE DO
do
  Single statement
  or
  Block of statements;
}while(expression);
*****************************
DO -> do BlockforLoop while ( EXPRESSION ) EOSTOKEN
**********************************
SENTENCE FOR
                                  Block of statements;
                                }
for( expression1; expression2;
expression3)
                                SENTENCE FOREACH
  Single statement
                                for (String item : someList) {
                                     System.out.println(item);
  or
```

```
}
********************************
FORLOOP -> for ( ForOrForEach
ForOrForEach-> DataType Identifier : Identifier ) BlockFORLOOP
             | EXPRESSION ; EXPRESSION ; EXPRESSION ) BlockForLoop
**********************************
SENTENCE SWITCH
switch( expression )
   {
     case constant-expression1:
                             statements1;
     [case constant-expression2:
                             statements2;]
      [case constant-expression3:
                             statements3;]
      [default : statements4;]
   }
*******************************
SWITCH -> switch ( EXPRESSION ) { ListOfCase }
ListOfCase -> | CASE ListOfCase
            |DefaultCase
            Epsilon
CASE -> case EXPRESSION: ListOfSpecialSentences BREAK EOSTOKEN
DefaultCase-> default : ListOfSpecialSentences EOSTOKEN
BREAK -> break;
       |Epsilon
********************************
SENTENCE STRUCT
struct [structure tag] {
  member definition;
  member definition;
  member definition;
} [one or more structure variables];
```

```
********************************
STRUCT -> struct Identifier { MembersList } EOSTOKEN
MembersList -> DeclarationOfStruct
DeclarationOfStruct -> GeneralDeclaration ArrayIdentifier EOSTOKEN OptionalMember
OptionalMember -> DeclarationOfStruct
           | Epsilon
ArrayIdentifier-> [ SizeForArray ] BidArray
               | Epsilon
//No puede ser declaration porque abarcaría declaración de funciones también.
******************************
CONST
const type variable = value;
**********************************
CONST-> const DataType Identifier = EXPRESSION EOSTOKEN
*******************************
ENUMS
enum-specifier:
enum identifier ont { enumerator-list }
enum identifier
*************************
ENUM -> enum Identifier { EnumeratorList } EOSTOKEN
EnumeratorList -> EnumItem OptionalEnumItem
              | Epsilon
OptionalEnumItem -> , EnumeratorList
EnumItem -> Identifier OptionalIndexPosition
//Este es Opcional Index, es para cambiar auto-enumerado de los enums
```

```
OptionalIndexPosition -> = LiteralNumber
                      | Epsilon
PostfixOperators -> | ()
MultiplicativeOperators ->| *
AdditiveOperators ->| +
ShiftOperators -> | <<
RelationalOperators ->   <
                      | >
EqualityOperators -> | ==
                  | !=
BiwiseAND -> | &
BitwiseXOR -> | ^
BitwIseOR ->| |
LogicalAND ->| &&
LogicalOR -> | ||
```

Conditional -> ?:

Category	Operator	Associativity
Postfix	()[]->.++	Left to right
Unary	+ -! ~ ++ (type)* & sizeof	Right to left
Multiplicative	* / %	Left to right
Additive	+ -	Left to right
Shift	<< >>	Left to right
Relational	< <= > >=	Left to right
Equality	==!=	Left to right
Bitwise AND	&	Left to right
Bitwise XOR	^	Left to right
Bitwise OR	1	Left to right
Logical AND	&&	Left to right
Logical OR	II	Left to right
Conditional	?:	Right to left
Assignment	= += -= *= /= %=>>= <<= &= ^=  =	Right to left

Comma	,	Left to right