找出 Iq

目前的流程 全都在 FOC_CurrControllerM1()中唯一會去真正計算 Iq 以及 Id 的地方 ADC 取樣 => R3_2_GetPhaseCurrents() Clarke 轉換 => MCM_Clarke() Park 轉換 => MCM_Park() PI 控制 => PI_Controller() 反轉換 $\rightarrow \alpha\beta$ => MCM_Rev_Park() SVPWM => PWMC_SetPhaseVoltage()

輸出 FOCVars[M1].lgd = lgd;

FOC (解析 FOC)

先宣告變數後

- 1. 決定目前模式 mode = MCI_GetControlMode(&Mci[M1]);
- ➤ Mci 在 /mc_type.h/MC_ControlMode_t
- 2. 取得馬達所使用的速度/位置
- > speedHandle =STC GetSpeedSensor(pSTC[M1]);
- 3. 取得目前的 Electrical angle hElAngle = SPD_GetElAngle(speedHandle);

hElAngle = SPD_GetElAngle(speedHandle);

- 在 speed_pos_fdbk.h/ SpeednPosFdbk_Handle_t /hElAngle
- > 而 hElAngle 是 mc_tasks_foc.c 內的 (void)STO_PLL_CalcElAngle(&STO_PLL_M1, &STO_Inputs);
- PHandle->_Super.hElAngle += hRotor_Speed;
- hRotor_Speed = STO_ExecutePLL(pHandle, hAux_Alfa, -hAux_Beta);
- ▶ hRotor_Speed = (Kp * error) / Kp_div + (IntegralTerm / Ki_div) → (PI_Controller()
- hAux_Alfa = (int16_t)(hAux_Alfa * wDirection); wDirection = 1/-1
- hAux_Beta = (int16_t)(hAux_Beta * wDirection);
- #ifndef FULL_MISRA_C_COMPLIANCY_STO_PLL
- hAux_Alfa = (int16_t)(pHandle->wBemf_alfa_est >> pHandle->F2LOG);
- hAux_Beta = (int16_t)(pHandle->wBemf_beta_est >> pHandle->F2LOG);
- > #else
- hAux_Alfa = (int16_t)(pHandle->wBemf_alfa_est / pHandle->hF2);
- hAux_Beta = (int16_t)(pHandle->wBemf_beta_est / pHandle->hF2);

```
> #endif 但是後續就找不到 wBemf_alfa_est 是如何出現的不過公式可能是
```

- \triangleright wBemf alfa est = $V\alpha R * I\alpha L * dI\alpha/dt$;
- \triangleright wBemf beta est = Vβ R * Iβ L * dIβ/dt;
- > ---摺疊結束------

4. 角度補償 (因為 FOC 有計算與輸出延遲)

hElAngle += SPD_GetInstElSpeedDpp(speedHandle) * PARK_ANGLE_COMPENSATION_FACTOR;(目前為 0) SpeednPosFdbk_Handle_t 在 speed_pos_fdbk.h

5. 取得當前電流向量 PWMC_GetPhaseCurrents(pHandle, &Iab);

由於程式內部把 GetPhaseCurrents 指向 R3_2_GetPhaseCurrents; 所以代表在執行一次 R3_2_GetPhaseCurrents;

- 在 r3_2_g4xx_pwm_curr_fdbk.内的 R3_2_Init()
- pHandle->_Super.pFctGetPhaseCurrents = &R3_2_GetPhaseCurrents;
- ▶ R3_2_GetPhaseCurrents() => 用 ADC pin(類比轉數位),讀取馬達三相<mark>電壓</mark> la lb lc
- Aux = (int32_t)(pHandle->PhaseAOffset) (int32_t)(ADCDataReg1);
- PhaseAOffset =2048 → ADCDataReg1=0~4095 → Aux=-2048 ~ +2048
- Stypedef struct {
- int16 t a; lab->a = (int16 t)Aux; // 寫入 la 是 12bit 值
- int16_t b; lab->b = (int16_t)-Aux; // 寫入 lb -2048 ~+ 2048
- > } ab_t;
- ➤ 在 r3 2 g4xx pwm curr fdbk.中使用的函式
- void R3_2_GetPhaseCurrents(PWMC_Handle_t *pHdl, ab_t *lab)

6. 執行 pin 腳功能 重新使用 ADC 通道

```
RCM_ReadOngoingConv();
RCM_ExecNextConv();
```

7. 執行 Clarke 轉換 Ialphabeta = MCM Clarke(Iab);

在 mc math.c 中使用的函式

MCM Clarke()

```
8. 執行 Park 轉換 Iqd = MCM_Park(Ialphabeta, hElAngle);
```

在 mc math.c 中使用的函式

MCM Park()

- 9. 執行 PI_Controller() 計算目前電流誤差 輸出 q 軸轉矩、d 軸磁通
- Vqd.q = PI_Controller(pPIDIq[M1], (int32_t)(FOCVars[M1].lqdref.q) lqd.q);
- Vqd.d = PI_Controller(pPIDId[M1], (int32_t)(FOCVars[M1].lqdref.d) lqd.d);
- ▶ Vqd.q =>控制轉矩 Vqd.d 控制「磁通分量」(常為 0)
- ➤ (Kp * error) / Kp div + (IntegralTerm / Ki div) → (PI Controller()
- 10. 判斷是否為 OPEN-LOOP

```
if (mode == MCM_OPEN_LOOP_VOLTAGE_MODE)

{ Vqd = OL_VqdConditioning(pOpenLoop[M1]); }
```

- 11. 限制 Vqd 向量長度 控制在一個 最大圓形半徑內
- Vqd = Circle Limitation(&CircleLimitationM1, Vqd);
- 12. 更新目前的 電角角度 hElAngle
- ➤ hElAngle += SPD GetInstElSpeedDpp(speedHandle) * REV PARK ANGLE COMPENSATION FACTOR;1
- 13. 執行反 Park 轉換 Valphabeta =最終電壓命令向量
- Valphabeta = MCM Rev Park(Vqd, hElAngle);
- 14. 把電壓命令轉成三相輸出 並回傳是否有錯誤

```
hCodeError = PWMC SetPhaseVoltage(pwmcHandle[M1], Valphabeta);
```

- ➤ 將 SVM 計算出的三相 PWM compare 值(CCR)先儲存在 pHandle 結構中等待 Timer 下一次 Update 事件觸發 把 CntPhX 寫入 TIMx->CCRn
- pHandle->CntPhA = (uint16_t)(MAX(wTimePhA, 0));
- pHandle->CntPhB = (uint16 t)(MAX(wTimePhB, 0));
- pHandle->CntPhC = (uint16 t)(MAX(wTimePhC, 0));

15. 將儲存在 CntPhA/B/C 的 PWM Compare 值真正寫入 Timer

- ➤ 在 r3 2 g4xx pwm curr fdbk.中使用的函式 有把值寫入 Timer
- R3_2_WriteTIMRegisters (PWMC_Handle_t *pHdl, uint16_t
 SamplingPoint)
- LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH1(TIMx, (uint32_t) pHandle->_Super.CntPhA);
- LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH2(TIMx, (uint32_t) pHandle->_Super.CntPhB);
- LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH3(TIMx, (uint32_t) pHandle->_Super.CntPhC);
- LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH4(TIMx, (uint32_t) SamplingPoint);

```
假設 PWM Period = 2000 \rightarrow 20kHz PWM
Half_PWMPeriod = 1000
CCR1 = 1000 + \text{Valpha} * \text{K};
Valpha = 0 \rightarrow \text{PWM} = 50\% Duty
Valpha > 0 \rightarrow \text{PWM} > 50\%
Valpha < 0 \rightarrow \text{PWM} < 50\%
Duty = CCR1 / 2000 * 100\% = > 1000/2000*100\% = 50\%
```

由於 FOC 全部運算都是用電壓比例(-2048~+2048)運算所以我找了轉換成電流的函式,

```
iqd.d = (float_t)((float_t)pHandle->pFOCVars->Iqd.d * pHandle->pScale->current);
iqd.q = (float_t)((float_t)pHandle->pFOCVars->Iqd.q * pHandle->pScale->current);
這是把 iqd.d = Iqd.d * (Vref / ADC_Resolution) / (Rshunt * Amplification_gain)
Iqd.d * (3.3/4096) / (0.003*9.14) → Iqd.d *0.0293 → 2048*0.0293 = 60.0064
#define MAX_CURRENT (ADC_REFERENCE_VOLTAGE / (2 * RSHUNT * AMPLIFICATION_GAIN))
=3.3/(2*0.003*9.14) = 60.175
```

在 mc_tasks_foc.c 中使用的函式

在 mc_interface.c/MCI_GetIqd_F 中有

FOC_CurrControllerM1()

```
inline uint16_t FOC_CurrControllerM1(void)
  qd t Iqd, Vqd;
  ab t lab;
  alphabeta t Ialphabeta, Valphabeta;
  int16 t hElAngle;
  uint16 t hCodeError;
  SpeednPosFdbk Handle t*speedHandle;
  MC ControlMode t mode;
  mode = MCI GetControlMode( &Mci[M1] );
  speedHandle = STC GetSpeedSensor(pSTC[M1]);
  hElAngle = SPD GetElAngle(speedHandle);
  hElAngle +=
SPD_GetInstElSpeedDpp(speedHandle)*PARK_ANGLE_COMPENSATION FACTOR;
  PWMC GetPhaseCurrents(pwmcHandle[M1], &lab);
  RCM ReadOngoingConv();
  RCM ExecNextConv();
  lalphabeta = MCM Clarke(lab);
  Iqd = MCM Park(lalphabeta, hElAngle);
  Vqd.q = PI Controller(pPIDIq[M1], (int32 t)(FOCVars[M1].lqdref.q) - Iqd.q);
  Vqd.d = PI Controller(pPIDId[M1], (int32 t)(FOCVars[M1].lqdref.d) - lqd.d);
  if (mode == MCM OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE MODE)
    Vqd = OL VqdConditioning(pOpenLoop[M1]);
  }
  else
    /* Nothing to do */
  Vqd = Circle Limitation(&CircleLimitationM1, Vqd);
  hElAngle +=
SPD_GetInstElSpeedDpp(speedHandle)*REV_PARK_ANGLE_COMPENSATION_FACTOR;
  Valphabeta = MCM_Rev_Park(Vqd, hElAngle);
  hCodeError = PWMC_SetPhaseVoltage(pwmcHandle[M1], Valphabeta);
```

```
FOCVars[M1].Vqd = Vqd;
FOCVars[M1].lab = lab;
FOCVars[M1].lalphabeta = lalphabeta;
FOCVars[M1].lqd = lqd;
FOCVars[M1].Valphabeta = Valphabeta;
FOCVars[M1].hElAngle = hElAngle;
return (hCodeError);
}
```