

CSCI4140

Open-Source Software Project Development

Tutorial 3

Photo Upload: Part (2)
DBI module in Perl
Debugging in Perl

Photo Upload – Overview

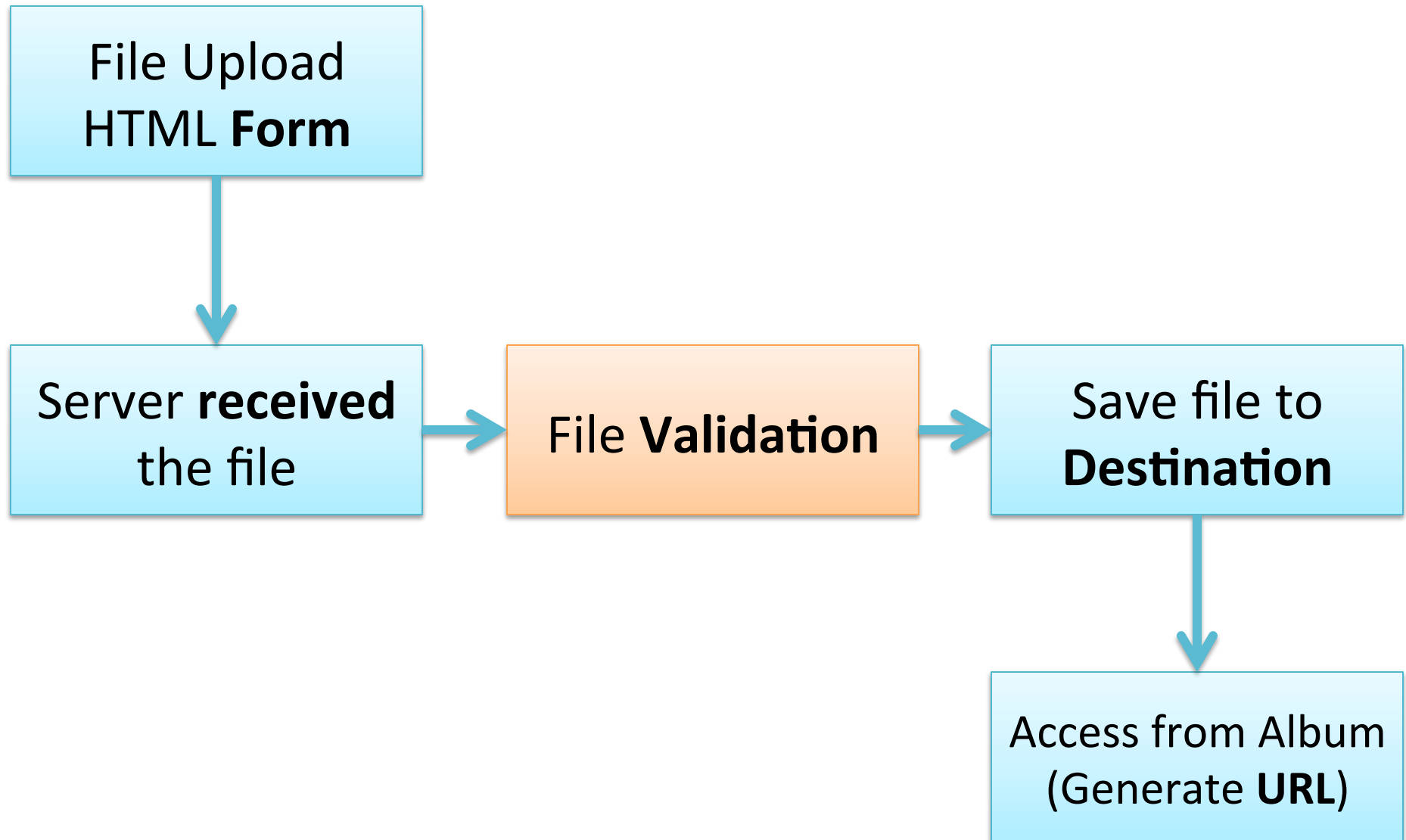


Photo Upload – Server Side Validation

- Is file too large ?
 - Check script in previous tutorial
- Is the file really an image ? / Is image extension match its type ?
 - Check using command line utilities
- Any file with same name exist ? / Duplicated ?
 - Using perl operator
 - Trigger duplication handling interface

- ImageMagick
 - Command line tools for image edit, convert, ...
 - Useful for checking image format and thumbnail generation
- Available on OpenShift Perl cartridge
 - Also on department linux*
- Install on your own computer ...
 - Ubuntu: `sudo apt-get install imagemagick`
 - Mac: `brew install imagemagick`

Official Website: <http://www.imagemagick.org/>

- `identify <filename>`
 - Give **format** and characteristics of image file
 - Use the returned string to check correct image format
 - Containing some keywords ?
 - Regular expression
- `convert <in_file> <out_file>`
 - Convert the image
 - Control image type by `out_file` extension
 - More flags to control output style

- Commands can be executed using **backtick** in Perl

```
$out = `cmd`
```

- cmd is just a string
 - Variables inside will be interpolated
- stdout of command execution is returned
 - Use regular expression to filter output

More: <http://perldoc.perl.org/perlop.html#Quote-Like-Operators>

- Image Duplication
 - Check existence of a file by `-e` statement

```
-e $filepath
```

- If file already exists ...
 - Trigger file duplication handling interface

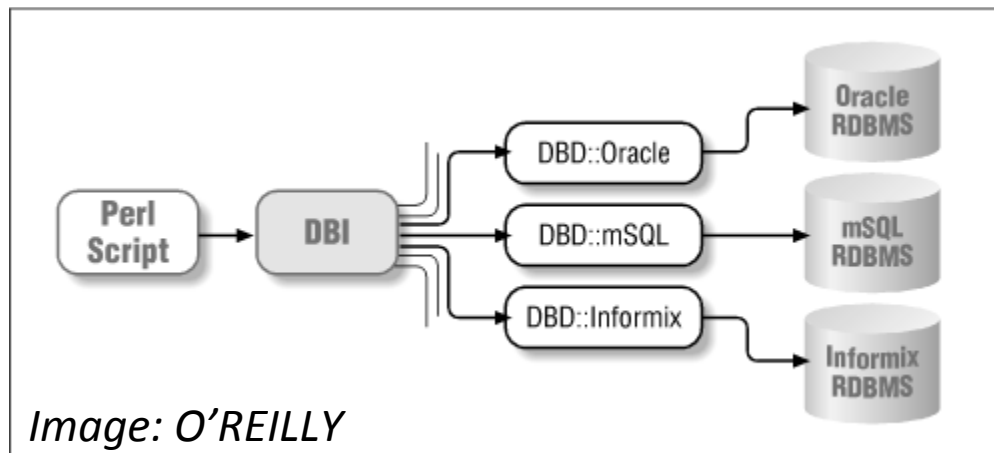
- File duplication handling interface
 - Allow user to **change filename**
 - Do not let user to change file extension
 - **Overwrite** existing file
 - **Discard** uploaded file

- You have to save file once you received
 - Or the file will be lost after running your script
- If file with same filename exists ...
 - Original file being overwritten
- So, how to rename a duplicated file in duplication handling ?

DATABASE

Perl: DBI Module

- DBI: Database Interface
- Handle connection to database
- Consistent database interface for different DBMS
- Database Driver (DBD) is specific to DBMS type
 - You don't need to care about this level



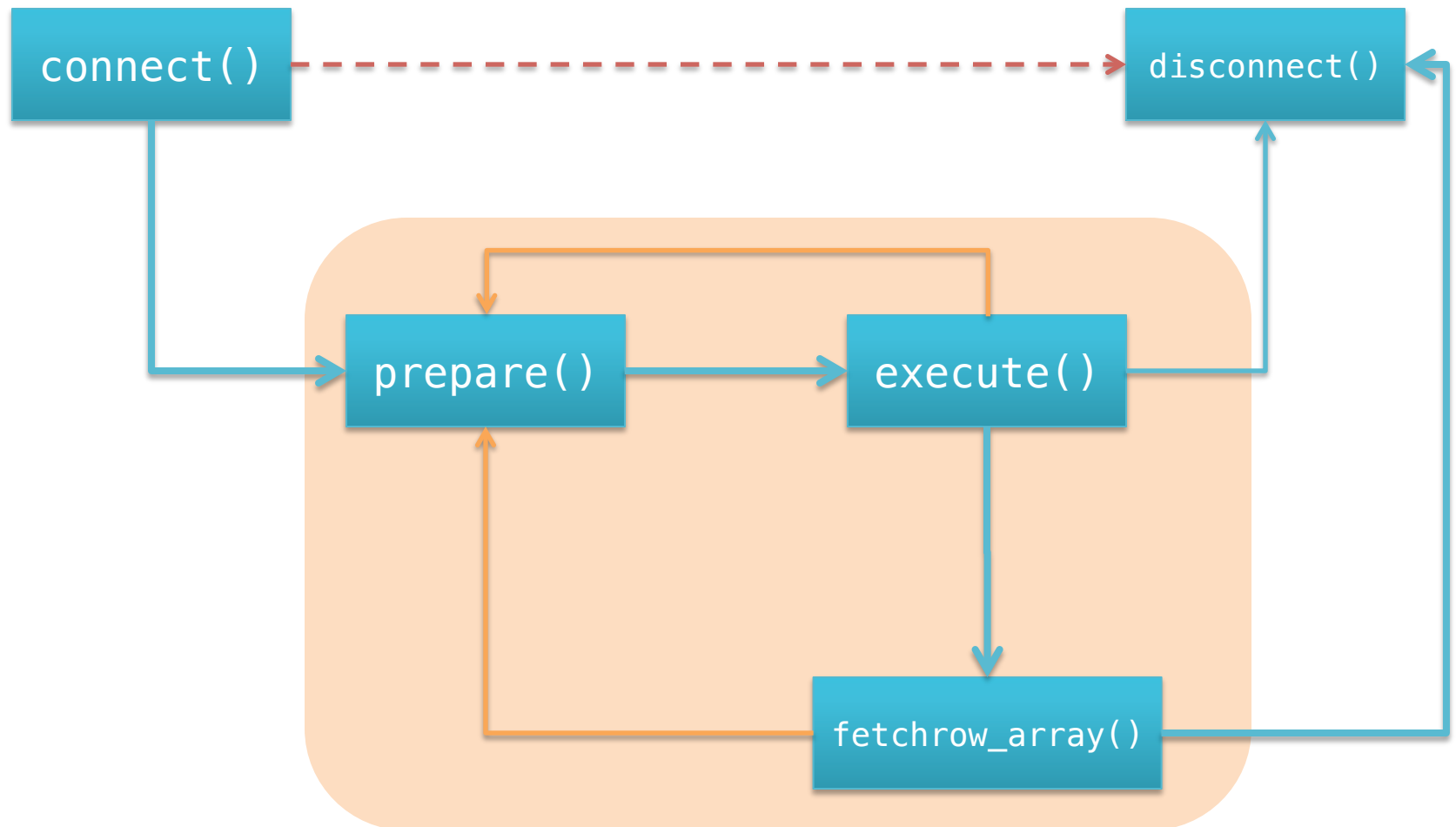
OpenShift: Database Setting

- Add MySQL cartridge to you application first
- Use environment variables retrieve database information

OPENSIFT_MYSQL_DB_HOST	Hostname of database
OPENSIFT_MYSQL_DB_PORT	Port of database
OPENSIFT_MYSQL_DB_USERNAME	Login credential to database
OPENSIFT_MYSQL_DB_PASSWORD	Password to log into database

- Default **database name** is same as application name
 - Use environment variable OPENSIFT_APP_NAME
 - Or you can create another database ...

Perl DBI



More: <http://search.cpan.org/~timb/DBI-1.616/DBI.pm#>

Perl DBI: Connection to Database

- Generate the database source string

```
22 my $db_source = "DBI:mysql:$db_name;host=$db_host";
```

- Specify database type : database name; host

- Connection to database

```
24 my $db_handle =  
25     DBI -> connect($db_source, $db_username, $db_password)  
26     or die $DBI::errstr;  
27
```

- If connection failed, statement after or is executed

- Remember to disconnect at the end

```
45 $db_handle -> disconnect;
```

Perl DBI: Query

- Write the SQL query
- Prepare a query

```
35 my $query = $dbh -> prepare($query_str);
```

- Execute

```
37 $query -> execute() or die $query -> errstr;
```

- Get result of query

```
39 while (my @data = $query -> fetchrow_array) {  
40     print $data[0].', '.$data[1].'<br />';  
41 }
```

Database

- What to store in database?
 - Uploaded photos attributes
 - Session
 - User credential ... ?
- Design your own schema
- Write SQL query
 - Or get query from phpMyAdmin

phpMyAdmin

- Handy database management interface
 - UI to manage, view, edit database table / entry
 - Show you SQL query
- OpenShift provide cartridge
 - Add cartridge to application
 - Access from following URL:
`http://[appname]-[domain].rhcloud.com/phpmyadmin`
 - Username and password can be found in application overview

DEBUGGING

Internal Server Error

The server encountered an internal error or misconfiguration and was unable to complete your request.

Please contact the server administrator, root@localhost and inform them of the time the error occurred, and anything you might have done that may have caused the error.

More information about this error may be available in the server error log.

Apache/2.2.22 (Red Hat Enterprise Web Server) Server at asg1-csci4140ltsinn.rhcloud.com Port 80

- May due to **bug** in script, fail to **execute**, or even **syntax** error
 - No error detail is expose to user
- How can we debug ?

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- SSH to OpenShift and Apache log
- CGI module
- Perl Data Dumper

SSH Access to OpenShift

- OpenShift server can be access via ssh directly
 - Check file upload and save operations
 - Minor change to code for simple bugfix or testing
 - Your change will be flush in next deployment
 - Copy you modification before next push!
 - Access log for error (bug) tracing
- Host and login information ?
 - SSH Config
 - From URL of `git clone`
 - Refer to tutorial 1 (OpenShift)

SSH Access to OpenShift

- Directory structure (extract)
 - Persistent directory
 - Current deployed version
 - Changes will reflect immediately here
 - Apache logs can be found here



```
app-deployments/  
app-root/  
  data/  
  repo/  
  perl/  
  ...  
  ...  
git/  
perl/  
  logs/  
mysql/  
phpmyadmin/
```

The diagram shows a directory structure on a dark background. Three orange arrows originate from the text on the left and point to specific paths in the structure: one from 'Persistent directory' to 'data/', one from 'Current deployed version' to 'perl/', and one from 'Apache logs can be found here' to 'logs/'.

Apache log

- Access log
 - All received requests
 - Not our main concern
- **Error log**
 - Our main focus
 - Log all error with timestamp
 - Check current time with date command

Apache log

- Error Log: Example
 - Permission Denied

```
[Fri Jan 10 00:45:12 2014] [error] [client 127.5.89.129] (13)Permission denied: exec of '/var/lib/openshift/52c84c3f4382ec4f030002b0/app-root/runtime/repo/perl/try.cgi' failed
```

- Did you enable execute of script ? (chmod a+x)

- Premature end of script header ?

```
[Fri Jan 10 00:44:16 2014] [error] [client 127.5.89.129] Premature end of script headers: try.cgi
```

- Did you print HTTP header ?

- Syntax Error ...

```
[Fri Jan 10 00:48:58 2014] [error] [client 127.5.89.129] syntax error at /var/lib/openshift/52c84c3f4382ec4f030002b0/app-root/runtime/repo/perl/try.cgi line 7, near "print"  
[Fri Jan 10 00:48:58 2014] [error] [client 127.5.89.129] Execution of /var/lib/openshift/52c84c3f4382ec4f030002b0/app-root/runtime/repo/perl/try.cgi aborted due to compilation errors.
```


Print Error Message to Browser

- Add the following line to beginning of your script

```
use CGI::Carp qw/fatalToBrowser warningsToBrowser/;
```

- Produce more detail output
 - Example, a syntax error:

Software error:

```
syntax error at /var/lib/openshift/52c84c3f4382ec4f030002b0/app-root/runtime/repo/perl/try.cgi line 8, near "print"  
Execution of /var/lib/openshift/52c84c3f4382ec4f030002b0/app-root/runtime/repo/perl/try.cgi aborted due to compilation errors.
```

For help, please send mail to the webmaster (root@localhost), giving this error message and the time and date of the error.

Perl Data Dumper

- Dump content of variable
 - Similar to `var_dump()` in php

- Declare use of Data Dumper

```
use Data::Dumper;
```

- Dump result as following:

```
print Dumper($var);  
print Dumper(\@array);  
print Dumper(\%hash);
```

END

Bonus: Timezone of Database

- OpenShift server default timezone is NOT GMT+8
- If you use `CURRENT_TIMESTAMP` as upload time, displayed time will not match your clock
- Change timezone of MySQL server by
 - `SET GLOBAL time_zone = '+8:00';`
 - Execute from phpMyAdmin