

# Warm-up Exercise

- 寫一支程式讀取學生的成績,並輸出成一張表格
- 假設有四位同學,每位同學有三個成績

#### **Input**

100 90 80 90 88 77 88 55 100 93 93 93

### **Output**

Student 1: 100 90 80 Student 2: 90 88 77 Student 3: 88 \*55 100 Student 4: 93 93 93

# Warm-up Exercise

```
#include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int main(){
                                      如果人數改變,或分數變多了...?
 5
        constexpr int NumScores=3;
        int stu1[NumScores],stu2[NumScores],
 6
            stu3[NumScores], stu4[NumScores];
 8
        for(int i=0;i<NumScores;i++){</pre>
            cin>>stu1[i];
10
11
        for(int i=0;i<NumScores;i++){</pre>
12
            cin>>stu2[i];
13
                                              超累der
14
        for(int i=0;i<NumScores;i++){</pre>
15
            cin>>stu3[i];
16
17
        for(int i=0;i<NumScores;i++){</pre>
            cin>>stu4[i];
18
19
20
        return 0;
```

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## Warm-up Exercise

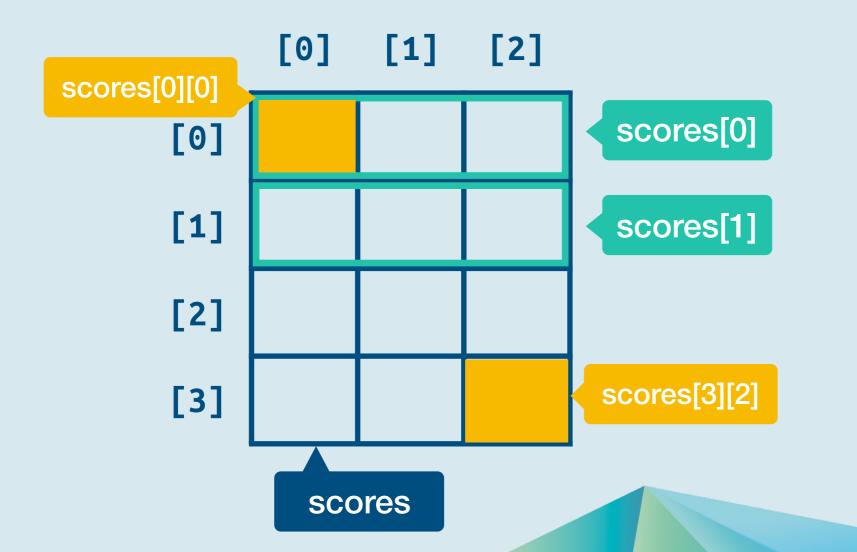
修改人數或分數數量容易!

```
int main(){
        constexpr int NumStudents=4, NumScores=3,
 5
        TotalNumScores=NumStudents*NumScores;
        int scores[TotalNumScores];
        for(int i=0;i<NumStudents;i++){</pre>
 9
            for(int j=0;j<NumScores;j++){</pre>
                 cin>>scores[i*NumScores+j];
10
11
                                    很容易不小心寫錯
12
13
        for(int i=0;i<NumStudents;i++){</pre>
14
            for(int j=0;j<NumScores;j++){</pre>
                 cout<<scores[i*NumScores+j]<<" ";
15
16
17
            cout<<endl;
18
19
        return 0;
20
```

## 二維陣列

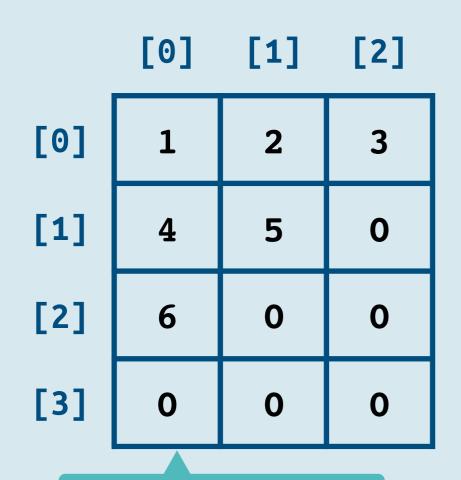
• scores是4個可以儲存3個整數的陣列

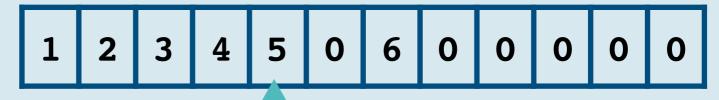
int scores[4][3];



### 二維陣列初始化

int data[4][3] =  $\{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4, 5\}, \{6\}\}\};$ 





實際上電腦是這樣儲存的!

概念上長這樣...

## 二維陣列存取

```
[0] [1] [2] scores[0] [1] [2] scores[0] [1] [2] scores[1] [2] [3]
```

scores

```
4 int main(){
5    int scores[4][3];
6    //...
7    for(int stu=0;stu<4;stu++){
8        for(int sc=0;sc<3;sc++){
9            cout<<scores[stu][sc]<<" ";
10        }
11        cout<<endl;
12    }
13    return 0;
14 }</pre>
```

# Exercise 成績表

• 使用二維陣列改寫程式

```
Output

Student 1: 100 90 80
Student 2: 90 88 77
Student 3: 88 *55 100
Student 4: 93 93 93
```

## Exercise 成績表

```
1 #include <iostream>
 2 #include <iomanip>
  using namespace std;
    int main(){
 6
        constexpr int NumStudents=4, NumScores=3;
        int scores[NumStudents][NumScores]={};
 8
        for(int i=0;i<NumStudents;i++){</pre>
 9
            for(int j=0;j<NumScores;j++){</pre>
10
                 cin>>scores[i][j];
11
12
13
        for(int i=0;i<NumStudents;i++){</pre>
14
            cout << "Student " << i+1 << ": ";
15
            for(int j=0;j<NumScores;j++){</pre>
16
                 if(scores[i][j]<60){
                     cout<<"*"<<setw(2)<<scores[i][j]<<" ";
17
18
                 else{
19
20
                     cout<<setw(3)<<scores[i][j]<<" ";
21
22
23
            cout<<endl;
24
25
        return 0;
26
```



# 三維陣列

### arr[3][0][1]

arr[1][0][(				
arr[0][0][0]	arr[0][0][1]	arr[0][0][2]	arr[0][0][3]	
arr[0][1][0]	arr[0][1][1]	arr[0][1][2]	arr[0][1][3]	
arr[0][2][0]	arr[0][2][1]	arr[0][2][2]	arr[0][2][3]	