TMA4300: Exercise 1

Jim Totland, Martin Tufte

1/29/2022

Problem A

A.1

The exponential distribution has cumulative density function (CDF)

$$F(x) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x},$$

with rate parameter λ . By defining u := F(x), we can express x as

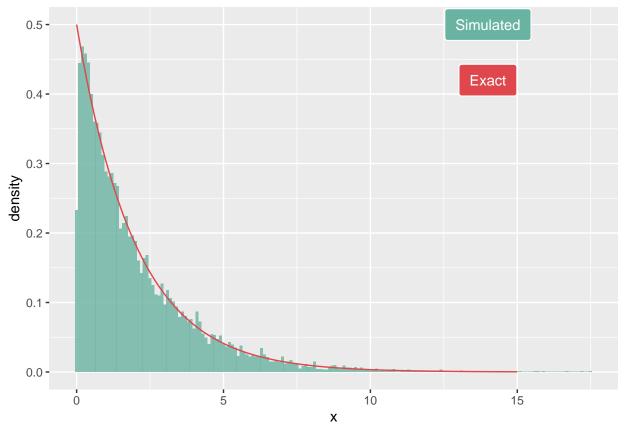
$$x = -\frac{1}{\lambda} \ln(1 - u) =: F^{-1}(u).$$

This means that we can use the *inversion method* to simulate from the exponential distribution. I.e., we let $U \sim \mathcal{U}_{[0,1]}$ and calculate $X = F^{-1}(U)$. Then, $X \sim \operatorname{Exp}(\lambda)$. The function which simulates the exponential distribution is given below.

```
sim.exp <- function(rate, n){
  u <- runif(n,0,1)
  return(-1/rate * log(1 - u))
}</pre>
```

Next, we need to check if this gives reasonable results by comparing our simulated values to the theoretical knowledge.

```
label.size = 0.35,
  color = "white",
  fill= "#69b3a2"
) +
geom_label(
  label="Exact",
    x=14,
    y=0.42,
  label.padding = unit(0.55, "lines"), # Rectangle size around label
  label.size = 0.35,
  color = "white",
  fill = "#e0474c"
)
```



We also compare the estimated mean and variance to first and second central moments of the exponential distribution

