Summary of R course by IME

Basics

2

• Creating and modifying a vector $x \leftarrow seq(1,4,by = 1)$ x[c(1,2,3)] = 5## [1] 5 5 5 4 #or alternatively x < -1:4x[1:3] = 5## [1] 5 5 5 4 • Matrix/vector multiplication x < -1:5y <- 6:10 $a \leftarrow t(x) %%%$ • order() and sort() #order() creates a permutation vector and can be used to sort data.frames sort(x) == x[order(x)] ## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE rev(sort(x)) == x[order(-x)] ## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE • Factors gender = factor(c("male", "female", "female", "male")) # Look at it and make a summary table gender ## [1] male female female male ## Levels: female male table(gender) ## gender ## female male

```
#Find number of males
sum(gender == "male")
```

[1] 2

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

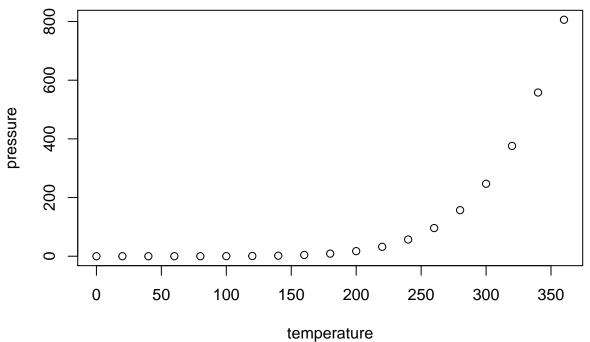
When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

summary(cars)

```
##
        speed
                          dist
           : 4.0
                               2.00
##
    Min.
                    Min.
                            :
    1st Qu.:12.0
                    1st Qu.: 26.00
##
##
    Median:15.0
                    Median : 36.00
##
    Mean
            :15.4
                    Mean
                            : 42.98
##
    3rd Qu.:19.0
                    3rd Qu.: 56.00
    Max.
            :25.0
                    Max.
                            :120.00
```

Including Plots

You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the echo = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.