

#### International Political Economy (SOCS-SHU 222)

WHAT IS INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL ECONOMY



Instructor: <u>JING QIAN</u>

Excellence

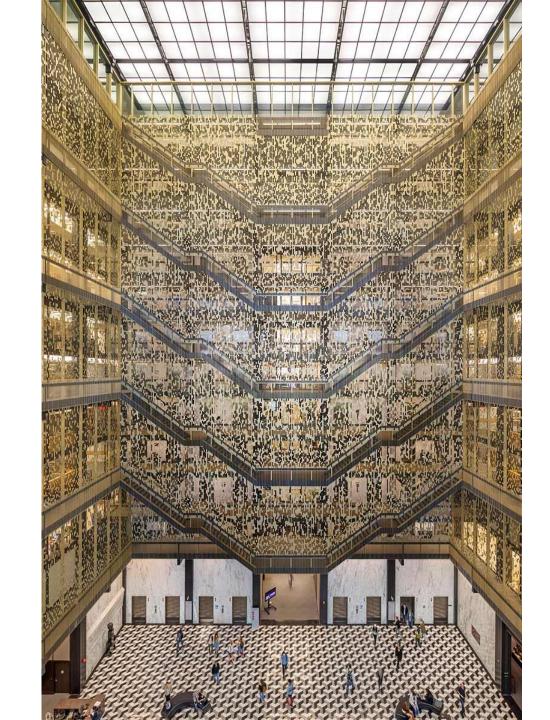
Reasonable

Compassionate

Flexible











### Chinese Solar Panels Are Much Cheaper



# The New York Times

#### Trump Slaps Steep Tariffs on Foreign Washing Machines and Solar Products











Workers installing solar panels in New Mexico. President Trump has approved solar tariffs for the next four years, a trade action aimed at Chinese imports. Sergio Flores/Bloomberg

By Ana Swanson and Brad Plumer

Jan. 22, 2018







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#### Biden doubles tariffs on Chinese solar panel components

BY RACHEL FRAZIN - 12/11/24 4:35 PM ET











A worker secures mounting straps as construction continues with solar panel installation at the Gemini solar project in Southern Nevada Las Vegas, NV. (Brian van der Brug/Los Angeles Times via Getty Images)

### What is

International Political Economy

READING ASSIGNMENT:

Oatley Chapter 1



### Explanatory:

How does the U.S. government decide to impose tariff on Chinese solar panels?

#### • Evaluative

What are the consequences of these tariffs?

- Welfare consequences: effects on overall societal well-being
- Distributive consequences: who gets/loses what





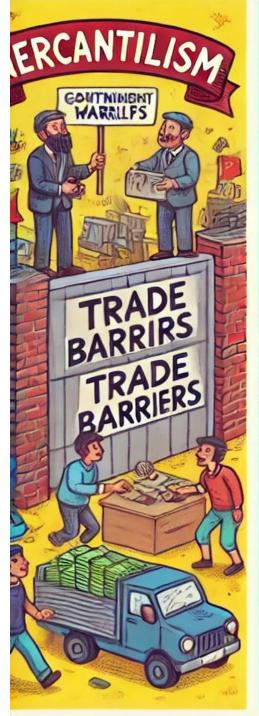
## Theories

Why do we need them?

**Explanation Prediction** 

Generalization









\*Generated by ChatGPT

### Mercantilism

- National power comes from economic strength
- Exports strengthen state power, imports weaken state power
- Some exports are more valuable than others
  - Manufactured goods are preferred to primary products



### Liberalism

- Countries gain from trade
- Comparative advantage
- Export what can be produced relatively cheaply at home
- Import what would be produced at relatively high costs at home
- The role of the state should be limited to a restricted set of "market failures"\*\*\*

### **Traditional Market Failures**

#### Monopolies

Failure of perfect competition

#### Public Goods

Efficient price is 0, since these goods are non-rivalrous

#### Externalities

 Consumption by one individual affects the utility of another individual

### **Aside: More Serious Market Failures**

- Economics of information
- Asymmetric information
  - Moral hazard
  - Adverse selection



I love free trade. I love the concept of free trade. Everything about it is good. I went to the Wharton School of Finance. They say, Let's go free trade.

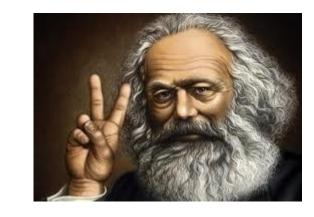
— Donald Trump —

AZ QUOTES

### Marxism

- The key feature of the IPE→

  Private ownership of capital (means of production) and wage labor
- Natural tendency towards concentration of capital competition→ efficiency→ small wealthy elite
- 2. Falling rate of profit diminishing rate of return from capital → lower wages



#### 3. Imbalance

between ability to produce (efficient capital) and ability to purchase (falling wages)

Growing inequality eventually leads to revolution

Role of the state is to protect capital (agent of capitalist class)

Focus is thus on corporations



	Mercantilism	Liberalism	Marxism
Most important actor			
Role of the state			
Image of the IPE			
Proper objective			

	Mercantilism	Liberalism	Marxism
Most important actor	The state		
Role of the state	Intervene to allocate resources		
Image of the IPE	Conflict – between states over trade		
Proper objective	Enhance national power		

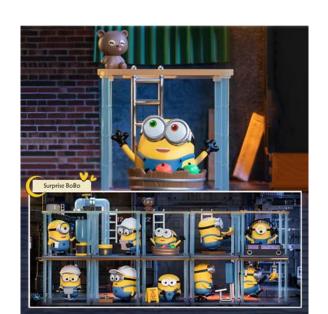
	Mercantilism	Liberalism	Marxism
Most important actor	The state	Individuals	
Role of the state	Intervene to allocate resources	Property rights	
Image of the IPE	Conflict – between states over trade	Harmony	
Proper objective	Enhance national power	Enhance aggregate social welfare	

	Mercantilism	Liberalism	Marxism
Most important actor	The state	Individuals	Capitalist class
Role of the state	Intervene to allocate resources	Property rights	Protect/sustain the capitalist system
Image of the IPE	Conflict – between states over trade	Harmony	Exploitation of labor
Proper objective Enhance national power		Enhance aggregate social welfare	Promote equal income distribution



### Interests

- Material (income-related)\*
- Shaped by:
  - 1. Skill level (factor of production capital vs. labor)
  - 2. Industry (sector)





# Winners & Losers



### Winners

- U.S. solar panel manufacturers & workers
- •

#### Losers

- U.S. consumers
- Chinese solar panel manufacturers & workers
- Environmentalists
- •



### Ideas

- How does policy translate into outcome?
- We care about outcomes
  - policies are just a means to an end
- So, beliefs matter
  - What is the causal relationship between policy & outcome?
- In the short-run, what may matter is not if an idea is empirically valid but whether people believe it





Daron Acemoglu Simon

James A. Johnson Robinson

"for studies of how institutions are formed and affect prosperity"

### Institutions

- Domestic institutions:
  - Democracy vs. dictatorship (elections)
  - Parliamentary vs. Presidential
  - Multi-party vs. two-party vs. one-party vs. no party
  - Federal vs. unitary
- International institutions
  - WTO, IMF, World Bank, United Nations, regional institutions/arrangements

### **Political Institutions**

Shape the incentives of political leaders

Under democracy, leaders survive by winning votes

- Under dictatorship, leaders survive by satisfying elite constituents:
  - military, big business, foreign interests, etc.

# Institutions



Who's preferences matter, and by how much



# The New York Times

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	Mercantilism	Liberalism	Marxism	Interest & Institution
Most important actor	The state	Individuals	Capitalist class	
Role of the state	Intervene to allocate resources	Property rights	Protect/sustain the capitalist system	
Image of the IPE	Conflict – between states over trade	Harmony	Exploitation of labor	
Proper objective	Enhance national power	Enhance aggregate social welfare	Promote equal income distribution	

	Mercantilism	Liberalism	Marxism	Interest & Institution
Most important actor	The state	Individuals	Capitalist class	Winners & losers
Role of the state	Intervene to allocate resources	Property rights	Protect/sustain the capitalist system	Survive in office
Image of the IPE	Conflict – between states over trade	Harmony	Exploitation of labor	Mix of conflict & cooperation
Proper objective	Enhance national power	Enhance aggregate social welfare	Promote equal income distribution	Politically constrained efficiency

## Take-away

- Schools of thought: Mercantalist school, Liberal school, Marxist school, Interests & Institutions
  - o Example question?
- Ideas, interests, & institutions
- Factors vs. sectors (more on this later)
- Why institutions matter
  - Institutions shape leader-incentives

# Thank You!

