Line Follower Robot

Instructions:

http://www.electronicshub.org/arduino-line-follower-robot/

Materials Needed:

Arduino nano

Mini Nano V3.0 ATmega328P Microcontroller Board w/USB Cable For Arduino

- Robot chassis, wheels, motors, batteries

https://www.amazon.com/YIKESHU-Chassis-Encoder-Arduino-Wheels/dp/B075LD4FPN

- Motor Driver

- BUILD IR SENSORS (2)
- Still need batteries (2 9v battery -> Dollar store or Amazon?)
- Battery Connector (Coming)

Things to keep in mind:

You can't run motors off of a 9V battery so don't even waste your time/batteries! Use a big Lead Acid or NiMH battery pack. Its also very much suggested that you set up two power supplies (split supply) one for the Arduino and one for the motors. 99% of 'weird motor problems' are due to noise on the power line from sharing power supplies and/or not having a powerful enough supply!

Problem solve(ish):

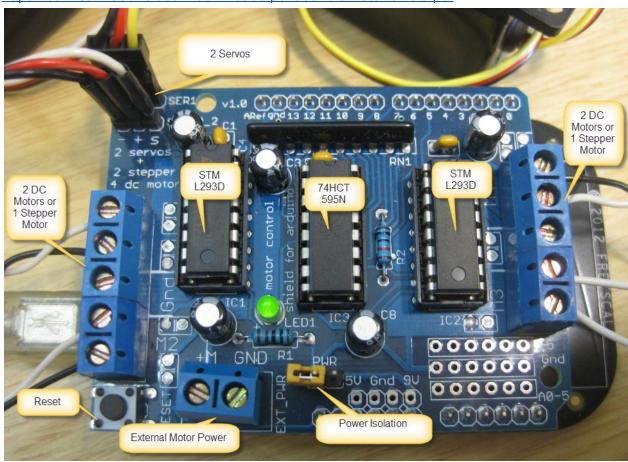
Already bought → So we will use 2 battery clip connectors

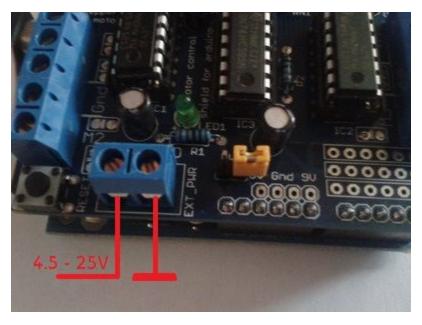
- 1 with the black connector connecting to arduino uno
- 1 with (cut) positive and negative wires connected to driver shield for ext_pwe

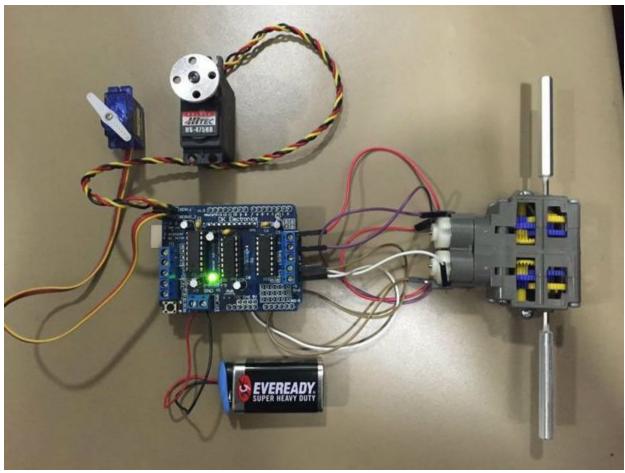


Motor Shield PDF

https://cdn-learn.adafruit.com/downloads/pdf/adafruit-motor-shield.pdf







Code so far \rightarrow (For Connections with arduino uno and driver shield)

```
#include <AFMotor.h>
AF_DCMotor motor1(1);
AF_DCMotor motor2(2);
AF_DCMotor motor3(3);
AF_DCMotor motor4(4);
void setup() {
  motor1.setSpeed(200); //0 to 255 as 0 is off and 255 is full throttle
  motor2.setSpeed(200);
 motor3.setSpeed(200);
  motor4.setSpeed(200);
//motor.run(RELEASE); Stops the motor
}
void loop() {
  motor1.run(FORWARD);
 motor2.run(FORWARD);
  //set speed here is fine as well
  //motor1.setSpeed(100);
  //motor2.setSpeed(100);
  //motor1.run(RELEASE);
  //motor1.run(BACKWARD);
  //try different combinations of forward & backward to spin in a circle
 //try the same directions to go the same direction
}
```