Table 4.  $H_2$  Transitions and their associated photon energies  $(E_p$ 's) and relative spectral intensities (I's) associated with Uranian satellite orbital radii  $(R''_{ui}, R'_{ui} \text{ and } R_{ui})$ 

i	H <sub>2</sub> Transition <sup>a</sup>	$E_P(\text{cm}^1)^a$	I <sup>a</sup>	$E_p$ 's for Figs. 5a ,5b and 5c	Uranian Satellite	$(R_{ui}" \text{ or } R'_{ui})^b$
11	(3,2) S(5)	4841	0.11	,		
			$\rightarrow$	4826°	Ring 6	1.637
12	(2,1) S(3)	4823	0.56		J	
13	(1,0) S(1)	4713	1.6			
			$\rightarrow$	4712°	Ring 5	1.652
14	(3,2) S(4)	4699	0.09			
15	(2,1) S(2)	4642	0.44	4642	Ring 4	1.666
15	(2,1) S(2)	4642	0.44	4642	Ring $\alpha$	1.750
14	(3,2) S(4)	4699	0.09			
			$\rightarrow$	4712°	Ring β	1.786
13	(1,0) S(1)	4713	1.6			
12	(2,1) S(3)	4823	0.56			
			$\rightarrow$	4826°	Ring η	1.834
11	(3,2) S(5)	4841	0.11			
10	(1,0) S(2)	4917	0.8	4917	Ring γ	1.863
9	(2,1) S(4)	4990	0.19	4990	Ring $\delta$	1.900
8	$(9,7) S(0)^d$	5032	0.06			
7	(1,0) S(3)	5108	1.07	5108	Cordelia	1.948
6	(2,1) S(5)	5142	0.25			
			$\rightarrow$	5144°	Ring $\lambda$	1.957
5	(9,7) S(1)	5147	0.11			
4	(2,1) S(6)	5278	0.08			
			$\rightarrow$	<b>5285</b> °	Ring ε	2.006
3	(1,0) S(4)	5286	0.37			
2	$(9,7) S(3)^d$	5325	0.05			
1	(2,1) S(7)	5397	0.12	5397	Ophelia	2.105

continued