## 1 Variance

Let  $X_i$  for i = 1, 2, ..., n be independent and identically-distributed random variables with  $\sigma^2 = \text{Var}(X_i)$  and  $\mu = E(X_i)$ . We denote

$$\hat{\sigma}^2 = \frac{1}{K_1(n)} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \mu)^2$$

and

$$S^{2} = \frac{1}{K_{2}(n)} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_{i} - \bar{X})^{2},$$

where  $\bar{X} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i / n$ .

- 1. (a) Find  $K_1(n)$  satisfying  $E(\hat{\sigma}^2) = \sigma^2$ . You can find  $K_1(n)$  mathematically (without normality assumption).
  - (b) Find  $K_2(n)$  satisfying  $E(S^2) = \sigma^2$ . You can find  $K_2(n)$  mathematically (without normality assumption).
- 2. (a) Estimate  $K_1(n)$  satisfying  $E(\hat{\sigma}^2) = \sigma^2$  using R program under the assumption that  $X_i$  are from a normal distribution. (Set n = 5 for example).
  - (b) Estimate  $K_2(n)$  satisfying  $E(S^2) = \sigma^2$  using R program under the assumption that  $X_i$  are from a normal distribution. (Set n = 5 for example).
- 3. (a) Estimate  $K_1(n)$  satisfying  $E(\hat{\sigma}^2) = \sigma^2$  using R program under the assumption that  $X_i$  are from a **exponential** distribution ( $\mu = 1$ ). (Set n = 5 for example).
  - (b) Estimate  $K_2(n)$  satisfying  $E(S^2) = \sigma^2$  using R program under the assumption that  $X_i$  are from a **exponential** distribution ( $\mu = 1$ ). (Set n = 5 for example).

## 2 Standard deviation

Let  $X_i$  for i = 1, 2, ..., n be independent and identically-distributed random variables with  $\sigma = \sqrt{\operatorname{Var}(X_i)}$ . We denote

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_i - \bar{X})^2},$$

where  $\bar{X} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i / n$ .

- 1. Find  $c_4(n)$  satisfying  $E(S/c_4(n)) = \sigma$  under the assumption that  $X_i$  are from a normal distribution. You can find  $c_4(n)$  mathematically.
- 2. Can you find  $c_4(n)$  satisfying  $E(S/c_4(n)) = \sigma$  under any distribution?
- 3. Estimate  $c_4(n)$  satisfying  $E(S/c_4(n)) = \sigma$  using R program under the assumption that  $X_i$  are from a normal distribution.
- 4. Estimate  $c_4(n)$  satisfying  $E(S/c_4(n)) = \sigma$  using R program under the assumption that  $X_i$  are from a **exponential** distribution  $(\mu = 1)$ .