

# 一种可视化爬虫技术的分享

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# Background









Beautiful Soup







# **Demand**



We need...

# **Demand**

PyCon 2016 CIANA

- Simple
- Convenient
- Stable
- High performance

# **Technology Stack**



前端 技术栈







后端 技术栈









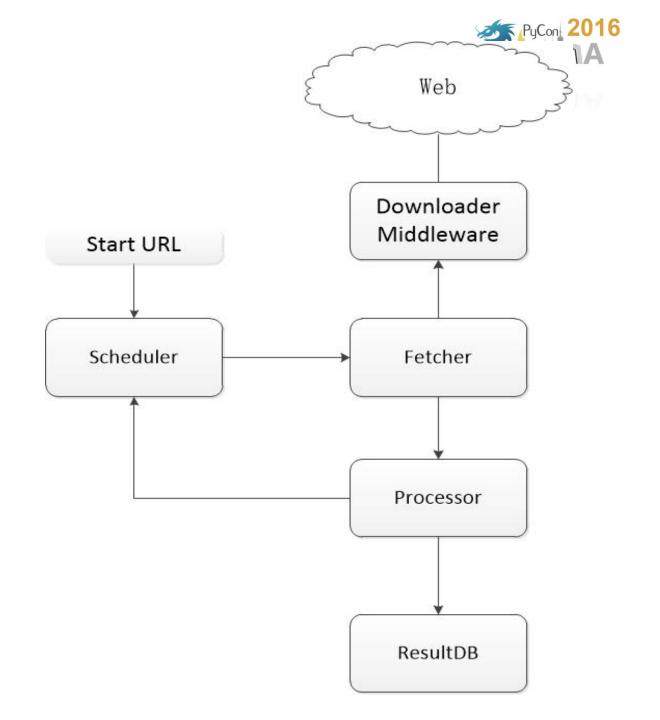






## Crawler

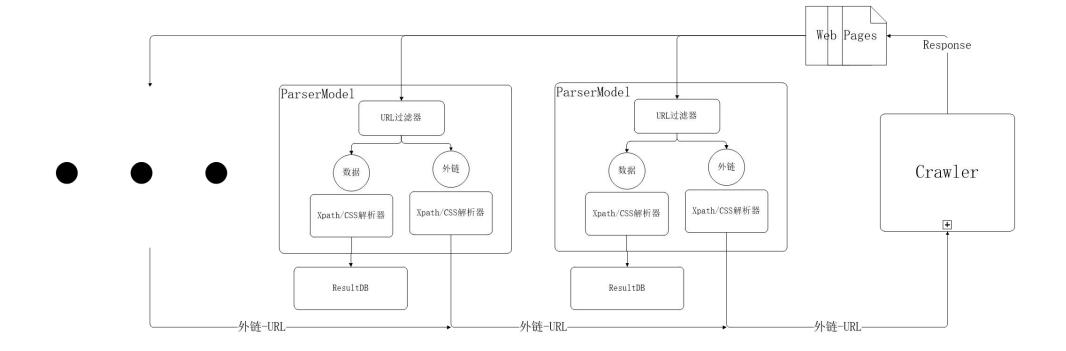
- Scheduler:
  - Bloom filter
- Fetcher:
  - Tornado, PhantomJS
- DownloaderMiddleware:
  - Proxy, Cookies, User-Agent
- Processor:
  - ParserModel、cx-extractor
- Database:
  - Redis, MongoDB



# Crawler Visual Logic



- Start URL (入口)
- Parser Config (解析规则文件)
- Crawler Config (采集周期、JS模拟、Cookies等)





• 常见的Web开发模式: MVC、MVP、MTV、MVVM .....

爬虫解析模块
抽取网页数据

获取model层数据

Web开发的逆向工程



• 自古爬虫和Web开发是一家...



```
self.python script, url) for url in urls]
489
                                                                                                                                           Web Page
                return urls, outlink attrs
490
491
                                                     导入配置文件
            def parser_model(self, xml):
492
493
                解析模块,将xml-pattern文件解析成配置文件
                                                                                                                     URL Filter
494
495
496
                try:
                     soup = BeautifulSoup(xml, "xml")
497
                                                                                                                                                         Crawler
498
                except Exception:
503
               #解析
504
                                                                                                         Parse Data
                                                                                                                               Parse Outlink
               for website in websites:
505
                  fields result = []
506
                  outlinks result = []
507
                  # URL匹配,不匹配则跳过
                                                          URL匹配
                  if len(self.url filter(website)):
509
                      continue
510
                  # 数据解析
                                                                                                          Database
511
                                                                                                                                                   -Outlink-
                  data object = website.find("data-object")
512
                  if data object:
513
                      fields = data object.findAll("field")
                                                                                  数据解析
                      fields result = [self.get field(field) for field in fields]
515
516
                  # 班接解析
                  outlink = website.find("outlinks")
517
                                                                                      外链解析
                  if outlink:
518
519
                      entities = outlink.findAll("entity")
                      outlinks result = [self.qet outlink(entity) for entity in entities if self.qet outlink(entity)]
520
                  yield fields result, outlinks result
521
522
```



- URL Filter
  - regular match \ HTML DOM Similarity
- Parse Data
  - CSS selector、XPath parser、regular match expression、character slice、text extractor...
- Parse Outlink
  - CSS selector、XPath parser、URL normalization、Javascript extractor

# URL Filter



Django路由规则 匹配

一个逆向的MVC框架...



http://daily.zhihu.com/story/\d+

## URL Filter



## 基于HTML DOM结构树的相似性判别

```
1 (!doctype html)
  6 <html lang="zh-CN">
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge, chrome=1">
 9 <title>让孩子参与照顾临终老人,会不会太残酷?</title>
10 <meta name="apple-itunes-app" content="app-id=639087967, app-argument=zhihudaily://story/8794980">
11 <meta name="viewport" content="user-scalable=no, width=device-width">
12 12 1ink rel="stylesheet" href="/css/share.css?v=5956a">
15 <script src="http://static.daily.zhihu.com/js/modernizr-2.6.2.min.js"></script>
16 16 1ink rel="canonical" href="http://daily.zhihu.com/story/8794980"/>
17 (base target=" blank")
18 (script type="text/javascript")
19 if (localStorage && localStorage.getItem('hideDownloadBanner') !== 'true') {
20 document.documentElement.className += 'show-download-banner':
22 (/script>
23 </head>
24 (body)
26 <div class="global-header">
27 <div class="main-wrap">
00 /dim alaga="damplood"\
```

```
1 (!doctype html)
  <html lang="zh-CN">
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge, chrome=1">
 > <title>水是生命,卫生是尊严,那这水费,该怎么收才合理? </title>
10 <meta name="apple-itunes-app" content="app-id=639087967, app-argument=zhihudaily://story/8792845">
  <meta name="viewport" content="user-scalable=no, width=device-width">
  \(\frac{1\text{ink rel="stylesheet" href="/css/share.css?v=5956a"}\)
15 \(\script \src=\"http://static.daily.zhihu.com/js/modernizr-2.6.2.min.js"\times\(\script\)
16 (link rel="canonical" href="http://daily.zhihu.com/story/8792845"/>
  18 (script type="text/javascript")
19 if (localStorage && localStorage, getItem('hideDownloadBanner') !== 'true') {
20 document.documentElement.className += ' show-download-banner'
22 (/script)
23 </head>
24 (body)
26 <div class="global-header">
27 <div class="main-wrap">
```

#### Parse Data

PyCon 2016 CLAA

- lxml
- PyQuery
- Thrift
- cx-extractor (Java)
- SelectorGadget (javascript插件)



#### Parse Data



```
126
127
           def xpath parser (self, expression):
                                                    利用lxml的xpath方法解析
               "''xpath解析方法'""
128
129
               try:
                   express result = self.etree.xpath(expression)
130
131
               except:
                   logging.error(u"xml解析文件存在错误!xpath表达式存在错误.")
132
                   raise AttributeError("xml file is Error!")
133
134
               return express result
135
           def css parser (self, expression):
136
                                                 CSS选择器调用了PyQuery
               '''css解析方法'''
137
138
               query tree = PyQuery(self.etree)
139
               try:
140
                   express result = query tree (expression)
141
               except:
                   logging.error(u"xml解析文件存在错误!css表达式存在错误.")
142
143
                   raise AttributeError ("xml file is Error!")
144
               return express result
                                               cs extractor的jar包运算结果通过
145
                                               thriftpy通信传递
           def text extractor(self, content):
146
               · '解析网页正文 ''
147
               extractor = thriftpy.load(u"../classifier.thrift",
148
                                        module name="classifier thrift")
149
               classifier client = make client(extractor.Classifier, '192.168.73.1', 8090)
150
151
               return classifier client.extractor(content)
152
```

#### Parse Outlink



- lxml
- PyQuery
- werkzeug

```
>>> url_fix(u'http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Elf (Begriffsklärung)')
'http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Elf%20%28Begriffskl%C3%A4rung%29'
```

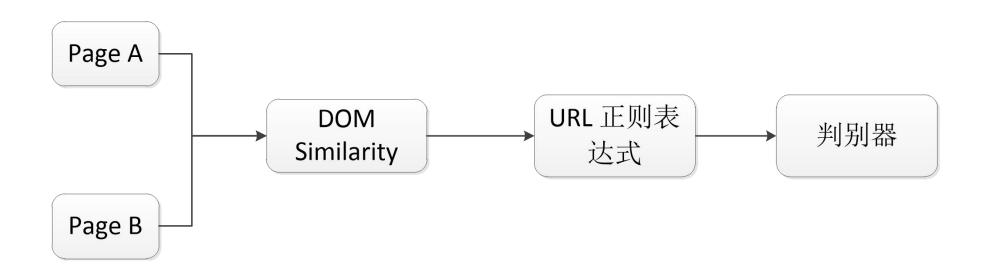




# **Prospect**



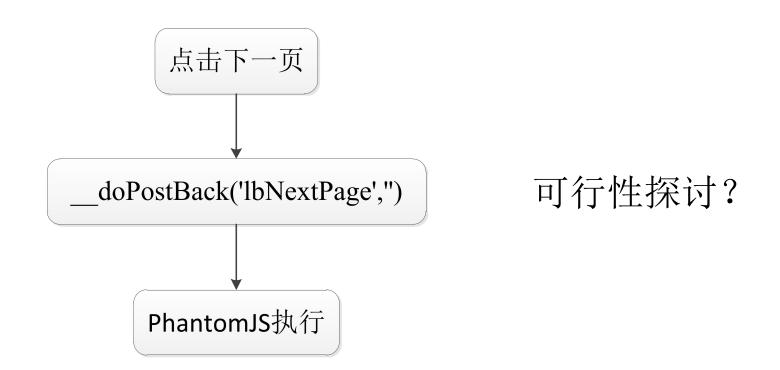
- URL Filter
  - 机器学习:通过选择两个页面,计算HTML DOM相似度,再通过多个相似页面计算URL正则表达式,构建判别器。



# **Prospect**



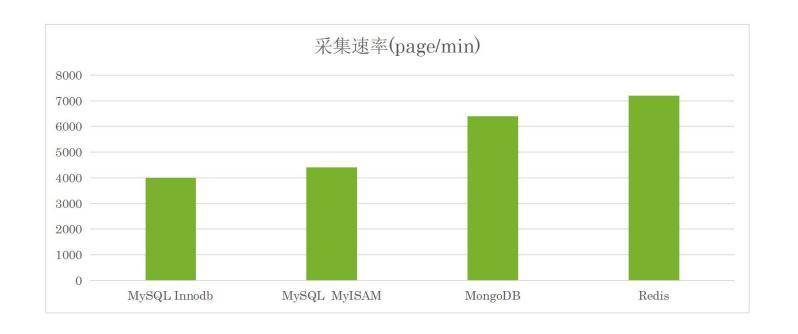
- Parse Outlink
  - 桌面插件: 通过对浏览器Hooking截获javascript执行代码块。



## **Database Choice and Test**



- •测试环境:
- 机器: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2620 0 @ 2.00GHz
- 内存: 28G



## **Product Show**



• 网址: http://spiderman.useease.com:9000/

